

## LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

FROM SATURDAY'S DAILY, JULY 20.

**COAL.**—We have before us a small but brilliant specimen of coal, found twelve miles west of Cedar City, Iron County. The specimen seems to be of excellent quality.

**PROGRESS.**—A correspondent writes from Beaver, July 16, and among other things says—

"This will notify you that Beaver is not the quiet little city it once was. Two or at most three years ago, a child could roam at will any hour of the night. Now men unarmed are unsafe."

**LAND PATENTS.**—We understand that the following land certificates have been received at the Land Office in this city from Washington—

164, Jesse Towers; 237, Ammon Green; 310, John Hargraves; 318, John Neff; 541, James James; 543, John D. Rees; 690, John Shearer; 692, Daniel Hill; 712, John F. Allen; 565, John Ashworth.

**PROVO.**—Brother Albert Jones writes from Provo, July 18th:

"Senator John A. Logan is in our city. He visited Provo Canyon yesterday, in company with Col. L. J. Nuttall, Capt. J. P. R. Johnson and Warren N. Dusenbury. He expresses himself highly gratified with our improvements and our mountain scenery.

"President Brigham Young and company arrived here at 2-30 p. m., on the way to Payson to-day. It is expected there will be a large attendance at the dedication of the meeting house at Payson."

**INQUEST HELD.**—Coroner Beatie, this morning, held an inquest, at the residence of Mr. John Rich, 15th Ward, on the body of Mark A. Johnson, of Rich Valley, a son of the late Luke Johnson, who was drowned in Cottonwood canyon yesterday afternoon. It appeared from the evidence at the inquest, that the unfortunate young man, while coming down the canyon on a load of lumber, fell from his wagon and down an embankment fifteen feet high, into the river. He was found about half an hour afterward, about three hundred yards from where the accident took place. A verdict was rendered in accordance with the facts.

**FOUNTAIN GREEN, July 19th.**—About two-thirty this p. m. while Richard Jewkes was cleaning out a well belonging to William Adams, of this place, the chain, which was attached to the end of a rope, broke and the bucket, or rather barrel, filled with dirt, weighing about four hundred pounds, fell on his head. The well is about thirty feet deep, and Jewkes is in a very critical condition.

FROM MONDAY'S DAILY, JULY 22.

**FINE TURNIPS.**—Col. John Winder brought to the city, this morning, some very fine turnips, grown on his land two or three miles south. Most of them weighed from five to seven pounds, and measured over two feet in circumference.

**GETTING WELL.**—Bishop W. B. Preston writes from Logan, July 20th.

"I am getting around again. My arm, after discharging a few shot and some scales of bone, is healing up.

"The weather is fine and everything prosperous for the farmers. Crops are excellent. An abundant yield of hay is being harvested."

PROVO CITY, July 20, 1872.

Editor Deseret News:

DEAR SIR.—My name appears on the petition against Utah being admitted as a State. At the time I signed said petition I thought it was in favor of Utah, and knew nothing to the contrary until I saw and read the same as printed in the DESERET NEWS. Had I known its contents I never would have signed such a document.

Very respectfully,

E. M. JACKMAN.

**AT HONOLULU.**—The Honolulu Commercial Advertiser of the 13th ult., announces the intended appearance, in that city, on the 17th ult., of that very clever actor and former favorite of the Salt Lake public, Mr. George Pauncefort, in the two comedies of "Delicate Ground," and "A Pair of Pigeons." This talented gentleman had been giving dramatic readings in Honolulu, which were spoken of by the press there in terms of the highest praise. The friends of Mr. Pauncefort here, and he has many of them, will be glad to hear of his success and prosperity.

**HOME MISSIONARY APPOINTMENTS** for Sunday, July 28th:

*West Jordan Ward:* Elders R. Miller, R. F. Neslen and A. Smith.

*South Cottonwood:* Elders J. Van Cott, Milo Andrus and N. H. Felt.

*Neff's School House, Big Cottonwood:* Elders Isaac Groo, W. A. McMaster and M. B. Shipp.

Meetings to commence at 10 a. m. and 2-30 p. m.

These elders are requested to fill the above appointments. L. D. YOUNG

**HOME MISSIONARY MEETINGS.**—Meetings were held yesterday by home missionaries as follows:

*Big Cottonwood Ward.*—Speakers: Elder R. F. Neslen, on how to be efficient in the work of the ministry, and how the instructions of the elders should be appreciated; George Teasdale, on the cultivation of gospel gifts, and domestic economy; S. W. Richards, on man's accountability to God; Isaac Groo, on the reign of peace commencing in the domestic circle; R. F. Neslen on the necessity of conjugal and paternal affection continuing and increasing through life, and the cultivation of the gifts and graces of the gospel; Geo. Teasdale, on the power and peace of the gospel.

*Fort Herriman.*—J. P. Freeze, on the gathering, and general duties of the Saints;—Crain, Word of Wisdom;—Crum made some general remarks; J. P. Freeze on the training of children; Elder Stocking concluded with an appropriate address.

*Sugar House Ward.*—M. B. Shipp and Isaac Groo, on every day duties of the Saints; S. A. Woolley and W. A. McMaster, on the order of the kingdom.

