ESTABLISHED June 1850.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

The Oldest Newspaper — IN THE — ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 74. WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1891, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY. VOL. XXIV.

RAINS AND FLOODS.

Southern Is Again Flooded; Unusually Heavy Rains in West Virginia.

RAIN FALLING STEADILY FOR FORTY HOURS AT FREEPORT.

Two Hundred People Driven from their Homes at Cleveland, Ohio; Traffic Suspended.

By Telegraph to the News.

UNDER WATER.

Southern City and Other Places Inundated.

FREEPORT, Pa., Feb. 17.—The present unexpected flood bids fair to rival that of 1884. The river has been rising all day, and is still going up tonight. Allegheny City has suffered most. Several hundred families have had to move out. At least 1000 cellars are flooded. Great apprehension exists as to the safety of the Pittsburg & Allegheny, as the natural gas explosion tonight have endangered life and ruined property. It is feared the worst may follow, as the meters and pipes in several feet under water are seriously affected. Two mills along the river have shut down because of the flood. Five and thousands of men are idle along the river banks.

In the Pittsburg side cellars and houses on the low ground are being broken and the people are baptized to a more cost. A very further rise will do great damage, as the high water limit has been passed. Even now it is reported that the cellars of Allegheny have been partly damaged.

All the street car lines between Pittsburg and Allegheny have stopped running, owing to the fact that the upprotion are several feet under water. Gangs of deep ditch laborers are engaged in leading sections people through the water to the bridges. The Pennsylvania trains are running into Pittsburg from the south and Connemaugh, and the Baltimore & Ohio had several feet in cellars.

AT JOHNSTOWN.

The Conemaugh Stoney Creek and Conemaugh rivers rose at the height of 20 feet. The heavy stone bridge over the water to back up into the town, a greater portion of which is now in from 6 to 8 feet under water. Every house in Cambria City is deserted, and a swift stream flows through the place. The rise in the rivers is now going began to fall rapidly, but the people will not attempt to return to their homes until assured the flood is over.

The railroads all about here are suffering from the rise. Two hundred people were driven from their homes today. Railroad traffic is almost entirely suspended. The rain ceased in night, and colder weather may cause a subsidence of the flood.

A Millionaire's Will.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 17.—The will of the late J. M. McCullough, vice-president of the Pennsylvania Company, was filed for probate. The estate is valued at from seven million dollars to ten million dollars. The will gives his wife and daughter each one-fourth of the estate, the remainder being left in trust.

A Wedding.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 17.—Miss Ada Willing, daughter of Edward S. Willing, of this city, was married here to John Jacob Astor, son of William Astor. The marriage took place at 1 o'clock at Mr. Willing's residence, and only the immediate families of Astor and Miss Willing and a few intimate personal friends were present. Rev. Dr. Mercer, rector of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Holy Trinity, performed the ceremony, after which the party sat down to an elaborate breakfast. Beginning at 3 o'clock a reception for friends over 2,000 invitations were sent out, was held. Mr. and Mrs. Astor kept the direction of the wedding a secret, but it is understood they will leave tonight in a special car for St. Augustine.

A Pullman Car Passenger Killed by a Lunatic.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Feb. 17.—A terrible tragedy occurred in a Pullman car on the Little Mountain southbound train today. Just as the train was pulling out from Baltimore, Jackson Meyers, a New York traveling man was shot and killed by a man sitting across the aisle. Conductor Leech pulled the bell to stop the train, when the man turned and shot Leech through the head, killing him. The other passengers rushed from the car. An arrest is now expected, after a little strategy, in capturing the murderer, who proved to be John W. Hooker of Vincennes, Ind., who went on with the train. Meyers was from Ogdensburg, N. Y., and had a wife and children living in Indiana. He was taken back to Indiana, but escaped and was returning to Texas.

Ticket Agents Meet.

CHICAGO, Feb. 17.—The American Association of Passenger and Ticket Agents, in session in this city, decided to make this meeting take the place of the semi-annual meeting, to be held in Boston on the 24th of March, and to postpone the contemplated trip to the Pacific Coast until next year.

Grave Charges Against a Railroad President.

CHICAGO, Feb. 17.—William S. Allen, president of the Chicago, Lake Erie & New York Railway, was arrested today on the charge of embezzlement. The charges are made by Henry Ward Beecher, president of the Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Railway. G. A. Drake was filed, making grave charges against President Broyfogle. The charges briefly are that with conspiring with others of the directory and picking the board with his personal friends, who were not stockholders. A conspiracy is alleged between Broyfogle and Henry S. Ives to wreck the company and try it in for their emolument. Judge Tuley is hearing the matter in the Master in Chancery.

