TELEGRAPHIC.

INDEPENDENCE DAY.

The Anniversary of the Birth of the Liberty of a Nation.

CELEBRATED BY THE COUNTRY.

A Quarter of a Million People at the Fair. — Cleveland's Letter.

CHICAGO, July 4.—It was fitting that the Fourth of July, the natal day of the nation's independence, should witness the largest attendance of the season at the World's Columbian Exposition.

The program consumed little more than an hour and was carried out from the grand stand erected in front of the terminal station.

The commemorative exercises began at 11 o'clock. They opened with music from a chorus of nearly 2000 voices, massed in the balconies of the various buildings surrounding the grand stand. Director General George R. Davis presided, and as he arose to call the assemblage to order he was presented with a gavel made from a piece of the famous Washington elm at Cambridge, Mass., by Colonel Clarke of Milwaukee. Director General Davis, in receiving the gavel, spoke a few appropriate words and announced that Rev. Dr. Barrows would invoke blessing.

At the conclusion of the prayer Vice President Stevenson was introduced as the orator of the day. He said:

I am confident that at no time nor place have human eyes beheld a grander assemblage. This is America's day. Under the auspices of the great exposition days are set apart to commemorate events in history, but this day comes unheralded by proclamation. Like more eloquent than mine will tell something of the men who gave to the American colonies the start of their liberties; something of the heroic struggle which, commencing at Lexington, culminated at Yorktown in the independence of the colonies; something of the men who in 1787 inspired by wisdom more than human crystallized into the Federal Constitution the deathless principles enunciated in the declaration. I congratulate you, my countrymen, upon this auspicious Fourth of July, upon the glorious past and upon what yet is no longer an experiment. We have entered upon the second century of our national life. Grant that we and those who succeed us may not prove unworthy of those who have gone before; that we may not prove unmindful of the sublime lessons of the past. Then may we rest assured that the bright sun which ushers in each succeeding anniversary of the Declaration of Independence will look down upon a people who celebrate the day with hearts grateful to God that those who general and statesmen were counted worthy to be numbered with those who founded the government.

Deafening applause greeted General Stevenson as he closed, and it spread like ripples in the water from the speakers' stand until it died away with a dull roar in the distance. A chorus then sang "Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean."

Mayor Carter H. Harrison of Chicago was the next speaker. He was given an enthusiastic greeting and the crowd listened attentively.

As he finished the booming of cannon and the ringing of bells announced high noon. Mrs. Mary Madge Morris touched a telegraph key which announced to cities and towns all over the country that the original "Old Liberty" was being hoisted and that the first notes of the new liberty bell sounded at Troy. Mr. H. B. B. Stafford, bowed down with the weight of three score years and ten, with trembling hands, seized the halyards and pulled down the historic Paul Jones flag. The cast iron, deeply scored, slowly rose with uncovered heads for the moment, and then there came a mighty patriotic shout that drowned the noise of the booming cannon and brought tears to the eyes of many.

Hon. Hampton L. Carson of Philadelphia was next introduced, and made a thrilling patriotic speech, in the course of which he traced the history of the Liberty Bell and the old statehouse in Philadelphia.

Next came a salute of flags, followed by the "Star Spangled Banner" from a chorus and a band. The enthusiastic throng quickly caught the strain and swelled the grandeur of the soul-stirring song. The Declaration of Independence was then read by J. C. Norton of Chicago. "My Country 'Tis of Thee," was sung and the exercises closed with the singing of the "Doxology."

TAMMANY CELEBRATING.

NEW YORK, July 4.—The New York Tammany society today celebrated the 117th anniversary of America's independence. Mayor Gilroy opened the proceedings with words of welcome. The Declaration of Independence was read and then came Speaker Crisp. He began with a burst of patriotism and said that although there were conditions which produced uneasiness, uncertainty and stagnation of trade, the laws which brought about those conditions were Republican laws, enacted against the protest of the Democrats. When Congress assembled August 7th, so far as things could be remedied by legislation, he was confident laws would be enacted which would restore confidence and bring prosperity again to the nation.

