

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

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against the engineers of the Burlington road who have taken the place of the strikers. They summed up the testimony and submitted it to the Governor today. After reciting the testimony the commissioners say: Mr. Brown, superintendent of the Iowa line, admits that under conditions of all his engineers leaving on twelve hours' notice, he was compelled to run passenger trains with new and inexperienced men. It may be regarded as proven beyond question and admitted that the men above designated were inexperienced, under the general rules laid down by the railroad companies for the running of trains, and, tried by their own statement, the commissioners do not hesitate to say that they are incompetent.

After discussing the employment of inexperienced engineers, the commissioners say: We think we are safe in assuming that in these particulars the new men running these trains cannot be equal to those who have been previously selected from the oldest and most competent engineers to run passenger trains. The commissioners believe that the examinations that have been made and the tests that have been applied to determine whether engineers are competent to run locomotives, are decided by prudence, and to neglect them is unwise. They would advise the C. B. and Q. to

ALLOW NO ENGINEER

to run a passenger train that is not fully up to the established standard of skill and ability. The law governing the carrier of passengers says "he must use extraordinary care, caution, the highest skill, the greatest foresight and the best appliances—the highest degree of care, skill and diligence of which human effort is capable." The "diligence must be extraordinary, and the liability follows the slightest negligence." It not being an issue, the commissioners have not thought it within the scope of this investigation to discuss the merits of the differences that led to engineers and firemen leaving the C. B. & Q. Railway Company.

KANSAS CITY, March 10.—At a meeting of the general grievance committee of the Kansas City, Fort Scott and Gulf Railway held this evening, it was decided if the company persists in handling freight consigned to the Burlington Railroad, the engineers and firemen will leave their engines on Monday morning. The situation at this point is becoming more interesting every hour. Members of the grievance committee are arriving by each train, and the Brotherhood men openly say a

CRISIS WILL COME MONDAY

morning. At headquarters the men are reporting hourly and dispatches and letters come thick and fast. The substance of these dispatches is immediately transmitted to Chief Arthur at Chicago. The Brotherhood men are worked up to a degree of enthusiasm which, if not controlled by the cooler heads, would lead to a tie up of all the roads at this point.

LONDON, March 11.—A fierce south-western gale is blowing and numerous casualties are feared in St. George's and English channels.

BERNE, March 11.—The River Aar has overflowed its banks at this point and the lower quarter of the town is submerged.

CHICAGO, March 11.—General Superintendent of Police, Hubbard, announces tonight that he is authorized by the widow of Amos J. Snell, to offer, in lieu of previous amounts, a reward of \$10,000 for the arrest and detention until identified by Chicago authorities, of Wm. B. Tascott, the supposed murderer of her husband. The reward holds good for sixty days from date.

TRENTON, Ga., March 11.—Tom Poof, a negro, who attempted a criminal assault on Mrs. Joseph Morrison, and who was arrested in Chattanooga on Thursday and taken to Trenton, was taken from the jail and hanged in the public square by a mob last night.

NEGAUNEL, Mich., March 12.—The two days' blizzard just ending has been the worst of the year for railroad men. The Chicago & Northwestern train due here at 1 o'clock yesterday, stuck at Mason and is still there in the drifts with the engine dead. The south-bound train is at Brampton, having been shovelled out two or three times. On the Duluth, Southshore & Atlantic, the Mackinaw division is closed to traffic, with the west-bound express and snow plows all snowed in on the eastern half of the division. No east-bound trains were started from Marquette. Passenger train No. 9 on the Pennsylvania Railroad collided with a heavy freight train near Huntington this morning and both trains were wrecked. The engineer and fireman of the passenger train were instantly killed and a freight brakeman and pullman passenger seriously hurt. The other passengers escaped with a severe shaking up. A severe storm was raging on the mountains and the crew on the freight train were almost frozen.

NEW YORK, March 12.—The worst snow storm of the year is raging. At eight o'clock a foot or more was on the ground. A high wind caused drifts, which in the upper part of the city were three and four feet high. Traffic is also suspended. Thousands of passengers are blocked on the elevated roads, the horse cars being entirely unable to move. People who left up-town by the elevated roads were unable to get further than Eighth Street by that road. Many of the more ven-

turesome descended to the street by a ladder and walked the rest of the way down town. People in the suburban towns found it also impossible to reach town, so severe were the drifts.