Director Hughes, speaking for President Broyfogle tonight, pronounced the proceedings a conspiracy and a deliberate attack on the credit of the company.

Arrested for Embezzlement.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Feb. 17.—Teller Ritter, of the First National Bank, was arrested and held in bonds for trial on a charge of misappropriating $77,000.

The Egyptian War.

CAIRO, Feb. 17.—The Egyptian troops today occupied El Teb without having to engage the troops of Osman Digna. The dervishes retreated to Tokkar, upon which place the Egyptian troops will advance to morrow.

General Schofield on the Sick List.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17. — Major-General Schofield is confined to his house by a severe cold, and consequently was unable to attend the funeral of Admiral Porter today.

Will Not Prosecute Bismarck.

BERLIN, Feb. 17.—It is reported that the Privy Council of Ministers decided against the prosecution of Prince Bismarck.

Gibson Ordered Arrested.

CHICAGO, Feb. 17.—An indictment against George Gibson was returned by the grand jury this afternoon, charging him with having in his possession and custody, and otherwise, gunpowder for the purpose of doing bodily injury to H. H. Schofield and others. The bond was fixed at $20,000, and a capias issued for Gibson's arrest.

J. J. Hennessy of this city was elected secretary of the Whisky Trust in place of Gibson, who resigned.

Pneumonia and Bronchitis Carry off One-third of the Human Race.

It is not generally known that Pneumonia and Bronchitis carry off one-third of the human race. The sad are the facts, and what is more surprising, both of the above diseases result from neglecting a common ordinary cold. A cough should never be neglected. If it is, every time you catch cold you cough harder, and it sticks by you longer. Ballard's Horehound Syrup is the best remedy in the world for Pneumonia, Bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles. If you have any throat trouble, call for Ballard's Horehound Syrup and take no other. Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution, Agents.

"Learned, Skilled and Capable Physicians.

The oldest, most reliable and successful Pacific Coast specialists, Dr. Liebig & Co., of the Liebig World Dispensary, Butte City, Kansas City and San Francisco, are justly celebrated for their many cures of Chronic Diseases and Deformities in Utah, will visit Ogden February 28th and 29th, and have offices at Broom Hotel, at Cliff House, Salt Lake City, Feb. 27th and 28th; at Boise City, March 2nd and 4th, and at Hailey, Idaho, March 5th, 6th and 7th. 4eklaw

IMPOSING FUNERAL.

The Late Admiral Porter Laid to Rest in Arlington, With Martial Honors.

THE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE FUNERAL OF GEN. SHERMAN.

Wreck of the Steamer "Sherlock" Most of the Passengers and Crew Saved.

By Telegraph to the News.

LAID TO REST.

The Body of Admiral Porter Buried with Martial Honors.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—With martial honors and with all the ceremony due his high rank, the body of the late Admiral D. Porter, admiral of the navy, was this afternoon laid to rest in Arlington.

Not since the burial of Sheridan has Washington witnessed so imposing a funeral, every branch of the military and naval service being represented. The United Army of the Republic and Sons of the American Revolution contributed prominent places in the long procession.

All the executive departments were closed and everywhere throughout the city flags were displayed at half-mast.

The body of the late admiral lay in state at the family residence all the forenoon and was viewed by a constant stream of people. The remains were dressed in full uniform, encased in a casket with purple velvet, lined with white satin and having heavy silver handles and a plate appropriately inscribed.

At one o'clock, the hours was closed to visitors and Mrs. Porter and the members of the family took their last farewell of the dead. The casket was then immediately thereafter, a large flag wrapped around it and the Admiral's sword and chapeau placed upon it.

The services were held at the house and were conducted by Rev. Dr. Douglas, rector of St. John's. Occupying a seat on either side of the casket were the members of the family, the President and Mrs. Harrison, members of the Cabinet and judges of the Supreme Court, members of the Diplomatic Corps and honorary pall bearers, while behind them stood a throng of army and navy officers and many leading men of Washington.

After the services the casket was deposited in the hearse and the procession moved toward Arlington Cemetery.