Among the letters of regret was one from President Cleveland. The President said:

This is the day which all true Americans ought to celebrate as often as it occurs. When, however, the consummation of the discovery of the land we occupy and the celebration of the day when it consecrated the liberty and popular government are coincident occasions, it should revive and stimulate all of the patriotic and patriotic sentiment which is essential to the safety of the American Constitution. We rejoice in the blessings thus and should be thankful that thus far has turned the way of our great nation. We should lose a most important lesson of the day we celebrate if we forget that the labor and diligence of those entrusted with self-government must be unremitting and always patriotic. There never has been a time when our countrymen should be more solemnly reminded that they cannot safely delegate the duties and obligations of citizenship nor neglect to cultivate individual and personal interest in public affairs. If those who now celebrate the anniversary of American independence guard against the sordid struggle for unearned wealth that stifled patriotism, if they exact from public servants the strictest accounting for the performance of public duties, if they hold fast to American ideas that work is honorable and economy is a virtue, if the least that these should be honesty and steadiness in politics and if they refuse to encourage expedients that endanger the foundation of sound national finance, those who follow us will joyously celebrate this day in centuries yet to come.

AT WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 4.—The celebration of the Fourth of July at the national capital opened with religious services at Epiphany church. Theme societies preceded the grounds of the great Washington monument, where, after reading the Declaration of Independence, speeches were made.

INDIVIDUAL LIBERTY.

WOODBRIDGE, Conn., July 4.—The usual Fourth of July exercises were observed at Rowland Park today. Hon. Charles A. Russel of Connecticut delivered the address of welcome, and prayer was offered by Rev. William Hayes Ward of New York. Justice David J. Brewer of the United States Supreme court spoke on "Individual Liberty." He said in part:

The most noticeable social fact of today is of the combination of capital and the organization of labor. I realize full well that only through this movement are the great material achievements of the day possible. But one thing is clear, and that is that the penalty which a nation pays for all benefits is the growing disposition to sacrifice individuals to the masses to make the liberty of some a thing which may be trampled into the mire because of some supposed benefit to many. Capital combined may produce cheaper and more satisfactory results in manufacture, transportation and general business; but too often the combine is not content. It grasps at monopoly and seeks to crush out all competition. It then crushes or swallows the individual and he is assaulted as though he were an outlaw.

So it is with organizations. Labor leaders order a strike, the organization throws down its tools and ceases to work. Where is the individual laborer who dares assert his liberty and act as he pleases in the matter? Where is the individual contractor or employer who can carry on business as he thinks best? In antebellum days we all remember how slavery existed. But is servitude to a single man less of slavery than servitude to an organization?

Is it not time that the dormant energies of the nation be aroused and a speedy and summary stop put to every such trespass on any man's liberty? Are we going to drift along until this contest ends in a bloody struggle? Incidents meanwhile becoming slaves of the combine, the leader of the trade union and organization. History repeats itself.

THE NEW LIBERTY BELL.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 4.—Hundreds of people gathered today at the Clinton Menneely bell foundry in Troy to view the Columbian liberty bell and hear its first tones. At 1 o'clock the workmen held the sixty pounds bell clapper which Chester Menneely gabled while six blows were struck on the bell.

A LIVELY FOURTH.

CHICAGO, July 4.—Aside from the celebration at the Fair grounds this was the liveliest Fourth Chicago has seen in recent years. Forty-one people were injured and three are supposed to be fatally hurt. The fire department was on the run all day, there having been 115 alarms up to midnight. In addition to the casualties there were two drowned.

To Be Investigated.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 5.—Secretary Morton has written a letter to Special Agent Matter, who will soon leave for Germany and other European countries, requesting him in addition to continuing the investigation as to the possibility of extending the consumption of meats and wheat products to further investigate the condition of American meats, the benefits, if any, derived from our system of government inspection, and the prospects for the extension of our trade in these products, noting especially the attitude of the German people towards them, and the extent and character of the popular prejudice which may exist as the result of the embargo placed for many years upon our meat products by the German government.

The Homestead Cases.

PITTSBURG, July 5.—The indictments for riot, conspiracy, treason and murder against the strikers, known as the Homestead cases, will not be pressed for trial. The prosecution and defense have agreed to allow them to go over the September term when the court will be asked by the prosecution to make an order directing the district attorney to take action in the matter, the commonwealth being satisfied that no conviction can be had.

A Winter Fair.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 5.—Three hundred thousand dollars has been offered the management of the proposed midwinter fair by voluntary subscribers before a systematic canvass is begun and there seems no doubt that a million can be raised without great difficulty.

