

YOUNG GIRL SCARED TO DEATH

Caused by Seeing a Huge Skeleton
Come Towards Her.

WAS A HALLOWEEN PRANK

All Wrought Up When the Ghastly
Sight Appeared She Screamed
and Fell Dead.

Recheiter, N. Y., Nov. 2.—The authorities of Allegheny county are looking for the person who manufactured a skeleton out of animal bones which frightened Mary Oldfield of Kardia to death Wednesday night. Mary Oldfield, accompanied by two friends, was returning from a Halloween party, where she had listened to gruesome stories until her hair stood on end. When she entered the woods, a rattling of bones was heard overhead, and looking up, she saw a huge skeleton coming towards her. She was so terrified that she fell and died.

A searching party found a wire leading from the ground to a tree top to which was attached a skeleton by a pulley.

To Photograph the Leonids.

New Haven, Nov. 2.—Yale astronomers are preparing to photograph what is said to be the most brilliant meteor shower of the year. The meteor shower, which is said to be the most brilliant of the year, is said to be the most brilliant of the year.

There is just as much reason to expect the Leonids at this time as last year. Astronomers have not yet been able to discover why it is that with the exception of the Leonids, which appear every thirty-three years, the other meteor showers are so irregular. There are two possible explanations of this. Since the last great shower in 1866 Jupiter has been passing close to the portion of the earth's orbit which the Leonids cross every thirty-three years, and it is possible that the disturbance caused by the planet has caused the Leonids to appear more regularly than in the past.

In the interest of Good Roads. Chicago, Nov. 2.—Martin Dodge, director of the office of road inquiry of the department of agriculture, and W. H. Moore, president of the Interstate Good Road and Improvement association, arrived in Chicago last night after a tour of the West in the interest of good roads and other internal improvements. They came to complete arrangements for the National Good Roads and Irrigation congress to be held in this city from November 12th to 14th.

Delegations will come to Chicago to attend the congress from all parts of the United States. There will be considerable discussion of the construction of good roads to bring farmers and other people into closer contact with the market, and of the dredging of internal streams and the extension of irrigation work throughout the country.

A national committee representing every state will be appointed by the congress to present the subject to Congress so that appropriations may be made to carry on the work. Bills will be prepared by the congress for introduction into every State legislature so that uniform State legislation in regard to internal improvements may be arranged.

Director Dodge and Mr. Moore are highly elated over the success of their Western tour. They covered more than 1,000 miles, visiting all the principal Western cities, and held several road conventions in Topeka, Omaha, Sioux City, Boise City, Spokane, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Los Angeles, and Denver, and formed State and local organizations of the Interstate good roads and improvement association in each of these cities.

Receipts and Expenditures. Washington, Nov. 1.—The monthly comparative statement of the government receipts and expenditures issued today shows that the total receipts for the month of October were \$21,626,000, and the expenditures \$17,993,637, leaving a surplus for the month of \$3,632,363. The receipts for the month were \$4,900,000 in excess of those for October last year. The expenditures were about the same as those for October last year. The receipts from the several sources of revenue are given as follows:

Customs, \$2,522,638, increase over October, 1899, \$1,450,000.
Internal revenue, \$27,691,143, increase \$1,236,000.
Miscellaneous, \$2,881,954, increase, \$1,110,000.
The several items of expenditures for the month are as follows:
Civil and miscellaneous, \$11,754,840, increase \$1,100,000.
War, \$1,145,223, increase, \$222,000.
Navy, \$4,598,258, decrease, \$370,000.
Postoffice, \$4,948,948, increase, \$136,000.
Pensions, \$1,045,590, decrease, \$20,000.
Interest, \$4,792,871, increase, \$210,000.

During the last four months the receipts exceeded those for the same period last year by \$5,674,000, and the expenditures exceeded those of the same period last year by \$7,759,000.

WU MAKES AN ADDRESS.
He Says China Has Much to Learn from America.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 1.—Wu Ting Fang, the Chinese minister, was the principal speaker at the Founder's day exercises at the Carnegie institute this afternoon. An informal reception was tendered the distinguished diplomat at the hotel the following morning, and after a private view of the art gallery through the lens was taken for a drive through the town. At the conclusion of the exercises Mr. Wu held a public reception.