The procession was headed by Rear-Admiral Wormley, the ranking officer there, some officers representing the Grand Army of the Republic, the Marine band, a battalion of marines, six companies of artillery, two light artillery and the troops of cavalry. After them came the National Guard of the District of Columbia, a delegation of G. A. R. and the hearse, drawn by four horses, with sailors on either side. Following the hearse came the mourners in carriages, the President and Cabinet, Chief Justice and Associates of the Supreme Court, Senate and House Committees, Diplomatic Corps, officers of the navy, army, Marine corps, delegates from G. A. R. posts and civil societies. The number of troops in line was nearly 2000. The line of march was crowded with spectators, and on many buildings flags were displayed at half mast.

At the bridge crossing of the Potomac all the troops halted and marched variously drawn out, and the remainder of the procession proceeded to the cemetery. At the entrance of the grounds the cavalry drew up in line leaving only a sallaiion of marines and the carriages to accompany the remains to the grave. As the casket was lowered the clergy read the Episcopal burial service, and the G. A. R. post of which Admiral Porter had been a member performed the usual service for the dead, in the course of which garlands of roses were strewn on the casket.

When the last words were read, Mrs. Porter stepped to the side of the open grave and took a last long look. She was led away sobbing. Then, at the word of command, the marines discharged three volleys over the grave. The grand army trumpeter sounded "lights out," and the assembly dispersed.

THE FUNERAL OF SHERMAN.

An Order Concerning the Procession.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17. — Generals Howard, Butterfield and Slocum, in charge of the funeral of General Sherman, have issued orders outlining the arrangement of the funeral procession, etc. The cortege will be an imposing one, comprising regular troops, sailors, marines and National Guards, escorting the President and Cabinet, visiting Governors, various military societies, etc. The casket will be drawn on a caisson. The pall bearers will be Major-General Schofield, Major-General Howard, Rear-Admiral Braine, Major-General Sickles, Professor Loomis, Major-General Joseph E. Johnston, Major-General Slocum, Sickles, Dodge, Corse, Fairchild and Wheaton. The escort will be commanded by Major-General Howard.

The Confederate Camp of this city today passed resolutions of respect and named a committee to attend the funeral. All the public offices and buildings will be closed on the funeral day, and flags half-masted throughout the city and on the shipping in the harbor.

The family of General Sherman today decided to allow the friends of the hero and old war veterans who fought with him an opportunity to view the body. For this purpose they set apart today and tomorrow from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m. The regular military guard remains on duty in the front hall, while a special squad of policemen keeps the people in line.

A cast of the face of the General which has been taken is pronounced a success.

The Count of Paris Mourning.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—General Schofield today received a cablegram from the Comte de Paris, expressing grief at the death of General Sherman.

SHIPWRECK IN A RIVER.

The Steamer "Sherlock" Strikes a Pier and Sinks.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Feb. 17.—The steamer Sherlock struck the Kentucky pier of the Chesapeake & Ohio bridge going down the river tonight on her trip to New Orleans. She had aboard thirty passengers, and about fifty or sixty crew. The boat went to pieces and settled down to Fifth Street where she sank. The cabin floated down the river and at Riverside some of the crew got ashore in a skiff. Some were rescued at Fifth Street.

The river was high, the wind strong and as the vessel approached the Chesapeake & Ohio bridge those on deck were horrified to see the boat apparently at the mercy of the current. In a moment more, with a terrible crash, the steamer struck the stone pier and was immediately disabled.

James Pickett observed the accident from the Kentucky shore and, getting all the men he could, manned several boats and went to the rescue. He succeeded in taking off all women and seven men, following the Sentinel to sea she went down the river. He was some of the crew swim in shore, some drifted, and others he saw many struggling in the water.

When the steamer reached the Fifth Street wharf the hull sank, leaving the passengers in the cabin afloat. Here some of the people managed to get ashore. The harbor steamer "A. L. Barlow" was soon after the disaster floating eastward and caught it at Riverside, several miles below the city. As many people as were left were taken hastily aboard and brought back. Mrs. McLean of Pittsburg was instantly killed by falling freight when the boat struck the bridge.

At 1 a. m. it is known definitely that Mrs. McLean, of Pittsburg, and her grand-daughter, Margery Brown, were the only ones lost. The steamer was registered passengers lost. Of the nine unregistered passengers, whether all were safe is not yet known. It is believed they are among those who were rescued by the boats. All of the crew, except the cabin and deck clerks, are located. Of the crew, only one is reported to have escaped, but there is much uncertainty about the clerks and some passengers, who were not on the official list. Persons are reported escaping to the shore for quite a distance along the river below Covington. The rescued are so scattered about on both sides of the river that it will be impossible to make a tally of those missing.

