

EVENING NEWS.

Published Daily, Sundays Excepted,
AT FOUR O'CLOCK.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE
DESERET NEWS COMPANY.

CHARLES W. PENROSE, EDITOR.

Saturday, April 3, 1888.

SANITARY REGULATIONS.

THE approach of warm weather after the long and tedious winter, is likely to be very rapid. Great care should be exercised in regard to clothing, the evenings and mornings being cool, while the temperature in the day time is considerably higher, tempting folks to wear lighter garments than would have been comfortable a few days ago. Those who make the change should provide extra clothing for the morning and evening, or ill-health will be the consequence in a great many instances.

As the rays of the spring sun increase in force, waste and decaying matter allowed to remain on the surface of the ground or to accumulate in various places, will increase in strength of scent and power for evil. Now is the time to make a general clean up in lots, gardens, outhouses, cellars and every other place likely to harbor a nuisance. All rubbish that cannot be properly removed and buried should be burned. Everybody should know that dry earth is a splendid deodorizer. When covered over offensive matter it will take away the disagreeable scent, and in many instances all its noxious qualities. Every outhouse should be provided with a box of dry earth and a small shovel, so that fecal matter may be kept covered. People who have no cow or pig to eat up waste places, such as potato and fruit peelings and other things often thrown out upon the ground, should burn up those scraps instead of casting them out to rot and fester in the sun and breed disease.

Earth vaults for outhouses should be entirely abolished. They are more mischievous than any other common thing which endangers health. The matter soaks down into the ground, percolates the soil and finds its way into wells, from which families obtain water for culinary purposes, and thus fevers and other diseases are engendered and death finds easy victims. A box that can be drawn away and emptied periodically is far better than a pit, and if a little dry earth is daily sprinkled therein, all offensive odors will be entirely prevented, and the material thus accumulated can be used for manure and yet will not have a particle of impure scent. An ash heap near these places, from which a little can be used daily, will answer the same purpose as dry earth, but care must be taken with hot ashes lest they fire the buildings. They must not be wetted, or they will do more harm than good. Dry earth, or dry ashes, remember, not wet, are required for the work of deodorization.

We hope that the officers appointed to see that nuisances are not allowed to exist or continue will be diligent and impartial. The public health demands rigid scrutiny and official determination. Let those who will not comply with necessary rules be promptly complained against, and if they persist in their neglect or obstinacy punish them according to law.

The great talk about sewerage for Salt Lake City is so much nonsense. The cost of a system of sewerage for this extensive place with its large area and wide streets would be enormous, and if it were ever so easy to effect, we have no place where the sewerage can be deposited without greater danger to public health than now exists. Some drainage might be done to advantage, cutting off the sewage from the upper to the lower part of town, so as to keep it out of the wells. But sewers connected with pipes from dwellings have been demonstrated to be pestilence breeders. There is a dispute as to the existence and effects of what is called sewer gas; but whether the evils complained of in those cities where expensive sewerage systems have been established arise from sewage gas, or the bacteria which are said to form on the inner surface of the sewers, and becoming detached find their way through the piping up into dwelling houses, poisoning the blood of the people who inhale the deadly germs, those evils prevail and we have enough to contend against without providing means for their increase by a system which would bring the city into hopeless bankruptcy.

Sanitary measures can be adopted and enforced to keep the city clean. The completion of the canal will permit of further extension of the water mains so that people will not have to depend upon well water. The wells can be helped by drainage judiciously arranged. And thus the public health can be guarded by means within the reach of the corporation in which everybody is interested and should take an active part. If a general cleaning up takes place at once and periodical visits are made by the officers appointed to see that nuisances are not allowed to remain, the public condition can be made a vast deal better than in some years past, and the pestilence which walketh abroad at noonday may be kept from this beautifully situated city of orchards and gardens.

