

REIGN OF TERROR IN EVANSVILLE

Brought on by Race Prejudice
Between Blacks and Whites.

BOTH SIDES TOOK TO ARMS.

Negro Dives Headlong and Shot to Pieces—Mob Starts for Arsenal To Get Explosives.

Evansville, Ind., July 6.—Race prejudice between blacks and whites brought on a reign of terror here Sunday which has not ended. All of last night and all day yesterday armed mobs threatened the lives of citizens. Gun stores were broken open and guns and ammunition were seized by blacks and whites. The county is partly wrecked, an angry mob of 2,000 whites having broken in the jail to the hunt for black victims. The wall was forced by a battering ram. Negro divers were run, shot and killed in the search for the blacks, and an armed company of drilled blacks marched through the streets threatening the lives of all whites. The governor has ordered out troops to protect property, and quell the disturbance, but they have not arrived. At daylight this morning 200 armed white men have started for the powder magazine near the city to secure explosives, with which they declare they will blow up the entire negro colony of Baptist-town, a suburb of the city.

TRouble BREWING FOR MONTHS.

The trouble, which has been brewing for months, came to a crisis Friday when Lee Brown, a negro, shot and killed Fairman Massey, who was trying to arrest him while bent on the murder of a man with whom he quarreled. Threats of vengeance were followed by the surrounding of the jail. The negro was secretly removed from the city yesterday and taken to Vincennes. Patrolman Massey died in terrible agony, and yesterday morning the crowd refused to credit statements of the officials that the negro was not in the jail, and became threatening. Twenty-five policemen were mobilized in the jail and repulsed the first attempt to force an entrance after the gates had been crushed in. A telephone pole was used as a battering ram and the jail windows gave way. A committee was appointed to search for the negro, but its report that he was not in the jail was not believed, and after forcing a breach the mob poured into the corridors. Fighting then broke out there was a cry of "Kill the negroes," and arms were demanded.

A company of armed negroes, aroused by the race riot, marched through the streets shouting "Down with the whites," and threatening death to all if the negro was lynched. This started a rush for the gun stores by the whites. Three were taken to 400 rifles and revolvers with ammunition were seized.

From this time on throughout the night there was continued shooting. What the fatalities were the coming day will show. But one negro woman is known to be dead, and a boy named Logan was shot and seriously wounded by a negro. The mob went through the streets inhabited by negroes, did not stop to inspect its work, and the excitement and confusion of the night were being searched for dead and wounded.

The mob, after leaving the jail, on finding that the negro Brown was gone, broke into the gun stores of Boetticher & Kellogg, Wilmerding & Co., F. M. Bush & Co., and after thoroughly arming rushed through the streets hunting negroes. The armed company of negroes had disappeared. All the blacks had fled the streets, and when the whites failed to find the negroes, the resort of Budd Fruit was attacked and shot to pieces.

Were any killed there is not knowledge yet. The gun stores of Wilmerding and Bush were broken open and new recruits to the mob were armed. The march to Baptist-town was then begun, and as dawn broke the mob was rushing toward the powder magazine near the city for powder with which to blow up the negro colony.

Throughout the night officials have been powerless. The negroes after the first armed display of resistance, scattered and have not made a stand since. They are flying in terror before the mob of shots were fired during the night. The governor was appealed to and ordered out the militia, but it has not appeared as yet. Three gun stores are demolished, the jail is partly wrecked, glass in a hundred buildings is broken and a spirit of revenge on the part of the whites and of silent resistance on the part of the blacks, if corrected, is manifest. The governor has been appealed to a second time and is expected to take action today to avoid further bloodshed.

CITY IN MOB'S HANDS.

At 1 o'clock this morning this city is in the hands of a mob. Troops have been ordered out by the governor to protect the jail, which is surrounded by 200 men. Two negroes have been killed in the race riot which is rampant. The crowd around the jail, incited at the murder of a patrolman by a negro, is shouting death to all negroes.

