

EVENING NEWS.

Published Daily, Sundays Excepted, AT FOUR O'CLOCK.

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Monday, Nov. 27, 1882.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

It is estimated that over one-half of the new manufactures started in the south during the past two years belong to northern capitalists.

If the registrars and judges of election appointed under the rules of the Commissioners will send in their bills to Secretary Thomas, they can get their pay. Officials are generally prompt in performing this part of their duty.

The whole railway mileage of Europe on January 1st, 1882, was 107,306 miles and was only about 2,600 miles more than that of the United States, while against the 2,485 miles constructed in Europe in 1881, the United States can show about 9,400.

Jay Hubbell is exerting his powers towards the defeat of Senator Ferry. The Detroit Evening Saturday says: "It is quite evident that Mr. Ferry will not have an easy task to keep his seat in the Senate, and it is more than probable that some one man will step into the shoes so long worn by the senior Senator from Michigan."

An exchange says there is such a tremendous exodus of French Canadians from Quebec to the United States that the Archbishop of that Province has been moved to issue a pastoral letter, urging the adoption of systematic efforts to check this process of expatriation, by opening up the wild lands of the Dominion for settlement. It is said that most of the Kanouks go into New England factories.

Treasurer Gillilan reports a great scarcity of silver dimes, the mint being from \$30,000 to \$40,000 behind the demand. Large quantities of three and five cent silver pieces have been received in dime, and the work of recoinage is still going on. Mr. Gillilan gives, as one of the chief reasons for the dearth of dimes, the use which has been made of them for "bangles" and other articles of female adornment.

The eminent Swiss botanist Dr. Candolle, in his recently published work on the origin of cultivated plants ("Origine des Plantes Cultivees") estimates the total number of species of plants known to botanists at the present day at about 140,000. Of this number it would appear that at the utmost only 300 are in various ways made use of by mankind.

The Paper World comments on the growing use of Japanese leather paper in this country as well as in Europe. The demand for a satisfactory substitute for the old embossed leather hangings, now preserved largely in foreign museums, for decorative purposes, has been met by the article mentioned. This product of Japanese skill, while perfectly simulating the old stamped and designed leather, is as cheap as good wall-paper, requires no varnishing, and some varieties will stand a hard washing. For wall covers, dados, friezes, portieres, curtains, screens and some varieties of upholstery, this new and successful substitute for favor in the eyes of the upholsterer or the aesthetic is satisfactory used.

The North American Review for December contains a symposium on "The Health of American Women," regarded from three distinct points of view. Gov. Buren R. Sherman, of Iowa, writes of the "Constitutional Prohibition" of the liquor traffic in that State, and maintains that the measure is in entire accord with the traditions of the original settlers, and approved by men of all political parties and all nationalities. General Grant, in an article entitled "An Undesired Sign," states the facts of Gen. Fitz John Porter's case, and argues that the sentence of the court martial that cashiered him was based on a misconception of the essential circumstances. Richard A. Proctor writes of "The Influence of Food on Civilization," discussing with much learning and force some of the most interesting sociological problems of the present day and of the near future. Prof. Fisher, of Yale College, treats of the causes of "The Decline of Clerical Authority." Finally, there is a symposium upon the conditions of "Success on the Stage," the contributors being six of our most prominent actors.

From the seventeenth annual report on earthquakes and volcanic phenomena, published by Professor C. W. C. Fuchs in Tschermak's "Mineralogische und Petrographische Mittheilungen," it would appear that 1881, for various portions of the earth's surface, but excluding Japan, no less than 297 earthquakes. Of this number forty-one manifested themselves in the month of January, twenty-nine in February, twenty-six in March, twenty-four in April, eighteen in May, twenty-three in June, seventeen in July, fifteen in August, fourteen in September, thirteen in October, forty-seven in November, and thirty in December. During the same period volcanic phenomena were neither frequent nor violent. Eruptions are recorded as having taken place at Mauna Loa in the Sandwich Islands, Vesuvius, Etna, the Azores, Santorin in the Grecian Archipelago, the Albay in the Island of Luzon (Philippines), and the Serra de Anasco in Mexico. Of these the most important was that from Mauna Loa, whence vast streams of lava were ejected.

A RECKLESS AND PRESUMPTUOUS OFFICIAL.