Mr. Wu said in part: "China has a great deal to learn from this young republic. I hope, however, that she will learn, not the arts of war, which have for sole end the destruction of life, but the arts of peace, which make for the happiness and welfare of the people. No nation can become really great by war. True

FOR THE CHILDREN.

To Keep Their Digestion Perfect Nothing
Is So Safe and Pleasant as Stuart's
Dyspepsia Tablets.

Thousands of men and women have found Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets also sure perfect digestion and avoid trouble. But it is not generally known that the Tablets are just as good and wholesome for little folks as for their elders.

Little children who are pale, thin and have no appetite, or do not grow or thrive, should use the tablets after eating and will derive great benefit from them.

Mrs. G. H. Crotley, 538 Washington St., Hoboken, New Jersey, writes: "Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets just fill the bill for children as well as for older folks. I've had the best of luck with them. My three-year-old girl takes them as readily as candy. I have only to say 'tablets' and she drops everything and most reliably prepares for them."

A Buffalo mother, a short time ago who despaired of the life of her babe who was so delighted with the results from giving the child these tablets that she went before the notary public of Erie Co., N. Y., and made the following affidavit:

Gentlemen: Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets were recommended to me for my two-months-old baby, which was sick and many and the doctor said to give him some of the tablets. I took the child to the hospital, but there found no relief. A friend mentioned the Stuart Tablets and I procured a box from my druggist and used only the large sweet lozenges. In increasing doses I managed to find they were just the thing for my baby. I feel justified in saying that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets saved my child's life.

MRS. W. T. DETHLOPE.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of April, 1897.

HENRY KARIS,
Notary Public in and for Erie Co., N. Y.

For babies, no matter how young or delicate, the tablets will accomplish wonders in increasing appetite and growth. Use only the large sweet tablets in every box. Full sized boxes are sold by all druggists for 50 cents, and no parent should neglect the use of this safe remedy for all stomach and bowel troubles if the child is ailing in any way regarding its food or assimilation.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets have been known for years as the best preparation for all stomach troubles whether in adults or infants.

greatness does not lie in the extent of territory nor in the stretch of habitations, but in the character of the people. From personal observation I am inclined to the belief that the American people possess the element of national greatness in high degree.

"The test of loftiness of character is to possess boundless power without abusing it. Wealth is power. Where can you find such vast accumulations of wealth in private hands as in America, with so little attendant evil felt by society? I have seen countries where the rich oppress the poor and the poor curse the rich. There money is the root of all evil. The reverse seems to be the case in America. Here the rich use the ample means at their disposal for the benefit of the people, and the people have good reason to bless the rich. In other words, American men of wealth are public benefactors."

"I have not far to go for an example. In your midst you have a signal instance of this class of philanthropic men. Such a noble exhibition is an enduring monument of the founder's beneficence. Here one can find the most effective means for the enlightening of the mind and the uplifting of the soul. Books, paintings and sculpture and every form of objects possessing educational value are accessible to all persons at all times. The day will soon come when foreigners will visit this city, not so much to see the great industrial establishments as to see the most noble exhibition of this influence far and wide. This city will be equally famous for the great educator as for a manufacturing center. May this standing monument of the founder's beneficence stimulate others to follow this noble example. May the 'Founder's day' which I heartily join with you in celebrating, be ever observed from year to year as an event of national interest."

A LARGE STANDING ARMY.

Ex-Governor Stone of Missouri Tells
What It Is Wanted For.

New York, Nov. 1.—Ex-Governor Stone of Missouri, who is in charge of the New York branch of the Democratic national headquarters, gave out the following statement today: "Governor Roosevelt and other Republican leaders and Republican newspapers are criticizing Mr. Bryan for denouncing the scheme of the administration to fasten a large standing army on the country, and are saying that it was intended to quarter the army near large cities and use it to overawe workmen. Nevertheless Mr. Bryan is right. Senator Hawley of Connecticut is a Republican United States senator in the United States, and stands high in the councils of his party. He is chairman of the Senate committee on military affairs, and in the Senate he has made of the bill increasing the army and charge of a strong speech in favor of it."

"On March 3, 1899, Senator Hawley also made a speech before the Connecticut legislature, and in the speech he said: 'And then along other lines that great countries must think of are the means of defense, insurance and mobs. It was a wise thing for the merchants of Chicago to give a tract of land to the national government, who fortified it, and it is now called Fort Sheridan. We have heard of disturbances in Chicago. We hope, however, that we shall never have any again, but we know the best way not to have them is to be prepared for them. So I say we shall need a large army to stand back of municipal authority. In the last resort, if a single company of bluecoats march around the corner with their steady, solemn steps, the mob disperses because they know they are men who shoot when ordered to. It is simply a business with them. No government is free from the possibility of resorting to force.'"