THE GOSPEL IN THE STARS.
THE author of the "Miracle in Stone," "Voices from Babylon," etc.—Joseph A. Seale, D. D., has just published a volume containing his lectures on primeval astronomy, called the "Gospel in the Stars." The book, containing 482 pages in addition to the preface and table of contents, is exceedingly interesting. The author claims that the scripture phrase, "The heavens declare the glory of God" is literally true, and that the main facts of the gospel of redemption, the birth of the Son of God from the virgin, the destruction of the serpent, the redemption of

the earth and the reign of righteousness are plainly set forth in the starry groupings, the constellations declaring the story, and the heavens being emblazoned with an illuminated picture of the scheme of salvation.

He takes up the signs of the Zodiac, the Mansions of the Moon and the Thirty-six Decans, and in a most ingenious manner points out the thread of the gospel plan running through and connecting them all, and corresponding with the revelations of the Word of God in the Holy Scriptures.

A celestial map is given in the work, with the ancient figures of the zodiacal signs, in which the author discovers the symbols of the gospel history, and which assist the reader in an understanding of his theory. Whatever may be thought of the peculiar ideas of the writer, it cannot be denied that there are some striking analogies between the handiwork of Deity in the firmament on high, and the plan of redemption portrayed by the inspired writers under the influence of the same spirit by which the Almighty has garbed the heavens.

We are indebted to James Dwyer for a sample of this interesting work, a few copies of which he has for sale at one dollar and a half.

BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

AMERICAN.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

The Stars.

WASHINGTON, 1.—In the Star route case this morning, Kerr began the opening for the prosecution and discussed at length the subject of conspiracy, claiming that it did not follow when overt acts were set up that the prosecution must establish the fact that crime or misdemeanor was actually committed in order to prove a conspiracy. The overt act need be simply something to show a concert of action to carry out the conspiracy, the acting itself might or might not constitute the crime. Kerr then discussed the indictment, denying their insufficiency for vagueness as claimed by the defense.

Aid for the Submerged.

The Secretary of War has ordered \$25,000 in aid of the relief of the State commissioners of Louisiana. The Secretary received \$600 from the relief committee of Louisiana for the sufferers of the Mississippi Valley, with the request that it be placed at the disposal of the Red Cross organization.

Decrease of Debt.

The debt statement shows a decrease of the public debt during March of \$16,462,946; cash in the Treasury, \$29,917,707; gold certificates, \$5,168,940; silver ditto, \$88,355,370; certificates of deposit, \$11,140,000; refunding certificates, \$54,230,000; legal tender ditto, \$346,016,015; fractional currency, \$908,906; cash balance available, \$154,033,381.

The Guileless Child.

Guileau has sold the suit of clothes he wore when he shot the President, to Coup's circus for exhibition and McDonald the sculptor is here making a bust of Guileau and Guileau for Coup's for exhibition.

In a Quagmire.

CHICAGO, 1.—The Inter-Ocean's Washington special gives a long story about the status of the Chinese bill, and how it has been covered by specialists to the California associated press. The only new remark is that the President is considering whether it is best for the nation as an entirety. That is an open question whether the Pacific States won't go democratic anyway and he is looking at the question whether the bill is honest to China and wise for America. Lawyers are very unanimous that it is a violation of the treaty and should be vetoed.

Lynched.

The Tribune's Pueblo special says: Word reached here last night that after lynching two cattle thieves here the night before last, the mob which had been increased from twelve to twenty-five men, rode about ten miles out from town to where the two Chinese brothers and Frank Orby, were stopping. The three were captured, marched into a grove and hung, thus making five men lynched for cattle stealing yesterday, within a distance of ten miles.

Fatal Fire.

BOSTON, 1.—At Gayhead, a woman locked three children in a house and went to a neighbors. During her absence the building took fire and all the children were burned to death.

Abandoned.

MEMPHIS, 1.—All hope of recovering the dead bodies from the wreck of the Golden City has been abandoned. No further attempt will be made until the river falls sufficiently to permit divers to work with some show of success.

A Big Dig—A Pot of Gold.

ST. LOUIS, 1.—Two laborers digging a drain for the premises of the E. Haggerty, on Collins Street, today unearthed a large pot tightly sealed, which proved to contain a large amount of English sovereigns. American soldiers and a lot of continental currency. The money has not yet been counted but there is probably \$20,000 to \$30,000 of coins which is dated last century. The currency bears date 1777. The house was occupied by Montgomery Blair for many years but afterwards passed into the possession of Saml. Gaty.

