DESERET EVENING NEWS TUESDAY MARCH 3 1908

DESERET EVENING NEW performed.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING. (Sunday Excepted), Corner of South Temple and 1 ist Temple Streets, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Horace G. Whitney - Deciners Manager. SUBSCRIPTION PRICES.

Saturday Edition, per year

ention should be addressed the EDITOR. business communication THE DESERET NEWS. Sait Lake

Entered at the Postoffice of Salt Lake City as second class matter according to Act of Congress, March 3, 1879. SAUT LAKE CITY, MARCH 3, 1908.

ANOTHER VETERAN CALLED.

Elder Peter Forsgren, whose death at Brigham City was announced in the "News" on Monday, was the first convert to the Gospel, baptized in the Scandinavian mission. His baptism took place at Geffe, Sweden, in July, 1850. or nearly fifty-eight years ago. That is a long time. Elder Forsgren has been a faithful member of the Church all these years. Though he has passed through many trials and difficulties, he has never wavered in his faith. His testimony has ever been firm and consistent.

Elder Forsgren had, from the first, almost miraculous proofs of the truth of the Gospel. His sister, who also embraced the Gospel, has often told how one Sunday, when attending church, she saw before her a personage who told her that soon a man would come to her native town with three books, and, he added, "all who believe in the things written in the books, shall be saved." Shortly after this vision Elder John E. Forsgren arrived in Geffe, as a missionary from Utah. He had the Bible, the Book of Mormon and Doctrine and Covenants. She believed, and so did her brother. But this was not the only evidence of the divine nature of the message Peter Forsgren was, according to his own testimony, suffering from consumption at the time of his conver-The physicians had given him sion. But he was restored through faith and prayers, and this wonderful experience he never tired of relating He also very often told of anothe incident. One day his brother, John Forsgren, was summoned to appear before the public prosecutor, and during the examination that official asked him if he had a picture of the Prophet Joseph. He had one, and gave it to the official, who promptly set fire to it. While it was burning, John Forsgren was moved upon by the Holy Spirit. and he saw the city destroyed by fire. He made the prediction that the visita. tion would come. Nineteen years from that date, Geffe was almost totally destroyed by a conflagration, and the fire started, Elder Forsgren testifies, in the very house in which the picture

of the Prophet was consigned to the flames. Such are some of the testimonies of

a great many of the early converts to the Gospel of Jesus. As they have become more conversant with the wonderful truths revealed, the pure and high moral ideals of the servants of the Lord, and their unselflish sacrifice upon the altar of service, their testimony has become stronger and strong-

er. outh of Elder Forgeren

lis forward course. His part was well The service to mankind that Dr Cushman and those with whom he was associated, those who preceded him and those who have so improved the telephone in late years cannot well

be measured in words. It is an instrument of peace and of war. It occupies a stable position in the business affairs of every city and town in the world. In war it connects commanders with each unit of their orces so that they may wield their weapons in a stragetic manner and making of all its parts, one army, a unit striving to attain one end. Its use in commercial and industrial life is too varied to require comment

Suffice it is to say that copper wires link cities, towns, villages and settlements so that a human voice may be heard over thousands of miles, setting at naught the distance between them Lacking but a few mlies, telephonie mmunication is almost established between the main cities of the Atlantic and of the Pacific.

In the accomplishment of this remarkable feat, the part taken by Dr lushman was not insignificant.

Still to the fore marches science Having annihilated space with wires it would conquer all distance with the utilization of the ether waves natur bas provided as a portion of the bell surrounding this planet. Marconi De Forest and others of their type first jeered in the public mind as imbeciles, have accomplished so much that shamed must be the man who seld their hopes were builded of nothing.