NO QUARTER GIVEN CHINESE.

German Soldiers Compel Them to
Dig Their Own Graves.

THEY ARE SHOT IN A BUNCH

Such the Story Published in the Bremen
Buerger Zeitung, Being
a Soldier's Letter.

Berlin, Nov. 1.—Considerable impatience at the meagerness of the news from China is finding expression here. The inference is that German censorship over such information is very strict.

Letters from privates in China begin to find their way into the social-democratic papers, showing that the German troops give no quarter. The Bremen Buerger Zeitung publishes a letter from a soldier in Peking who said he witnessed the following scene:

"Sixty-eight captives, some of them not yet adults, were tied together by their pigtail, beaten bloody by the Germans, compelled to dig their own graves, and then shot en masse."

The Hallescher Volks Zeitung prints a communication from Peking, in which the writer says:

"No prisoners are taken. All are shot, or, preferably, sabred to save ammunition. On Sunday afternoon we had to bury several hundred Chinese. They had killed one of our patrolmen. An entire battalion pursued them and captured seventy-four alive. It was cruel; it was indescribable."

Mr. Hanna Hissed and Cat Cailed.

Chicago, Nov. 1.—Mark Hanna bowed to a storm of hisses, catcalls and cheers for Bryan in the big circus tent at Halsted and Thirtieth streets tonight, giving up his attempt to get a hearing until the police had restored order. For forty-five minutes the mob had its inning, and then seventy policemen took a hand and cleared the aisles.

Before Senator Hanna arrived speeches by Judge Yates and others had been accorded a mixed reception by a large crowd congregated beneath the tent. When Senator Hanna stepped upon the platform and was introduced a demonstration ensued which instead of subsiding after a few moments, continued with full vigor.

Finding it impossible to proceed because of the increasing noise, the speaker sat down on the table, and as he gazed at the audience, said: "I'm in no hurry." And then above all the confusion he was heard to shout: "Why don't you go over to the north side? Bryan is over there, and they need you to swell the crowd."

"The people of the country are interested only in those matters which affect them individually. Many issues have been brought into this campaign for the purpose of leading the people from the vital issues. What I have to say to you is to let well enough alone."

Here Senator Hanna had to give up the attempt to speak, and Sheriff Maerstadt demanded from the police officers that order be restored. When everyone had been compelled to sit down and some of the rioters expelled from the meeting, John M. Hanna of Chicago quieted the crowd with a story and talked briefly of the issues of the campaign. When he had concluded Senator Hanna resumed his speech and finished without interruption.

BRAZIL AND ARGENTINA.

Important Results to Follow from
President Salles' Visit.

New York, Nov. 2.—A dispatch to the Herald from Rio de Janeiro, says that important results in South America and world politics are to accrue from the interchange of visits of Brazilian and Argentine executives in consequence of dispatches to the Rio Janeiro Tribunal from its correspondent with President Campos Salles. The Tribunal published this dispatch:

"President Salles' journey to Argentina will not result in a treaty of any kind but in a friendship that may come to close relations between the Argentine and Brazilian diplomatists in Europe and America, where they will work in common for the realization of the joint aim which comprises their independence or liberty of action."

"At the reception of the Brazilian members of congress in the Argentine senate, the president of the senate alluded to the rumors of a supposed intention of Argentina to annex Brazil. He said that neither of the countries is thinking of conquests."

"The Brazilian guests will embark for home at once. It is understood that President Salles will not visit Montevideo in consequence of an incident which occurred a few weeks ago. The Uruguayan authorities would not permit a detachment of Brazilian soldiers to disembark on Flores Island with arms and uniforms."

"A great demonstration is being prepared here in honor of the Argentine minister, Senor Garstaka."

Line of Steamers for Philippines.

