

[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

By Telegraph.

CONCERSSIONAL.

SENATE.

The Vice-President submitted several communications from the Cabinet in answer to resolutions of the Senate; also a communication from the National Typographical Union, praying a favorable consideration of the postal telegraph bill still pending in the House; also for the abolition of the franking privilege, the recognition of the independence of Cuba, etc. A large number of bills were introduced, including a resolution by Corbett in favor of the annexation of British Columbia, subject to negotiation with England.

Stewart moved to take up the bill entitling Virginia to representation in Congress. Sumner opposed action on the bill until the proper committee had investigated the condition of affairs in Virginia. The bill was taken up and a lengthy discussion ensued. Stewart urged the prompt admission of the State, on the ground that the faith of Congress is pledged thereto. Sumner urged, as a reason for deferring action, that the condition of things in Tennessee should teach the Senate caution. If the bill was allowed to go over till next week, he would not oppose its consideration.

Howard opposed the admission of Virginia. He said he could not overlook the fact that the Legislature was overwhelmingly rebel. Edmunds wanted the bill postponed till he could investigate the condition of affairs in Virginia. Morton took the ground that the spirit of the entire reconstruction acts give all rebels the right to take part in the reorganization of the States, except such as embraced the third clause in the 14th Amendment. Drake moved an amendment to the Constitution, providing that any future reconsideration, by a State of its ratification of the Fifteenth Amendment, should operate to exclude it from representation in Congress. The debate continued, without reaching a vote, till the Senate went into executive session, when it soon after adjourned.

Sumner gave notice that he would introduce a bill to authorize the funding and consolidation of the national debt, extending banking facilities, &c.

Howe introduced a bill to more effectually preserve the neutrality relations of the United States.

Sherman, from the Committee on Finance, reported a bill as a substitute for all propositions relating to the national currency. The bill authorizes the issue of forty-five millions in circulating notes of the National Bank in addition to the three hundred millions now authorized. This amount is to be furnished the banks in the States and Territories having less than their proportion; but another apportionment is to be made as soon as possible, based on the census of 1870. The bill provides that the issues of banks, organized under this act, shall be redeemable in coin, and makes the banks subject to all the requirements of the National Banking law, except that clause limiting the circulation and the clause which would require national banks organized at San Francisco to redeem their circulation at par in the city of New York.

When the morning hour had expired the Virginia bill was taken up, the question being on motion to postpone. After a debate a vote was taken and the motion was lost, yeas 25, nays 26. Drake's amendment to deprive the State of representation and to remand it to its present condition, in the event of the Legislature reconsidering the ratification of the 15th Amendment, was discussed at length, but no action was taken.

GENERAL.

NEW YORK.—An extraordinary scandal agitated religious circles uptown. A prominent clergyman of this city disappeared on Saturday morning, in company with a young lady, one of the prettiest of his flock, belonging to wealthy and highly respectable family. The circumstances are such as to render it certain that a guilty intrigue exists between the parties. The reverend gentleman leaves behind him a distracted wife and two children. Yesterday his pulpit was occupied by the bishop of the diocese, and it was not till evening that the shocking intelligence reached the ears of the congregation, when the utmost excitement and grief prevailed in

the circle where the parties have heretofore been known.

Logan No. 2 had a great funeral yesterday: a thousand men marched in procession, headed by alderman Crocker, of the 18th Ward, and other well known politicians. A long line of carriages followed. The streets through which the funeral passed were so crowded as to be almost impassable. A handsome hearse and six nodding plumes, drawn by grey horses, bore the body to Calvary cemetery, where the last rites of the Roman Catholic church were celebrated.

Hon. F. T. Lowe, Minister to China, left this city on Saturday for San Francisco.

The Times Havana correspondent sends news from Silba by the last mail of very serious importance:—The negroes of fifteen large plantations, in the district of Sagua La Grande had risen in rebellion. The event took place on the 30th of November. The military were shooting all who could be caught. He says nobody here believes the hopeful statements in the semi official journals, since facts continually belie their assertions. The Spanish Treasury is being perfectly exhausted, and the government can send no more money to Cuba. Gen. Caballero Derodas has to borrow six millions of piastres from the Havana merchants to provide for the war expenses.

A Montreal special says that Judge Courtin discharged Caldwell yesterday, and that he escaped before new papers could be served. He walked out of the courtroom, locking the door in the high constable's face, who was about to serve a warrant upon him.

Forty-eight thousand acres of land near Kansas city have been sold to the Atchison Scotch Emigration Association, Glasgow, for \$165,000. The men will leave in February or March.

A steam tug returning this morning from quarantine caught fire; the crew were forced to escape by the small boat. The tug was burned.