ST. LOUIS, March 11.—In Douglas County, Missouri, Baldknobbers who were convicted last September in the United States Court, at Jefferson City, of whipping and driving to home-steader from government land, have been sentenced by Judge Kregel to from two to six months in the penitentiary with costs. Three others who attempted to intimidate government witnesses, were each given sixty days in jail.

DENVER, Colo., March 11.—Sheriff Stoddard, of Rice County, Kansas, arrived here yesterday with a requisition from the Governor of Kansas for the arrest of A. C. Meyers and Frank West, charged with the murder of Richard Douglas, a stockman, at Lyons, Kansas, twelve years ago. The accused are two of the most prominent and wealthy citizens of Darango, Colo. Both have families and are connected with the church. The sheriff left here this morning to make the arrest.

NEW YORK, March 12.—About seven o'clock two trains on the Avenue elevated railway collided, one train running into the rear of the one ahead. The scene that followed was indescribable. The engine reared up on the end of the last car and the steam escaped in great volumes, but fortunately rushed up wards, thus saving the hemmed crowd on the forward train as well as those on that end of the platform. The engineer of the rear train was killed and a number of passengers injured.

CHICAGO, March 12.—Robert Lincoln, attorney for the Wabash Railway, appeared in Judge Gresham's court at 2 o'clock this afternoon, and filed an answer to the petition of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad, requesting the court to compel the receiver to comply with the regulations of the interstate law, etc. The answer admits that orders were issued on March 7 not to handle freight, as they did not like to disturb the friendly relations existing between the Wabash and its employees, but says that these orders were revoked Saturday last and the following substituted: "All orders and directions heretofore given by me or by any officer or agent of this road which have been understood as limiting the interchange of cars or traffic with the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railway, or any of the roads in that system, are rescinded. The business of receiving and interchanging cars and traffic by this road with the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railway, and all of the roads of that system, will go on upon the same terms and conditions as those by which similar business is done by this road with other connecting railroads." The answer requests that the petition be dismissed at the petitioner's cost.

THE LEGISLATURE.

COUNCIL.

Continuing his speech in opposition to the school bill, Young said that none of the churches would probably object to this bill, but it would tear down our academies and district schools.

Carlisle said there had been a clamor for free schools. This would tax heavily all classes of our class of schools. Whereas in the bill under consideration all classes were alike benefited by free schools. It is said to be a new thing but it should be judged not upon its novelty but upon its merits. It was objected that religious teaching in schools is wrong. Was not fidelity in schools wrong? Who would say that he was opposed to education? This bill would materially increase the percentage of school attendance in the Territory. The district schools of some years ago had been criticised, but that had nothing to do with the case. We were dealing with acts as they exist today, and he believed in extending home rule to the schools as provided in this bill.

The bill passed, ayes 7 goes 5, Marshall, Howe, Smoot, Wimmer and Young voting no.

A message was received from the Governor notifying the Council of his approval of C. F. 21 (banking.)

Also Council joint resolution No. 3 (fees in civil cases.)

The House called for a conference committee on H. F. 26 (private corporations). Granted, Bryan, Marshall and Woolley being appointed on the part of the Council.

The Council was notified that the House had passed substitute for Senate bill for H. F. 52 (branding, herding, etc.). Read and referred to the committee on judiciary.

The committee to whom was referred C. F. 41 (public health), reported recommending its rejection. The report was adopted and bill killed.

At 3:50 p. m. recess was taken for 30 minutes.

Council resumed business at 4:40 p. m.

A communication was received from the House notifying the Council of the passage of H. F. 94, defining the duties of county officers, which was partly read the first time, when a motion prevailed to lay it on the table.

The Governor notified the Council of his approval of C. F. 18 (Insane Asylum).

The conference committee on H. F. 69 (uniform system of county government), reported, recommending that the Council recede from a certain

amendment. The report was adopted and the bill passed.

The judiciary committee reported on H. F. 52 (branding and herding), recommending its rejection. Report adopted.

At 5:30 recess was taken till 7:30 p. m.

A communication was received from the House notifying the Council of the passage of H. F. 93, a bill for an act making appropriations for general purposes. Read the first time for information.

Bryan, from the committee on conference on H. F. 26, (private corporations) recommended that the Council recede from its amendments. The report was not adopted.

The House notified the Council of the passage of H. F. 22, prescribing the fees of the Secretary of Utah Territory. The bill was read the first time and, on motion of Marshall, was called for second reading, and subsequently for third reading and passed.

