

GREAT RECEPTION TO PRESIDENT-ELECT TAFT

New Orleans Will Give Him a Hearty Welcome on His Arrival.

CROSSED THE BAR AT 8:50 A.M.

Smiled and Doffed Hat as the Birmingham Passed Up the Mississippi.

Glad That His Long Journey is So Nearly Over—Will Have Busy Day in the Crescent City

Port Eads, La., via New Orleans, Feb. 11.—Shortly after 8 o'clock this morning the tug Magnolia took President-elect Taft and the members of his party off the cruiser North Carolina and transferred them to the scout cruiser Birmingham at 8:50, the Birmingham crossed the bar at the entrance of the Mississippi river on her way to New Orleans.

As the president-elect boarded the Birmingham the Montana and North Carolina fired salutes of 12 guns, and then weighing their anchors, set slowly out to sea. They became more ducks on the horizon almost before the Birmingham got well under way on her trip up the river.

IN FINE SPIRITS. The president-elect was in fine spirits when he arose this morning and found one of the prettiest days of his trip breaking on the gulf. The warm sunshine of the tropics was still present and there was a wind just brisk and chilly enough to inject life into the more languid members of the party.

The denizens of Port Eads and Pilot-boat were up early watching the preparations for the transfer. When the president-elect's party got under way again they gave him a farewell of as large proportions as the place can afford.

Judge Taft appreciated the tooting of the little pilot boat whistles and smiled and doffed his hat as the Birmingham passed up the river.

The opening of the first day of the visit of President-elect William Howard Taft to New Orleans. Added to the bright sunshine, which followed a semi-tropical day, was a slight breeze, and a considerably higher temperature than those which prevailed Tuesday and Wednesday, when the effects of a blizzard sweeping across the northwest were felt as far south as the gulf.

A slightly chilly wind served to inject more life to the occasion and to add to the activities of those engaged in making ready for the reception of the next president. Although Mr. Taft dozed peacefully off to sleep last night on board the North Carolina at the mouth of the river with considerable satisfaction over the double message received to the effect that the Birmingham would certainly reach Chalmette, just below New Orleans, by 1 o'clock this afternoon, that to fears of the anxious committee were set at rest.

There are several boats engaged in figuring in the work of entertaining the distinguished guest, and when the hour of his arrival was definitely set the following official program was issued:

OFFICIAL PROGRAM.

11 a. m.—River reception committee will report on board the steamer General John Newton at the head of Canal street. Meeting U. S. S. Birmingham and receiving official party and escort to head of Canal street.

2 p. m. sharp—Committee on land reception will report at landing, head of Canal street. The young mother live in wide lane, through which Mr. Taft and party will be escorted to carriage. Mrs. Taft will be escorted to Pickens club, where the parade will be received.

2:45 p. m.—Committee on carriages will seat guests in carriages. Mr. Taft, Gov. Sanders, Mayor Martin Behrman and Chairman Philip Whelan will occupy the first carriage.

3 p. m.—Col. John P. Sullivan, grand marshal, will put parade in motion.

3:45 p. m.—Committee on public reception will meet Mr. Taft's carriage at the city hall and escort him to the platform.

4:30 p. m.—Mr. Taft will return to his carriage and the parade will move, passing through University place and then disband.

5:45 p. m.—Mr. Taft will be received by the hotel reception committee and taken to his room at the Commodore Hotel. The committee will escort him to his apartments. The balance of the day will be confined to private entertainment.

THE BIRMINGHAM SIGHTED.

New Orleans, Feb. 11.—At 2:25 the scout cruiser Birmingham, bringing President-elect Taft and party to New Orleans, was sighted eight miles below the city. He will land at Canal street shortly before 3 o'clock.

SMOKING NO CRIME.

Not Smoking No Excuse for Stealing Postoffice Funds.

Chicago, Feb. 11.—Thomas Lewis, postmaster at Grant Works, Ill., who pleaded guilty to embezzling \$387.16 of postoffice funds, has been sentenced by Judge Landis to serve two years in the government penitentiary at Leavenworth.

Statement on the part of the defendant that he had spent all the embezzled money to support an aged mother and a dependent sister, coupled with the remark that he "never smoked drink, gambled or smoked," brought forth considerable comment from the court.