The Rate Question.

CHICAGO, July 5.—At the informal meeting of the lines interested in the recent reduction of transcontinental rates today an adjournment was taken without action, it being decided to await the results of the special meeting of the Western Passenger Association Friday of this week. World's Fair excursions will also be discussed at this meeting.

The Silver Congress.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 4.—A call for a national convention of the American Bimetallic League was issued from the national headquarters of the league here today. It says in part: The financial disturbance is largely artificial and needlessly created. The subject lesson" is falsely attributed to the present silver law in order out of it to create a manifestation of public sentiment under cover of the greater crime of overthrowing the money of the constitution and establishing a single gold standard may be consummated. As part of the same great conspiracy the mints of India have been closed and the shock has been felt around the world.

The idea of the silver bloc is to meet at Chicago and adjourn to Washington. Here the convention will reassemble about the time when Congress convenes, and will probably continue in session until after the organization of that body. General Warner made the following statement this evening:

"A thorough poll of the silver forces establishes the fact that the Sherman law cannot be repealed without a substitute that will be satisfactory to the silverites."

A Bold Robber.

DENVER, July 5.—Last night three masked men attempted unsuccessfully to hold up the Rio Grand station agent at Rico, Colo., for the purpose of securing a large sum of money that was supposed to be in the safe. On Friday night a successful raid was made by a man on the station at Macon. Seven men were in the station besides the agent, and the robber single-handed shoved out the depot and took four gold watches from them. The attempted robbery at Rico station was frustrated by Agent Heyward plucky firing on the robbers with a Winchester as they attempted to force the door. The would-be robbers quickly departed.

John Young Dead.

FRESNO, Cal., July 5.—Outlaw John Young died in jail this afternoon. He with his companion, Chris Evans, were the bandits who so long evaded pursuers in the mountains near Visalia. They were captured by a posse, June 11th, after a desperate battle, in which both the outlaws were wounded. Evans is slowly recovering from the amputation of his arm, which he sustained.

Jumped to His Death.

NEW YORK, July 5.—Edward McCarthy, aged 22, a bartender, jumped from Brooklyn bridge tonight and sustained injuries which will probably result in his death.

FROM FOREIGN LANDS.

Emperor William Opens the German Reichstag with a Speech.

About Admiral Tryon.—Missionaries in China Murdered.—Paris Students on the War Path.

BERLIN, July 4.—The reichstag was opened today by Emperor William. Holding himself erect, his majesty in a firm and clear voice read his speech. Referring to the army bill, he said in part:

Honored Gentlemen—You will receive immediately a new bill regarding the peace footing of the army, in which there will be taken into account, as far as possible, certain desires expressed during the discussion of the six bill. Consequently diminished demands are made upon the personal capacity and tax-bearing power of the people as far as possible without endangering the efficiency of the army. The empire's interest requires, especially in view of the end of the septennate next spring, that the bill be passed with the utmost dispatch, so that the new recruits' call may be made in the fall. Delay would influence most unfavorably our strength for more than twenty years.

When the emperor had concluded his written speech loud and prolonged cheers greeted him. His majesty stood waiting for quiet to be restored, and when he could be heard made a few improvised remarks, saying: "Now then the good God looks upon you and will lead you. His blessing to consider this honest work for the benefit of the Fatherland. Amen!"

Many Miners Killed.

LONDON, July 4.—At Thornhill, Yorkshire, an explosion occurred today, one hundred and thirty miners were entombed, and the loss of life will be heavy. Four bodies have already been brought out. Frightful scenes of distress and anxiety prevail about the mine.

About 110 are supposed to have been killed. Between 11 and 12 o'clock so much gas had accumulated in the mine that it was necessary to stop the work of rescue. The men and boys missing number 145. The body of the under manager, badly burned, was found in the mine near the shaft.

TRYON INSANE, PERHAPS.

His Action Considered Equal to Wholesale Murder.

LONDON, July 5.—Sir Charles Dilke, one of England's ay authorities in naval matters was interviewed today concerning the reports that Admiral Tryon was suffering from temporary mental derangement when he conducted the unnecessarily maneuvers off Tripoli. Sir Charles said: "While the foreign office has to deal with the subject I must confess that Admiral Tryon never gave me the idea he had mental weakness whatever. Had Tryon lived he would have been adjudged guilty, according to the present evidence, and unless the crown had used her prerogative he would have been shot."