In conversation with the reporter of the Salt Lake Herald, who recently "interviewed" the Commissioners and others in this city, Governor E. H. Murray gave his views on a subject that troubles him sorely. The reporter says: "Governor Murray stated to the Herald correspondent that there was no doubt in his mind but that Congress declared the offices vacant. The Edmunds bill clearly disqualifies polygamists from voting or holding office. Of the 350 local officials in the Territory at least three-fourths are polygamists. The moment the Edmunds bill became a law those offices held by polygamists became vacant. Yet I could not find them because I did not have the power. The House amendment gave me the power to fill those vacancies in the event that they were not filled by election. The election not being held at the specified time I exercised my power. And I would further add that not half of these officials are now holding office in defiance of a law of Congress as commissioned. The law requires that an official must be commissioned. Though elected two years ago they have never applied for a commission. They had rather serve without a commission than recognize the authority of the Governor, who pronounced and defiant than the Mormonists from voting or holding office. General Jackson stamped it out."

The Governor concluded by saying the easiest and surest way, in his opinion, to suppress this social evil, was to insist on the appointment of a Territorial legislature for the government of the Territory. This was done in several instances in the early history of our government, and a less rebellious people found no fault with it."

Governor Murray is very reckless in making assertions designed for the eyes of the public. Some time ago he allowed statements to appear in newspapers by his authority that were the very reverse of the truth in regard to the election laws of Utah; statements that only upon comparison with the Utah statutes to prove their utter untruthfulness. For instance, he declared to newspaper reporters that under our election laws a Chinese girl twelve years of age could, as soon as she entered Utah, by simply marrying a "Mormon," acquire the right to vote at any election. Everybody that knows anything of our local laws knows that this was shamefully and utterly false.

In the above remarks he exhibits similar recklessness and disregard of the facts. The House Amendment, as everybody who can read can see for themselves, makes no vacancies whatever. There is not a line or a word indicating the creation of a single vacancy of any kind. The Edmunds bill vacated certain offices, but neither that law nor the House Amendment, nor any other Act of Congress gave Governor Murray any authority to fill them, as he well knows, that duty devolved upon the Commission. The Edmunds law provides certain disqualifications. It declares that certain classes of persons shall not be qualified to vote or hold office. But it did not presume to designate who the persons were, neither did it give the Governor, nor any other functionary the right to designate them, or to fill the positions they occupied when they should be proven to be disqualified.

And how does Governor Murray show the marital relations of the 3500 local officials in this Territory? He is not acquainted personally with a hundred of them, and of his own knowledge he could not truthfully swear that any of them are polygamists. He has heard something about some of them, and perhaps believes what he has heard. But whether he knows about the people or the officials of the Territory? Scarcely anything. Not any more than a stranger after stopping a few days in this city and visiting two or three prominent places outside.

And it is not true that "the moment the Edmunds bill became a law, those offices held by polygamists became vacant." The disqualification created by the Edmunds law must be proven against any official before he can be ousted. His office does not become vacant until he is so ousted. But Governor Murray, in the same spirit by which he presumed to decide that the Delegate from Utah was not a citizen, arrogantly undertakes to act as judge, jury, public prosecutor and all, and by his ipse dixit to vacate offices on the supposition that the incumbents are guilty of offences defined by the Edmunds law, and then claim the right to fill the vacancies thus created.

Then, even if men could be thus summarily ejected from office, by the dictum of a presumptuous Governor, he is wrong again in claiming that "the House Amendment gave him power to fill those vacancies under any circumstances." That hurried piece of stupid special legislation makes no reference of any kind to offices made vacant by the disability of the incumbents through the action of the Edmunds law. Although founded on a misunderstanding of the situation in Utah, that Amendment is clearly worded, and bestows no authority on the Governor except to fill vacancies occurring through a single specified cause, with which polygamy or either of the disqualifications of the Edmunds law has no connection.

The truth is the Governor seems so anxious to play the autocrat that he cannot rest under the limited power of a mere Executive of a Territory, but yearns to sway the dictatorial sceptre of a monarch, and in a commonwealth of the United States to disregard the voice of the people, and ride roughshod over their wishes and their rights, appoints their local officers and brings them into abject serfdom. This is conclusively shown in the closing paragraph of the above quotation from the New York Herald. He notes for the destruction in Utah of what little semblance exists to a republican form of government—the right of the people to elect their own Legislature.

And again, he is reckless and wrong in his assertions. The precedents for such action on the part of Congress as he claims, have no

existence. The Congress of the United States never yet took away the vested right to elect their own framers of local law from any organized State or Territory of the Union. Such a monstrous exercise of arbitrary authority, we are pleased to say, is yet unknown in this great republic. Nothing that can be referred to in the early incidents of the history of this Union being parallel to the infamy that has been proposed by a few unprincipled schemers in this city and endorsed by Governor Murray.