"Do you consider smoking a crime?" asked the court. "The fact that a man had no bad personal habits is no excuse for the crime of embezzlement. Smoking is no crime, but it plays a part in this case. I am a friend of having men hold out as a palliative fact that they don't smoke."

ROMAN CATHOLIC FOR PRESIDENT

Monsignor George W. Mundelein Advocated Electing One in Speech to Alumni.

FOURTEEN MILLION STRONG. Catholics Want Free Exercise of Their Faith and No Discrimination.

New York, Feb. 11.—Monsignor George W. Mundelein advocated the election of a Roman Catholic to the presidency of the United States in a speech last night at a dinner of the alumni of Manhattan college at the Hotel Knickerbocker.

"There has never been a president in the White house," said he, "who has had more regard and fairness for the Catholic church than President Roosevelt. He has shown it by his fearless appointment of Catholics to high offices."

As to the possibility of a Catholic being elected president of this country, the speaker said: "Give us a Catholic, able and honest and just, and give him the solid support of a united party and I believe he would be elected hands down, even now. The American people are just. We are the only people who have never dragged religion into politics. The Vatican trusts that it will never see the day that such is the case. We want our rights and nothing more. We want and demand the privileges granted to us by the Constitution. We are 14 million strong and all we ask and what we want is the free exercise of our faith, no discrimination and no special deal. And the man who gives us that we will vote for in the future as in the past."

KING VICTOR EMMANUEL RECEIVES CAPT. HUSE

Rome, Feb. 11.—King Victor Emmanuel today received in private audience Capt. H. M. L. Huse, commander of the refrigerator ship Celtic. His majesty said he was glad to express to him personally his gratitude for the splendid work done by the Celtic in distributing relief. He wished also that his thanks and those of the Italian people be conveyed to the American people and government for their generosity in helping the sufferers, which he characterized as really touching.

ALLEGED DISCOVERY OF PNEUMONIA VACCINE

Boston, Mass., Feb. 11.—After two years of work and experimenting, a vaccine, which it is said, will successfully check the germs of pneumonia, blood poisoning and typhoid fever, has been discovered in the laboratory of Tufts medical school. The announcement was made through Dr. Timothy Leary, head pathologist at the school, who said that an anti-toxin for these three diseases had been perfected and that arrangements would soon be made to supply physicians. The vaccine is a mixture of the germs of the three diseases, which are injected into the blood of a living animal. In other words, dead germs in the blood form a poison that is fatal to all living germs of the same kind with which it comes in contact. Following out this theory, it was proved that it is possible to inject into the blood dead germs and that after the injection they will form this anti-toxin which will destroy the living germs. Working on this, it was only a question of isolating the germ in question.

A RUNNER DOWN OF GRAFTERS THREATENED

New York, Feb. 11.—William Edwards, commissioner of street cleaning and former Princeton football star, who is familiarly known as "Big Bill," has received several Black Hand communications, threatening him with dire bodily harm unless he ceases his investigations of graft in the city.

DISGUISED AS A WOMAN YOUTH ROBBED MEN

New York, Feb. 11.—James Daily, a slender youth, who was arrested last night in New York, while masquerading in feminine attire, admitted that he had been posing as a young woman for the last four months and living with men in order that he might rob them. Daily was captured after conversing with a detective in the name of a woman, and later proved his theory by tearing off his wig.

BIRTH OF TRIPLETS.

Mrs. Richard Shuttleworth, Nineteen Years Old, the Mother.

New York, Feb. 11.—Mrs. Richard Shuttleworth, 19 years old, has become the mother of triplets, two girls and a boy. The four infants were born in Brooklyn, and will name the boy William Taft Shuttleworth.

IMPURE MILK.

Dr. Wiley Believes That Consumers Are Responsible for It.

New York, Feb. 11.—Dr. Harvey Wiley, head of the chemistry bureau of the department of agriculture, is of the opinion that the person most responsible for impure milk is the consumer, rather than the dairyman or dealer. In an address delivered at Columbia university, he described conditions which could be combated on the farm, told of the difficulties which confront the dealers, then said:

"Now we come to the real offender, the buyer. He wants his milk at eight cents a quart, and if you sell milk at eight cents a quart you have to sell all kinds of milk, and you mean for carrying on the business. The way to reform in the milk problem is to reform the consuming public and to let the consumer know that he need not expect sanitary milk at eight cents a quart or even at ten cents."