## Correspondence.

NEPHI CITY, Utah, 16th July, 1872.

Editor Deseret News:

Just before leaving Mount Pleasant, to-day, the Indian Agent, Dr. Dodge, Col. Nugent, of Camp Douglas, Major Littlefield, of the White Pine River Agency, and Mr. Geo. Bean, Indian Interpreter, arrived to have a talk with the Indians in reference to their going to the reservation.

It appeared, from what passed, that the whole proceedings were a failure, the Indians were determined not to go. Mr. Dodge reasoned with them, told them what preparations he had made for their return, the amount of beef, flour, &c., at the different points awaiting them, and promised them his future assistance. All this did not induce them to comply. After a great deal had been said at Fountain Green, yesterday, and Mount Pleasant to-day, without any apparent hope, the above gentlemen left Mt. Pleasant at 11 o'clock a. m., nooned at Fountain Green, and while there received a telegram that the Indians had reconsidered the matter. Being advised by Brother A. M. Musser and others to return to the reservation, they came to the conclusion to return immediately. Dr. Dodge, after receiving this news, purchased a number of beehives and a large amount of flour to supply their wants until they reached Strawberry Valley, where fresh supplies awaited them. A doctor will arrive here this evening by the coach to go to the various camps to administer to their sick.

I was told by citizens of Fountain Green that these gentlemen manifested a great deal of patience, treated the Indians kindly, and tried to persuade them for their good, while there yesterday.

Major Littlefield told me this evening that the Indians from the White River Agency were glad to see him, and promised to go home one moon from now. He spoke very highly of Douglass, the chief, as being a man of his word.

Dr. Dodge said he hoped we might be able to depend on this as a good peace, that the settlements may no longer be annoyed and perplexed by them.

I had quite a pleasant chat with these gentlemen and was glad to find they wished peace, and would much rather treat the Indians kindly than have difficulty.

If the above arrangements are carried out, it will take a heavy burden off the people of Sanpete.

GEO. FARNSWORTH.

ST. GEORGE, July 14, 1872.

Editor Deseret News:

To-day we have had wind, clouds, a small sprinkle, mercury at 98° and generally a warm day, such as ripens off fruit at a galloping rate. We have a score or more peach trees of earliest varieties, loaded to breaking down, now ripe, colored up to a bright red within a few days, and ready for market. Earliest apples ripe and gone, and now come in Gravenstein, Golden Sweet, Summer Pearmain, Sweet-Bough, Williams' Favorite, &c. Of plums the Bradshaw is coloring (which by the by is the best and most profitable plum that grows.) The earliest pears are gone (Dozenne-d'ete), and others following are now ripening and ripe. To-day we feasted from a basket assorted with all the above named, in a delicious state of ripeness, flanked by the last of the apricots and first of the fig crop, dwarf cherries and hybrids scarcely ripe yet. Of grapes the white and red chassellus, Rogers No. 4, Adirondac, Israella, and Spring Lake are coloring and ripening. Crops of fruit still look promising and fine. Gardens are unusually good. Harvest is over and threshing commenced. No Indian troubles, few cases of sickness, and there is prospect of a lively and interesting time on the 24th, when we shall have fruit ripe in abundance and great variety. We have had no rain for a month, but prospects continue to be fair for a little, and we think it will soon come, as July is our season for moisture.

We learn that Bro. Gardner has started his steam mill in Grass Valley, near Pine Valley, and that prospects for lumber are better. Of late the Picche prices for lumber have been so large, we have had to stand aside and go without, but we hope for better things soon. We need half a dozen more mills in this region, very much.

Yours, CACTI.

