

JULES CAMBON PRAISES THE WEST

He is Much Impressed With the Spirit of Progress.

THE CENTER OF INFLUENCE

Will One Day be in the West—He Found Chicago Society Very Polished.

New York, July 2.—Jules Cambon, the French ambassador to the United States, who is about to sail for France for his summer vacation, has just completed a trip through the states bordering upon the great lakes, says a Herald dispatch from Washington, and he speaks about his experiences and observations on his return with much enthusiasm. "Wherever I went," said Mr. Cambon, "I was impressed with the spirit of progress that was manifest. These western people are not accurately judged by their fellow countrymen of the East. The East, I think, holds itself above the West and feels the West is not quite its equal in learning, enterprise or in its permitted—good manners. Now I think the contrary. I found the Chicago society very polished and agreeable. In the homes in the northern part of the city I found most artistic and musical developments. I found this also true of the other cities I visited.

Two things as a result of my trip are fixed in my mind—first, the wonderful, magical development of the inland states, and second, the fact that wherever I have gone I have met with friends of France and a multitude of men and women engrafted on the American soil with French blood in their veins. If I were asked to make a prediction as to where the center of influence of the country would be in years hence I would point to that region through which I have just passed, extending from Pennsylvania on the east to the Mississippi on the west. It is the heart of the country. Over all this region, destined for much greater development, French have left their impressions. It is far deeper than I had supposed and this is particularly true of the valley of the Mississippi."

MURDERED BY A WAITER.

A Man Goes to Get a Woman's Umbrella and Purses and is Shot.

Chicago, July 2.—While attempting to recover an umbrella and purse belonging to a young woman who was a stranger to him, William J. Harris was shot and fatally wounded last night by Michael Varlos, a Greek. As his victim fell to the floor, Varlos dropped his revolver and fled, pursued by a number of men who had seen the shooting. He was not captured.

The fight followed between the men, during which Varlos was struck over the head with an umbrella by the woman. She then ran out the door, leaving the umbrella and her purse behind.

Just outside the door she met Harris, who inquired the cause of her excitement. She told him and he offered to return and secure the umbrella and the purse. Entering the store he demanded the return of the woman's property. Varlos told him to step to the rear of the store and he would hand him the articles. The Greek then walked behind a counter and drawing a revolver from a drawer, deliberately fired three times at Harris.

Two bullets entered the breast and one the abdomen. Harris is a machinist from Pittsburgh.

INCENSE AT THE CORONATION.

Probable That Westminster Abbey Will be Filled With It.

New York, July 2.—There is much talk among the ultra Protestants in England about the use of incense in the coronation service next year, says the Tribune's London correspondent. This detail cannot be settled so long in advance, yet it is assumed by the clergy, both high and low, that the ritual of coronation at Westminster abbey will be accompanied by a cloud of incense. The king is commonly supposed to have yielded to the queen's wishes in this respect but there is no authority for the statement. The use of incense would be a strange sequel to the recent decisions of the archbishop of Canterbury on the controversial questions of the Anglican church.

CONSUL BRANCH.

Because of Threats Against His Life Granted Indefinite Leave.

New York, July 2.—The World says: As a result of the many threats against his life by anarchists an indefinite leave of absence has been granted Giovanni Branchi, the Italian consul general in this city. It is said that he has gone back to Italy, where he will remain until the Paterson "reds" are

DR. WELLS WRITES A LETTER CONCERNING PE-RU-NA.

She Says: "Your Wonderful Medicine Has Saved My Daughter From The Grave."



Anna Wells, M. D.

Anna Wells, M. D., writes from the Park Gate Hotel, Chicago, Ill., the following letter to Dr. Hartman concerning his world famous remedy, Peruna:

"I thank you most heartily for the sample bottle of Peruna. I prescribed it for my daughter (Miss E. L. Huston), who sadly needed it, as it had proved. I was utterly hopeless and discouraged. Nothing we gave her would give her an appetite. A nervous shock received two years ago prostrated her. All the consultations and advices of brother physicians had done no good, until your Peruna was advised.

"She can now eat heartily of solid foods—she had been not living, but dying on liquids; sleep good; was troubled with insomnia; menstruation, easy and comfortable; had suffered from dysmenorrhea and ovaritis. She is now on the third bottle.