PORTLAND, Me.—It has been arranged that forty-eight hours shall elapse between the arrival of the Peabody fleet and the funeral ceremonies, during which time the body will lie in state at the City Hall, which will be draped in mourning. The day of their departure will be grand and impressive. Governor Chamberlain and staff will be present. Thornton, the British minister, is expected.

ST. LOUIS, 9.—It is announced that Tom Allen accepts Jem Mace's challenge to fight in Canada or Louisiana, and is waiting the articles of agreement promised by Mace.

MEMPHIS.—The telegraph operators here have refused to strike. New Orleans is the only city in the South where they have struck, and operators from here and other points have gone there to take the places of the strikers. The Memphis Typographical Union has passed resolutions of sympathy with the strikers, but declined to adopt the suggestion of the Nashville Union to refuse to set up the Associated Press dispatches.

NEW ORLEANS.—About 250 Chinese arrived yesterday, and left immediately for Texas.

INDIANAPOLIS.—The Democratic State convention, yesterday, nominated four candidates for Supreme Court judges; also nominated Eddy, for Secretary of State, Bayle H. Hamer, for attorney general. The resolutions adopted oppose all approaches to a centralized despotism by Congress or the Executive, denounce the reconstruction acts as an invasion of the sovereign and sacred rights of the people and of all the States, denounce all measures calculated to destroy the powers of the Supreme court, favor a tariff for revenue only, and demand that such necessary articles as tea, coffee, sugar and salt be placed on the free list; they also declare the five-twenty bonds payable in greenbacks or their equivalent, favor the abolition of national banks and the issue of greenbacks instead of the demand for more currency; they favor the taxation of the national bonds and stock by the States, and of U. S. bonds by congress for national purposes; they denounce the last legislature for attempting to force the ratification of the 15th Amendment upon the people, and oppose any change in the naturalization laws by transferring naturalization to the federal courts.

MONTGOMERY.—The Supreme Court of Alabama has decided that there has been no property in slaves since '63, and that every judgement given by any court in Alabama from 1861 to '65 is null and void; that all officers, courts and legislative men have been usurpers during that period.

CHICAGO.—A fire at Quincy, Ill., yesterday, destroyed two hotels on Fourth

street, between Belmont and Broadway; also several stores, saloons, etc. Three firemen were hurt, one has since died and another will probably not recover. Meyer & Draffel, proprietors of one of the hotels burned, and their barkeeper have been arrested on suspicion of causing the fire. The loss is about \$25,000.

A recent census shows that the Indians in Nebraska number about six thousand; they are all satisfied and well provided for.

The Tribune's Atlanta special says the organization of the Georgia Legislature will proceed to-day, and may consume Monday and Tuesday. In view of the doubt concerning the exact scope of the disabling section and the recent action of Congress the Attorney General has submitted an elaborate opinion, embracing a long list of officers regarded as within the meaning of the law. Gen. Terry concurs in this exposition, which will rule out more than was anticipated. The working majority will be Republicans. The Democrats are dispirited and inclined to let things take their course.

A special from New York says it is rumored that the Tammany politicians are negotiating for the purchase of the Herald establishment, to remain in the hands of Bennett during his life, and then to be turned over to the purchasers; in the meanwhile to be run in the Tammany interest.

There was a private meeting of several financiers, at the Fifth Avenue Hotel last night, in reference to gold stock speculations. The opinion expressed was that gold would reach thirty within ten days.

Among the financial measures under consideration is one to provide more currency for the Pacific coast where, it is generally admitted, currency must soon take the place of gold in general business. Some persons having investigated the matter think the South needs fifteen millions and the Pacific coast twenty-five millions more currency.

WASHINGTON.—Several gaugers of Pennsylvania and Ohio have recently had their commissions revoked by Commissioner Delano for violation of duty, especially for failing to have stamps properly cancelled.

There was a public meeting last night, 3,000 present, for the furtherance of the proposed International Fair. Col. Forney, Gen. Garfield, General Howard and several others spoke. Great enthusiasm was manifested. Encouraging letters were read from the Governors of several States.

The treaty for the annexation of San Domingo was negotiated by President Baez and our commercial agent, Mr. Perry, at the city of San Domingo. This treaty, with the secret message to President Grant, was expected to be sent to the Senate on Monday, the 10th inst. Of the truth of this statement there is no doubt. Several Senators, who are cognizant of the particulars of the negotiation, privately assert that San Domingo is of as much importance to the United States as the Island of Cuba, and that the acquisition of one will more easily lead to the possession of the other. Although the text of the treaty cannot be publicly made known, there is no doubt that it contains the following propositions.

First.—The United States stipulates to pay a million and a half.

Second.—This money is to be devoted to the liquidation of all the obligations of San Domingo, including the redemption of its currency, which is represented to be a comparatively small amount.

Third.—In case the obligations assumed by the United States exceed the before mentioned sum the public lands of San Domingo are pledged as security for the excess.

Fourth.—The liquidation of the obligations of the island is to be entrusted to commissioners appointed by each of the contracting parties.