The Bob Taken Jackson Park.

CHICAGO, Feb. 17.—An idle mob, numbering about 2,000, was again in possession of Jackson Park today and moving forces against the Italian laborers in their camp they should attempt to resume work. The contractors, however, decided not to do anything more until a plan of protection is definitely settled.

Snowstorm in Minnesota.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 17.—Advices from the northern part of Minnesota and Dakota indicate that a heavy snowfall occurred in those States last night and today. Bradenby, Minnesota, reports the wind blew off the season reading. Trains are more or less delayed.

The Telegram not from Blaine.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—The Star this evening publishes a letter from Secretary Blaine, referring to a telegram alleged to him and said to have been read at a celebration at Fairmount, Wash., Saturday. He says he never before heard of the celebration, and the alleged telegram was neither written nor sent by him.

Another Sensation.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 17.—A special to the Pioneer Press from Bismarck, N. D., says: Rumors are afloat that at the instance of the United States a great deal of trouble in the future. He did not know a more significant way of expressing the intention of the United States than by making actual communication with those islands more complete and more direct.

Carlisle disavowed any reflection upon the President.

George declared himself as opposed to the amendment, as another step in the fatal policy of substituting private individuals.

Daniel also declared antagonism to the amendment on the same ground. If the cable was to be a part of the national defense, it was improper that it should be owned by private individuals, but the whole scheme now was speculation on the part of the enterprising men, who wanted to make money out of the United States government.

The diplomatic and consular bill was then passed—yeas 35, nays 16—Gorman, Hampton and Morgan voting aye with the republicans and Pettigrew no with the democrats.

The copyright bill was then taken up, the pending question being on Davis's amendment to insert in the proviso requiring copyrighted books to be printed from type set in the United States, the words "Or be otherwise produced in the United States from processes executed in the United States." After much discussion it was rejected.

Edmunds moved to amend section 15, providing that the act shall only apply to citizens or subjects of a foreign State, when that State permits to the citizens of the United States the benefit of copyright on substantially the same basis of its citizens, by striking out the remainder of the section and inserting: "The existence of such stone aforesaid shall be determined by the President of the United States by proclamation from time to time, as the purposes of the act may require." Agreed to without division.

Power offered an amendment drawn up by Sherman and Carlisle, providing that all books, maps, charts, dramatic or musical compositions, engravings, etc., the author, inventor, designer or proprietor of which is a citizen, subject or resident of a foreign country, may be imported into the United States on the payment of duties, if any, imposed by law. Without disposing of the amendment, the Senate adjourned.

IN THE HOUSE.

In pursuance of designation by the Speaker, the House was called to order by Tayson (Ill.). The committee on the judiciary reported a resolution for the impeachment of Alex Boarman, judge of the United States district court, western district of Louisiana, for high crimes and misdemeanors. Ordered printed and recommitted.

The 500 following private railroad land grants were reported from the public land committee, but the House having refused to consider it the bill was withdrawn.

The conference report on the fortification bill was agreed to, and the House went into committee of the whole on the Indian appropriation bill.

Carter (Mont.) offered an amendment appropriating $60,000 to carry out the agreement with the Crow Indians, Montana. Adopted.

An amendment for carrying certain treaty agreements with the Sioux and Wahpeton and other Indians was agreed to.

Hanna (Ind.) offered an amendment providing that the Cherokee nation may negotiate with the Secretary of the Interior for the sale of that Territory outright. Adopted.

The committee then reported the bill to the House, the previous question was ordered on the passage of the bill and the House adjourned.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

An Argument for Free Coinage.—Other Items.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—Before the House committee on coinage today, ex-Congressman Warner of Ohio, chairman of the national silver committee, made an argument for free coinage. Congressman-elect Warner of New York, protested against additional silver legislation. Stephen W. Nicholson, of Boston, said it was untrue that New England was a unit against free coinage, and that many intelligent people in that section were in favor of additional silver legislation.

DOINGS OF CONGRESS.

Morgan Argues for a Cable to the Hawaiian Islands; Others Oppose the Scheme.

DANIEL'S AMENDMENT TO THE COPYRIGHT BILL REJECTED.

Impeachment of a Louisiana Judge for High Crimes and Misdemeanors.