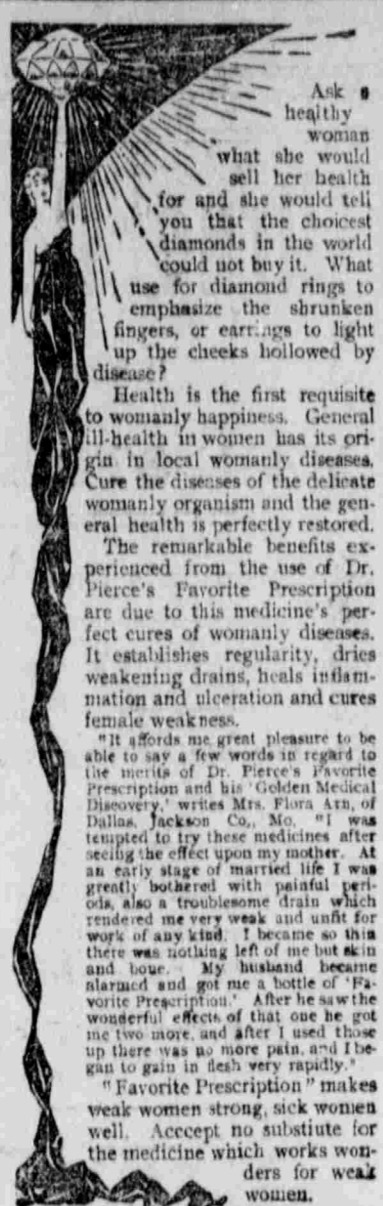
The negro has been secretly removed to Vincennes, but the mob refuses to believe it and is trying to tear down the jail. Stone-masons in the mob are chiseling out the bars of the windows and a battering ram is being used.

JAIL BROKEN IN.

The steel bars of the jail windows could not withstand the rain of blows from the battering ram of the mob. At 1 o'clock this morning the crowd swarmed in and began a search for the prisoner.

Police Capt. Brennick tried to check their advance by turning the hose upon them. When he appeared at the window holding the nozzle a rain of bullets was sent through the window. The captain retreated and no further attempt was made to keep the mob out.

A mob of 500 white men, heavily armed, is now marching through the streets of the city where negroes are likely to be found. Shots are heard constantly. It is rumored that another negro has been shot in First street.



Ask a healthy woman what she would sell her health for and she would tell you that the choicest diamonds in the world could not buy it. What use for diamonds rings to emphasize the shrunken fingers, or earrings to light up the cheeks hollowed by disease?

Health is the first requisite to womanly happiness. General ill-health in women has its origin in local womanly diseases. Cure the diseases of the delicate womanly organism and the general health is perfectly restored. The remarkable benefits experienced from the use of Dr. Miles' Favorite Prescription are due to this medicine's perfect cures of womanly diseases. It regulates monthly, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

It affords me great pleasure to be able to say a few words regarding the merits of Dr. Miles' Favorite Prescription and his Golden Medical Discovery, writes Mrs. Flora Ann of Dallas, Jackson Co., Mo. "I was troubled by this medicine, dried weakening drains, healed inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. As an early stage of married life I was afflicted with painful, getting old, also a troublesome drain which rendered me very weak and unfit for work of any kind. I became so weak that I was unable to leave my bed and was suffering from loss of sleep and appetite. My husband became alarmed and got me a bottle of 'Favorite Prescription.' After he saw the wonderful effects of that one he used there was no more pain and the drain was cured. I feel very strong and well. Accept no substitute for the medicine which works wonderfully for weak women."

when a little boy named Logan was shot in the leg by a negro. Logan was taken to the hospital and several negroes have been seriously injured. The entire police force is stationed at the jail and the negroes are taking possession of the town.

The race riot tonight was the immediate outcome of the shooting of Patrolman Massey Friday night by Lee Brown, a negro. Brown and another negro had engaged in a quarrel and Brown had sworn to kill his antagonist. He ran toward his home to secure a revolver and Patrolman Massey, who was in the neighborhood, saw him and fired at him.

A DUEL IN THE STREET.

As the negro came back armed, hunting his enemy, Massey stepped from a doorway and laid his hand on Brown's shoulder. Brown turned quickly and shot the patrolman in the chest. The officer, as he lay on the sidewalk, fired at Brown and wounded him dangerously. He fell and the two fired at each other until the police arrived.