It has always been so. The man who seeks his fellow man's good is oftentimes the most bitterly persecuted. Morse, Bell, Franklin, Edisonand who not of the inventors' hostall in their day were smiled upon b thin brained wiseacres who, wit! mockery, made crude pointings to their foreheads when they passed and called them dolts, numb skulls and idiots. When these men reaped their first fruits they did so almost alone in their joy. It has remained for a

later age to acclaim them. So we say, in the passing of Dr Cushman is no time for grief or sorrow. Four score and nine is a goodly age. Four score and nine, with every year filled with a desir to help a fellow man is better and this was the life of him. To his spirit, we would say rest in peace Our memory of him should be filled with thanks. He has done something that will live forever, something for us all.

TO BE FAIR.

The case against Mr. Sheets being nded, it is only fair to the gentlemen who conducted the prosecution, to say that they, as far as we are able to judge, conducted the case with ability. It was known that the District Attorney, Mr. F. C. Loofbourow, had been : lose, personal friend of the ex-Chief of Police, and it was supposed that that fact might, perhaps, have some influ ence upon the prosecution. But Mr Loofbourow, we are pleased to say, did not seem to let that interfere in any way with the performance of his duties as an officer, and the best proof of that is Mr. Sheets' attack upon him in a newspaper interview.

The disappearance of Parrent was unfortunate because of the suspicion it aroused, as to the sincerity of the prosecution, but it cut really no figure in he outcome of the bribery case. It is even a question whether he would have been placed on the stand as a witness, had he been here.

We have no desire to make any further comments on the case itself. It is ended by the verdict of the jury and should be ended in public discussion. respect The evidence was insufficient to convict, and hence the acquittal. But, as we have said, it is only fair to state that this was not due to any neglect on the part of those who conducted the prose-

our children problems difficult enough, ut by no means insolvable. On the other hand, if we allenate the warm friendship of this nation, so that world problems must be solved on lines of yellow and white, it will be 'after us the deluge' for our descendants. The Invisible line that separates the East from the West now runs through the Yellow Sea. Don't let us shift it back again into the middle of the Pacific." These are words of soberness and good sense. The mission of every American should be of one of peac

and good-will in the world, and not one of strife and contention. The contrary is opposed to the very spirit of our institutions and, therefore, to our best interests.

GEOGRAPHIC MAGAZINE.

The National Geographic Society ofth headquarters at Washington, D. ", is entering upon the twentieth year f useful work. It now has a membership of over 30,000, and is therefore th argest organization of its kind, in the world. It counts among its members the President of the United States, ex-President Cleveland, members of the Supreme Court, Senate, House of Repeseantatives, ambassadors and ministers of the United States and men and vomen distinguished in scientific research.

The Society publishes the National Seographic Magazine, a periodical that is unique in many respects, and unexcelled, we believe, as a teacher of geography. That publication for 1907 makes t volume of 900 pages containing over 00 pictures and two large colored maps either one of which is worth the pric f the entire year's subscription. Th olume of 1998 promises to be larger better, and more valuable. The maga zine gives information about those parts the world most prominent in the pub a eye; a popular and authentic record f the marvelous geographic work of the United States Government; illustrated articles of foreign travel and foreign people, and descriptions of the latest explorations and discoveries in the many branches of geography.

AS HISTORY WILL BE WRITTEN.

Boston Herald.

"Smokelessly the guns did their dead-ly work, noiselessly and awefully the bullets swept forth to cause painless death, and, when the hour of triumph cause, the victors exulted in the sign language." A son of Sir Hiram Maxim is reported as having perfected a "si-lent firearm" by which the customary bark is reduced to a hiss, and the gases generated are emitted gradually. The projectile goes just as far, but the eneprojectile goes just as far, but the ene-my cannot locate the Bring either by eye or by ear. Gov. Hughes controls the rights of this new invention applied to politics

DES MOINES PLAN CONSTITU-TIONAL.

