

## EDITORIAL NOTES.

Among the curiosities of abduction, the following account is sent the San Francisco Chronicle—“LOS ANGELES, May 17.—Eulalia Perez Guillen, the oldest woman at the Mission San Gabriel, 138 years of age, was kidnapped and carried away last evening, in defiance of an order of the Probate Court, and is now consoling by one of her daughters and a party of speculators who intend to take her to the Centennial for exhibition. The Court this afternoon made an order which may lead to her recovery.”

Individual debts are usually considered trifling, but a national debt has been termed a blessing. A Massachusetts preacher rises to explain how a public debt may be a blessing, not in disguise either, but openly and actually, real economy in fact, in this way—“We have a debt on our church. It has been there for a long time. It will doubtless be there for a long time to come. When we are asked to contribute to any object we refer to the debt. It has thus saved us a great deal of money—more than the debt itself, many times over.”

It is said that Walt Whitman indignantly repudiates the insinuation that he was the author of any portion of the centennial cantata.

The New York World concludes that the Presbyterian synods and assemblies, when they talk about “promiscuous dancing,” mean “round dancing.” How can that interpretation be sustained—that promiscuous means round? It is much more likely that promiscuous dancing means mixed or indiscriminate dancing, both as applied to the dancing and the dancers.

The Oregon farmers plow and sow between the showers, whenever they get a chance. Meantime the cattle lean against the fence, waiting for the grass to grow. About the same here this Spring.

George Cruikshank, the quondam caricaturist, says he left off caricaturing because he found out that the men he caricatured were better than those who employed him to do the caricaturing. Mr. Cruikshank is eighty-four years old, but still goes to public dinners, makes speeches, and is a lively, spirited, humorous, jolly fellow, though a testator.

This is about New Mexican Indians—“In New Mexico there are eighteen villages of the Pueblo Indians. These Pueblos are generally supposed to be a remnant of the Aztecs, and have not heretofore been thought worthy of Christianizing. But now an effort is on foot to make Presbyterians of them. At Langunuma a mission has been established, under the care of the Rev. J. Menaul, who was warmly received. We may yet expect to hear speeches in the General Assembly by some of these Presbyterianized Aztecs, and possibly one of them may some day be elected Moderator.”

Some German tradesmen addressed Prince Bismarck recently, complaining of the dullness of trade. The Prince answered tersely that he was not a white better, but that the produce of his estates sold only at unremunerative prices, and concluded by exhorting his fellow-sufferers to patriotic patience in expectation of better days. Just what we are all waiting for in patriotic patience long drawn out.

Here is a paragraph about doctors and eyes—“Mar Samuel, the great Babylonian rabbi, physician and astronomer, in the beginning of the third century, was honest also in regard to his medical cures. It is narrated (Sabbath 105) that Rabbi Janai, on request, sent to Mar Ukba a dose of Mar Samuel's eye tincture, and wrote at the same time to his friend that Mar Samuel himself had assured him that one drop of cold water in the eyes in the morning, and bathing hands and feet in the evening, were more effective than all the eye tinctures in the world.”

The Hebrew race have the reputation of longevity, and an eminent scientific authority ascribes their long life to the fact that while they do not eat the flesh of the animal, they do eat the flesh of the fowl, the law of Moses in regard to diet.

## ABOUT POLITICS.

POLITICS, as carried on in ordinary public life in this country, is little else than artfulness and trickery, intrigue and duplicity, a mean and selfish scramble for place, power, and pelf. Politics is the bane of America, the curse of the country. It is one incessant and dog struggle and fight for office, chiefly for the sake of the emoluments thereof. In this struggle everything is accounted fair, the most unprincipled, unscrupulous, and morally reckless devices are resorted to, the most baseless lies and infamous slanders are concocted and circulated, and the newspapers are burdened with them, until they are a reproach to the country and a stain in the nostrils of every fair-minded man, be he citizen or alien. This kind of politics fills offices with rascals, debases the public mind, and causes the whole political superstructure to teeter with corruption and rot with rottenness. With this kind of politics no honest man can have any sympathy whatever. He can only take towards it feelings of utter contempt and disgust and detestation. He abhors it in his inmost soul, and he will have none of it, nor any fellowship with it. Hence, many of the best citizens in the Union are counted out of politics. They have no sort of liking for it, and they cannot be persuaded to

affiliate themselves with the vast army of politicians on any terms whatever. There is politics of a higher kind, but it does not prevail. It is not fashionable. It is not popular. The country is so corrupted with the lower sort of politics that there is little room for the higher. The higher politics, or rather the true politics, includes the science and the wisdom of government, the preservation of the liberties and rights of the people and of the life and prosperity of the nation. True politics, or statesmanship, is not for everybody to seek office, but to let the office seek the man, the most fitting man, the best man. It is for him who would be greatest of all to the servant of all. It is to seek the prosperity of the country, the judicious development of its resources. It is to promote the welfare, comfort, and happiness of the people in every way possible. It is to have men of integrity in office, and to discharge the duties of the same in an honorable manner, so that it shall be a matter of legitimate and becoming pride for a man to say he is a citizen or subject of that nation.