SENATOR KNOX WILL BE ELIGIBLE

To Appointment as Secretary of State in Cabinet of President Taft.

JUDICIARY COMMITTEE VIEW.

Emoluments Will Have to be Reduced From \$12,000 to \$8,000—Measure Will be Introduced.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Senator Knox is declared by the senate committee on judiciary to be eligible for appointment to the office of secretary of state providing the salary of secretary of state is reduced from \$12,000 to \$8,000 a year, which was the salary prior to the action of Congress in raising it during Senator Knox's present term of office.

The committee on judiciary today considered the bill introduced yesterday by Senator Hale from the point of view that it might be regarded as a subterfuge and a technical violation of the constitutional provision intended to prevent the creation of lucrative positions for members of Congress. Finally it was decided to draft a new measure.

The new bill, in accordance with the views of the committee, used the word "emoluments" instead of "salary" in order to be in harmony with the language of the Constitution. It was developed during the session that the committee was not unanimous in regard to the question whether it would be possible to repeal the salary increase provision so as to make Senator Knox eligible for the office. Senator Knox and Overman seemed to be in some doubt as to the propriety of taking this action, but they will not make a minority report, and it is said they will not oppose the passage of the bill when it comes upon the floor of the senate.

POSTAL SERVICE.

New York, Feb. 11.—The new postal service between this country and France was inaugurated today on the French liner Le Bretagne, sailing for Havre.

Postmaster Edward M. Morgan of New York, and P. Faguel, general agent of the Compagnie Generale Transatlantique here, both expressed themselves today enthusiastically about the new service and are hopeful of its success and permanent establishment between the two countries.

BP. J. J. KEANE ATTACKS CHRISTIAN SCIENCE

Denver, Colo., Feb. 11.—Bishop J. J. Keane of the Catholic diocese of Wyoming last night made a vigorous attack on the teachings of the Christian Science in an address at the Auditorium.

The announcement that Christian Science denied every essential tenet of Christianity.

ESCORT NOT DAMAGED.

Madrid, Feb. 11.—Neither the Escorial proper nor the famous monastery which is the mausoleum of the kings of Spain was damaged by the fire which yesterday destroyed the royal college in the Escorial. The flames spread rapidly and all efforts to subdue them were practically useless. Eighty students and professors in the college building escaped without injury.

LOBBYISTS REGISTER.

Jefferson City, Mo., Feb. 11.—Charles W. Stokes, chairman of the prohibition state committee, Rev. Ray Clamer of Jefferson City, and W. M. Goodwin registered as lobbyists under the new anti-lobby law. This is the first day of registration and representatives of insurance companies and many others registered.

ANOTHER BROWNSVILLE CASE.

Pittsburg, Feb. 11.—In a raid early today the police of Brownsville, Pa., arrested 120 negroes who have been looting about the coke ovens.

All were discharged at a hearing later and ordered to leave town, except six who are being held pending an investigation of their records in Pittsburg and elsewhere.

REDUCING OF SALARY MAKES KNOX ELIGIBLE

Washington, Feb. 11.—The senate committee on judiciary today reached the conclusion that by reducing the salary of the office of secretary of state to \$8,000, Senator Knox will be eligible to appointment by Mr. Taft for that position.

ATTEMPT TO DRAW COLOR LINE FAILED

London, Feb. 11.—An attempt to draw the color line, creating a new departure in this country, met with signal failure at Birmingham, where an effort was made to exclude a negro student of the University from the local skating rink. The incident aroused a heated controversy. The students took up the negro's cause and hired a lawyer to oppose the renewal of the rink's license. The management of the rink apologized in court today and promised not to make any race distinction in the future.

TREATY RIGHTS AND STATE RIGHTS

President and Senate Have Power to Override Policies of Any State.

TREATY IS SUPREME LAW.

Such is Position of Editor of Central Law Journal Who Discusses the Question at Length.