The Post Master General has received a letter from the president of the Steamship company, stating that the construction of the first two of their vessels has been agreed upon: they expect to make twenty-five miles an hour in smooth water; across the ocean the average time will be eight days.

A dispatch received here from Havana, yesterday, gives the proclamation of the Captain General with regard to the past and present affairs of the Island, the gist of which is that peace is now fully established, and then there is no place in the Island where the administration of public affairs by the action of the civil courts is not entirely recognized.

In consideration of the discharge of these obligations San Domingo cedes all her forts, docks, custom-houses and all

other public buildings, arsenals, etc., and complete jurisdiction over her territory.

San Domingo is to be annexed or acquired as a Territory and not as a State, and is to be subject to the legislation of Congress in the same manner as other Territories.

The treaty will be valid to all intense and purposes, when satisfied by the vote of a majority of the citizens of San Domingo.

WASHINGTON, 10.—General Sherman, in his general orders to-day, announced the death of Gen. Mowery, than who, he says, a better soldier or a braver man never lived.

The President sent several nominations to the Senate, to-day, among which were Judge Emmons, as Judge of the 5th Circuit Court, vice Withey declined; Ed. S. Solomon, of Chicago, Governor of Washington Territory; Henry W. Blodget, Judge of the Northern District of Illinois, vice Drummond; Henry Weller, of New Mexico, secretary for that Territory; Thos. Riddell, of Pa, Consul General at Havana; Jacob P. Bingwalt, Smelter and Refiner of the branch mint at Carson City, Nevada; Commodore John Rogers to be Rear Admiral; Capt. John J. Olney to be Commodore; Commander R. W. Shufelt to be Capt. Lieut. Commander; D. O. Selridge, to be Commodore; E. P. Applegate, Surveyor General of Oregon; Wm. H. Tocrell, 3rd Assistant P. M. General. The President also sent the treaty for the lease of Samana Bay, and the annexation of St. Domingo.

CHICAGO, 11.—While Mrs. Hanterman living on Roby St., this morning was filling a lamp reservoir with gasoline fluid, the can containing the fluid exploded with frightful violence, covering Mrs. Hanterman, her husband and two children. Mrs. Hanterman and two children were probably fatally burned. A can of burning fluid exploded at 335 West Randolph St. last night, blowing out a window of a house and setting the building on fire.

WASHINGTON, 11.—The Senate has confirmed the nomination of Sawyer to the mint in Cincinnati.

The report of Captain Raymond, of the Engineer corps, describes the Yukon River, in Alaska, as the third largest in the world.

NOTICE!

In the Supreme Court of the United States for the District of Utah.

In the Matter of } In Bankruptcy.
M. J. SNEDAKER, }
Bankrupt.

At Salt Lake City, in the Territory of Utah, 10th day of January, 1870.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of M. J. Snedaker, of the City and County of Salt Lake and Territory of Utah, within said district, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the said Supreme Court for the said District.

H. J. FAUST,
Assignee &c.

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Home Museum and Menagerie

Salt Lake City, half-a-block east of the "Deseret News" Office,

OPEN EVERY DAY, EXCEPT SUNDAY, from 1 to 4

Admission, 25c. Children, 10c.

FRIENDS OF SCIENCE and of the PROGRESS of the TERRITORY will oblige me by PRESERVING ANIMALS and BIRDS indigenous to the Rocky Mountains, as I will gladly PURCHASE them. If any prefer to CONTRIBUTE rather than sell, they will not be refused. FOREIGN and DOMESTIC CURIOSITIES of every kind that will add to the INTEREST and USEFULNESS of the MUSEUM WILL BE RECEIVED and properly cared for and the DONOR'S name INSCRIBED on specimens CONTRIBUTED.

The Public are especially requested to preserve LIVE SPECIMENS of MOUNTAIN LION, WOLVERINE, LYNX, MOUNTAIN SHEEP, PANTHER and BLACK FOX, they being so rarely met with.

For further particulars inquire of G. G. R. SANGIOVANNI, at MUSEUM, or at my residence, opposite the City Hall.

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JOHN W. YOUNG.

ESTRAYS.

No. 1. Red Line back STEER, about 3 years old, upperbit in right underbit left ear, brand illegible.

No. 2. Red STEER, 2 years old, crop off and two slits in right, crop off and slit in left ear, brown on forehead, no brands visible.

No. 3. Dark Red 5 year old COW, crop off left, under half crop right ear, no brands visible.

No. 4. Dark Bay MARE, star in forehead, white on right hind foot, Spanish brand on left thigh.

Owners are requested to prove property, pay charges or they will be sold at Public Auction at the St. George Estray Pound to defray expenses, 30 days after date of advertisement.

JOHN PYMN,
County Poundkeeper.

St. George, January 5, 1870.

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