Of politics of the first named kind, honest men and good citizens wish to be counted out. Politics of the last named kind, such men and such citizens desire to be counted in. Unfortunately, there is far too much chance for the former, and far too little chance for the latter.

## By Telegraph.

PER WIRELESS UNION TEL. LINE.

## TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES.

## EASTERN.

## More About the Fast Train.

OMAHA, Neb., 2.—The transcontinental train, after leaving Chicago last evening, gained steadily till it arrived here at 10:30 a. m. today, having lost twenty minutes by the breaking of a branch pump on the engine, but got a new one between Boone and Davenport. This morning she made a run of seventy-five miles in seventy-five minutes, and arrived here at 9:30 a. m. and left at 10:30 a. m. in the best possible shape. The party were all well and in good spirits. The Union Pacific folks have made every arrangement to insure the success of the trip on their road.

The Fast Train. COCONO, Ariz., 2.—The train from Chicago, after leaving here at 9:30 this a. m., local time, and thirty-seven minutes ahead of schedule time.

NEW YORK, 2.—The Times Boston special says, after a long and arduous journey, Mr. Mulligan is expected to arrive in New York today. Mr. Mulligan is eighty-four years old, but still goes to public dinners, makes speeches, and is a lively, spirited, humorous, jolly fellow, though a testator.

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who, having been private secretary, flower into public acoustics must be expected to be received with open arms by honorable men, however small they may be of being received with open mouths by the multitude.

LOCKPORT. Daniel Drew is falling gradually. The Sun speaks despairingly of the mustang race. It was the general opinion of the spectators that Parker was pushed into the position many times after his blindness had been noticed, so that the gate money was continued to flow in from hundreds arriving from New York by every train. It was five hundred dollars an hour to them to keep him going, although he was nearly blind.

LOCKPORT. All the conferees between the manufacturers and puddlers held to the lock-out, and today but very few puddling mills in this county are at work.

## FOREIGN.

## GREAT BRITAIN.

Continued in the Cage—Postponed—Refuses to Reorganize—Hemlock, etc.

LONDON, 2.—The last say, it seems that Abdul Aziz, late Sultan of Turkey, is confined in the palace called the Cage, and has reason to believe that his life is perfectly safe, and that Queen Victoria, immediately on learning of the deposition of Abdul Aziz, took steps to obtain satisfactory assurance of the personal safety of her former guest.

A dispatch from Constantinople states that the Ottoman Empire is in a state of great excitement, and that the new Sultan, with the sword of Osman, which is equivalent to coronation, is postponed until next week.

A Berlin dispatch to the "Globe" says it is stated here that Serbia refuses to recognize the new Sultan of Turkey, as the ground of his irregular accession to the throne, and declines to pay her tribute, two instalments of which are in arrears.

The same dispatch says that Prince Bismarck will accompany Emperor William to Paris, where a fresh conference will be held between Prince Bismarck, Prince Gortchakoff, and Count de Solms.

GERMANY. The race for the Oaks at Epsom resulted in a dead heat between "Camella" and "Engagement," and the Merry Duchess was the winner.

There are some subjects in regard to which it is the duty of every honest citizen to speak out plainly, without reserve, and without regard to consequences, no matter who may be offended. Until the press is prepared to betray its high trust and grovel in the dust before the power of a perverted public opinion it will never hesitate to denounce such incendiary.

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sis. The truth is, but very few people had any idea that the effect of the war would be to do anything so long as it has been, and, arguing from previous troubles of a similar character, thought that the recovery would take place certainly within two or three years at most. Our own opinion is that five clear years must be allowed for the various causes which combined to cause the panic to work themselves out. We are now paying for the war, for its expenditure, for the depreciation of currency and national credit, and last, but by no means least, for the depreciation of the value of our Government which has sapped public confidence, which is the most precious of commodities.

All these evils will gradually disappear and leave us in a somewhat exhausted but still healthy condition. We believe that about the fall of 1876 the movement will take place in all branches of commerce and the arts. But little is to be hoped this year. The excitement of the Centennial is positively a hindrance to the movement. A few special businesses, from local causes, may be better off than the general revival of trade. The sooner this fact is acknowledged and discounted the better for all. But we are well aware that many are suffering a terrible strain, and we see no reason why they should despair. There is no lane so long but it has a turning, and the turn to our long lane is at hand. But just as the dawn is always preceded by the darkest hour of the night, so will the recovery be preceded by a time compared with which the present is prosperous indeed. It seems almost cruel to publish such an opinion, but we honestly think it for the best that none should indulge in that false confidence in a speedy improvement which has unfortunately proved so disastrous to so many. —New York Music Trade Review.

## MINING STOCKS.

San Francisco, June 2, 1876.