St. Louis, Feb. 11.—That the president and the senate of the United States, through the treaty-making power, "may override the policies of any state, may overturn all its legislation having reference to aliens" and that "it is evident that the ill-advised legislators of California and Nevada are making this nation ridiculous in the eyes of the world," are conclusions offered by Alexander H. Robbins, editor of the Central Law Journal, in an editorial which appeared today. "If treaty stipulations with any nation should perforce override the policies of any state, or subvert the legislation which any particular state may think necessary, the appeal should not be to the state legislature but to the senate of the United States," says Mr. Robbins. "After such treaty is confirmed, it becomes the supreme law of the land, all laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding."

Even state constitutions, says the editorial, are subject to the treaty-making power of the federal government. A decision by Justice Field of the supreme court of the United States, is quoted to show the extent of the treaty power as follows:

"It would not be contended that it extends so far as to authorize what the Constitution forbids or a change in the character of the government or in that of the states, or a question of any portion of the territory of the latter without its consent. But with these exceptions, it is not perceived that there is any limit to the questions which can be adjusted touching any matter which is properly the subject of negotiation with a foreign country."

The exceptions noted in the decision of Justice Field, declares Mr. Robbins, are sufficient to protect state autonomy and a sacrifice of the latter is not necessary in carrying out the provisions of the federal Constitution.

GRAVE DIGGING IS NOT A BUILDING TRADE

New York, Feb. 11.—The occupation of digging graves is not to be regarded as a building trade, according to a decision at the building trades council of the city. The council has refused an application of the Grave Diggers' union for membership in the council was rejected. Grave digging was held to be a miscellaneous trade.

DEAN BREWSTER IS ELECTED A BISHOP

House of Bishops in Session in New York Selects Local Man for High Position.

The Very Rev. Dean Benjamin Brewster of St. Mark's cathedral is now the Rt. Rev. Benjamin Brewster, D.D., bishop of the diocese of western Colorado, and the new bishop's hosts of friends in Salt Lake extend to him freely the hand of congratulation. An Associated Press dispatch dated this noon at New York stated:

The House of Bishops of the Protestant Episcopal general convention in session here today, elected the Rev. Dr. Nathaniel Seymour Thomas of Philadelphia, bishop of Wyoming, and the Very Rev. Benjamin Brewster of Salt Lake City bishop of western Colorado.

When Dean Brewster was called by telephone by the "News," immediately on receiving the dispatch, he said he was just in receipt of a telegram from the Very Rev. Dr. Nathaniel Seymour Thomas, bishop of Wyoming, stating that the bishop had done nothing to influence the new appointment. Just what he would do in the matter the new episcopate could not say, but would be able to make a statement in a day or two. If the new office was accepted, he would reside at Glenwood Springs, Colo.

Bishop Brewster came to this city from Colorado Springs, where he has served for half years as a successful pastor. He graduated a high school man from Yale in 1882, with Dr. F. V. Silver of this city, and took his theological course in the general assembly of the Episcopal church at New York, graduating with honors. He began as an assistant in the Calvary parish in New York where he remained four years. Thereafter the young rector was called to the Episcopal church in East Orange, N. J., which he left to accept the Colorado Springs pulpit.

When Dr. Silver was told this noon of the elevation of his classmate, he expressed himself as more than pleased. Dr. Silver said Bishop Brewster was one of the most popular men in college. Everybody liked him, he was an excellent scholar, and early showed himself possessed of those noble and manly traits of character that are unmistakably mark out the man who is destined to become worthily prominent among his fellow men in postgraduate life. The bishop was a "Pep" Episcopalian in junior year, and "Skull and Bones" in senior year. The latter society is easily the most prominent academy in the university, although it only draws its membership from the academic department, and the dream and aim of every man in each academic class is to reach "Bones" senior year. However, as the annual membership is only 15 men, only the cream of each class is awarded the honor of an election. It is easily seen that Bishop Brewster must have reached an enviable position in the undergraduate world ere graduation. His brother, the bishop of Connecticut, graduated from Yale in 1884, and was also a member of the "Skull and Bones" society.