San Francisco, Nov. 2.—According to R. M. Thompson, a capitalist of Kansas City, who is in San Francisco, there will be a new line of steamers to Honolulu, Hongkong and the Philippines. "The proposed line," he says, "will have Tobolobampo in Mexico as its Pacific coast port, and it will be operated in connection with the Kansas City, Mexico and Orient railroad. The latter is a new enterprise, owned by Messrs. Stillwell, Sylvester and other well-known railroad builders and managers. The route from Kansas City by rail and sea to Honolulu, the proposition says, will be about 1,300 miles shorter than any other. Our concessions and subsidies with the Mexican government have been perfected, and the railroad will be in operation within eighteen months, save for a distance of 100 miles over the Sierra Madre mountains in Mexico. Traffic arrangements have been made with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad so as to give Chicago the benefit of the new route."

No External Symptoms.

The blood may be in bad condition, yet with no external signs, no skin eruption or sores to indicate it. The symptoms in such cases being a variable appetite, poor digestion, an indescribable weakness and nervousness, loss of flesh and a general run-down condition of the system—clearly showing the blood has lost its nutritive qualities, has become thin and watery. It is in just such cases that S. S. S. has done some of its quickest and most effective work by building up the blood and supplying the elements lacking to make it strong and vigorous.

"My wife used several bottles of S. S. S. as a blood purifier and to tone up a weak and emaciated system, with very marked effect by way of improvement. 'We regard it a great tonic and blood purifier.'—J. F. DUFF, Princeton, Mo."

S. S. S. is the greatest of all tonics, and you will find the appetite improves, strength returns, and nervousness vanishes as new rich pure blood once more circulates through all parts of the system.

S. S. S. is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known. It contains no minerals whatever. Send for our free book on blood and skin diseases and write our physicians for any information or advice wanted. No charge for medical advice.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

The danger will have been passed as the centres of infection will have been obliterated. Were it not for the influx of foreigners in the warm months, the yellow fever would be an easy problem, because nearly all native Cubans have had it and are immune. Because of the large number of immigrants, however, they cannot be a yellow fever epidemic. There are now seventy cases but widely scattered."

Brazilian Guests in Argentina.

New York, Nov. 2.—A dispatch to the Herald from Buenos Ayres says: President Salles and the other Brazilian guests of Argentine courtesy will be the objects of attention from all classes. The enthusiasm of the people has not shown the least abatement.

Paraguayan are also taking part in the demonstrations. In consequence the Premier proposes that the two governments shall release Paraguay from the indemnity still owing as a result of the war of 1865-9.

The resolution of the Chilean government to create a prefecture at Pirihua, caused a dispute in territory claimed by Argentina and involved in the arbitration case submitted to Queen Victoria. Argentina will strongly protest against any assertion of authority by Chile.

Anti-Imperialists Offer Reward.

New York, Nov. 2.—The campaign committee of the anti-imperialists, at a meeting recently, decided to offer a reward of \$100 for the arrest and conviction of any person illegally registering and illegally voting at the coming election. A committee of lawyers was appointed to draw up the regulations, and a meeting of the committee is now being held at the New York office of Judson Harmon, F. W. Hinrichs, Edward M. Shepard, Austin G. Fox, of New York, Edwin Buttrick Smith of Chicago and Herbert P. Russell, of Buffalo. Posters will be put up in every county of the State, New York, warning voters and calling attention to the reward.

Commerce With Cuba.

Washington, Nov. 2.—The war department's bulletin of the commerce of Cuba for the month of October, 1900, shows that the value of all merchandise imported during this period, was \$59,925,339, and of gold and silver \$5,105,287, giving a total importation of \$65,030,626. Of this amount \$29,988,588 worth was sent from the United States, and \$44,456 worth came from Porto Rico.

The total exportation of merchandise amounted to \$55,404,421, of which agricultural products formed the greater part. The export of gold and silver was \$2,229,553, making the total value of all exports from Cuba \$53,702,974. The United States took \$28,962,252 worth of these exports, and \$35,157 worth went to Porto Rico.

The Fiducia in Distress.

London, Nov. 2.—The captain of the British steamer German, which has just arrived here from Table Bay, South Africa, reports that on October 27, when about 400 miles west by south of Gibraltar, he fell in with a sailing vessel in distress. The vessel was a schooner, he Italian bark Fiducia, Captain Martini, which sailed from Mobile, August 4, for Palma, Majorca, in the Mediterranean sea. The Fiducia had lost her mainmast.

DECEIVED HUSBAND.

But He Seems to Like It.
"We used to buy our coffee from an agent of a coffee house in —, who came once a month and took orders. When we would run out we bought package coffee from a local grocer and 'hubby' would always raise more or less of a row until the coffee he was used to came along."