Good Crops.

The Post dispatch publishes an account of the winter wheat crop from over 150 different points in Kansas, Missouri, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio and Michigan, all of which are quite favorable and represent the wheat in an advanced state, and the prospects for a good crop very fine.

A Misdemeanor.

ATLANTA, Ga., 1.—At the preliminary trial of Deputy U. S. Marshal Boland and two members of his posse, who were held in a bond of \$4,000. The charge is involuntary manslaughter, which, under the code of Georgia, is killing while in the discharge of a lawful act without caution, and punishable as a misdemeanor.

MASS CONVENTION.

In pursuance to the resolution adopted at the Twenty-fifth Session of the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Utah, a Mass Convention of the people of Salt Lake City was held in the City Hall, Salt Lake City, April 1st, 1888, at 12:30 p. m.

On motion Judge Z. Snow was chosen President of the Convention, LeGrand Young, Sec. The President declared the object of the Convention and called upon the Secretary to read the

notice issued by the People's Central Committee calling the Convention. The Secretary read the notice. Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Angus M. Cannon, Esq., moved that a committee of 13 be appointed by the President to nominate delegates to the Constitutional Convention, to be held April 10th. Carried. The President appointed the following said committee: Angus M. Cannon, J. C. Brown, Robert W. Sloan, S. B. Young, Jacob W. Miller, John Van Cott, John Sharp, D. O. Calder, Bathsheba Smith, Sarah M. Kimball, Archibald Gardner, James Crane and J. S. Rawlins.

Mr. Freeze not being present, Mr. J. B. Toronto was appointed in his stead. Prof. T. B. Lewis, being called upon, made a brief speech, and announcing himself in sympathy with the movement towards a State Government for Utah. In looking over the country from Maine to the Pacific he could see no people better qualified for the responsibilities of statehood than the people of this Territory. He asked who had established the line of settlements from north to south, with the improvements and evidences of civilization, he asked every man who but the people were seeking for admission into the Union? He claimed that they were a loyal people as well as an intelligent and intelligent people. And if Congress would grant them a State government there would be no star among the States which would shine with greater lustre than Utah.

Mr. Joseph L. Rawlins responding to a call, said, in national politics he was a democrat, because he believed in the greatest possible liberty to every citizen, consistent with good government. He advocated the principle of local self-government. He said that the government where the rulers were sent from abroad—had been proven by history to be the most corrupt of any existing. The people of Utah were entitled to the right to govern themselves. He opposed the idea of centralizing the power which should be distributed, and showed the evil tendencies of such centralization. He approved of the object of this convention, and argued the right of the citizens of Utah to freely govern themselves in their own way so long as they infringed not in any way upon the rights of others.

Gen. D. H. Wells was called upon and said that he supposed that this call was because he was a republican, which he had always been in principle so far as national questions were concerned. However, he often found democrats advocating Republican principles. He said that he touched on the question of minority representation, which formed a part of the last State Constitution adopted by this Territory. He was a supporter of local self-government, and considered that all true government proceeded from the people. In addition to the good qualities of the people of Utah mentioned here, he said that he had always been a democrat, which he claimed to be at least as high a standard as among any other people on earth. Utah also showed to advantage on the standard of education. He said that the extreme measures urged by popular clamor were a feature of Republicanism, and closed by saying that constitutions were framed for the protection of minorities and of the unpopular. The committee returning, presented the following report:

For Delegates to the Constitutional Convention—D. H. Wells, J. L. Rawlins, John T. Caine, Emmeline B. Wells, Chas. W. Penrose, Horace Stout, Ben Sheeks, Sarah M. Kimball, J. R. Winder, Robert Harkness, W. W. Ritter, Elizabeth Howard, LeGrand Young, James Crane, Joseph F. Smith.

For Alternates—James Sharp, J. B. Toronto, Elmina S. Taylor, T. B. Lewis, D. O. Calder. The minutes were then called for. On motion of Mr. T. B. Lewis, a vote of thanks was given to the President and all the officers of this Convention.

