# THE MINING MARKET.

## Business Was Somewhat Improved On the Exchange Today.

### A NUMBER OF STOCKS RECOGNIZED

### The Main Interest Centered In Mercur and Swansea—Little Pittsburg Revived—Dips and Spurs.

More of a stir was occasioned by the trading on Change today than was manifest at the proceedings of the regular day of the week. The brokers got together in a number of instances and the consequence was that what started out rather gloomily was transformed into a day of more than ordinary activity.

While the sales of listed stocks were rather few and far between, the business done on those that were recognized was quite substantial. 1,000 shares of Herschel going in one sale at 15 cents, and Mercur contributing to three sales, 700 shares at 20.99. Mammoth was handled in a very spirited manner but the bulls and bears did not approach near enough to chronicle a sale, the former demanding $5.40 while the latter were willing to give but $5.35.

The opening of the unlisted call was marked with surprising liskiness in three sales of Swansea, aggregating 1,500 shares. The first transfer was one of 100 shares at $2.05, then 100 at $2.00 and finally 1,300 at $2. The closing sales and bidding quotations were $2.05 and $2.03 respectively. Keshena Anaconda after being buffeted around for some time, withdrew from the call with a sale of 1,000 shares to its credit, the stock bringing 44 cents. The long lost Van Winkle scamp of Little Pittsburg appears to be crawling to an end and the stock is beginning to demand attention again. Today two sales were made, the stock finding takers at 11 cents. The Northern Light advertised a transfer of 100 shares at 55 cents.

The closing figures were as follows:

LISTED STOCKS.

| MINES. | BIDS. | ASKED. |
|---|---|---|
| Alpha | .03 | .04 |
| Alta | .12 | .13 |
| Alice | .65 | .70 |
| Beck Tunnel Extend | .03 | .05 |
| Belmont Extend | .15 | .20 |
| Centennial Eureka | 5.75 | 5.80 |
| Crown Point | .10 | .12 |
| Daly | 17.00 | 17.25 |
| Daly West | .20 | .25 |
| Deseret & Lacy | .03 | .05 |
| Dividend | .17 | .18 |
| East Colorado Gold | .03 | .04 |
| Eagle | .03 | .05 |
| Eagle & Blaine | .03 | .05 |
| Emma | .02½ | .03 |
| Eureka Hill | 2.25 | 2.30 |
| Gold Chain | .01 | .02 |
| Hecla | .25 | .30 |
| Iron Silver | 1.00 | 1.05 |
| Mammoth | 5.35 | 5.40 |
| Mercur | 2.00 | 2.05 |
| Navarro | .03 | .05 |
| Ontario | 6.75 | 6.80 |
| Ontario Extension | .01 | .02 |
| Phoenix Consolidated | .03 | .04 |
| Prince Consolidated | .10 | .12 |
| Rockland | 1.85 | 1.90 |
| Swansea | .02 | .03 |
| Utah | .15 | .20 |

UNLISTED STOCKS.

| MINES. | BIDS. | ASKED. |
|---|---|---|
| Table Mountain | .03 | .05 |
| Bullion Beck & Champion | .17 | .18 |
| N. Y. Natural Gas | 4.75 | 5.00 |
| Union | .03 | .05 |
| Camp Florence | .02 | .04 |
| Monarch Tunnel | | |
| Golden Rod | | |
| Diamond Anaconda | .15 | .17 |
| Chief | | |
| Belle | .15 | .17 |
| Swansea | 2.00 | 1.95 |
| Bonanza (Park City) | | |
| Horseshoe G. M. Co. | | |
| Sugar | .06 | .10 |
| Comstock | | |
| Lucky | | |
| Mt. Tom L. & T. Co. | | |
| Cowboy Extension | .10 | .15 |
| Independence | | |
| Little Sweet | | |
| Utah (Gold) | .01 | .03 |
| North Eureka | | |
| Fox Deerings | | |
| South Swansea | | |
| Keshena | | |
| Homestake | | |
| Lucky Bill | .10 | .15 |
| Lucky | | |
| Northern Light | .11 | .16 |

TRANSFERS OF STOCKS.