HOPKINS LOSING VOTES.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 11.—Today's joint ballot, the thirty-first of the Illinois legislature for United States senator, was without result. Hopkins and Stringer each received 50 votes.

MADISON, WIS., FEB. 11.—Today's joint ballot, the thirty-first of the Wisconsin legislature for United States senator, resulted in no choice. Stephenson received 50 votes, lacking five of election.

JUVENILE COURT BILL UNDER FIRE

House Judiciary Committee Has An Amendment to Ashton's Measure Under Consideration.

WOOTTON'S BILLS ARE O. K.

Three Passed Upon Favorably by Committee of Education and Will Be Reported Back to House.

The house judiciary committee this morning had under consideration H. R. 22, by Ashton, the same being one of the juvenile court measures introduced in the lower house by that gentleman. The bill relates to the juvenile courts in cities of the first and second class, prescribing the manner of appointment of the judge of such court, fixing his compensation, and for other officers connected with the court, also providing for a juvenile court commission and specifying its duties, etc.

The committee this morning had under consideration an amendment to the measure, extending its provisions to cities of the third class, and making it optional with third class cities, through their mayor and city council as to whether the provisions of the bill should become law, should be approved by such third class cities.

H. A. Pederson juvenile judge of Cache county, and Willard Dore of Salt Lake City, were among those attending the committee session today.

MEASURES PASS MUSTER.

The committee on education decided this morning to report three measures back to the house favorably. Among these measures is H. R. 80, by Mr. Wootton, pertaining to the state normal school at Cedar City, and providing for changing the name of the institution to the "state school of education." The committee decided that the name of the school should not be changed, but to recommend that the state school of education may also be used in designating the Cedar City state normal school, which is a branch of the state university.

Another measure reported favorably by the education committee is H. R. 11, by Mr. Wootton. The act requires that before any person can qualify as county superintendent of schools in any county in the state, said person must have not less than a five-year certificate.

The committee also decided to report favorably upon H. R. 95, by Mr. Wootton. This bill provides that teachers may be dismissed by the board of trustees of any school district for violation of contract, incompetency or neglect of duty, after consulting with the county superintendent as to such dismissal.

The house committee on penitentiary and prison submitted a favorable report upon H. R. 34, by Stockey, relating to the punishment of convicts for committing assaults upon others by means of force and otherwise.

OREGON TRAIL.

Nebraska House Postpones Bill Appropriating Money to Mark It.

Lincoln, Neb., Feb. 11.—The house of representatives of the Nebraska legislature today indefinitely postponed a bill appropriating to mark the Oregon trail in Nebraska. Members of the Daughters of the American Revolution championed the bill.

TWO BODIES RECOVERED FROM BURNED R. R. HOUSE

Chicago, Feb. 11.—Two bodies were recovered today from the ruins of the Wabash railroad house, which burned last night with a loss of \$500,000. A third body is believed to be hidden by the debris. One of the bodies recovered was positively identified as that of Thomas Malone, a watchman.

Malone, who was last seen lost his life in an endeavor to reach the fire alarm box in the building after the fire had gained great headway.

STATEHOOD BILL.

For Admission of Arizona and New Mexico Will be Passed Monday.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Representative Watson of Indiana, Republican whip of the house, told the president today that he had admitted Arizona and New Mexico to statehood under suspension of the rules, which will prevent amendments in that body.

TELEPHONE GIRL STOOD ON THE BURNING DECK

Chicago, Feb. 11.—Following the recent example of Jack Binks, the wireless operator of the steamer Republic, Miss May Donnelly, a night telephone operator, proved herself a heroine early today in a fire which destroyed a freight house in the Wabash railroad yard, causing a loss of nearly half a million.

While the flames raged about her, Miss Donnelly remained at the switchboard notwithstanding the different cries in the yards of the fire until she was overcome by smoke. Clerks found her unconscious in front of the switchboard and carried her to the place of safety, where she was revived.

MAYOR BRANSFORD VETOED TRANSMISSIONS

Returns Resolution to City Council. With Lengthy Explanations.

DEFENDS COMMERCIAL CLUB.

Says Such Bodies Should be Immune From Certain Requirements.