Meeting adjourned sine die.

Sanctioned by the Chaplain, C. W. PENROSE, Secretary.

Inshavogue, Our Boarding House

and Saratoga.—As will be seen by the numerous bills, cuts and posters about the city, this trio of playmen the Home Dramatic Club's attractions during the coming Convention. It is now some time since this club has been seen on the boards, and their re-appearance, coupled as it is, with a grand new play like "Inshavogue," will be looked for with great interest by theatre-goers.

"Inshavogue" will be rendered with all the attention to details which this company usually bestows upon its productions. All the effects necessary to the play: dancing, music, the Irish pipes and the explosion of the bridge having been carefully rehearsed. "Inshavogue" is in the hands of Mr. H. M. Wells, and will form his first attempt at the brogue line of play. The entire drama is something different to what the club has hitherto produced.

Wednesday, April 5th, is the date set for "Inshavogue." "Our Boarding House," in which Miss Colebrook appears, will be given on the 7th and the club conclude their entertainments with their grand achievement, "Saratoga," on Monday, April 10th—Constitutional Convention Day.

The celebrated Careless Orchestra will be heard in each performance. Reserved seats for either night can be obtained on Tuesday, April 4th.

Returned Home.—This morning we received a visit from Elder Elmer W. Johnson, of Kanab, who returned last night from a mission to the Southern States. He left for his field of labor on the 9th of November, 1886, and has therefore been absent a little short of a year and a half. His mission was in Pitt, Edgcomb and Martin Counties, North Carolina, and he and companion missionaries being the first Elders to labor in that section. He enjoyed his labors, having met many friends and enjoyed general good health during his absence from home.

We have received the report of the Public Examination of the B. Y. Academy at Provo, which arrived too late for publication to day.

We regret to learn that the little girl Alice Mitchell, of the 16th Ward, who was unintentionally shot by the boy Robert Hodges on Thursday night, is in a very precarious condition, and that it is by no means certain that she will survive her injuries.

No. 6 of the Contributor is out.

TESTS! TESTS!!

People from the country wanting anything done in the way of dentistry will do well to call on Dr. Van Aukin. He makes full sets of improved teeth for \$18.50, the same you will have to pay \$25 for elsewhere. By the Doctor's new process, everyone can have teeth that they can wear. Satisfaction guaranteed. Dr. VAN AUKIN, 10th East and 2nd South Streets, Salt Lake City.

Take the 11th Ward street car, and walk down.

Misses' and men's and boys' fine shoes. DUNFORD'S.

SALT LAKE THEATRE.

The Blockade Raised and the Trains Have Passed.

Will positively appear for 2 Nights Only, MONDAY & TUESDAY, April 3d and 4th.

THE RENOWNED ARTISTE

MARIE GEISTINGER

Supported by her Opera Company of 30 ARTISTS 30

From the Theatre, New York.

Managers, - - - AMBERG & HERMANN

Manager G. AMBERG begs leave to announce that in consequence of the delay on the part of the Chicago management, he has cancelled his Chicago engagement and will play his renowned Company as above stated.

Opera every evening, commencing Monday, April 3d, When will be presented the favorite Opera of

BOCCACCIO

Marie Geistinger as Boccaccio

TUESDAY Evening, April 4th, Farewell performance of the famous Charming Opera of

LA BELLE HELENA

Marie Geistinger, as Helena

The author says "That Geistinger is far superior to Schneider in her portrayal of this character."

Grand Chorus: Enlarged Orchestra.

CONDUCTOR, - - - A. NOWAK

STAGE MANAGER, - - - MAX LUBKE

Seats reserved for Thursday are good for Monday and Tuesday nights for Tuesday and Saturday's seats can be exchanged at Box Office for either of above days.

Prices of Admission: Parquet \$1.10; Circle, 50c; Boxes, \$2.50; Reserved Seats, 25c Extra.

Reserved Seats, 25c Extra.

SALT LAKE THEATRE.

CONFERENCE THEATRICALS.

UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF

MR. JOHN T. CAINE.