[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

## By Telegraph.

## GENERAL.

**RALEIGH, N. C., 17.**—Boutwell, in a speech at Greensboro, N. C., protested against the advice to clasp hands across the bloody chasm. It must be filled up. Produced by injustice let it be cemented with justice. It cannot be filled by the denial of the protection of the native born citizens of the United States in North Carolina and South Carolina and Texas. He counseled his hearers to be not seduced by the idea that the Democrats are supporting a Republican for the Presidency. He said that if their candidate could offer what he cannot offer, a consistent life in the past, as a pledge of his policy in the future, even this would be without value in the presence of the fact that nearly all his supporters are from the Democratic party. In the nature of things, the bloody chasm cannot be filled until a fixed majority of the South accept the doctrines not only that men are equal before the law, but all men by right are equal before the law. If bitterness once existed it has passed away. One act of justice only remains to be done. The country waits for the evidence that you heartily and cheerfully accord full rights of citizenship under the constitution of the United States to all within your borders. Give this evidence that the bloody chasm is closed. Boutwell presented at length the financial policy of the administration, and claimed that none more than the President, will strive to make the nation, what it ought to be, a general government, strong enough to maintain its own distance against all enemies, foreign and domestic, strong enough to protect the rights of its citizens at home and abroad, States with powerful and complete sovereignty over all local affairs, members of the Union indissoluble, and so attractive that citizens shall no longer consider whether his duty is to State or county; as to the supreme financial policy, Grant's administration was one to secure; first, the faithful collection of the public revenues; second, to secure the reduction of the public expenditures; third, to re-establish the public credit, and reduce the interest account; fourth, to reduce taxation, and finally prepare the way for the resumption of specie payment at the earliest moment consistent with the prosperity of the country. He attributed much of the fraud in the revenues to the laxity of Johnson's administration and his indisposition to enforce laws in consequence of the conflict between a Democratic President and a Republican Senate. Dishonest men were most successful in obtaining office, as they could resort to such means as would make themselves favorable to both. "Now," continued Boutwell, "if you contemplate electing Greeley to the Presidency, you must contemplate it in view of the fact that the Senate, whatever may be the present opinion of the country, will be Republican, for the next two years, and with almost equal certainty, for the next four. You must contemplate, therefore, a return of the state of things which existed during Johnson's administration. You will secure the retention of dishonest men in office and the appointment of dishonest men to office by processes which do not admit of control. It appears that, with the same facilities for revenue that were enjoyed by Johnson's administration, the national payments on the public debt, during the first three years of Grant's, would have amounted to about \$600,000,000, and that on the 30th of June, 1873, it would have reached the enormous sum of \$653,000,000. Boutwell expressed his belief in the practicability of continuing the redemption of the outstanding six per cent. bonds, and of the issue of four-and-a-half and four per cents, and said, the resumption of specie payments will not be due directly to any measure of legislation. It must be the natural result of the existing conditions of things which would enable the government to resume specie payments without affecting violently or prejudicially the great interests of the country. There is but one

measure of legislation, except such as will foster the business interests of the country, that can facilitate the resumption of specie payments, which is, the reduction by law of the volume of paper money in circulation. This policy the government has not been prepared to accept, nor I prepared to advocate.

**RALEIGH, N. C., 18.**—Saml. G. Rolff, the colored marshal of the Greeley-Brown ratification meeting, was beaten by some negroes last night, and sought refuge in the police head-quarters, where he stayed for a short time. He started home, and has not been seen or heard of since. Another colored marshal at the same meeting was beaten and his life threatened by negroes.

**NEW YORK, 18.**—The Republican National Executive Committee held a meeting yesterday. The proceedings were mostly secret, but measures were discussed for forwarding the canvass in Pennsylvania, Indiana, North Carolina, and West Virginia. Ex-Senator Scott made a cheering report of the canvass in North Carolina. A suggestion was considered from West Virginia, looking to the utilization of all the opposition Democratic and Liberal Republican committees in that State. The campaign is to be organized within a few days.

A secret session of the executive council of the Union League of America was also held in the afternoon, at which it was resolved to co-operate with the national committee.

A Herald dispatch now contradicts its former statement, that General Banks had gone over to the Liberal Republicans.

**NEW YORK, 18.**—A Berlin letter, dated July 3d, to the London Times, says the cholera is fast making its way from the interior of Russia to the Prussian frontier. He says God preserve Berlin if it visit us this year. Owing to the gross negligence of the municipal authorities, some of the broad navigable water courses of this city were a few years ago converted into open sewers. Most of the aristocracy quarter is perhaps most subject to pestilential vapors. In the meantime the mortality is rapidly on the increase, having reached 4 per cent against 2½ in 1867.

Advices received from Stevenson, of the Snake River branch of the Dr. Hayden government Yellowstone exploring expedition, which left Ogden some weeks ago, dated Ft. Hall, Idaho, July 12th, states that after ten days march from Ogden the party arrived at Ft. Hall. They report important scientific researches along the route. Professor Bradley reported finding a group of the siluriana, being the first found in the Rocky Mountains; then also reported having made a large collection in the animal, mineral and vegetable kingdoms. The party are now provisioned for two months, and will proceed up the Smoky River Valley, taking the topography of the country to the Teton Peaks, via Henry's Fork. The passage of the peaks is to be forced if possible, to effect a junction with Dr. Hayden's party in the Geyser region. The party are all well.

**NEW YORK, 18.**—The World's special from London 18th says: The British agent at Geneva has presented a demurrer, praying that the tribunal will exclude the cases of the Tallahassee, Chicamauga, Sumpter, Nashville, Retribution, Boston, Sallie, Jeff Davis, V. H. Jay, and Music. Pending the decision, each side has presented a process containing the essence of the argumentative portions of the case and counter case. A summary of the American argument and statement in the case of the Florida was presented to-day.

**TERRE HAUTE, 18.**—The Democratic Congressional convention of the Sixth district, held at Spencer to-day, nominated D. W. Voorhees, by acclamation. In accepting Voorhees made a long and elaborate speech. In his opening remarks, returning thanks for the nomination, he expressed his warmest gratification that those who knew him best had refused to listen to what had been said to his disadvantage, but had, instead, demanded that he should remain in their service, though they knew that he no longer sought public position. He then referred to the position he had assumed in regard to the nomination of Greeley by the Democrats. He said he had felt convinced that the present administration had so disgusted the country, that an easy opportunity would be presented this year for the Democratic party, by presenting one of its ablest and purest men for President, to regain control of the government; that he had given honest Republicans the same credit they now give Democrats, in believing that they would sufficiently rise above party to vote against