Mayor Bransford today vetoed the resolution passed by the city council Monday evening, calling upon clubs, firms or individuals dealing in the sale of liquor under a government license to take out a municipal license. The executive intimated yesterday that the measure would not meet with his approval, and today he returned the document to the council, accompanied by the following letter:

To the Honorable the President and Members of the City Council, Gentlemen:

I return herewith, without my approval, resolution No. 13, introduced by Councilman F. S. Fernstrom and passed by your honorable body at your regular meeting held February 10, 1909, and which resolution was referred to me for any action, approving or otherwise, that I might deem fit to exercise. The reasons for withholding my approval are as follows, namely:

1. The resolution as originally introduced was intended to be operative mainly the Commercial club, an organization composed almost entirely of the best citizenship of our city, and whose object it is to advance by every legitimate means, the material and moral progress of the city; in the accomplishment of this high aim it has made known to every class of citizens of the country the advantages of our city as a place where the business men and man with capital might safely invest their money, as also its desirability as a place of residence for the man who desired to have a home where he could be reasonably assured of obtaining employment and the very best educational institutions. How well it has fulfilled its purpose its work will prove.

2. The resolution contains a misrepresentation of the facts as regards the attitude of the Commercial club in relation to its position, socially, and its statement that the club is "operating a liquor business," as well as the other statement "that such is done in defiance of the law," is susceptible of no other interpretation than that whatever else the Commercial club may undertake to do, it is engaged in the sale of intoxicating liquors as a means of doing business. It is true that from the time of the formation of the club until the present time, a buffer has been placed in front of the organization, but the use of this part of the resolution is permitted to members only, except on extraordinary occasions; it is not, and is not designed to be operated as a means of making money, as already stated is managed exclusively for the benefit of those holding cards which entitle them to club privileges.

3. I am advised that in almost every city in the country, legitimate clubs of the character of the Commercial club, enjoy and are regarded as entitled to certain privileges by virtue of their social character, and the officers follow a derived of course that such privileges as inhere to these institutions, are permitted to members only. And in this particular the Commercial club of Salt Lake City has endeavored to merit the esteem of every one by rigidly following the general rule. The employees have been instructed not to dispense liquor to anyone not holding a card which entitles them to the club privileges.

4. The citizens generally are now and ever since the organization of the club have been acquainted with the particulars relative to the matters herein set forth; besides the laws and ordinances now in force are sufficiently comprehensive and the officers fully capable of looking after all infractions thereof, without the necessity of enacting a resolution.

5. For the foregoing reasons I return the resolution herewith, without my approval.

Respectfully submitted,
J. S. BRANSFORD,
Mayor.

SCHOOL TEACHER PROVES HERSELF TO BE A "HEROM."

Chicago, Feb. 11.—In the estimation of her pupils, Miss Helen McLaren, a teacher, is a "herom."

Half a hundred children have turned in essays on a fire which occurred in a butcher shop near the school. Miss McLaren speaks modestly of her efforts to avert a stampede, which undoubtedly would have resulted seriously, but the other teachers give her unstinted praise.

Fearing that the other teachers, who were ignorant of the fire would let the younger children out without proper precaution, Miss McLaren ran from room to room, whispering the alarm to the teachers in charge.

One of her children called her attention to smoke from the fire. Miss McLaren had to think quickly. "Children," she said, you may all stand up and look out this window. Now don't get frightened, because there is not any danger. If any boy shouts 'fire' he will have to sit down and then he won't get to see the engines."

So the pupils watched the blaze quietly from the windows. Instead of being frightened they enjoyed the spectacle. Then they had a language lesson on the fire.

One of the essays described the teacher as a "good herom," and said they were all "herom."

WON'T PASS CENSUS BILL OVER PRESIDENT'S VETO

Washington, Feb. 11.—All attempts to pass at this time the census bill over the president's veto were abandoned today by leaders of the house and senate. The house committee adjourned to meet at the call of the chairman. A heavy bill of business was not encouraging to the passage of the bill over the veto.

One of the essays described the teacher as a "good herom," and said they were all "herom."

REPUBLICANS CALL MASS MEETING

Members Resent Claim That the Party Does Not Want Prohibition.