By Telegraph to the News.

CONGRESSIONAL.

The Question of the Hawaiian Cable; Bills and Amendments.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—In the Senate the credentials of William A. Peffer, Senator-elect from Kansas, and Voorhees of Indiana, for the term beginning March 4th next, were presented and placed on file.

The finance committee reported back adversely Stanford's bill to provide the government with means sufficient to supply the national want of a sound circulating medium. It was placed on the calendar.

The diplomatic and consular appropriation bill was taken up, the pending question being Dolph's amendment to increase the salary of the minister to Portugal from $5,000 to $6,000.

On a point of order of Hale, Dolph's amendment was ruled out, and a subsequent amendment by him, to make the salary of the Minister to Portugal $7,500, was, on motion of Hale, laid on the table.

McPherson moved to reconsider the vote adopting the Hawaiian cable amendment, so that he might move to reduce the annual allowance from $250,000 to $150,000.

On motion of Edmunds the motion to reconsider was laid on the table—39 to 25.

On motion of Sherman the item of $6,000 for Minister-Resident and Consul-General to Greece, Hannibal Hamlin dervis was changed to make it read Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.

The question of the Hawaiian cable came again. Carlisle argued that the Hawaiian cable amendment had no proper place in the diplomatic bill by placing sugar on the free list, under the last tariff bill, the act of 1870, allowing sugar and rice from Hawaii free of duty, so as to carry out a treaty, had been repealed by Congress without notice to the Hawaiian government.

Allison said when he agreed to the conference report he understood from a source which had fully examined the subject that the existing treaty did not affect the Hawaiian treaty at all.

Morgan criticized Carlisle's opposition, inquiring if it is an unwillingness to entrust President Harrison with the expenditure of a quarter of a million a year. He denied that the cession of a coaling and repair station at the harbor of Pearl River on the Hawaiian Islands gave the United States a right to lay a telegraph cable, as asserted by Carlisle. The only opportunity to lay a cable there was a concession made by the King of Hawaii to an American citizen (Mr. Hartwell). That party might, if the United States did not make use of the opportunity, make arrangements with the Canadian government to have the American end of the cable landed on the shores of Canada. Morgan believed that an active movement on the part of the United States government to define its policy in relation to Hawaii would prevent trouble in the future. He did not know a more significant way of expressing the intention of the United States than by making actual communication with those islands more complete and more direct.

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Daniel also declared antagonism to the amendment on the same ground. If the cable was to be a part of the national defense, it was improper that it should be owned by private individuals, but the whole scheme now was speculation on the part of the enterprising men, who wanted to make money out of the United States government.

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UNDER REPORT TO STANFORD'S BILL.

Under instructions from the committee on finance, Senator Morrill, chairman of that committee, today reported adversely to Senator Stanford's bill, "To provide the government with means sufficient to supply the national want of a sound circulating medium," invoking issues on land at 2 per cent interest. The report concludes that the landowners for a large part "the only class to be benefited," are no present to cover their homesteads with mortgages, and even young men starting in life, when borrowing capital, do not intend to remain twenty years in debt, but the low rate of interest offered to land-owners might inspire improvident habits and extravagant speculation in the mass of the people not free from such temptations. The report says the bill endorses the principles put forth some than a century ago by the notorious John Law. Experience has shown that whenever such reckless experiments intended to secure cheap money have been tried they have ended in commercial crisis, bankruptcy and national disaster. The Mississippi and South Sea bubbles, the assignats of the Legislative Republic and colonial currency schemes, both of ancient and modern times, resulted in shame and disaster.

THE APPROPRIATION BILL REPORTED TO THE HOUSE.

The last of the appropriation bills, the general deficiency, was reported to the House this afternoon. It carries a total of $53,374,000, a large part of which ($25,076,322) is on account of pensions. Some of the other items are: For the relief of Jewish sufferers in the Russian dominions, $50,000; for payment to the Pacific railroads for transportation service, $6,250,000. An appropriation of $15,000 is made to pay the expenses of a committee of seven members sent to the Iowa House to investigate Iowa affairs.

FINANCIAL REFORM DEMANDED.

Representative McCleary, of North Carolina, introduced in the House a resolution stating that the people demand financial reform, which cannot be carried into effect without the passage by Congress of the sub-treasury and free coinage bills, declaring the committees from consideration of the conference and that bill be taken back to the House for immediate consideration.

LOOKING INTO THE BUSINESS OF THE STATES.