"One day I concluded to serve some Postum Food Coffee, without his knowing it. 'Hubby' remarked that he was glad to know the regular coffee man had got along and he was very much pleased. He had not the slightest idea it was Postum and I let it run along for about two months, serving him Postum every day. A lady guest at our table remarked that she would like to know how I made coffee, as her's always had a bitter taste. I thought it was a good time to let the truth and remarked that I always took four heaping teaspoons of Postum Food Coffee — 'What?' yelled 'hubby.' 'What's that?' 'Yes, I take four heaping teaspoons of Postum Food Coffee for the same reason. 'Hubby' was still staring. 'Let it stand on the stove until it really boils and then allow the actual boiling to continue thereafter for fifteen minutes.' You can imagine how he stared. Finally he remarked: 'Well, if the coffee I have been drinking for two months is Postum Food Coffee, that is the only kind we will have in the house hereafter.'"

"I was brought to try Postum, for I had so much trouble with my heart for four or five years. It was a relief and so many times a day was compelled to sit down to keep from falling, could not go up and down cellar on account of dizziness and a sick feeling at my stomach, could not eat anything except Postum."

"After a thorough examination by the doctor, I was told that I had catarrh of the stomach in the worst form and he forbade the use of either tea or coffee. I started in with Postum, drinking it all coffee entirely, as well as tea. I immediately began to get better and now my trouble is entirely gone, and I am well in every respect. Postum and I are the best of friends. I proved to my satisfaction that coffee was the cause of my trouble." Mrs. F. Shurtz, Decaturville, W. Va.

most and part of her deck load in the recent severe gales and had also sustained injury to her bulwarks. She was short of provisions and the German supplied her with a quantity.

Receiver for the Home Forum.

Chicago, Nov. 2.—A receiver has been appointed for the Home Forum Benefit order, a fraternal insurance society with headquarters in Chicago. The liabilities aggregate \$270,000 in excess of the assets. The figures given in the annual statement place the assets of the order, October 1st, at \$45,000, and the liabilities at \$217,000. There are 30,000 members of the order.

Building for Rush Medical College.

Chicago, Nov. 2.—Rush Medical college is to have a new \$80,000 building for which Dr. Nicholas Senn has just given \$50,000. The new building will be primarily used for lecture purposes and will be named Senn Hall.

Frank Giraud Dead.

New York, Nov. 2.—Frank Giraud, better known by his stage name of Frank Girard, is dead at his home in Brooklyn, from the result of diabetes and paralysis. Mr. Giraud was 69 years old and his life was an interesting one, leading from the blacksmith shop to the stage management of Tony Pastor's theater in Manhattan.

Will Contest Keating's Will.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 2.—The Chronicle says that the will of Thomas Keating, the well known horseman of Pleasanton, in this State, who died recently at Lexington, Ky., will be contested by his two brothers. The bulk of the estate left to Frank M. Lee, of Reno, Nevada, part of it to be disposed of according to directions contained in a private letter. It is hinted that the contest will bring to light a romance in the life of the noted horseman.

Discovery of Petrified Bodies.

New York, Nov. 2.—Dr. Charles West, coroner's physician, in a search of the cellar formerly occupied by Dr. Thomas Holmes, in Brooklyn, where a petrified body was found on Wednesday, discovered a portion of the body of a boy, the body of a girl about eighteen months old, bodies of newly-born children and of monkeys and the skeletons of dogs. All were in a state of preservation similar to that of the first body found. Dr. Holmes conducted a drug store for many years before his death two years ago. His boast was that he had discovered a secret embalming process that would ossify bodies. Dr. West said that the bodies found in the cellar had probably been there for many years.

Public Debt Statement.

Washington, Nov. 2.—The monthly statement of the public debt shows that at the close of business October 31, 1900, the debt, less cash in the treasury, was \$1,044,402,720, a decrease as compared with the end of 1899 of \$124,521,251. The debt is recapitulated as follows:

Interest bearing debt.....\$1,001,499,750
Debt on which interest has
ceased since maturity.....2,430,030
Debt bearing no interest.....\$38,477,571

Total.....\$1,041,977,321
This amount, however, does not include \$44,955,659 in certificates and treasury notes outstanding, which are offset by an equal amount of cash on hand.