Excitement has been intense and after the arrest of Brown the jail has been guarded night and day. Last night a lynching was feared and the mob that surrounded the jail during the night was held at bay only by the ready weapons of dozens of deputies.

Today an outbreak was feared and the negro was secretly removed from the jail and taken to Vincennes, where he now lies in the new jail at the point of death. The mob, however, is being guarded by armed deputies, who will remain on duty all night. Patrolman Massey died last night from his wounds.

A company of negroes, armed with rifles, is marching through the streets threatening to kill all white people. They have just broken into a hardware store and secured all the arms and ammunition. Three business men have just been fired on, and are now organizing and arming a party to exterminate the negroes.

MILITIA ORDERED OUT.

At 10 o'clock the militia were ordered out and within an hour will be at the jail. A telegram has just been received by Capt. Blum of company E to get the militia together as quickly as possible and to protect the prisoners at the jail at all hazards. After the mob has been dispersed they will be taken to the city and held in the city hall.

At 2 o'clock this morning the crowds on the streets are increasing and firing can be heard in all directions. Disorder and rioting are everywhere and every one of the thousands on the streets is carrying his life in his hands. The police are being cheered for numbers.

RIOTING EVERYWHERE.

The streets present a scene of wild disorder. Frightened women are hurrying to their homes, afraid to venture on the side streets. Negroes are reported gathering at several points. The police are powerless to preserve order. The entire force is not sufficient to cope with the crowds around the jail.

At 2 o'clock this morning the crowds on the streets are increasing and firing can be heard in all directions. Disorder and rioting are everywhere and every one of the thousands on the streets is carrying his life in his hands. The police are being cheered for numbers.

RIOTING EVERYWHERE.

The streets present a scene of wild disorder. Frightened women are hurrying to their homes, afraid to venture on the side streets. Negroes are reported gathering at several points. The police are powerless to preserve order. The entire force is not sufficient to cope with the crowds around the jail.

At 2 o'clock this morning the crowds on the streets are increasing and firing can be heard in all directions. Disorder and rioting are everywhere and every one of the thousands on the streets is carrying his life in his hands. The police are being cheered for numbers.

RIOTING EVERYWHERE.

The streets present a scene of wild disorder. Frightened women are hurrying to their homes, afraid to venture on the side streets. Negroes are reported gathering at several points. The police are powerless to preserve order. The entire force is not sufficient to cope with the crowds around the jail.

erous arrests of the negroes they are now making. Every time a negro is taken into custody the police are applauded and hundreds of people are following the wagon. A whole patrol wagon load of negroes was picked up on Water street a few minutes ago and about 200 shots were fired as they passed up Main street. The mob is still going through the streets looking for negroes.

The Acme hotel had to close its doors tonight because all of its colored servants became panic-stricken and ran away.

NEGROES FIRE ON MOB.

After the mob had been in the jail only a few minutes word was brought that a mass of negroes was congregated at Budd Fruit's saloon at No. 415 Upper Fourth street, and was firing from windows and the roof upon the whites as they passed.

The mob immediately decided to bombard it. A hundred or more armed men, upon command, fell into line and marched from the jail up Fourth street into the market square, halting in front of Fruit's place.

Negroes were to be seen below and around the windows, but they did not molest the whites. The whites, then, upon the command of the leader, a volley of 100 shots was fired into the building, completely wrecking it.

It was known at the time that there was a large number of negroes in the saloon. It is thought that many of them were hid in the large buildings surrounding the saloon. Several are reported shot, but no dead bodies have been brought in.

PRISON SURROUNDED.

At 2:45 this morning the jail is still surrounded by 500 persons. A mob of 200 white men, armed with rifles, is surrounding the jail, looking for negroes and shooting into well-known negro resorts.

The jail presents a battered appearance. One window has been crushed in, and bars and stone copings are gone, a second window is wrecked where the battering-ram went through the walls. Several bullet marks by the dozen can be seen on the walls.

FLY FROM THE MOB.

Whether the mob is leaving any dead behind is not known, as everyone flees before the crowd and no search has been made for the dead. The mob does not stay to inspect the results of its work.

After leaving the wrecked place of Budd Fruit, the mob of desperate men, swelled to between 300 and 400, ran down Sycamore street, well-armed and seized with the mob fever joined them.