Washington Herald.

supreme court of lowa has sus tained in every particular the consti-tutionality of the elective commission system of local government about to b established in Des Moines. That sys em was attacked on the ground, amo other things, that legislative, executive, and judicial functions were combined in a single body, and that the legisla-ture delegated legislative functions to the people by providing for the initia-tive, referendum, and recall. As to the first of these allegations, it was sought to establish that government by an to establish that government by an elective commission was repugnant to that clause of the federal Constitution which guarantees to every state a re-publican form of governent. The court, however, held that this provision relat-ed only to the form of state govern-ments and not to the political entities created by state legislatures. Moreover, the court found that the combination of all three of the primal functions of government in local officers was within the competency of the legisla-ture, inasmuch as the state constitu-

A SERMONET FOR WORKERS

(For the "News," by H. J. Hapgood.) The apprenticeship idea is by no means confined to the trades. Business houses today are conducting spectal schools, in connection with their establishments, to train men for high grade positions. One of the engineers of a large coal company in Pittsburg, which controls 120 mines, recently said that they have difficulty in getting young technical graduates to go in for coal mining. "As a rule," he said, college men would rather go west to the gold and silver mines."

This company is now working out a plan to enable the embryo mining engineer, to spend his summer vacations in practical work at the mines, and so qualify him for a responsible position after graduation.

Many other large concerns are taking hold of young men and giving them a thorough course of study along the lines of their business. Well established telephone companies, electrica concerns and locomotive works are offering exceptional opportunities to the right people. Not only do they train men to technical work, but also for executive and sales positions. A number of concerns today put their young salesmen through a course in salesmanship that is bound to help a man

secure orders. How different is this apprenticeship than the kind they had during the arly days of our economic history. Then a man went and lived at the ome of his employer. He worked like slave for several years and all he got for it was a little knowledge and poor living. Today our young men are paid handsome salaries and are given the advantage of expert instruction from the hands of practical

RECENT PUBLICATIONS.

The American Magazine is taking up the presidential candidates. William Allen White will soon present a char-Magazine. But how about Hughes? Ida M. Tarbell writes of Hughes. She makes he big lawyer clear to the reader. "Mr booley's" article this month is on Philosophers." In the same number 'Philosophers." Ray Stannard Baker reports "The Ne-gro's Struggle for Survival in the North," and Prof. W. I. Thomas writes "The Psychology of the Yellow Jour-al." Upton Sinclair reports fresh and startling facts about the extravagant life of the very rich in New York City, and Lincoln Steffens presents a char-acter sketch of "U'ren, the lawgiver, the legislative blacksmith of Oregon the legislative blacksmith of Oregon who is fashioning tools for democracy." "The Pilgrin's Serip" are full of good reading. David Grayson, author of "Adventures in Contentment," writes an "Adventure in Fraternity." The storytellers are: Marion Hill, Lucille Baldwin Van Slyke and John G. Ner heardt - 241 Effth Ave. New York. hardt .- 341 Fifth Ave., New York.

The Outing Magazine for March has The Outing alagazine tor alarter has a solid interest. Its photographs make it a veritable picture gallery of mod-ern life. Among the writers are Mr. Vance Thompson who, after living the life of a gondoller in Venice, describes this life; Robert Dunn who tells of a me, they breads valoances under tha this life; Robert Dunn who tens of a sea that breeds volcances, under the title of "On the Chase for Volcances;" Ralph D, Paine who has selected from old sea diaries and logs some brand new facts that shed an interesting and valuable light upon our early history his March article is entitled "The Pri-vateersman of '76:" Miss Agnes C Laut, who describes woman's part in national development under the title of "The Pioneer Women of the West." Miss Zona Gale's informing article upor 'How to Make a Garden" will be found f very timely service. Other articles in the number are "Some Ancient Ameri "Fighters in Real Life," by Robert Edgren; "The Maligned Everglades,"



And Stage Pictures



Spring Styles

In Abundance.

others whose departure has been announced lately, reminds us that the old veterans are dropping off, one by one. But though they are dead, they speak. In the record they have left us, they give encouragement to faithfulness. They tell us of the life beyond.