One thousand shares of Herschel at 15 cents; 250 Mercur at $5.80; 100 Swansea at $2.05, 100 at $2.00 and 1,300 at $2; 1,000 Keshena Anaconda at 44 cents; 1,500 Little Pittsburg at 11 cents; 100 Northern Light at 55 cents. Total shares sold, 5,050.

## "GREATER THAN COOLGARDIE"

### What a London Mining Man Says of the New Thames District.

J. Going, a mining man of London, arrived from New Zealand yesterday, and is at the Grand hotel, says Sunday's San Francisco Chronicle. He has been for several months past a resident of the New Thames gold mining district, which is just now the sensation of the mining world. The new district is situated on the Coromandel peninsula, North New Zealand, in the province of Auckland.

"In my opinion," said Mr. Going yesterday, "the Thames district is greater than the famous Coolgardie, about which so much has been said and written. The gold is in quartz ledges, or reefs as they are designated there. On the Coromandel side the deposits are rich but pockety, while on the other side large bodies of low-grade ore are being developed. The deepest shaft that has been sunk is 1,000 feet, but they are now working on a 3,000-foot shaft, from which great things are expected. The climate is much more agreeable than that of Coolgardie. It is a wet country—almost too wet for mining—heavily timbered and rich in vegetation, snow is unknown there, and the climate is generally very pleasant.

"A large amount of English and South African capital is going into the Thames district. Many large companies have been formed. Some of them are sound, but about as many are fake concerns, founded on undeveloped properties. Not long ago a party of speculators passed through this city en route to London, to wire the country. The rush of practical miners, speculators and people generally affected by the gold fever has been great and still continues."

### Dips and Spurs.

The Dalton and Lucky Jim declared a monthly dividend of $12,000.

Judge Colluns took a rest today as referee, and allowed Secretary Vigoe to select that role for him.

George F. Whitehead and David H. [illegible] North of St. George, Utah, were visitors on the floor of the Exchange today.

The Fort Apex mine at Silver City has been superintendent in the person of H. C. Longerwood, formerly of Bingham.

St. George Union: The Blackbird Jay mine has opened up late and deeper and best value on the dump ever had since they commenced work. Mr. Jay intends to start to work Monday with, in the purpose of hitching a new mill to Silver City. The Barrow mill expects to start up next week, and it is likely to run for some time.

The St. John Kanes News speaks thus of a gold discovery in Malheur county: Great excitement has prevailed for the past week over the discovery of gold, diamonds and other minerals in the southeast part of this county. Real estate has risen to an almost fabulous price. Oregon town will spring up, the schools will go out, and Vickins will be a rather big town.

The St. Louis Mercantile Exchange by C. H. Spencer, president, sends the following to Business Anchorage of the Chamber of Commerce: "In order to correct any false impressions that may prevail in relation to the interchange of business in our city by reason of the recent opening, this exchange will appreciate very highly if you will publicly announce to your members and also use your influence with the press of your city to publish the notice that all business is now being transacted with the stock exchange and all parts, as the business office was scarcely touched by the strikes."

## CITY LIGHTING.

### Facts vs Theories, Defined by One Who Knows.

To the Editor:

The Salt Lake Herald of this morning has an article on the lighting question, claiming to be a clear and calm statement by a citizen and taxpayer. The writer is evidently misinformed in regard to certain statements. He states that the cost of lighting the city of Marietta was but $17.24 per lamp per annum, burning all night and every night. The following is a true statement:

"It costs Marietta $92.25 per year per lamp. Part of the expense is charged to other departments. The superintendent also has charge of city building, yards and fire department, and his wages are charged to those departments and not to city lighting. The city's interests are used for handling the coal. Marietta has built its mains separately, but it is held and charged to pay rights of a private company, and is negotiating a sale of its power."