The House Judiciary Committee has authorized a favorable report on the resolution heretofore referred to it, directing the committee to ascertain and report to the House whether any States have in their Constitutions or any Legislative enactments any provisions of law which should require a reduction of their Congressional representation under the Fourteenth Amendment. The democrats will present a minority report.

Philadelphia Elects a Republican Mayor.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 17. — Edwin S. Stuart (rep.) was elected Mayor today over Ladner (dem.) by an estimated majority of 40,000.

Several years ago Chamberlain & Co., of Des Moines, Iowa, commenced the manufacture of a cough syrup, believing it to be the most prompt and relieving preparation yet produced for coughs, colds and croup; that the public appreciate true merit, and in time it was certain to become popular. Their most sanguine hopes have been more than realized, as the demand for Chamberlain's Cough Remedy are now sold each year, and it is recognized as "the best" in families where ever known. It will cure a severe cold in less time than any other treatment. For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept. d&s

A Suggestion That Saved My Life.

I took a severe cold and suffered pain through the back and kidneys. I went for a physician, who pronounced my case gravel. A friend recommended Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y., and after taking two bottles I considered myself perfectly cured.—John Davies, Rondout, New York. What more could be asked. d&s

Williams' Australian Herb Pills.

If you are Yellow, Bilious, complicated with Headache, bad breath, drowsy, no appetite, dull, sad, your Liver is out of order. One box of these Pills will drive all the trouble away and make a new being of you. Price 25 cents. Zion Co-op Mer. Inst. Drug Dept. Agents. d&s

FOR A ZOLLVEREIN.

Vincent Proposes to Invite the British Colonies to Form a Commercial Confederation.

PARNELL RECEIVES A VOTE OF CONFIDENCE.

A Farmer and Three Children Reported Killed and Scalped by Hostile Indians.

By Telegraph to the News.

THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

Lord Knutsford Explains the English Colonial Policy.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—In the House of Lords today, in answering to questions about the convention between Newfoundland and the United States, the delay regarding which is causing dissatisfaction in Newfoundland, Lord Knutsford, Secretary of State, said the Imperial Government had been constantly urged to hasten its engagement, but none were given. It may, at some time be possible to secure for the Colonies a commercial union without prejudicing the interests of other parts of the empire, but the Imperial Parliament is asked to sanction arrangements has not yet been subject to the well-recognized principle that the Imperial Government must see how far the proposed union effect the other interests of the empire. Leave to negotiate does not imply Imperial sanction. The Canadian Government made a strong protest against the New Foundland convention with the United States, and, after mature consideration, the Government decided that it could not for the present, be completed.

IN THE COMMONS

this evening Vincent moved that the Government, at the earliest opportunity, invite the British Colonies to a conference, with a view to decide the best means of forming a "zollverein." He contended that imperial federation was to be obtained through commercial federation. A lengthy debate followed, participated in by Sir Lyon Playfair, Goschen, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and others. The latter believed the increasing desire of a closer union between England and the Colonies ought to be fostered. There was no likelihood, however, that the Colonies would consent to a conference on a free trade basis. There only remained differential duties, and he failed to see how they could be imposed. Vincent withdrew the motion.

PARNELL.

His Friends Give Him a Vote of Confidence.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—The Parnellite and Gladstonian members of Parliament held meetings today. At the meeting of the Parnellites resolutions were adopted, stating that in negotiation between Parnell and O'Brien, with a view to settle the existing dispute, the course of the former merited continued confidence of the Irish, as capable of guarding the interests and honor of the Irish Nation and of conducting the Nationalist cause to final triumph.

KILLED BY INDIANS.

Anthony Dessauer Reported Murdered by Sioux Hostiles.

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 17.—A special from Dubuque, Ia., to the Tribune, says: The remains of Anthony Dessauer, minor a resident of this county, arrived at his former home in Liberty township yesterday. A few years ago he removed with his family to the Sioux Reservation in Dakota. About a week ago he was killed by the Indians, scalped and his head severed from the body. It is reported that three of his children were scalped, and his wife and hired man escaped. The murderers were a small band of roving hostiles, but yet surrounded.

Cash Almost Exhausted.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—The cash resources of the American Loan and Trust Company were almost exhausted at one time yesterday, and a check for a large amount presented for payment was returned, with the statement that five days' notice would be required on it. Later in the day money came in from called loans and the check was sent for and cashed.