The Council was notified of the passage of C. F. 24 (occupying claimants), with slight technical amendments. The bill was temporarily laid on the table. The amendments were subsequently concurred in and the bill passed.

At 9:30 p. m. a recess was taken for 30 minutes.

A communication was received from the House notifying the Council of the re-adoption of the joint resolution legalizing the issue of the auditor's warrants drawn in favor of the insane asylum. The resolution was immediately passed by the Council.

The Council was notified of the passage of H. F. 47 (the substitute for Allen's school bill) without amendment.

Woolley, from the committee on appropriations, reported on H. F. 93 (general appropriations), with amendments, recommending it be put upon its passage. The report of the committee was adopted, and the bill read by sections and passed. (The principal changes were the striking out of an appropriation of \$30,000 for an addition to the insane asylum and an increase in the appropriations to the counties of Emery, Sevier, Juab, Washington, Weber and Cache.)

The Council was notified that the House had rejected H. F. 80 (administering oaths, etc.).

Woolley at this juncture presented the President of the Council with a memento of the kindly feelings of the Council toward him for the kind consideration and dignified deportment manifested by him throughout the session of the Legislature. This consisted of a finely executed photographic group of the members of the Council, mounted in a massive gold frame.

President Smith expressed his appreciation of the good feeling which prompted the act, and said he should ever cherish pleasant memories of the hours spent with the members of the Council.

Marshall, being called upon by Olsen for a speech, said that when called upon so unexpectedly he felt somewhat embarrassed. He had come to this Council somewhat prejudiced against the President of the Council and doubtful of the ability which he had since manifested. He had been very happily disappointed. From his intercourse with the Council he would cherish the most kindly recollections of the present session and especially of the president, who had manifested a judgment, a dignity and impartiality that would have done credit to the chair in one of the sovereign States.

The House notified the Council of amendments to H. F. 63 (impounding animals). The Council concurred in the amendments, and the bill so passed.

At 11 p. m. the Council took a recess of 50 minutes for refreshment.

After recess, H. F. 94 (regulating the duties of county officers), was taken up, amended and passed.

The Council refused to concur in House amendments to the general appropriation bill, and a committee of conference was appointed, consisting of Marshall, Carlisle and Woolley.

March 9.

The Council continued in session all night, with occasional recesses, and some of the members looked tired this morning.

The Council was called to order at 11 a. m.

A communication was received from the Governor announcing that he had approved C. F. 124 (occupying claimants).

The Governor also announced that he had nominated Arthur Pratt for recorder of marks and brands, H. L. A. Culmer for territorial librarian and Chris. Dienl, for sealer of weights and measures.

Marshall, chairman of the committee on conference on the general appropriation bill, reported on H. F. 93 (general appropriation), that they had agreed that the Council should recede from its amendment in striking out the item of \$30,000 for the insane asylum, and had made minor changes in some of the other appropriations.

Young moved that the report of the committee be rejected so far as the \$30,000 was concerned. Carried.

Marshall moved that \$2,250 be added to the bill as compensation for the private secretary of the Governor and contingent expenses of the executive officer for the years 1883-4. Carried.

The bill then passed with the \$30,000 out and the \$2,250 added.

A message was received from the House announcing their non-concurrence in the last amendment to H. F. 93. A committee of conference was

appointed consisting of Marshall, Carlisle and Smoot.

Carlisle, from the committee on conference on H. F. 93 (general appropriation), reported recommending that the Council adhere to its amendment appropriating \$2,250 for the executive office, etc. The report was adopted and the House notified.

The Council was notified that the House had concurred in the Council amendment to H. F. 93, appropriating \$2,250, and had further amended the bill by adding \$30,000 for the purchase and fitting up of Fort Cameron for an insane asylum.

Carlisle opposed the proposed appropriation on the grounds that it was insufficient for the purpose and more could not be appropriated without bonding the Territory.

Smoot favored it. The additional room was needed. The present wing of the asylum, unfortunately located at Provo, was designed for 75 patients. It now contained 100. There were 80 more patients throughout the Territory needing care and they should be provided for. The investment was a good one. The Fort cost several hundred thousand dollars.

Carlisle preferred appropriating for the care of those indigent patients rather than purchasing.

Marshall thought Fort Cameron too far off. If room was needed it should be had by adding to the present building. If we had to bond the Territory in order to accomplish it.

The Council refused to concur in the amendment.