At First and Sycamore streets an attack was made on the store of Boetticher & Kellogg. This was repulsed by an employee of the company, who declared that the store contained no more guns.

MOVE ON BAPTIST TOWN.

The crowd then passed to Water street, where the lack of negroes failed to satisfy the mob. The mob yelled "On to Baptist Town," where many negroes live. The march on Baptist Town was begun with the unarmed mob, however, for guns.

On Main street near Fifth some one yelled that the store of E. M. Bush & Co. should be attacked. His suggestion was immediately answered by a rush on the glass-plate front. In two minutes the door was forced open and the big windows shattered by gun barrels. Policemen rushed up and drove the mob away.

About this time (4 a. m.) the men were still crying for victims. The mob rushed to Wilmerding's gun store and secured its arms. Then they moved on the mob had 300 additional guns; boxes of cartridges were grabbed, and the march to Baptist Town, where the negro colony lives, was resumed. The mob continued its rush for Baptist Town, with the intention of stopping on the way and robbing a powder magazine to secure with which to blow up the negro colony.

SHOT AT WHITE WOMEN.

While Mrs. Morgan and Mrs. Press Bobb were seated on their porch last night two negroes passed up Third street. One of them said: "There are some white folks here who are afraid of the church, but I will show them words both drew revolvers and fired. One of the bullets came within an inch of Mrs. Bobb. They were panic-stricken, ran into the house and fastened the door. After firing several more shots at the house the two negroes continued up the street.

MILITIA ORDERED OUT.

Anderson, Ind., July 6.—Gov. Durbin said this morning that he had just received word of the race riot at Evansville and that he had ordered the local militia in arms at once to restore order in that city. He made arrangements at once to get into close touch with the authorities at Evansville.

RIOT GROWS WORSE.

Evansville, Ind., July 6.—The race riot began growing still worse at 4 o'clock this morning. The police sent after the mob which started for Baptist Town to blow up the negro colony. The police were powerless, as the mob was armed with rifles and they had only revolvers.

Just after dawn the mob began bombarding the houses of the colored people in Baptist Town and the police had reports that many persons were wounded in the battle that followed, and that there are probably some deaths. The police obtained no names. There is a confirmed report that several houses have been blown up.

Up to this time (4 a. m.) the militia has not rallied but efforts to get it together are in progress.

GERMANY AND CUBA.

Former Has No Intention to Present Claims Against Latter.

Berlin, July 5.—The German foreign office says the report that Germany intended to present to the Cuban government claims for indemnity for losses sustained by Germans during the recent war is untrue.

THREE FIREMEN BURIED.

By Falling Wall and Then One Burned Alive.

Oakland, Cal., July 5.—In the burning of the Arcade building here today three firemen were buried by a falling floor. Frank Parker was killed, and his companions escaped. The building was owned by Gov. Pardee.

Floods in Maryland.

Cumberland, July 5.—Rain tonight flooded the entire section from the city to a depth of six feet. Many plants and trees were damaged. The street car line was entirely shut up by the flood. The West Virginia Central railroad is closed by landslides. Hyndman, Pa., was flooded by a sudden rain. Much damage is reported. The total damage hereabouts is estimated at \$50,000.

DUEL WITH REVOLVERS.

One is Dead and Three Probably Fatally Wounded.

Steeleville, Mo., July 4.—One dead and three probably fatally injured is the result of a duel with revolvers which took place here this afternoon between Sheriff W. R. Taylor of Crawford county, his son Perry Ives, Deputy Marshal John Woods and Robert Sparks a farmer, and his son Robert, aged 21 years.

DEAD.

Robert Sparks, shot through the heart, death resulting instantly.

HIS HOLINESS THE POPE DYING

His Life Now is Prolonged by Means
Of Strong Stimulants.

"GOD'S WILL BE DONE."

He Lies on a Small Bed Overlooking
The Piazza of St. Peter's—Change Occurred Sunday.