Bank Examiner Cahill completed his examination yesterday and afterwards his reports to Albany. He refused to make any statements to the press.

The run was mostly by small depositors, and the bank met all their demands. Persons presenting checks for large amounts to the company were asked to wait a few hours. Bank Examiner Preston said tonight that the larger depositors of the company are standing by it, and this, together with the fact that the company has paid the small demands, is prima facie evidence that it is able to meet all engagements.

All cash subscriptions for the Milennial Star should be forwarded to JAMES JACK at the President's Office, Salt Lake City. d&s

A Wonder Worker.

Mr. Frank Huffman, a young man of Burlington, Ohio, states that he had a cough so severe that his friends thought he was in the incipient stage of Consumption and used their treatment until he was not able to get around. Some pronounced his case to be Consumption and incurable. He was persuaded to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, and at that time was enabled to walk across the street without resting. He found before he had used half of a dollar bottle that he was much better; he continued to use it and is today enjoying good health. If you have any Throat, Lung or Chest Trouble, try it. We guarantee satisfaction. Trial bottle free at A. C. Smith & Co.'s Drug Store. 4

There is no danger of a cold resulting in pneumonia when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is used as directed "for a severe cold." It effectually counteracts and arrests any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia. The fact was fully proven in thousands of cases during the epidemic of influenza last winter. For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept. d&s

WHERE THE VALLEY PLACES.

BERTLEY, W. Va., Feb. 17.—The Ohio River is rising rapidly, with a heavy rain falling. Reports from all sections of the State indicate unusually heavy rains and the streams are rising rapidly. All railroads entering the city are delayed by washouts.

GREENSBURG, Pa., Feb. 17.—The Pennsylvania railroad and the people living in the low lands are making preparations to move at any moment. The temperature is at West Leisburg is 40 a mile wide, and much of the town is submerged. The worst and most of the cellars of buildings along the river are flooded. We have conditions of floods prevails at Latrobe, Irwin, Ross, Harrison City, Crab Tree and Jones Mills. Bridges, fences, hay ricks, etc., in every direction have been carried away.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 17.—Rain has been falling steadily for forty hours and the town and surrounding country is flooded. At noon the water was two and one-half inches in the streets, and still rising.

WEST NEWTON, Pa., Feb. 17.—The Youghiogheny river this afternoon reached the highest point since August, 1884. Much damage is done washouts by landslides.

BRADDOCK, Pa., Feb. 17.—Rain in nine hours in torrents for thirty-six hours and the

JUNIATA RIVER IS A MILE WIDE.

The citizens of Portstown and Smithfield were compelled to vacate their homes. Many bridges were swept away. The loss is very heavy. Millsboro: the iron works and mills are submerged. Much damage has been done to the property of the city, many families being compelled to abandon their homes.

MIDDLEBURG, O., Feb. 17.—The Spencer south of this place are badly washed by the heavy rains of the past nine days. All dwellings in the lower part of the city are surrounded by water. The railroads are badly damaged by washouts. At Middlebury the river is rising at the rate of one foot per hour, and the streets are forced to suspend traffic in many places in the vicinity on account of the high water.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., Feb. 17.—Advices from points up the river are that it is still raining and all the streams are high. The Susquehanna is very unsteady. Many merchants have commenced to move their goods from the lower stories of their establishments. The house of the river at this place, a twenty-foot flood will bring the water up to the upper house square. A flood is now reported on the head waters of Pine Creek at Galeton. On that creek a rise in 24 hours, letting between eight and ten feet of logs escape.

Dispatches from several points in this vicinity, report the rivers rapidly rising, and

FLOODS ARE FEARED.

At Clearfield, some streets are inundated and many people were compelled to move. Several million feet of logs have been washed out. At Tyrone the water is in the western part of the town and the left submerged. At Tipton there is a foot of water over the railroad tracks. Tipton is now rising fast. The Conemaugh river is very high and many men are working on the tracks.

BINGHAMPTON, N. Y., Feb. 17.—There is a gorge in the Mohawk river near here. The river is rising ten feet in an hour. Unless the gorge breaks and the ice tops fall where the islands are.

CLEVELAND, O., Feb. 17.—A dispatch from Zanesville says the Muskingum river is rapidly rising. Two hundred people were driven from their homes today. Railroad traffic is almost entirely suspended. The rain ceased in night, and colder weather may cause a subsidence of the flood.