The House notified the Council that they had amended and passed substitute for H. F. 45, defining the duties of county recorders.

The amendments were concurred in by the Council and the bill passed.

At 1:30 p. m. the House called for a conference committee on the item providing for the purchase of Fort Cameron for a sub-territorial insane asylum. Granted, Smoot, Woolley and Saurthiff being appointed by the chair.

A message was received from the Governor notifying the Council of his refusal to approve C. F. 35 (lice escapes, etc.), as its provisions were substantially covered by other legislation.

HOUSE.

March 7, 1883.

A bill amending the stock law came up. It repeats most of that act.

Farnsworth moved indefinite postponement; was opposed by Richards and supported by Howe. The latter opposed the bill because it prohibits shipping cattle by rail at night, which would, he urged, cause great inconvenience.

Seegmiller spoke in favor of the bill, and King against it.

Richards made a cogent speech showing the objectionable character of the legislation repealed by the pending bill, and urged the necessity for passing the latter.

Jones favored the pending bill, and thought that the present stock law was far too severe and rigid.

Stewart favored the present law and opposed the pending bill.

The motion to indefinitely postpone was lost, and the consideration of the bill was continued, and after a discussion of some amendments offered, it was recommitted.

Hatch asked leave to withdraw the report of the claims committee on the claim of O. J. Averill. Granted.

Council joint resolution providing for the payment of jurors' civil certificates for 1882 and 1883 was concurred in by the House.

At 5:30 the House took a recess till 7:30 p. m.

The Treasurership.

On Friday evening last Mr. William Farrell, accompanied by Deputy Marshal Exum and Attorney Smith, approached Mr. James Pinkree, and Mr. Exum served upon him a notice of the decision of the Territorial supreme court, sustaining Mr. Farrell as county treasurer. Mr. Pinkree stated that he was not quite ready to deliver up the office, as there were still some unsettled accounts.

He stated that he would be in readiness to vacate the position at 9 o'clock Saturday morning.

Accordingly, yesterday morning at that hour Wm. Farrell appeared and took possession of the books, records, etc., of the treasurer's office, and cash amounting to \$756.56, giving receipts therefor. Mr. Farrell's office is on the east side of Main Street, near Peebles' Drug Store.—Ogden Standard March 4.

OBITUARY.

WOODWARD.—James Woodward, son of James and Laura Woodward, was born in Kingston, Upper Canada, July 22nd, 1823; his father, James Woodward, came over from England to America shortly after the war of 1813, and died while Brother Woodward was quite young; the latter lived (most of the time) among strangers, until April, 1849, when he left New York State and went to live with an uncle by the name of Asa Read, who lived in Portage County, Ohio, where he joined the Church, being baptized on the 23d of July, 1843, by Samuel Phelps. He was re-baptized in Kirland April 6th, 1843, and ordained an Elder by Lester Brooks and John Young. In the spring of 1844 he was ordained a Seventy and set apart in the 29th Quorum; in the same winter he joined the Nauvoo Legion and was elected a corporal. From the time Brother Woodward joined the Church until the time of his death he was a faithful member and always bore a strong testimony to the truth of the Gospel.

He passed through a great many of the trials and persecutions with the saints, and of late years took an active part in the Sunday schools, and otherwise taught the young the duties they owe to the Lord. He also held several political offices and was a selectman of Emery County when he died, on the 6th day of October, 1887, from dropsy and heart disease. He left a large lot of relatives and friends to mourn his loss.—[COM.]

DEATHS.

OTTINGTON.—At Dragon Villa, Durham, England, February 9th, 1888, Mary, the beloved wife of William Ottington, aged 73 years, 11 months and 5 days. Deceased emigrated to Utah with her husband and daughter in 1873 and returned in 1875. She always welcomed the Elders who called to see her, and was a dutiful wife, a fond mother, and was esteemed by a large circle of friends. She was interred at Belmont, February 12th, Elder J. H. Kelson conducting the services.—Millennial Star.

LEIGH.—At Price, Emery County, March 2, 1888, of lung fever, Ephraim C. son of Sarah Chaffin and John D. Leigh; born July 2, 1857.

WOOD.—In Grafton, Feb. 29, 1888, from inflammation of the lungs, Pearl Ann, daughter of John and Sarah G. Wood; born June 11, 1857.

DYKES.—On Saturday, Feb. 23th, 1888, George Parker Dykes died at his home in Zions, Arizona; aged 88 years. He was a member of the Mormon Battalion, and in early days, an active missionary in the Church.