We do not wish to do that official any injustice. We have no personal animosity towards the man. But when, in his official capacity, he makes such reckless and untruthful statements for the public eye or ear, we feel called upon to at least record our contradiction. This we suppose he will denounce as "nullification." If it is, then we are willing to bear the title of a "nullifier." It is wickedly and totally false to say that the people of Utah are in a state of nullification, avowed or otherwise, unless it be a determination to resist the despotism of an arrogant official and to defeat his nefarious attempts to misrepresent them, and deprive them of the common rights of American citizens. We denounce his efforts to deceive the public through the medium of the press, and to bring a Territory which he cannot dominate as a conquered province into political bondage and absolute slavery, and will do all that lies in our power to "nullify" his presumptions and impudent schemes and desires.

BY TELEGRAPH.

AMERICAN.

LATEST BY LIGHTNING.

Chicago, 27.—The News has this: Washington, Nov. 26. Folger has offered and the President has accepted his resignation as Secretary of the Interior. To take effect on the 15th of December. It is understood that Folger, after his resignation, will take up his residence in New York City, as counsel of the New York Mutual Life Insurance Co. All speculation as to his probable successor in the Treasury Department would be premature.

Washington, Nov. 26.—It is probable that Richard Crowley will be appointed in Judge Folger's place. The leaves of Folger's residence in this city expires Dec. 15th. A friend of the Secretary attributes the report of his resignation to that fact. Folger, however, has renewed the lease for a year.

Chicago, 27.—A Madison special says: The Milwaukee and St. Paul Road has bought the Chicago Valley & Superior Railway running 75 miles from Wabash, Minn., to the lumber camps of Eau Claire County, paying \$1,676,000 in Milwaukee & St. Paul bonds.

A Lincoln, Neb., special says: The fight is showing the republican majority for governor, against Morton, democrat, is 14,986. The average republican vote for State officers was 4,180, democrat 28,847, anti-monopoly 17,107.

A Carleton, Ill., special says: Arding and Piper's flour mills were burned yesterday; loss \$18,000; insured for 17,000.

A Hamilton, Ohio special says: Lewis D. Campbell, prominent in state politics for many years and chairman of the ways and means congressional committee, but lately retired from public life, died yesterday.

Winter in the Northwest. Snow was quite general yesterday in the northwest—four to six inches falling. It is cold and threatening further fall to-day, but snow much delayed on any of the roads.

FOREIGN.

Spanish Morocco. Madrid, 25.—The Sultan of Morocco has authorized the Sultan of possession of Fort Santa Cruz del Mar Pequenon on the coast of Morocco.

Compromise. Constantinople, 25.—In consequence of the representatives of the powers, Montenegro is disposed to accept the compromise with the Porte, namely, the cession by Montenegro of half of Kolatchen district instead of the whole, as at first demanded by Montenegro.

Points from Peru. Lima, 25.—The French steamer Antares was wrecked near Punta Santa. Passengers and crew saved.

The Coffee Crop. Rio de Janeiro, 25.—In consequence of several weeks' heavy rain, it is estimated that the yield of the next coffee crop will be much less than the previous year.

NOTHING LIKE IT. No medicine has ever been known so effective in the cure of all those diseases arising from an impure condition of the blood as Scovill's Sarsaparilla or Blood and Liver Syrup for the cure of Scrofula, White Swellings, Rheumatism, Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, Venereal Sores and diseases, Consumption, Gout, Boils, Cancer, and all kinds of skin diseases. It purifies the system, brings color to the cheeks and restores the sufferer to a normal condition of health and vigor.

It is ascertained that the ordinary cosmetics used by ladies are productive of great mischief. We believe this is so, and that a better means of securing a beautiful complexion is to use some good blood medicine like Scovill's Blood and Liver Syrup which cleanses the blood and gives permanent beauty to the skin.

Why will you let your horses suffer from lameness when you can get Kendall's Spavin Cure? Read this advertisement.

Kendall's Spavin Cure is highly recommended by Prof. Williams, the wonderful horse healer.

ALL KINDS OF PRINTING! HIGHEST STYLE OF THE ART, BED ROCK PRICES, DESERET NEWS OFFICE.

DIED.

WILCOX—At Fort Harrison, Salt Lake Co. on Saturday, Nov. 25th, of general debility, Sarah Wilcox, wife of John Wilcox, aged 58 years. Deceased was a native of Kingston, Connecticut, where she was well known to her friends in past years, being socially her the Wilcox in the early part of her life. She died in the faith of the gospel.