Opbhr, 54 1/2 54 1/2 a  
B & B, 52 1/2 a  
Savage, 16 1/2 16 1/2 a  
Jacket, 22 1/2 22 1/2 a  
Alpha, 20 1/2 20 1/2 a  
Belcher, 20 1/2 a  
Cuba, 50 1/2 50 1/2 a  
Cala, 50 1/2 50 1/2 a  
Exchange, 18 1/2 18 1/2 a  
Green, 21 1/2 21 1/2 a  
Justice, 21 1/2 21 1/2 a  
T. Con, 11 1/2 11 1/2 a  
Julia, 9 1/2 a  
Utah, 21 1/2 a

MORNING BOARD.

San Francisco, June 2.  
394 Opbhr, 54 1/2 54 1/2 a, 50;  
54 1/2  
1620 Mex, 32 1/2 32 1/2 a, 32 1/2;  
73 1/2 73 1/2 a, 144 1/2  
275 B & B, 52 1/2 52 1/2 a  
110 Con Va, 74 1/2  
20 Chollar, 52 1/2 52 1/2 a  
270 Savage, 16 1/2 16 1/2 a  
625 Julia, 9 1/2 9 1/2 a  
30 H & N, 56  
130 Jacket, 22 1/2 22 1/2 a  
525 Imperial, 61 1/2 61 1/2 a  
640 Belcher, 20 1/2 20 1/2 a  
975 Alpha, 20 1/2 20 1/2 a  
300 Green, 21 1/2 21 1/2 a  
50 Nevada, 18 1/2 18 1/2 a  
140 Utah, 21 1/2 21 1/2 a  
45 Bullion, 19 1/2 19 1/2 a  
645 Colocated, 19 1/2 19 1/2 a  
110 Overman, 62 1/2 62 1/2 a  
980 Justice, 21 1/2 21 1/2 a  
120 Suco, 11 1/2 11 1/2 a  
270 Union, 11 1/2 11 1/2 a  
300 Lady Bryan, 4 3/4  
345 Julia, 10 1/2 10 1/2 a  
365 Calaveras, 5 1/2

FOUND.  
ON THIRDS OF MEX, ON MAIN STREET, a lady's gold bracelet. The owner will find it at this office.

NOTICE.  
NOTICE is hereby given that in election will be held in the school-room of the San Francisco Public Schools, on Wednesday, the 14th inst., at 10 o'clock, a. m., for the election of Trustees for said school.

GOOD NEWS TO THE LADIES.  
GRAY BARGAINS IN Dress Goods, Shawls, Prints, Muslins, Silks, Satins, etc., at the lowest prices, at the Dry Goods Store, 101 California St., San Francisco.

LEGISLATIVE DOCUMENTS.  
MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and of the Senate, are requested to call on and send their names to the Legislative Assembly, at the office of the Legislative Assembly, at the State Capitol, San Francisco, California.

DESERT.  
CARRIAGE & WAGON CO.,  
SECOND SOUTH STREET,  
VEHICLES BUILT TO ORDER.

Wagon to the family.  
Quality of work and material guaranteed. Min-  
ing Cars, built to order.

Painting and  
Tracing, and  
a large number of  
other specialties.

RETAIL DEPARTMENT,  
Z. C. M. I.

PHOTOGRAPHY DEPT.

We take great pleasure in announcing to our Patrons and the Public that our Stock of Dry Goods is complete in Every Department, with specialities in all classes of goods, consisting in part of

Fancy Dress Goods. Silk Plaid Pongee.  
Crepe de Chene Indow. French Carmelite [Assorted Colors]  
Brilliantine Francaise. Pure Mohair Mattlasse.

Together with every conceivable Style, Color and Quality.

## MOURNING DRESS GOODS A SPECIALTY.

And GRENADINES in every quality.

Spring and Summer Shawls in L'Lma, Printed and Woven, Plaids and Stripes, Single and Double Paisley (new designs), Lace and Grenadine, a full line of modest and new French styles.

## LADIES' UNDER SKIRTS

In variety, including the latest Desca, Ceres, Dido, Elfrieda and Achilde, at \$4 50.

## WHITE GOODS

Pique in endless assortment, Striped, Check, Plaid and Figured; Marseilles, Victoria Lawns, plain and figured, Bishop Lawns, French Organdies, Tarletans, &c., plain and figured Swiss Muslin.

## PRINTS, in great quantities,

Of French, English & American manufacture, at the lowest prices.

## A FULL LINE OF STAPLES.

Notions, Sun Shades and Parasols, in Silk and Cotton, of all sizes and prices, just received.

Kid Gloves, of Jouvin, Alexandre and Harris' celebrated makes.

The genuine Salt Lake Glove.

Ladies' Ties, Laces, Embroideries and Dress Trimmings and Buttons. Corsets a specialty.

This Department has received our special care and attention, and is the most complete in the West.

We invite the public to call and examine these various lines of Retail Goods.

H. B. CLAWSON, Supt.

NEW STYLE

## PRINTS

6 1/2 Cents Per Yard,

AT

## TAYLOR &amp; CUTLER'S

HOME MADE HATS.

THE CELEBRATED DOUBLE ELASTIC

SPONGEON STEEL PENS.

Locust and Mulberry.

WM. A. ROSSITER,

At the President's Office, d

DAVIS, DOWN & CO.,

FOUNDRY & MACHINE

SHOE.

W. A. ROSSITER,

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