Rome, July 6.—The text of the bulletin issued this morning by the pope's physicians is as follows:

"Although his holiness passed the night almost without sleep, he is not so uneasy as he was yesterday. The pope has been benefited by the injection of digitalis and camphor, and the condition of his chest is normal. There is a slight cough, with some cantarrhal emission. Sufficient nourishment has been taken. The pulse is still weak, but not intermittent and the temperature is below normal. The condition of the august patient, therefore, cannot be described as better, but it is certainly no worse."

"LAPPONI, 'MAZZONI'."

"GOD'S WILL BE DONE."

"God's will be done. Who would have believed it, when only ten days ago I was presiding over a public consistory," murmured, feebly, Pope Leo, as he felt himself late last evening sinking into a sleep which lasted about three hours, until exasperating pain brought the dying pontiff back to consciousness. He groaned and complained of pains on both sides of the thorax. Tenderly Dr. Lapponi, assisted by Pope Leo's valet, Pio Centra, and the physician's second assistant, Dr. Carlo, scoured the city looking for negroes and shooting into well-known negro resorts.

The pope seemed lost with the robarty of faith, as formulated by the council of Trent and finally the words of absolution and the formula of indulgence in "Articulo Mortis" which were pronounced by the grand pontificatory, the heads of the great religious orders, who were present, granted the pope the privilege of conferring. Then came the touching prayers for a passing soul and part of the gospel, the Lord's Prayer, and the last words died away all fell on their knees.

POPE'S BENEDICTION.

The pontiff, raised his almost transparent face with a feeble effort, pronounced in scarcely audible words his benediction on the sacred college and on all present, and then sank back on his pillow. There was scarcely a tearless eye in the whole assembly. The souls of the pope's relatives were plainly heard. Deep silence, broken now and then by murmured prayers or a pious ejaculation, reigned.

In a portion of the Loggia of Raphael, adjoining the papal apartments, were the families of Count Riccardo Pecci and Count Moroni, the pope's nephews. It is stated that owing to the serious illness of the pope the proposed visit of King Victor Emmanuel to Paris has been postponed indefinitely.

HANNA WILL DIRECT.

Remains as Chairman of Republican Committee.

Boston, July 5.—Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, in an interview with a representative of the Boston Journal, denied tonight that he would succeed Senator Hanna as chairman of the Republican national committee and manage the coming campaign.

"In fact," he continued, "you may state, as coming from me, that Senator Hanna is the chairman of the Republican national committee, and that to him will be left the management of the coming campaign."

HANNA GETTING READY.

Cleveland, O., July 5.—According to a telegram which the leader will print tomorrow, Senator Hanna has disposed of his business interests which necessitated his leaving his home in Indiana, in which he was heavily interested. The reason for this, the leader will state, is to give the senator more time to devote to politics, the senator having come to the conclusion that he cannot do justice to both business and politics at the same time.

CHANGE OCCURRED SUNDAY.

The condition of the pope was much worse Sunday morning. During the night he succeeded in sleeping comparatively well. Chloral and caffeine are being administered by the mouth in order to soothe the heart, but his holiness refused to have the first official bulletin issued at 11:30 Sunday morning.

Dr. Lapponi is deeply concerned by the condition of the pope. He had a consultation with Dr. Mazzoni, who confirmed the diagnosis of pneumonia, but by his colleague of senile pulmonary hypertrophy. Dr. Mazzoni approved the treatment already commenced. The general condition of the pope is grave, on account of the age of the patient, although for the moment it is not alarming.

Count Camille Pecci went to the Vatican yesterday morning, where he spent the day. The other members of the Pecci family are hourly informed of the pope's condition by special messengers. The pope calmly gave directions concerning his last wishes Sunday morning.

TOLD OF HIS CONDITION.

At 7 o'clock last evening the pope was sinking so fast that it was considered best to gradually inform him of the gravity of his condition in order that he might prepare for his last communion, which was administered later, with the participation of all the cardinals, who are now in Rome, and also the whole of the pontifical court. The pontiff at that hour was still conscious and his breathing somewhat relieved by inhaling oxygen.

TALK WITH MAZZONI.

Dr. Mazzoni Sunday afternoon on his return from consultation at Pope Leo's bedside. The doctor said: "The situation at this time is certainly really grave, in view of the great age of the patient and his state of extreme weakness. However, the case is not yet desperate, especially with a man having such unexpected reserve of energy and vitality, which at the age of 93 is indeed astonishing."