THE DRAMATIC COMBINATION,

COMPOSED OF MEMBERS

DAVID MCKENZIE,

PHILIP MARQUETTS

AND

JOHN C. GRAHAM,

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE

2 Performances 2

DURING CONFERENCE WEEK.

THURSDAY

AND SATURDAY,

APRIL 6 & 8

When they will appear, assisted by

MISS NELLIE COLEBROOK,

MRS. S. H. CLAWSON,

MISS JENNIE HARRIS,

MISS LIZZIE PLATT,

AND A FULL DRAMATIC COMPANY.

TUESDAY EVENING, April 6,

will be presented, Tom Taylor's world renowned comedy,

LORD DUNDREARY!

OR

OUR AMERICAN COUSIN,

In which the Full Company will appear.

SATURDAY EVENING, April 8,

John Baldwin Buckston's romantic Irish Drama,

THE GREEN BUSHES!

OR,

The Histrioness of the Mississippi,

With a strong cast of characters.

NEW AND POPULAR MUSIC,

Each evening, by the regular Theatrical Orchestra, under the direction of

Prof. C. J. THOMAS.

Prices of Admission: Usual Theatre Rates.

Box Office open Wednesday, April 6th, and every day during the week for sale of reserved seats.

Doors open at 7:15. Performance at 8 o'clock sharp.

For full particulars see bills.

WANTED.

A FEW GOOD MEN, APPLY AT PROVERBIAL LINE KIDNEY, IMMEDIATELY. None but first class men need apply.

WANTED.

A FEW FIRST CLASS TRACK LAYERS on the Salt Lake and Western Railway, apply to A. F. Devereaux, at Lehi Junction, or W. H. Allen at the Company's Office, 2nd Street South, Salt Lake City.

WANTED.

A FEW FIRST CLASS TRACK LAYERS on the Salt Lake and Western Railway, apply to A. F. Devereaux, at Lehi Junction, or W. H. Allen at the Company's Office, 2nd Street South, Salt Lake City.

WANTED.

A FEW FIRST CLASS TRACK LAYERS on the Salt Lake and Western Railway, apply to A. F. Devereaux, at Lehi Junction, or W. H. Allen at the Company's Office, 2nd Street South, Salt Lake City.

WANTED.

A FEW FIRST CLASS TRACK LAYERS on the Salt Lake and Western Railway, apply to A. F. Devereaux, at Lehi Junction, or W. H. Allen at the Company's Office, 2nd Street South, Salt Lake City.

WANTED.

A FEW FIRST CLASS TRACK LAYERS on the Salt Lake and Western Railway, apply to A. F. Devereaux, at Lehi Junction, or W. H. Allen at the Company's Office, 2nd Street South, Salt Lake City.

WANTED.

A FEW FIRST CLASS TRACK LAYERS on the Salt Lake and Western Railway, apply to A. F. Devereaux, at Lehi Junction, or W. H. Allen at the Company's Office, 2nd Street South, Salt Lake City.

WANTED.

A FEW FIRST CLASS TRACK LAYERS on the Salt Lake and Western Railway, apply to A. F. Devereaux, at Lehi Junction, or W. H. Allen at the Company's Office, 2nd Street South, Salt Lake City.

WANTED.

A FEW FIRST CLASS TRACK LAYERS on the Salt Lake and Western Railway, apply to A. F. Devereaux, at Lehi Junction, or W. H. Allen at the Company's Office, 2nd Street South, Salt Lake City.

WANTED.

A FEW FIRST CLASS TRACK LAYERS on the Salt Lake and Western Railway, apply to A. F. Devereaux, at Lehi Junction, or W. H. Allen at the Company's Office, 2nd Street South, Salt Lake City.

WANTED.

A FEW FIRST CLASS TRACK LAYERS on the Salt Lake and Western Railway, apply to A. F. Devereaux, at Lehi Junction, or W. H. Allen at the Company's Office, 2nd Street South, Salt Lake City.

WANTED.

A FEW FIRST CLASS TRACK LAYERS on the Salt Lake and Western Railway, apply to A. F. Devereaux, at Lehi Junction, or W. H. Allen at the Company's Office, 2nd Street South, Salt Lake City.