"I wish this letter could reach the whole world for the sake of brother physicians, their patients, and the discouraged class who are nobody's patients.

"With all my heart I thank you. Your wonderful medicine has saved my daughter from the grave. I am prescribing it right along for my patients, and find that it soon begins to give relief."—Anna Wells, M. D.

Dr. Wells' daughter, Ethelyn Leslie Huston, was late associate editor of Brann's Iconoclast, and is now on the editorial staff of the Chicago Chronicle. She says:

"I have used Peruna for nervous exhaustion and lack of appetite. I find it invaluable."—Ethelyn Leslie Huston.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.



Ethelyn L. Huston.

window; internally injured and cut about head."

Miss Chrystal, proprietress of lodging house, burned about body and injured from inhaling smoke. A number of men were experimenting with a gasoline lamp in a saloon on the lower floor of the lodging house, when the lamp exploded, scattering flames in all directions. The building was wooden and before the fire department arrived the flames had eaten through the lower floor and were spreading to the upper stories. The lodging house contained about a third of its guests, most of whom were able to save anything except what they wore. Most of them escaped by jumping from the first and third-story windows, and it is miraculous that more were not killed. Numbers were carried out unconscious by the firemen, but so far as known all will recover. It is not believed that any excepting the two mentioned perished. The property loss is about \$4,000, with no insurance.

SAN FRANCISCO COOKS.

Wholesalers Take Action to Put an End to the Strike.

San Francisco, July 1.—The strike of cooks and waiters in this city, which has been on for some time, has assumed a new phase, the wholesalers having taken action with the view to forcing its termination. The joint executive committee of the "Butchers" association and the retail and jobbing butchers tonight sent out notices to all the restaurants in the city to the effect that after 3 o'clock tomorrow no more meat would be furnished to restaurants depending on the union card. It is understood that the wholesale oyster dealers intend to take similar action.

It is claimed by the Cooks and Waiters' union that there are upward of 300 union restaurants in the city, but the wholesalers say they have only been able to find about 130.

PENSION OFFICE REPORT.

Nearly Fifty Thousand Names Added the Last Fiscal Year.

Washington, July 1.—A statement prepared at the pension office shows that for the fiscal year ended June 30th, 49,612 names were added to the pension rolls, of which 44,361 were original issues, and 4,751 were restorations. The original issues included the following: Invalids, civil war, 23,445; invalids, war with Spain, 2,700; survivors Mexican war, 15; survivors Indian wars, 7; widows, civil war, 19,842; widows, war with Spain, 1,241; widows, Mexican war, 352; widows, Indian wars, 142; widows, war prior to 1861, 6; widows, war of 1812, 3; nurses, 25.

The increases, re-ratings, etc., numbered 60,948, making the total number of certificates issued 109,065, as against a total of 105,591 in 1900. The increased number of pensioners on June 30, 1901, compared with the previous year was about 2,500. The number of claims pending May 13, 1901, was 415,409 and on June 30, 1901, 635,059.

REDELL PLEADS GUILTY.

To Charge of Stealing Silver Bullion from Marsac Mill.

Coalville, Utah, July 1.—George Redell, one of the men arrested for stealing silver bullion from the Marsac mill of the Ontario Mining company at Park City, today entered a plea of guilty and waived time for sentencing. The court today sentenced him to five years in the penitentiary. He is 38 years old and looked very dejected when the sentence was pronounced. He had been in jail, he is arrested on the same charge, entered a plea of not guilty and his case went over until the fall term of court.

Fleming and McBride, the two men arrested for burglarizing the People's Mercantile Co., will be tried here tomorrow by a jury.

STEAMER CAULISLE CITY.

California Board of Health Withdraws Quarantine Guards.

San Diego, Cal., July 2.—Dr. R. W. Hill, president of the state board of health, who has been here ever since the steamer Caulisle City arrived, and who, as a precautionary measure, had state guards stationed around the Federal Quarantine station, has withdrawn the guards and left for home, believing that the danger, if any ever existed, entirely passed, as not a sign of sickness has appeared among the members of the crew of the ship.

Dr. Hill said there is no more danger to people from the east in coming to San Diego and Southern California than there is for them to go to Saratoga, Newport or any other place. In his opinion the plague reports sent out from Washington by the government officials were premature and had no authority on which to stand except the unsupported statement of the ship's captain, a non-medical man, who admitted to the state representative that he had never seen a case of authenticated plague.