HOWARD—In the 14th Ward, Salt Lake City, Nov. 25th, of consumption of the lungs, James Joseph Howard, aged 3 years and 6 months. The funeral took place this afternoon.

GOLDENROCK—At Hepler, Juab County, November 14, 1882, Harold Jackson, son of Henry and Ellen Goldenrock, born Oct. 27, 1868. The mother died on his birth.

ONES—At Honeyville, Nep. Elder Ones, U. T., November 14, 1882, Joseph Ones, Jr., son of Joseph and Emily Ones; was born at Greenport, DeKalbe, England, July 18th, 1828. Was baptised in 1850, emigrated with his family to Utah, settled in Red Bluff, Utah, and resided there until his death. Deceased was beloved by all who knew him, and was noted for his faithfulness and integrity to the Gospel, was kind and charitable to all, and to a leading hand to the poor and needy, and died in the faith of a glorious resurrection. Leaves a wife and two small children to mourn his loss.

CHILDRON—In this city, November 25th, 1882, James Joseph Childron, entitled 14 years. He was born January 26th, 1869, baptised January 19th, emigrated 1880, arriving in Salt Lake City, October 4, same year. He leaves a wife, six sons and one grandchild.

REYNOLDS—At Beautiful, November 25th, 1882, of measles, Emma, daughter of Richard and Mary Emma Redgwick, aged 2 years, 9 months and 16 days.

FOR RENT. A GOOD HOUSE, 7 ROOMS, BUTTERY and cozier, large two lots from Foot of U. T. ALOR, this office.

ESTRAY NOTICE. I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION: 1 One bay HORSE, blind feet white, spot in hind, branded 'R' on left thigh, is about four years old. If said animal is not claimed and taken away within 10 days, he will be disposed of according to law at the Slatery. Found at Coalville on Monday, December 4, 1882, at 10 o'clock. J. JOHNSON, Coalville, Nov. 21, 1882.

NOTICE. To the Stockholders of the Utah and Salt Lake Canal Company. PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AT a meeting of the Trustees held September 16, 1882, an assessment of one dollar per share on the capital stock of this corporation, one half payable on or before December 25, 1882, in cash, to be paid to the Treasurer, and one half payable on the first day of May, A. D. 1883, in work on the property of the corporation, was levied on the stockholders, and the same is now due and payable, and unless payment is made before the 15th day of the next day of January, A. D. 1883, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with the penalties and expenses thereon.

CITY TAXES! THE LAST NOTICE. ON THE FIRST DAY OF DECEMBER I shall commence levying upon property in this city, and unless the same is paid by the owner, or his agent, before the 15th day of January, A. D. 1883, I shall be compelled to collect with further notice.

E. E. MYERS, ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT. Architect of the Mormon Temple, Salt Lake City, Utah. Plans furnished for State and County buildings, church buildings, school buildings, stores, cooper shops, etc. All plans furnished in detail and full description, and estimates correct and complete in every respect. Office, 2 & 4 Moffatt's Block, Detroit, 4 and 5th.

GROCERIES! NEW DEPARTURE. I BEG TO INFORM MY PATRONS AND my NEAREST AND DEAREST FRIENDS, that I have secured a full and COMPLETE STOCK OF Choice Family Groceries, which I propose to sell on very close margins, and at the lowest possible prices. AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST.

BOOTS & SHOES! ESTABLISHED 1877. WM. SADLER, 52 Main Street.

FURNITURE. No. 15 Main Street. No. 10 Main Street.

SORENSON & CARLQUIST. Have Just Received a lot of goods from the East, besides a large quantity of HOME MANUFACTURE.

IMPERISHABLE PERFUME. Murray & Lanman's FLORIDA WATER, Best for TOILET BATH and HANDKERCHIEF.



EMIL FRESSE'S HAMBURG TEA.

Don't fail to take a dose of Emil Fresse's celebrated Hamburg Tea occasionally, as it is the best blood purifier and liver regulator among medicines.

CHAS. W. STAYNER, Attorney and Counselor at Law and Solicitor in Chancery.

A TENDS CASES BEFORE THE SUPREME COURT and Federal Circuit Courts for the Districts of Columbia, and in the management and setting up of Estates. Having lately returned from Europe, he is prepared to furnish information respecting legacies, etc., now awaiting the action of legitimate claimants in chancery. Persons can ascertain if their names are on the records, by application to Mr. Stayner, through the post or at his office, Equities Building, Main Street, SALT LAKE CITY. P. O. Address, Box 157, Salt Lake City.