Numerous private letters concerning the sinking of the Victoria have been received from sailors of the Mediterranean fleet. One sailor on a smaller vessel writes in relation to Admiral Tryon's signal as follows:

"We stood amazed at such a signal, knowing very well there was no room for the ships to turn, but the orders had to be obeyed. Although the vessel was at king under him, Tryon signaled refusing boats. May I never see such wholesale murder again. We saw men fall against the sharp blades of the screws and be cut to pieces. The whole fleet could see the poor fellows standing in perfect order quietly drowning in their tracks."

PARIS STUDENTS RIOTOUS.

The Police Routed and the Cavalry Called Out.

PARIS, July 5.—Saturday an affray occurred between the police and a number of students in the Latin quarter. The students determined to lay the facts before the government and when the other met today in the chamber of deputies they sought admission to the chamber. After considerable parleying two of their number were admitted and received a hearing. They stated the facts to the council and urged the deputies to support a motion censuring the government which is to be offered by Millerand.

At 9:30 o'clock this evening 1000 students surrounded the prefecture of police, jeered the officials and threw stones through the windows. While the police were preparing to charge the mob upset all the bollos in the neighborhood, and smashed the street lamps. The charge of the police was resisted stubbornly. The students fought back with clubs and stones. In the first onset several students were wounded and two policemen stretched unconscious on the pavement. The second charge resulted in some injuries on both sides, but the students were driven back but fifty or sixty yards. After the third charge the repulsed students started singing and shouting to the palace of St. Michael. The police retired, and a call for cavalry was sent out from the prefecture. At 10:15 the students were rioting in the boulevard St. Michael.

The cavalry called out to drive students from the neighborhood of the Palais the Justice and the Prefecture of Police returned to the barracks, after the mob had retreated to the boulevard St. Germain. The mob then hurried back along the boulevard St. Michael and across the bridge to the boulevard Diplomie. The students smashed the massive doors of the Palais de Justice and smashed the glass out of the windows in both. The police hastened to the scene and charged with drawn swords. The students overcame them, tore their swords from their hands, and drove them back. Several policemen were cut severely with swords and taken to hospitals. A dozen other policemen were also injured with clubs.

Missionaries Slain by Chinese.

LONDON, July 5.—A dispatch from Hongkong says that a mob of natives attacked two Swedish missionaries named Wickholm and Johannsen at Maotiang, sixty miles from Hankow, and killed them. No further details are given, but the natives are supposed to have been one in the anti-foreign clamors that have heretofore caused so much trouble on foreign missionaries resident in China.

To Restore hair which has become thin, and keep the scalp clean and healthy, use

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

It prevents the hair from falling out or turning gray. The best Dressing

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Prompt attention given to all assays by mail or express. Charges uniform and reasonable.

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Prices Reasonable and Legacy Continued.
MR. STAYNER is a member of the Bar of the SUPREME COURT of the United States, a graduate of the Columbian College of the District of Columbia and a registered attorney in the Department of the Interior, and as to Homestead Entries, claims and decisions.
References, by permission—Hon. JOHN T. CAINE and other prominent gentlemen in Utah and Washington.

DEEDS AND MORTGAGES.
Conformable to latest Territorial Statute for sale at the
DESERET NEWS OFFICE.

WHY ARE YOU BALD?
REMEMBER YOU DON'T USE
—THE GREAT—
ENGLISH HAIR RESTORATIVE
GUARANTEED HARMLESS.
Will Produce a Fine Growth of Hair on a Bald Head in Three Months which will Cost You Five Dollars.
STOP THE HAIR FALLING OUT! ALLAY FEVER IN THE SCALP! AND RELIEVE HEADACHE!
Sold only by the Manufacturers,
A. J. ROBERTS,
5 McCornick Block,
Corner Madison and Dearborn Streets,
CHICAGO, ILLS.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR

FOR SALE.
SHETLAND PONIES FOR SALE. 44 MAIN
HOUSE ON FIVE ROOMS, HEAD OF
FOR SALE.
225 TWENTY YEAR GOLD SCHOOL
Address Board of Education, Salt Lake City
J. E. MORRISON, Clerk.