WANTED.

A FEW FIRST CLASS TRACK LAYERS on the Salt Lake and Western Railway, apply to A. F. Devereaux, at Lehi Junction, or W. H. Allen at the Company's Office, 2nd Street South, Salt Lake City.

WANTED.

A FEW FIRST CLASS TRACK LAYERS on the Salt Lake and Western Railway, apply to A. F. Devereaux, at Lehi Junction, or W. H. Allen at the Company's Office, 2nd Street South, Salt Lake City.

WANTED.

A FEW FIRST CLASS TRACK LAYERS on the Salt Lake and Western Railway, apply to A. F. Devereaux, at Lehi Junction, or W. H. Allen at the Company's Office, 2nd Street South, Salt Lake City.

WANTED.

A FEW FIRST CLASS TRACK LAYERS on the Salt Lake and Western Railway, apply to A. F. Devereaux, at Lehi Junction, or W. H. Allen at the Company's Office, 2nd Street South, Salt Lake City.

WANTED.

A FEW FIRST CLASS TRACK LAYERS on the Salt Lake and Western Railway, apply to A. F. Devereaux, at Lehi Junction, or W. H. Allen at the Company's Office, 2nd Street South, Salt Lake City.

WANTED.

A FEW FIRST CLASS TRACK LAYERS on the Salt Lake and Western Railway, apply to A. F. Devereaux, at Lehi Junction, or W. H. Allen at the Company's Office, 2nd Street South, Salt Lake City.

WANTED.

A FEW FIRST CLASS TRACK LAYERS on the Salt Lake and Western Railway, apply to A. F. Devereaux, at Lehi Junction, or W. H. Allen at the Company's Office, 2nd Street South, Salt Lake City.

WANTED.

A FEW FIRST CLASS TRACK LAYERS on the Salt Lake and Western Railway, apply to A. F. Devereaux, at Lehi Junction, or W. H. Allen at the Company's Office, 2nd Street South, Salt Lake City.

WANTED.

A FEW FIRST CLASS TRACK LAYERS on the Salt Lake and Western Railway, apply to A. F. Devereaux, at Lehi Junction, or W. H. Allen at the Company's Office, 2nd Street South, Salt Lake City.

WANTED.

A FEW FIRST CLASS TRACK LAYERS on the Salt Lake and Western Railway, apply to A. F. Devereaux, at Lehi Junction, or W. H. Allen at the Company's Office, 2nd Street South, Salt Lake City.

WANTED.

A FEW FIRST CLASS TRACK LAYERS on the Salt Lake and Western Railway, apply to A. F. Devereaux, at Lehi Junction, or W. H. Allen at the Company's Office, 2nd Street South, Salt Lake City.

WANTED.

A FEW FIRST CLASS TRACK LAYERS on the Salt Lake and Western Railway, apply to A. F. Devereaux, at Lehi Junction, or W. H. Allen at the Company's Office, 2nd Street South, Salt Lake City.

WANTED.

A FEW FIRST CLASS TRACK LAYERS on the Salt Lake and Western Railway, apply to A. F. Devereaux, at Lehi Junction, or W. H. Allen at the Company's Office, 2nd Street South, Salt Lake City.

WANTED.
A BOY TO LEARN THE TAILORING TRADE.
BUCKLE & SON.

THEES & PLANTS,
Cherry and Peach a Specialty,
AT THE
STAR NURSERY, Two Blocks west of
County Court House, Salt Lake City.
GIVE
J. W. CHAMBERLAIN.

FOR SALE.

CHOICE VARIETY OF ORNAMENTAL
Plants from Europe and Asia. Also
very choice variety of Grape Vines, Asparagus
plants, Privet for hedges, etc.
J. W. CHAMBERLAIN,
Twelfth Ward, corner of South Temple
and Fifth East Streets.

NOTICE.

THE SEMI-ANNUAL MEETING OF THE
Stockholders of Zion's Co-operative Mormon
Institution, will be held in the Council
House in this City, on Wednesday, April 6th,
1888, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the transaction of
such business as may be brought before the
meeting.