PATENTS. Obtained, and all other business in the U. S. Patent Office attended to for MODERATE FEES.

NOTICE. In the Probate Court in and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF ANDREW S. JOHNSON, DECEASED. PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF SAID Court in said matter, notice is hereby given that the will of the said Andrew S. Johnson, deceased, was admitted to probate on the 15th day of December, A. D. 1882, at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, at the Court House in Salt Lake City, Utah, and the same has been read and approved by the Court, and the same is now in force and effect.

Denver and Rio Grande Railway. NOTICE TO PASSENGERS. ON AND AFTER MONDAY, 28th JULY, 1882, Trains will leave and arrive at Salt Lake City, Utah, as follows: Second South and Fifth West Streets, Daily, 8:00 A. M. and 8:00 P. M. All points between Salt Lake, ARMY LAKE and Pleasant Valley, 7:00 A. M. 6:45 P. M. 8:00 A. M. 8:30 P. M. HENRY WOOD, General Superintendent.

Consumption Can Be Cured. DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS.

THE SUN. NEW YORK, 1882. More people have read THE SUN during the year just now passing than ever before since it was first started. It is now the most popular paper in the world, and is read by more people than any other paper in the world.

GRAND PIANO. In an upright position, giving it great volume of tone and carrying power. The action and touch is precise, prompt, and elastic. I speak advisedly when I say that these upright pianos ARE UNEQUALLED.

DO YOU WANT SOLID HOME-MADE BOOTS & SHOES? SOLOMON BROS. & GOLD, MAIN STREET.

JUST RECEIVED A CAR LOAD OF COOK AND PARLOR STOVES! TINY ROOFING AND GALVANIZED BATHS, FOUR AND FIVE FEET LONG, At 25 per cent. CHEAPER than was Offered Before.

D. O. CALDER, Importer and Jobber in Musical Merchandise, 72 East Temple Street, SALT LAKE CITY.

O. S. WALSH, English Tin Store, Kitball Block.

Z. STOVES!

We beg to inform our patrons and the general public that we are exclusive Agents for, and carry regularly in stock a line of Stoves which are unexcelled in this or any other Territory or State in the Union. We are offering them at prices that defy competition. A heavy per centage of the population of Utah already are using our renowned Monitors and Champion Monitors, both Plain and Extension. Also, our Charter Oaks—Royal Charters and other Stoves, both Cook and Heating. Manufactured by the well known firms, "William Resor & Co." and "The Excelsior Manufacturing Co." The superior construction, economy in use of Fuel, Heating and Baking qualities, and the increasing demand, warrant the opinion, that ere long these celebrated Stoves will occupy a position in every well conducted household in Utah.

WM. JENNINGS, SUPT. M. I.

FOR SALE. A FEW SECOND-HAND BUGGIES AND Spring Wagons. Apply at Salt Lake City, at the corner of Commercial and Olive Street. J. MALQUIST, Clerk.

WANTED. TO BUY FURNITURE, CARPETS, Stoves, etc. Highest prices given by T. J. BROUGHTON, 1st South St., opposite Salt Water Assembly Rooms.

FALL 1882. FOR BARGAINS CALL ON US. WE OFFER

- 100 Pieces Plaid Linsey 10 cts. pr. yd
50 " Grey " 10 "
100 " Kentucky Jeans 10 "
50 " Fine Jeans 12 1/2 "
100 " 27 inch Plaids 10 "
50 " Heavy Cheviots 10 "
100 " Dress Plaids 10 "
50 " Red Flannels 17 1/2 "
100 " Best Light Prints 5 "
50 " Wash Poplins 5 "
100 " Mattresses Dress Goods 5 "
50 " Plush Trimmed Cloaks \$4.00 each
100 " Plush Dolmans 5.00
50 " Plaid Shawls 1.25
100 doz " Corsets worth \$1.00 75
50 " " " 75 50

WALKER BROTHERS.

FALL 1882. SHOES! BOOTS! BOOTS! SHOES!

DO YOU WANT SOLID HOME-MADE BOOTS & SHOES? SOLOMON BROS. & GOLD, MAIN STREET.

ARE UNEQUALLED. If so, see those MANUFACTURED by SOLOMON BROS. & GOLD, MAIN STREET.

JUST RECEIVED A CAR LOAD OF COOK AND PARLOR STOVES! TINY ROOFING AND GALVANIZED BATHS, FOUR AND FIVE FEET LONG, At 25 per cent. CHEAPER than was Offered Before.

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