The exact condition of the pope's illness is senile dynamic pneumonia, but his holiness has not the least idea that he is attacked by any organic disease. In fact, he was not in bed when I went to the Vatican, but was seated in the usual armchair, where I am accustomed to see him in the morning. He believes the oppression on his chest and the accompanying difficulty of breathing are merely the results of extreme weakness."

REQUEST OF PONTIFF.

"As soon as he saw me his holiness repeatedly requested me to turn attention to the best means of restoring his strength, which he said was all he required, except a little fresh air. Now and then the pope has recourse to his inveterate habit of snuff-taking, saying that he finds it very refreshing."

The weakness of the patient's pulse and his short and freer breathing gradually gaining strength, are the only external symptoms of any serious nature; but, as I said before, the pope this morning was full of spirit and would not take a pessimistic view of his own case. When I left him, his holiness said: 'Come again soon, I will try to give you a better reception.'

During Sunday afternoon the strength of the pontiff began to fail him so rapidly and his condition became so critical

that it appeared that only a few hours of his life remained to him. It was therefore deemed wise to advise him of his grave condition, and this was done with tender precaution. Pope Leo was thus prepared for his last communion, which was administered tonight, with the participation of all the cardinals now in Rome and the whole of the pontifical court.

LAST SACRAMENT ADMINISTERED.

The solemn, yet gorgeous, ceremony of administering the last sacrament took place at the bedside of Pope Leo. The elderly, bearded Vannucci pontiff, whose long life's journey is nearly over, calmly prepared to enter the dark valley. His pale and emaciated face, almost as white as the pillows on which he rested, showed little sign of life except the keen glittering eyes, always his most striking feature.

Around the bed were grouped the noble guards, in their glittering uniforms, the Knights of the Cloak and Sword, in their picturesque medieval costumes, the papal chamberlains, the 25 cardinals, all the members of the sacred college who were present in Rome, stately and venerable figures in their forming crimson robes, the whole forming a scene of rich yet subdued coloring, a fit subject for the pencil of Rembrandt. The whole is what is called the pontifical family, headed by Cardinal Ramolla, and including all the private chamberlains, were there. Nearest to the bed stood the imposing figure of the cardinal grand penitentiary, the pope's confessor to hear the last confession of the departing pontiff.

LAST ABSOLUTION SAID.

The priest apostolic approached bearing the viaticum to give the last communion and the extreme unction, assisted by the grand penitentiary. Pope Leo feebly recited the confession of faith, as formulated by the council of Trent and finally the words of absolution and the formula of indulgence in "Articulo Mortis" which were pronounced by the grand pontificatory, the heads of the great religious orders, who were present, granted the pope the privilege of conferring. Then came the touching prayers for a passing soul and part of the gospel, the Lord's Prayer, and the last words died away all fell on their knees.

POPE'S BENEDICTION.

The pontiff, raised his almost transparent face with a feeble effort, pronounced in scarcely audible words his benediction on the sacred college and on all present, and then sank back on his pillow. There was scarcely a tearless eye in the whole assembly. The souls of the pope's relatives were plainly heard. Deep silence, broken now and then by murmured prayers or a pious ejaculation, reigned.

In a portion of the Loggia of Raphael, adjoining the papal apartments, were the families of Count Riccardo Pecci and Count Moroni, the pope's nephews. It is stated that owing to the serious illness of the pope the proposed visit of King Victor Emmanuel to Paris has been postponed indefinitely.

HANNA WILL DIRECT.

Remains as Chairman of Republican Committee.

Boston, July 5.—Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, in an interview with a representative of the Boston Journal, denied tonight that he would succeed Senator Hanna as chairman of the Republican national committee and manage the coming campaign.

"In fact," he continued, "you may state, as coming from me, that Senator Hanna is the chairman of the Republican national committee, and that to him will be left the management of the coming campaign."

HANNA GETTING READY.

Cleveland, O., July 5.—According to a telegram which the leader will print tomorrow, Senator Hanna has disposed of his business interests which necessitated his leaving his home in Indiana, in which he was heavily interested. The reason for this, the leader will state, is to give the senator more time to devote to politics, the senator having come to the conclusion that he cannot do justice to both business and politics at the same time.