"If all our hopes and all our fears Were prisoned in life's narrow bounds;

If, travelers through this vale of tears, We saw no better world beyond; Oh, what could check the rising sigh? What earthly thing could pleasure

give? Oh, who would venture then to die? Oh, who could then endure to live? And such were life without the ray From our divine religion given; "Tis this that makes our darkness day; "Tis this that makes our earth a heaven

heaven, Bright is the golden sun above, And beautiful the flowers Tdat bloom, And all is joy and all is love, Reflected from the world to come."

WORK WELL DONE.

Dr. S. D. Cushman of Minneapolia is dead. In his life he filled to overbrimming eighty-nine years and behind him his name should ever live; for he helped his fellow-man. Cushman did something for you. Every Japan for a quarter of a contury, or man is made happier by what he did while he lived and so why in his

death after a life longer than usually is the lot of man should there be weeping? He did well his part in life

Dr. Cushman invented the first telephone.

Dr. Cushman, in his youth, was associated with those master-minds, Horace Greeley and S. F. B. Morae, He was of their type of manhood. The best part of the life of each of the three was devoted to doing something to make lighter the burden of man.

Cushman did not first conceive the telephone, but he took up the work left undone by Reis and Wheatstone and others like Boll, Edison and Blake have followed Cushman, These latter men of note further improved

the work of Cushman and made life just a little more pleasant, its burdens a triffe lighter. And for that we are pubbl

We know that the spirit of Cushman is somewhere today doing useful work. It is men who have done and who do things while filling their probation here who have work to do in other spheres. Men who prove their usefulness on earth will be useful in the horeafter. Dr. Cushman, as far as our information reveals, was not at his death a wealthy man. Of this world's goods and stores he had face, is Japan. "If," he says, "we of this plenty, but it was not his purpose great Republic can only retain unim in life to amass a fortune for himself | paired the invaluable friendship of Dai and his posterity. His labor in the world was to benefit man-to make his work easier, to bring him nearer

cution. AUTHORITIES DIFFER.

It is evident that the authorities difer widely both as to the morals of the Japaness people and their alleged future warlike designs upon the United States. Congressman Hobson, for instance, some time ago, made a very alarming statement. In an address at Hartford he asserted that the Japanse were taught to hate the Americans, and that they were only waiting for an opportunity to declare war. Rev. John de Forest, who has spent over thirty years in Japan as a missionary, heard Mr. Hobson and promptly addressed to

him an open letter which was publish ed in the Hartford Courant of Jan. 13. Mr. De Forest quotes the following message from a number of missionaries in Japan. It is signed by over a hundred men, some of whom have lived in

more: "While we, as missionarles, have

"While we, as missionaries, have nothing to do with questions of nation-al economics or international politics, yet in matters affecting the mutual good-will of nutions, we, as messen-gers of God's universal Fatherhood, are peculiarly interested; and, as Ameri-cans now residing in Japan, we feel bound to do all that is in our power to remove misundurstandings and sus-pleions which are tending to interrupt the long-standing friendship between this mation and our own. Hence, we wish to bear testimony to the sobriety, sense of international justice, and free-dom from aggressive designs exhibited by the great majority of the Japanese people and to their faith in the tradi-tional justice and equity of the United States. Moreover, we desire to place on record our profound appreciation of the kind treatment which we experi-ence at the hands of both government and people; our belief that the alleged "Belligerent attitude" of the Japanese does not represent the real scriitments loes not represent the real sentiments of the mation; and our ardent hope that

local and spasmodic raisunderstand ings may not be allowed to affect it the slightest degree the natural and historic friendship of the two neigh bors on opposite sides of the Pacific." De Forest is of the opinion that the one power that can help the American

people to solve the problems that must arise when the millions of the East and West, with their differing civilizations and ideals are brought face to Nippon, in whose diplomacy there is no shadow of 'treachery,' and in whose national character is a deep love of to those he loves, to aid industry in righteousness, we shall pass down to tolme .-- Tit-Bits,

ture, inasmuch as the state constitution contained no express provision re-stricting the power of that body in that