POLITICS IN CUBA.

Situation in the Island is Satisfactory in Every Respect.

New York, July 2.—Gonzalez Ferrin of Havana, Cuba, is spending a few days in this city on his way to the Pan American exposition in Buffalo, where he proposes remaining for three months as a special representative of his native island. He said in the course of an interview about Cuba:

"The political situation could not be better. All the representative parties of the island have accepted the decision of the constitutional convention and in perfect peace and harmony with the American government, the Cuban people will endeavor to lay the foundations of their future republic. The opposition manifested to the Platt amendment at first was the result of a misapprehension. Relations between Cubans and Americans are friendly. Because the opposition was very violent you may take it for granted that the Cuban people never assemble. They speak out freely and if now they are on excellent terms with the Americans it is because they really feel gratitude and respect toward their great neighbor and protector."

RUSSIA IN MANCHURIA.

She Installs a Civil Administrator in New Chwang.

London, July 2.—A dispatch from Peking says: The installation by Russia of a civil administrator in New Chwang, Manchuria, has again made prominent the question of occupation of that province by the Russians. Some of the powers have already recognized the administrator, but the ministers of other nations are doubtful as to the course to be followed in the matter and are awaiting instructions from their home governments. Among those thus awaiting instructions is the representative of the United States. It is understood that the British and Japanese ministers will recommend to Li Hung Chang some plan for opening Manchuria to the world in such a way as to constitute an effective barrier to Russian aggression and then avoid trade and other complications that are otherwise bound to follow a Russian occupation. The matter has not yet been presented to the court.

The Best Liniment for Strains.

Mr. F. H. Wells, the merchant at Deer Park, Long Island, N. Y., says: "I always recommend Chamberlain's Pain Balm as the best liniment for strains; I used it last winter for a severe lameness in the side, resulting from a strain, and was greatly pleased with the quick relief and cure it effected."

PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

United States Still Owes Over a Billion Dollars.

DECREASE DURING JUNE.

It Was Over Seventeen Millions—Accounted For by an Increase in the Cash on Hand.

Washington, July 1.—The statement of the public debt issued today shows that at the close of the fiscal year, June 30, 1901, the debt, less cash in the treasury amounted to \$1,044,753,120, a decrease during June of \$17,335,374. This decrease is accounted for in the main by an increase in the cash on hand. The debt is recapitulated:

Interest-bearing debt, \$97,149,942
Debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, 1,415,639
Debt bearing no interest, 953,615,534

Total, \$1,071,572,241

This amount, however, does not include \$771,754,589 in certificates and treasury notes outstanding which are offset by an equal amount of cash on hand held for their redemption. The cash in the treasury is classified as follows:

Gold reserve fund, \$150,000,000
Trust funds, 771,754,589
General fund, 158,657,648
In national bank deposits, 101,416,973

Total, \$1,181,868,011

Against which there are demand liabilities outstanding amounting to \$855,053,786, which leaves a cash balance on hand of \$326,814,225.

CIRCULATION STATEMENT.

Washington, July 2.—The monthly circulation statement issued by the controller of the currency, shows that at the close of the fiscal year, June 30, 1901, the total circulation of bank notes was \$53,742,187, an increase for the year of \$14,101,744 and an increase for the month of \$1,529,825.

The circulation based on United States bonds was \$232,809,684, an increase for the year of \$49,775,334, and an increase for the month of \$352,507.

The circulation secured by lawful money amounted to \$29,851,503, a decrease for the year of \$5,673,280, and an increase for the month of \$1,807,130.

The amount of United States registered bonds on deposit to secure circulation notes was \$26,219,239, and to secure public deposits, \$103,810,450.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES.

Washington, July 2.—The comparative statement of the government's receipts and expenditures shows that during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901, the total receipts from all sources amounted to \$55,348,209, and the disbursements to \$50,883,210, leaving a surplus for the year of \$4,465,000.

The receipts from customs during the year amounted to \$28,788,740, as against \$23,164,817 for the fiscal year 1900.

Internal revenues, \$20,654,410, as against \$25,327,926 for last year.

Miscellaneous \$4,547,157 as against \$38,744,653 for last year.