PHELPS.—At Zions, Maricopa County, Arizona, Sunday, Feb. 26th, at the residence of his parents, of pneumonia, Hyrum S. Phelps, Jr., son of H. S. and Clarinda Phelps; aged 19 years and 1 month. Brother Phelps died in full faith and fellowship.—[COM.]

ADKINS.—At the residence of C. R. Savage, Twentieth Ward, of general debility, Robert Adkins, of Luton, England, aged 79 years and 4 months.

MARSH.—In the Sixth Ward, of this city, March 4th, 1888, of dropsy and old age, Ann Marsh, widow of Joseph Marsh. Born July 13th, 1812, and emigrated to Utah in 1842. She lived and died a faithful Latter-day Saint.—Millennial Star, please copy.

SHINER.—In Fremont, Platte County, Utah, February 2, 1888, Clarence, son of C. N. and Mariah Shiner; born in Guinon, Sanpete County, Utah, August 24th, 1857.

ROMNEY.—In this city, after a lingering illness, Joseph Gaskell Romney, born at Pemwortham, Lancashire, England, April 30th, 1835; died 12 m., March 6th, 1888.

HINTZ.—At Big Cottonwood, March 5th, 1888, of lung disease, Anders Hintz. Deceased was 77 years old. He leaves a large circle of friends and relatives to mourn his loss. He lived and died a faithful Latter-day Saint.

ARMSTRONG.—In the Eleventh Ward of this city, at 5 p. m., on Wednesday, March 7th, Hazel S. Armstrong, daughter of Mayor Francis Armstrong and his wife Isabel, born December 20th, 1885. The cause of death was typhoid pneumonia.

PARKER.—At Virgin City, February 25th, 1888, of general debility, Ellen Parker, relict of the late Bishop John E. Parker, of that city.

Sister Parker was born at Lancashire, England, November 7th, 1806; was baptized into the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints March 25th, 1838, by Heber C. Kimball; emigrated to Nauvoo in the spring of 1842 with her husband, George Douglas; on the 12th of July, the same year, her husband died, leaving her poor and penniless with a family of three sons and four daughters. She remained a widow nearly four years, during which time she suffered much privation and sickness, but was never known to murmur, knowing that she was suffering for the Gospel's sake. She was married to John E. Parker March 22th, 1846. Left Nauvoo about the middle of May for St. Louis, where they remained for six years and were blessed exceedingly, being enabled to procure means sufficient to emigrate the entire family to Utah in 1852. Resided in Salt Lake City until 1862, when they were called to Southern Utah, where they remained until death.

Sister Parker had a posterity numbering 10 children, 98 grand-children and 87 great grand-children, most of whom survive her. She was a loving mother and a faithful Latter-day Saint and died in full faith of the Gospel.—[COM.]

PETERSON.—In the Second Ward of this city, March 8, 1888, at 4:30 o'clock a. m., of consumption and brain fever, Christina Maria Peterson.

Deceased was born May 14, 1853, in Trustrup Muns Lund Sorn, Jylland, Denmark; embraced the Gospel in her native land in the year 1872; emigrated to Utah in 1883; she died as she had lived, a faithful Latter-day saint.—[COM.]

Scandinavian Stjerne and Dikalen please copy.

GOODRICH.—In Ashley, Uintah County, Feb. 25th, 1888, of inflammation of the bowels, Charles Sidney, son of Geo. A. and Eliza A. Goodrich, aged 13 years, 10 months and 10 days.

WILEY.—After a short illness, Edwin, son of Bishop Parley P. and Sarah J. Wiley, born March 6th, 1886, in Chesterfield, Idaho.

REESE.—At Winter Quarters, Sanpete County, on the 24th of February, of measles and sore throat, Lena, youngest daughter of Levi P. and Ann Reese, aged 2 years and 8 months.

Millennial Star, please copy.

RICHARDS.—At Winter Quarters, Sanpete County, on the 24th of February, of measles, George, youngest son of George H. and Mary Ann Richards, aged 3 years.

DAVIES.—At Winter Quarters, Sanpete County, on the 25th of February, of convulsions, Joseph Alma, son of William C. and Mary E. Davies, aged 5 years.

DAVIES.—At Scofield, Emery County, on the 24th of February, of whooping cough, Ann B. infant daughter of John F. and Mary B. Davies, aged 8 months.

Millennial Star, please copy.