New York Evening Post. The Chinese government is reported to be at work to bring about a joint protest by the United States and Ger-many against the violation of equality of trade rights in Manchuria, with which of trade rights in Manchuria, with which Japan is charged. Such a step on the part of China would not be without its dangers. Supposedly, Great Britain and France are not included in the proposed combination, for the reason that the former, as the ally of Japan, would naturally refuse to exert pressure upon her, and the latter, as the ally of Rus-sia, would hesitate in starting an in-quiry into conditions which may re-flect upon Russia in her own share of Manchuria, as upon Japan in the south. flect upon Russia in her own share of Manchuria, as upon Japan in the south. Yet the fact is that the most important complaint against Japanese aggression in Manchuria has come from British quarters. This was in connection with the concession of a railway line to Hsin-min-tin, west of Mukden, paral-leling the Japanese section of the Man-churian railway. The concession was abandoned on the protest of Japan, but not without giving rise to bitter feelings. eelings.



Justice John R. Kelso of Milwaukee ortland's Clackamas county suburb becoming popular as a marriage offi al. He is sent for far and nea cial. He is sent for far and near when ever any young couple in that neighborhood want to be married. His popularity is said to be due entirely to his short and unique ceremony. This always appeals to the nervous cou-ples. His ceremony is about as fol-lows, after the couple have been brought before him: "Do you people want each other?" "We do, we do," is the answer re-oulted.

"Then goodness gradious, have each other, for nobody else wants you. You are married."—Portland Oregonian.

Three Reasons.

A very dignified bishop, after a long purpey to conduct a service in a dis-nut village, was asked by the spokes-am of the reception committee if he ould like a whisky and soda to keep it the cold.

(i) the cold. "No?" replied the bishop, emphati-ily, "for three reasons. First, be-use I am chairman of the temper-ace society; secondly, I am just going enter a church; and, thirdly, because I have just had one."-Bellman.

India's Mine Workers.

The chief inspector of mines in In-dia, states that the average number of miners working under ground dur-ing the past year was 128.667. This average was made up of males, 82,053; females, 32,683, and children, 6,031.— Dreineer

"Satau	Findeth"	
Pat-Cassidy	seems	opposed
Mike-Why n	ot? Th'	last stri

not? Th' last strike he of married to fill up the



Homes, Lots and Farms. We have listed for 30 days a fine five room brick cotage, modern, which is renting for \$25.00 per month. It is situated between Second and Third South, west. We will sell this for \$1,000 cash, balance on time at 7 per cent. A good investment. B room modern brick, just east of Center St, on Pear. Suitable for two tenants, renting for \$38.00 per month. Price \$4,200. Toom brick, two-story house, on Fifth North, with 4x10 rods of land. The land alone is worth \$2,200; the house cost \$3,500. We will take \$3,500 for the place and will make easy terms. B room brick, modern house, just finished, Third East and South. \$400. Very easy terms. B room brick, modern house, first finished at \$5,250. The owner will now sell for \$4,150. Come and see it. B room brick, new modern house, all finished except 3 rooms upstates. Will sell for \$4,500. MEAR L, D. S. HOSPITAL. This is a snap. Look at it and be convinced. T room house, full blumbing, on Center St, close, with \$6 feet frontage, is for the state. Store the states for Tower Heights property west of Look at it and he work \$3,700. All for \$4,500. We are exclu-L. D. S. Hospital. you have houses, lots or farms in any part of the state, we can sell them for you. HEBER J. GRANT COMPAN AND Real-estate & Insurance 26-28 Main Phones 500 \$**939393939393**#**93939393939**3293 Go-Carts 5 6000 Carriages VIL 1908 Models. Wichefield Heywood THE STRONGEST. IN ALL COLORS. MOST BIGGEST CONVENIENT. ASSORTMENT EASIEST In the City. RUNNING AND PRICES FROM RIDING. \$2.50 10 THE \$36.00 HANDSOMEST. See Our Window ADJUSTABLE Wakefield **Display.** THROUGHOUT. **H. DINWOODEY FURNITURE CO.**

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