TELEGRAPHIC.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

Carlisle Wants to Issue Bonds to Save the Treasury.

THE HAWAIIAN INVESTIGATION.

Ending of the National Republican Executive Committee.—The Revenue and Free Coinage Bills.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10.—Secretary Carlisle proposed an issue of bonds to the senate committee on finance this afternoon. Voorhees, Harris, Jones, of Arkansas; Vest, Sherman, Allison and Jones of Nevada were present. Secretary Carlisle said he wanted authority to issue bonds. He thinks the issue of bonds is the best way to meet the apparently rapidly approaching crisis in the treasury. The secretary stated that, instead of increasing, the government receipts has continued to diminish, until there was coming to be a monthly gap of about ten millions between the receipts and expenditures. Therefore he favored an issue of 3 per cent bonds, running three, four or five years.

The committee dispersed without action, but enough was developed to show that it will be very difficult to agree upon a bill.

LAIRD TESTIFIES BEFORE THE HAWAIIAN COMMITTEE.

The Senate foreign relations subcommittee on Hawaii met as usual this morning, with Lieutenant Laird as the only witness. Lieut. Laird occupied the entire hour the committee was in session, and proved to be one more witness to corroborate the story of Captain Wiltze concerning the landing of troops from the Boston at Honolulu.

The Senate committee on foreign relations had a meeting today, after the Hawaiian sub-committee adjourned. The committee had the Hawaiian question under consideration, but it is understood it was confined to hearing the verbal report from the sub-committee and to an informal discussion of recent phases of the matter.

REPUBLICANS CALLED.

The national Republican executive committee will convene in the city tomorrow morning. Nearly all the members are now in the city, and there promises to be a large attendance. Chairman Carter said tonight that the committee would take up several matters which were left unfinished last year. The committee will also consider a proposition for establishing permanent headquarters and the character of permanent work to be carried on. It is believed if the national committee decides to establish a permanent office it will be opened in New York. The committee will also consult with members of the Congressional committee as to the extent to which the committees can work together in the Congressional campaign next year.

THE INTERNAL REVENUE BILL.

The Democratic members of ways and means committee today received from the sub-committee the complete internal revenue bill, including the income tax provision. The schedules of the tax had a majority of one on the committee. McMillin submitted a draft of the bill, which is still in the hands of the committee, further action having been postponed until tomorrow in order that it might be considered by the full representation of the Democratic caucuses. It is believed the internal revenue measure will be sent to the House as an independent bill.

BLAND'S COINAGE BILL.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10.—At a meeting of the committee on coinage, weights and measures today, it was decided to temporarily shelve Bland's free coinage bill and to take up for consideration the bill for the coinage of the seigniorage. No final action was reached.

THE EXTRA SESSION.

Governor Waite's Message Heard by the Legislators.

DENVER, Jan. 10.—Governor Waite's message renews the recommendations in the call for an extra session, and urges the state to coin its own silver bullion into dollars, which shall pass as legal tender for all purposes on an equality with gold.

Immediately after the joint session was dissolved, a few broke out in the house. Bonynge (Republican) declared the governor had insulted the intelligence of the legislature by making a partisan stump speech. Sweeney (Populist) hotly defended the governor.

A motion to adjourn sine die, was defeated.

The message was ordered printed and the house adjourned until tomorrow.

The senate did likewise, after receiving the message by a committee of nine, three from each party.

A Train Held Up.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Jan. 10.—The Burlington train leaving this city at 6:25 was held up about three miles east of St. Joe by five masked men. The train was stopped by turpentine being placed on the track and a red lantern swung across the road in the regulation custom.

As soon as the train stopped three robbers boarded the engine with drawn revolvers and entered the engineer and fireman to accompany them to the express car and order the express messenger to open the door. This they did, and when the express messenger opened the door the three robbers, with revolvers in each hand, entered the car, and ordered the messenger to open the safe. He did so, and the robbers then took all in the safe, an amount claimed by the railroad officials not to exceed $50. This statement is not credited here, however.

The trainmen think the robbers were amateurs, as they were nervous during the affair and appeared much excited.

NEW JERSEY'S TWO SENATES.

The Republicans Smash a Window and Take Possession.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 10.—The Republicans secured possession of the senate chamber this afternoon. They are still in possession tonight, and say they will retain the advantage gained. The Republicans today asked Governor Werts for the keys of the chamber. The governor refused to have anything to do with the matter. A committee visited Superintendent Ford, who referred them to Michael Natlan, the Democratic sergeant-at-arms. Natlan could not be found, and the Republicans sent for a locksmith. The locksmith was unable to effect an entrance and Jack Graham climbed to a window leading to the ladies' gallery, threw back the bolt of the main doors and in a few minutes the Republicans filled the room.

At 5:30 Senator Bayers, president of the Republican senate, was in the chair and the other Republicans were in the seats. The Republicans will place a guard over the chamber and keep watch night and day.

The Democratic senate held a session in the chamber, but adjourned without transacting any business.

A PROTEST.

Representatives of the Wool Business Want Protection.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—The National Association of Wool Manufacturers met here today. The following were elected officers for the ensuing year: President, Rufus S. Frost; treasurer, Benjamin Phipps; secretary, S. N. D. North.

Several prominent men made speeches denouncing the Wilson bill in so far as it affects the wool business. A protest was prepared and adopted, with instructions that copies be sent to President Cleveland and the members of Congress.