CHANGE OCCURRED SUNDAY.

The condition of the pope was much worse Sunday morning. During the night he succeeded in sleeping comparatively well. Chloral and caffeine are being administered by the mouth in order to soothe the heart, but his holiness refused to have the first official bulletin issued at 11:30 Sunday morning.

Dr. Lapponi is deeply concerned by the condition of the pope. He had a consultation with Dr. Mazzoni, who confirmed the diagnosis of pneumonia, but by his colleague of senile pulmonary hypertrophy. Dr. Mazzoni approved the treatment already commenced. The general condition of the pope is grave, on account of the age of the patient, although for the moment it is not alarming.

Count Camille Pecci went to the Vatican yesterday morning, where he spent the day. The other members of the Pecci family are hourly informed of the pope's condition by special messengers. The pope calmly gave directions concerning his last wishes Sunday morning.

TOLD OF HIS CONDITION.

At 7 o'clock last evening the pope was sinking so fast that it was considered best to gradually inform him of the gravity of his condition in order that he might prepare for his last communion, which was administered later, with the participation of all the cardinals, who are now in Rome, and also the whole of the pontifical court. The pontiff at that hour was still conscious and his breathing somewhat relieved by inhaling oxygen.

TALK WITH MAZZONI.

Dr. Mazzoni Sunday afternoon on his return from consultation at Pope Leo's bedside. The doctor said: "The situation at this time is certainly really grave, in view of the great age of the patient and his state of extreme weakness. However, the case is not yet desperate, especially with a man having such unexpected reserve of energy and vitality, which at the age of 93 is indeed astonishing."

The exact condition of the pope's illness is senile dynamic pneumonia, but his holiness has not the least idea that he is attacked by any organic disease. In fact, he was not in bed when I went to the Vatican, but was seated in the usual armchair, where I am accustomed to see him in the morning. He believes the oppression on his chest and the accompanying difficulty of breathing are merely the results of extreme weakness."

REQUEST OF PONTIFF.

"As soon as he saw me his holiness repeatedly requested me to turn attention to the best means of restoring his strength, which he said was all he required, except a little fresh air. Now and then the pope has recourse to his inveterate habit of snuff-taking, saying that he finds it very refreshing."

The weakness of the patient's pulse and his short and freer breathing gradually gaining strength, are the only external symptoms of any serious nature; but, as I said before, the pope this morning was full of spirit and would not take a pessimistic view of his own case. When I left him, his holiness said: 'Come again soon, I will try to give you a better reception.'

During Sunday afternoon the strength of the pontiff began to fail him so rapidly and his condition became so critical

WHO WILL BE LEO'S SUCCESSOR?

All Kinds of Speculation in Circulation in Rome About It.

ITALIAN OR FOREIGNER?

Generally Believed That it Will be The Former—Cardinal Gibbons May Have a Very Remote Chance.

Rome, July 6.—All kinds of speculation is already in circulation as to the probable successor to the throne of St. Peter. Opinions are much divided, owing to the many interests which will be affected according to the choice made by the sacred college. The first question the cardinals will have to solve will be whether the conclave shall be held in Rome or outside of Italy. It is believed that the supporters of the idea of abandoning Rome will be even fewer than in the conclave held after the death of Pius IX, when 32 out of 37 cardinals voted in favor of Rome.

The second question will be whether the next pope must be an Italian or a foreigner. It is generally believed that he will be an Italian, because, in view of the struggle between the church and the state, the fall of the temporal power and the constitution of united Italy, all the clergy, as well as the Clerical party and even foreigners, think that an Italian pope can protect better than a stranger the advance of the religious and political interests of the church.

The candidates chiefly spoke of are Cardinal Rampolla and Cardinal Serafino Vannutelli. They are both representatives of the conservative policy, but are bitter antagonists of each other. Cardinal Rampolla is a very warm Francophile, while Cardinal Vannutelli is avowedly a policy inaugurated by the present pontifical policy of state. The most probable liberal candidates are Cardinal Bischoff Agliardi and Cardinal Priest Satolli, whose breadth of views and love of modern ideas have been strengthened during his stay in America.