A Millionaire's Will.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 17.—The will of the late J. M. McCullough, vice-president of the Pennsylvania Company, was filed for probate. The estate is valued at from seven million dollars to ten million dollars. The will gives his wife and daughter each one-fourth of the estate, the remainder being left in trust.

A Wedding.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 17.—Miss Ada Willing, daughter of Edward S. Willing, of this city, was married here to John Jacob Astor, son of William Astor. The marriage took place at 1 o'clock at Mr. Willing's residence, and only the immediate families of Astor and Miss Willing and a few intimate personal friends were present. Rev. Dr. Mercer, rector of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Holy Trinity, performed the ceremony, after which the party sat down to an elaborate breakfast. Beginning at 3 o'clock a reception, for which over 2,000 invitations were sent out, was held. Mr. and Mrs. Astor kept the direction of the wedding a secret, but it is understood they will leave tonight in a special car for St. Augustine.

A Pullman Car Passenger Killed by a Lunatic.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Feb. 17.—A terrible tragedy occurred in a Pullman car on the Little Mountain southbound train today. Just as the train was pulling out from Baltimore, Jackson Meyers, a New York traveling man was shot and killed by a man sitting across the aisle. Conductor Leech pulled the bell to stop the train, when the man turned and shot Leech through the head, killing him. The other passengers rushed from the car. An arrest is now expected, after a little strategy, in capturing the murderer, who proved to be John W. Hooker of Vincennes, Ind., who went on with the train. Meyers was from Ogdensburg, N. Y., and had a wife and children living in Indiana. He was taken back to Indiana, but escaped and was returning to Texas.

Ticket Agents Meet.

CHICAGO, Feb. 17.—The American Association of Passenger and Ticket Agents, in session in this city, decided to make this meeting take the place of the semi-annual meeting, to be held in Boston on the 24th of March, and to postpone the contemplated trip to the Pacific Coast until next year.

Grave Charges Against a Railroad President.

CHICAGO, Feb. 17.—William S. Allen, president of the Chicago, Lake Erie & New York Railway, was arrested today on the charge of embezzlement. The charges are made by Henry Ward Beecher, president of the Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Railway. G. A. Drake was filed, making grave charges against President Broyfogle. The charges briefly are that with conspiring with others of the directory and picking the board with his personal friends, who were not stockholders. A conspiracy is alleged between Broyfogle and Henry S. Ives to wreck the company and try it in for their emolument. Judge Tuley is hearing the matter in the Master in Chancery.

Director Hughes, speaking for President Broyfogle tonight, pronounced the proceedings a conspiracy and a deliberate attack on the credit of the company.

Arrested for Embezzlement.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Feb. 17.—Teller Ritter, of the First National Bank, was arrested and held in bonds for trial on a charge of misappropriating $77,000.

The Egyptian War.

CAIRO, Feb. 17.—The Egyptian troops today occupied El Teb without having to engage the troops of Osman Digna. The dervishes retreated to Tokkar, upon which place the Egyptian troops will advance to morrow.

General Schofield on the Sick List.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17. — Major-General Schofield is confined to his house by a severe cold, and consequently was unable to attend the funeral of Admiral Porter today.

Will Not Prosecute Bismarck.

BERLIN, Feb. 17.—It is reported that the Privy Council of Ministers decided against the prosecution of Prince Bismarck.

Gibson Ordered Arrested.

CHICAGO, Feb. 17.—An indictment against George Gibson was returned by the grand jury this afternoon, charging him with having in his possession and custody, and otherwise, gunpowder for the purpose of doing bodily injury to H. H. Schofield and others. The bond was fixed at $20,000, and a capias issued for Gibson's arrest.

J. J. Hennessy of this city was elected secretary of the Whisky Trust in place of Gibson, who resigned.

Pneumonia and Bronchitis Carry off One-third of the Human Race.

It is not generally known that Pneumonia and Bronchitis carry off one-third of the human race. The sad are the facts, and what is more surprising, both of the above diseases result from neglecting a common ordinary cold. A cough should never be neglected. If it is, every time you catch cold you cough harder, and it sticks by you longer. Ballard's Horehound Syrup is the best remedy in the world for Pneumonia, Bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles. If you have any throat trouble, call for Ballard's Horehound Syrup and take no other. Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution, Agents.

"Learned, Skilled and Capable Physicians.

The oldest, most reliable and successful Pacific Coast specialists, Dr. Liebig & Co., of the Liebig World Dispensary, Butte City, K