The disbursements during the year are given as follows: General expenses, \$122,310,424; war, \$144,620,590; navy, \$60,515,387; Indians, \$10,896,006; pensions, \$139,323,489; interest, \$32,317,402.

The total disbursements for the year were \$2,299,159 in excess of those for last year.

The monthly statement shows that during June the receipts amounted to \$5,338,907 and the disbursements to \$3,045,147, leaving a surplus for the month of \$2,293,760.

The receipts from customs were \$18,409,478; from internal revenue, \$25,431,082; and from miscellaneous sources, \$6,492,727.

The total receipts for the month were about \$1,100,000 less than last year. The miscellaneous receipts for June include \$3,122,841 realized from the sale of the claim of the government against the Sioux City and Pacific Railroad Co.

KILLED A CONGO CHIEF.

Belgian Officers Demanded that He Have Women Dance for Them.

London, July 2.—"Mail" advices from Boma, says the Antwerp correspondent of the Daily Express, "bring news of the trial there of two Belgian officers accused of demanding while in a state of intoxication that the chief of a Congo village should compel all the women of the place to dance for their amusement and when he refused, killing him with their revolvers and then massacring the women."

In Substitution Feeding.

For infant's physicians agree that cow's milk is the basis for all beginnings. What is required, then, is the best possible milk product. The Eagle Brand Condensed Milk is ideal, pure, sterile and guarded against contamination.

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Will Exhibit Two Days, Afternoon and Evening.

Salt Lake, July 3rd-4th.

20 CLOWNS! The funniest you ever saw. Keep the people in a constant uproar. EDDY FAMILY. No circus would be complete without the famous Eddy Family, whose the greatest acknowledged acrobats the world has ever known.

MISS EDNA Started all Europe with her wonderful feat on her back. She is the only lady rider in America who can turn a somersault while riding a horse.

THE THREE TYBELLS in their aerial performance have a reputation that is world-wide.

Free Street Parade at 10 a.m., and performance every afternoon and evening.

100 Magnificent Aerial Attractions. Birmingham Age-Herald, April 24—"Great crowds enjoyed Sells and Gray's two performances yesterday. The tents were packed and everybody was pleased."

Location of Show Grounds corner Main and Eighth south.

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E. J. Sells and J. L. Gray, Proprietors.

Blood Poison

THE MOST DESTRUCTIVE OF ALL HUMAN DISEASES.

The poison ejected from the fangs of the rattlesnake is not more surely fatal than the virus of Contagious Blood Poison, which pollutes and vitiates the blood, destroys the tissues and bones and eats like a canker sore into the flesh.

This disease appears first in the form of a little sore or blister; soon the glands begin to swell, pimples break out on the body, the mouth and throat become sore, making it painful to eat or swallow; dreadful ulcers appear on the tongue, copper colored spots and other characteristic signs of blood poison come as the disease progresses, and the destructive virus takes deeper hold upon the system. The medical men are as sorely perplexed over the character of this blood poison as ever; they tell you to take mercury and potash alternately for three years, but the stomach of no human being can stand this treatment long; besides, they do not cure the disease permanently, as thousands know from experience.

OUR FREE HOME TREATMENT.

Our book on Contagious Blood Poison gives more information about this disease than you can possibly get from any other source. It describes accurately and fully the symptoms as they appear in each stage of the malady, enabling the reader to correctly diagnose his own case, and, by following the instructions laid down in this book, to successfully treat himself at home. Should the patient need any special direction or advice, our physicians will be glad to correspond with and help him along in every possible way. Don't hesitate to write fully about your condition; what you have to say about yourself will never go beyond our office. You can have the best medical advice and this valuable little book without any cost to you whatever. Our physicians are in correspondence with hundreds all the time, and have successfully treated thousands of cases. Don't despair of a cure because something else has failed.

soon show signs of healing, and the unsightly, dirty spots and eruptions grow paler and paler, and finally disappear.

S. S. S. has for nearly 50 years been known and used as a remedy for this dreadful disease. Gently, but thoroughly, it removes all traces of the poison without the least injury to the system.

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Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints.

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That the Home Fire Insurance Company of Utah Insures wool in storage for any length of time desired. Call on our local agent, or write us.

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GENERAL AGENTS, Nos. 20 to 26 S. Main, Salt Lake City.