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$700 WILL BUY A WELL KEPT
$300 WILL BUY GROCERY,
$600 PURCHASES A WHOLESALE
16 ROOMS FURNISHED HOUSE, CEN
$800 WILL PURCHASE ONE THIRD
DRESSMAKING PARLORS, WELL FUR
A CHEAPER AND RELIABLE OFFER
14 COMPLETELY FURNISHED ROOMS
SALOON—ONE-HALF ON ALL OF ONE
I HAVE A NICE LIST OF GROCERY
I HAVE A NICE LIST OF RESTAU
IF YOU DON'T SEE WHAT YOU WANT
COLUMBIA BUILDING AND LOAN AS
WE HAVE GOOD PROPERTY FOR
$6000 BUYS 10 ACRES IN
$1100 BUYS TWO LOTS FRONTING ON
$600 BUYS TWO LOTS BETWEEN
$3200 BUYS BRICK HOUSE WITH
$1600 SECURES NICE HOME, 5
$2300 BUYS 160 ACRES ON OPEN
INSIDE REAL ESTATE TO TRADE FOR
5 GOOD BRICK HOUSE IN EAST
$325 BUYS ONE LOT NEAR IN
$3500 BUYS 8 ROOM BRICK
$2700 BUYS 80 ACRES IN MILL

FOR TRADE.
MEAT MARKET AND GROCERY CON
I WILL TRADE SEVERAL PAYING
250 HEAD HIGH GRADE RANGE
CHICAGO ADDITION LOTS WILL BE

WANTED.
EVERY ONE DESIRING CLOTHES
WANTED—EVERYBODY TO KNOW

MONEY BROKERS.
MONEY TO LOAN AT 6, 7 AND 8 PER
6 AND 7 PER CENT ON INSIDE IN
MONEY IN SUMS OF $100 TO $5,000
MONEY AT 6 PER CENT ON IMPROVED
MONEY TO LOAN ON FARM ANXIETY
MONEY AT CURRENT RATES, NO DE
ON IMPROVED PROPERTY IN THE
IF YOU WISH TO BORROW MONEY
MONEY TO LOAN
COLLATERAL SECURITY,
H. W. FULLER,
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FAT PEOPLE

Silver
HAS
Dropped
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But it has not kept pace with the fearful drop in prices at Walker Bros & Fyler Co.
Mr. Fyler goes East
with his staff of assistant buyers in a few days.
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ROOM, ROOM, ROOM IS THE CRY.
Everything must go.
No Reserve.
Our Entire Stock of MILLINERY WILL BE ABSOLUTELY SLAUGHTERED until all is sold.
Don't Forget the Silverware. Be sure you get a coupon on all purchases. This is the greatest offer ever made in the west.
DRESS GOODS, SILKS, CLOTHING, SHOES, EVERYTHING GOES AT A TERRIBLE SACRIFICE.
Remember that every purchaser during this sale receives a coupon entitling them to 10 per cent reduction, to be applied on any of the beautiful silverware drawn in our window.
SEE THE WILD CATS IN BIG SHOW WINDOW.
GREAT SLAUGHTER OF CARPETS,
50 per cent off for 20 days.
500 REMNANTS OF WASH DRESS GOODS ON SALE MONDAY.
Walker Bros. & Fyler Co.

CLEARING SALE.
During the Whole Month of
JULY
We shall clear out, regardless of cost, our entire spring and summer stock, which contains the biggest bargains ever given, and probably ever will be given in the history of the West.
HERE ARE A FEW OF OUR LEADES.
MEN'S SUITS—100 suits in all sizes, worth $15.00, at $8.50.
MEN'S SUITS—50 suits, worth $12.00 for $7.50.
MEN'S SUITS—50 suits, worth $15.00, go for $10.00.
MEN'S SUITS—100 suits, worth $20.00 for $12.00.
BOYS' CLOTHING.
250 Boys' Suits, ages 4 to 14 years, for $1.75.
100 suits, all sizes, worth $5.00, for $2.50.
100 Suits, worth $5.50, for $3.00.
Summer Coats and Vests
100 Coats and Vests, worth $2.00 at $1.25.
200 Coats and Vests, worth $3.00 at $1.75.
50 Coats and Vests, worth $5.00, at $3.00.
Remember, first choice is the best. Come early and get your supply.
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