The cash in the treasury is classified as follows:

Reserve fund.....\$50,900,000
Trust funds.....740,965,673
General fund.....125,632,653
In national bank deposits to the credit of the treasurer of the United States.....\$9,813,485
To credit of disbursing officers.....6,659,658

Total.....\$1,111,071,877
Against which there are demand liabilities outstanding amounting to \$328,066,544, which leaves a cash balance on hand of \$787,005,332.

Victoria College for Women Opened.

Montreal, Que., Nov. 2.—The Royal Victoria college for women was formally opened here last night. Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, the Canadian high commissioner to England, and their excellencies the governor-general and Lady Minto were present, and Lord Minto unveiled Queen Victoria's statue in the center of the college.

The college is Lord Strathcona's gift to McGill university and to the women of Canada. He built it and endowed it as a memorial of the diamond jubilee of her majesty the queen. The statue is clad in gift, and both have been awaiting his arrival in Canada for their dedication.

Memorial Service for Prince Victor.

New York, Oct. 2.—The memorial service for Prince Christian Victor in the chapel royal was attended by the entire German mission, Lord Salisbury and all the prominent officials, says a London dispatch to the Tribune. The service was brief, simple and stately.

AMERICANS IN TRIESTE.

Land There from South Africa.
Having Fought for the Boers.

Trieste, Nov. 2.—Ninety Americans who fought for the Boers in South Africa have arrived here and have left for Hamburg, where they will sail for America.

Canneries Close for the Season.

New Wharfedale, Wm., Nov. 2.—The Fairhaven salmon cannery today closed doors for the season. They put three thousand of the Puget Sound pack. The grand total of cases packed this season here is 225,000, or nearly 100,000 more of last year's.

DARING BANK ROBBERY.

Men Blew Open the Wrong Safe.
Missing \$80,000 in Cash.
Chicago, Nov. 2.—A special to the Chronicle from Omaha, Neb., says: Springfield and Robbery's bank at Omaha, Neb., was robbed last night by three daring burglars who blew open the safe and made away with several hundred dollars worth of postage and revenue stamps. There were two safes in the bank, one of which was used to contain the books and the other for the money and negotiable papers. The burglars made the mistake of blowing open the former. Had they guessed right, their loot would have amounted to \$80,000.

L. A. Bates, who sleeps adjoining the bank, heard the explosion and slipped out of the back door and saw three men climb out of the rear window of the bank. Bates aroused several men, who organized a searching party. It found money papers stolen from the bank and fragments of wrappers from the stamp packages. The burglars escaped.

Died at a Green Old Age.

New York, Nov. 2.—George Washington Freeman Horner Green, a former negro slave, died in his 101st year at Hempstead, L. I., yesterday at the reputed age of 123 years. Green is said to have been born on a farm near Elizabethport, N. J., on January 1, 1777. He was sold to a Virginia planter named Horner, by whom, it is said, he was sold to General Washington. In 1812 he was made a free man, and then came north and was employed by George Green, a Long Island farmer, with whom he remained for forty years.

Green's faculties remained unimpaired until fifty years ago, when his sight and hearing began to fail and



ANHEUSER-BUSCH'S
Malt-Nutrine
is recommended
because its superior
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established by the medical fraternity
and all users universally. It gives
appetite, health, vigor---is welcomed
by the new mother, the aged, the
weak, the convalescent. Prepared by
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St. Louis, U. S. A.
Brewers of the Original Budweiser, Faust, Michelob, Anheuser-Standard,
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ZION'S SAVINGS BANK AND TRUST COMPANY,

2 & 3 Main St., Salt Lake City, Utah
ESTABLISHED 1872
DEPOSITS \$2,547,202.64

SAVINGS ACCOUNTS OPENED 28,052
Interest paid quarterly at 4 per cent per annum on floor thousands
Lorenzo Knudsen, President
George M. Carson, Cashier

U. S. DEPOSITORY.

DESERET NATIONAL BANK,
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH

CAPITAL \$100,000
Surplus \$100,000
Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent

WESTERN ARMS & SPORTING GOODS CO.

115 Main St.,
SALT LAKE CITY, - - UTAH
(Browning's Old Stand.)

We carry a finer line of sporting goods
of every description than any house
in the west and at prices which will
save you money by dealing with us.
We make the statement to show you
we are in business.
Watch this paper for future bargain
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Four per cent interest paid on savings

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