'DIRT IN THE HOUSE BUILDS THE HIGH-WAY TO BEGGARY.' BE WISE IN TIME AND USE

SAPOLIO

THE TRAVELER FROM THE WEST TO THE Pan-American Exposition

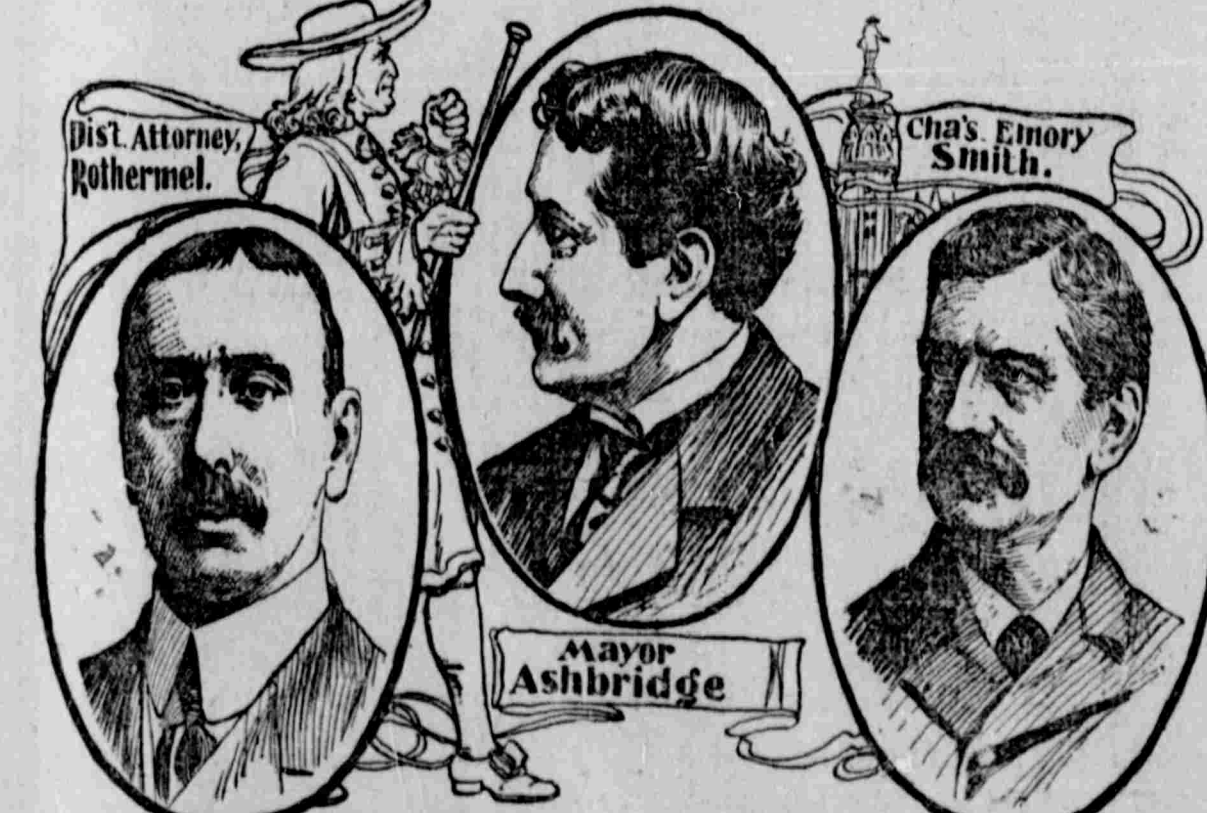
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All tickets over this route afford use of steamers either way between Cleveland and Buffalo, also stop at Chautauqua on the return trip within limit of ticket.

Book of Trains and Pan-American Folder on application F. M. BYRON, G. W. A., Chicago.



PRINCIPAL ACTORS IN PHILADELPHIA'S MUNICIPAL REVOLT.

Philadelphia's revolt against its present municipal government has reached an interesting stage. The refusal of Mayor Ashbridge's machine to renominate District Attorney Rothermel, who had been active in prosecuting ballot box "stuffers," aroused an indignant protest. A town meeting was called, and Mr. Rothermel was enthusiastically nominated on an independent ticket. A significant feature of the revolt is that Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith is supporting the movement.