DATE SET FOR NEXT TUESDAY

Salt Lake Theater to be the Scene of Gathering—Call is Signed by Large Number.

A call for a mass meeting of Republicans favorable to the proposed law prohibiting the manufacture or sale of liquor in Utah is being sent out today. The meeting will be held in the Salt Lake theater next Tuesday afternoon beginning at 1 o'clock. The call took definite shape at a preliminary meeting held in Barratt hall late yesterday afternoon. Many men and women prominent in the Republican party were present at the meeting which was called to protest against reports being circulated by the opponents of prohibition. The gathering was informal and stirring speeches were made by Rev. J. C. Andrews, Nephi L. Morris, Joseph B. Keeler of Provo, and several others. Reverend Andrews spoke on the effect of prohibition in Maine, his native state. He said: "The record of the Republican party, which has always stood for prohibition in that state, has entrenched it as firmly with the people that the cause of the Democratic party in Maine is hopeless." The speaker pointed out the necessity of the present legislature here, which is a Republican legislature, to stand up for the prohibition law. Nephi L. Morris voiced his protest against having it appear that the members of the Republican party were not in favor of prohibition and urged the necessity of calling a mass meeting of prohibition Republicans that the party might go on record.

MASS MEETING CALLED.

At the close of the meeting a call for a mass meeting to be arranged later was circulated and freely signed. A committee consisting of Nephi L. Morris, Mrs. E. E. Shepard, Mrs. Ruth M. Fox, George M. Cannon and Albert Heiser, was selected to make the necessary arrangements for the mass meeting. The committee met this morning and arranged with Manager Eugene P. Ryan, of the Salt Lake Theater, next Tuesday afternoon, 7 o'clock, for the mass meeting.

Whereas, It has been declared editorially by the Inter-mountain Republican that the movement for statewide prohibition is not favored by the Republican voters of the state, but that prohibition is intended to injure and disrupt the Republican party, and

Whereas, the undersigned Republicans repudiate the statements so made and all others of like tenor, and believe that an immense majority of those who cast the vote by which the present Republican state officers and legislators were elected favor the enactment of a bill for statewide prohibition by the present legislature.

Now, therefore, in order to have a public expression of the sentiment of all loyal Republicans of Utah who favor prohibition, we hereby call a state mass convention of Republicans who favor the enactment of a statewide prohibition law, to assemble at the Salt Lake theater on Tuesday, Feb. 16, 1909, at 1 p. m., for the purpose of memorializing the legislature to enact a prohibition law, to delegate James G. Duffy, Jr., Lester N. Lamborn, Joseph H. G. Olsen, A. S. Reiser, Frank Y. Tngoy, Quayle Cannon, Elias S. Woodruff, B. S. Hinkley, Hugh J. Cannon, Joseph W. McMurrin, Jr., A. Milton Mueser, C. A. Carlson, C. S. Martin, Seymour B. Young, Jr., James G. Duffy, Alfred O. Miller, James M. Lambert, William McLachlan, Emmeline B. Wells, Annie Wells Cannon, Gomer M. Richards, Jesse W. Fox, M. T. Bakke, C. A. Carlson, Charles H. Hyde, Edwin P. Barry, J. H. Smith, Joseph Anderson, H. J. Smith.

At the mass meeting next Tuesday speeches appealing to all present to work for prohibition will be made, and resolutions calling upon the legislature to enact a statewide prohibition law adopted. Invitations are being sent out to the leading Republicans throughout the state urging them to be present at the meeting and to exert every effort to secure a big showing from each county in the state. Colonel Ed. Loose, state chairman of the Republican committee, has just returned to the state and an effort is being made to have him sign his name to the call.

PRESIDENT OFF FOR LINCOLN'S BIRTHPLACE

Washington, Feb. 11.—Beginning the last extended trip he will make as chief executive of the United States, President Roosevelt left Washington at 11:15 this morning for Hodgenville, Ky., where tomorrow he will do honor to the memory of Abraham Lincoln at the heroic war president's birthplace.

Accompanying the president were Mrs. Roosevelt, Miss Roosevelt, Sen. "Old" Wright, Sen. Lusk and Burroughs-Ken. River. The presidential party is due to arrive at Hodgenville, about noon Friday.