The protest declares that the meeting represented the allied wool industries of the country, with an invested capital exceeding $500,000,000, assembled to protest against a measure which threatens to destroy a large part of this capital and leave protection to the remainder uncertain. The wools and woolens schedule of the Wilson bill is so drawn as to entail upon the American manufacturers the maximum loss and embarrassment, and to offer to foreign competitors possession of the American market at the minimum risk and effort. They protest against the measure as the sole cause of the prolongation of the business depression, which, it is declared, would at once disappear but for this menace. They particularly protest against the proposed rates of duty ad valorem, as insufficient without accompanying specific duties, to equalize the present difference between the foreign and domestic cost of production; protest against the proposed duties upon carpets, being no greater than upon the yarns from which they are woven.

In closing the documentary appeal to the patriotism of the American Congress to prevent the consummation of the national misfortune, and we appeal to our fellow citizens in every walk of life to assist our protest against a legislative act of extinction."

CALIFORNIANS UP IN ARMS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 10.—The state convention of wool growers and others interested in wools and woolens assembled here this morning. It was a representative gathering, many well known wool men being present from all parts of the state. Ex-Congressman Hartley Hunley was made chairman. He made a speech, strongly denouncing the Wilson bill and free wool.

In the afternoon session a resolution was introduced, condemning the Wilson bill for placing wool on the free list. Telegrams were sent to California congressmen, asking them to interest themselves in the wool growers' cause.

The Midwinter Fair.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 10.—It was announced today that the Midwinter Fair would be formally opened Saturday, January 27th. The program for the opening exercises is not yet definitely arranged.

Ignatius Donnelly President.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 10.—Ignatius Donnelly was elected president of the State Farmers' Alliance this morning.

Lillian Russell's Third Husband.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—It is announced that Lillian Russell and Signor Perugini, the tenor of her company, known in private life as John Chatterton, are to be married at an early date. This is Miss Russell's third advent into matrimony and the signor's first venture.

NEWS FROM FOREIGN LANDS

Auguste Vaillant Thankful for His Death Sentence.

Important Advices from the Capital of Brazil.—Mexican Insurgents Growing Stronger.

PARIS, Jan. 10.—After Vaillant had admitted in reply to questions of the public prosecutor, that he had been several times in prison for theft, he exclaimed fiercely: "The unjust conditions were responsible for what you are pleased to term robberies." Vaillant said he conceived the idea of blowing up the chamber of deputies while living at Clouzy'e Hot. He admitted that he obtained the money with which he purchased the materials for making the bomb from the proceeds of theft; later on he reluctantly admitted that he received 25 francs from Madame Paul Meslien, the wife of a young engineer and nephew of the distinguished French geographical writer Jacques Elyse Reclus. Vaillant, however, insisted that Madame Meslien gave him the money as an act of charity, and as a subscription to the cause of anarchy or in any way to further the ends which he had in view. Vaillant said he regretted that the bomb did not have the effect he desired and explained that this was owing to the fact that one of his assignees in the gallery accidentally knocked his arm while he was in the act of throwing the loaded missile at the deputies.

At this point the presiding judge turned to him and said: "I suppose you wanted to hit Casimir Perier, the premier." "No," replied Vaillant, "I did not aim at any one in particular; but I wanted to kill some ministers. All ministers are the same to me." He continued:

"It is true I hit none of the ministers, but I only intended to hit the deputies or ministers and I would rather see three or four ministers or deputies killed than have one spectator injured."

The judge tried to interrupt the person, but Vaillant succeeded in adding: "I am not weighing my words against the people but against society, and I aimed directly at these parasite deputies."

The jury retired at 5:30 p.m. and were absent twenty-five minutes. Upon their return it was announced that they had found the prisoner guilty.

Upon hearing the foreman's answer to the judge's question, asking him if the jury had agreed on a verdict, Vaillant sprang to his feet and shouted: "It is death. I thank you for it."

The presiding judge then announced the sentence of death, and Vaillant upon hearing the words which condemned him to death shouted: "Viva Panarchie."

A Bloody Report of Peace.

BUENOS AYRES, Jan. 10.—Most important news is reported from Rio de Janeiro. The insurgents have recaptured the islands of Mocanguez and Jaguanino, and are preparing to make a landing in strong force at Nictheroy. It is also reported that Admiral Mello, on board the warship Aquidaban, succeeded in recovering the bay in spite of the strict blockade kept by him up the government circuit the entrance to the harbor, and it is added that Mello is personally superintending the land operations, which it is said are to be undertaken at Nictheroy.

Finally, it is asserted that if the rebels are successful in making a landing at Nictheroy a general attack upon the city of Rio de Janeiro will be immediately commenced, every available man-of-war and the insurgent war ships being utilized in the attack.

Peixoto is aware of the contemplated movement and is taking vigorous measures to meet the attack, which, it is expected will decide the fate of the rebellion one way or the other.

Mexican Rebels.

EL PASO, TEXAS, Jan. 10.—A band of insurgents, led by Ochoa, has captured Los Vegas ranch, ten miles east of Batopilas, adding ten men and fifteen rifles and ammunition to the forces. They also captured fifteen gen-d'armes sent in pursuit of them.

The mail stage between Cornelius and Gallego, was robbed yesterday of all property that belonged to the government. No private property was taken. The revolutionists claim they had, last Sunday, 300 men under Ochoa and were getting recruits daily. They claim that in the mountains they have 2,000 men and within two months have killed 400 federal soldiers and had more than twice that number of the federal army join them.

Peixoto is Aggressive.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The Herald's special from Montevideo says the correspondent in Rio says word that the Dittos lackeys, which Peixoto erected to be constructed for the war in the campaign is almost completed. Peixoto has certified the craft thus and is preparing to attack Isles Das Cobras.

Many sailors from Gama's fleet have deserted because of the monarchical views of the admiral. The cause of Rioge continues without any advantage with either party.

Bald Heads!

What is the condition of your? Is your hair gone, hair thin, scalp dry, hair dry and harsh? Shook's Shoshone Shampoo? Shook's Shoshone Shampoo? Shook's Shoshone Shampoo