The city of Philadelphia has recently entered into a contract for 5,000 arc lights at an average price of $16.50 per lamp per month, which would be equivalent, considering the difference in cost and cost of electrical appliances, to about $14 per month per lamp in Salt Lake City. Arc lamps cost Chicago $180 per lamp per year.

In all statements made, city lighting, where water power is available, the advocates for cheap light seem to think that water power should reduce the cost per lamp more than 50 per cent; ignorant of the fact that if you had the electric current absolutely free, without any cost for depreciation of the machinery, the expense of burning arc of 10 lamps per month exceeds $4.50 per lamp.

Judge Hamilton of Albany, after making a comprehensive examination "showed the Albany city council that in 101 cities and towns in the United States, having 2,000 candle power all night lamps, the average annual charge was $50.32 per lamp." While there are many cities in the United States that are lighted for less than $102.00 per lamp per annum, there are local considerations, which, if looked into, show that the lighting in almost every instance is done for some reason to be realized for the privilege of charging extra prices in some other departments; for example, Hon. Mayor Glendening, in his veto message, quotes the city of St. Louis, having 2,000 arc lights, as securing a contract for lighting the same at $5.50 per month; ignorant, probably, of the fact that the lighting companies charge 1½ cents per lamp per hour for incandescent lighting in Salt Lake City, and also probably forgetting of the fact that the company, having the contract for 2,000 arc lights, at $75 per year, have offered to pay the city $50,000, bonus, rather than continue the contract. The following statement is made regarding St. Louis:

"Here we have a case where the private company are willing to pay $50,000 rather than furnish the lights for $75 per year, as they feel that the loss would be less than it would be if they undertook to carry out the contract. Statements are made that it only costs municipalities $60 per lamp per year to run their own lights, while this company, equipped in the very best manner, with all modern improvements, managed in the most scientific way, by the most experienced, reliable men, under all these conditions finds, by actual experience, that it is impossible to produce the lights for $75 per year." T.

T. stands for Truth.

### In Pennsylvania.

Elder D. R. Gill &c., who left last April for a mission to Pennsylvania, writes that the Elders are meeting with much encouragement in their work in that section. The Scranton Times of May 16th contains the following notice:

"A large number of Mormons from Salt Lake City, Utah, held an interesting meeting last evening on Railroad street and were listened to by a large number of people, both young and old. They are followers of Joseph Smith and according to the rules of the church, they were obliged to travel as missionaries. Two years ago they were notified of the proposed trip which they are now undertaking. They are eloquent speakers and bring forth some very strong arguments in their addresses."

## DECLARED HIMSELF ABSENT

### Commissioner Cohn Could Not Agree With His Colleagues.

#### And Leaves the Meeting of the Fire and Police Board When the Rules Were Adopted Up.

When last night's meeting of the fire and police board commenced, there were three members present—Varian, Nebe and Cohn—but at a certain stage in the proceedings the latter filed through the door and declared himself absent. The proximate cause on the part of Mr. Cohn was brought about in this way:

As most knows to the public, a resolution was carried in the board some weeks ago, and in consequence thereof, notices inquiring the attitude of the commissioners on certain somewhat mooted questions, Particularly as to the use of the services of both departments, and as Mr. Jennings, the other member of the board, was not present last night, thus rendering the decision, the two members who were in the majority, apparently thought it the most opportune time to take action on certain proposed rules and proceeded accordingly. Then it was that Commissioner Cohn left the room, his views not being in harmony with those of his colleagues, and he objecting to what the opinion and feeling of outsiders thereabout seemed therefore. The rules as proposed were extracted from the pocket of Commissioner Nebe and read by the clerk as follows:

"It is ordered by the board of police and fire commissioners that the following rules and regulations be, and the same is hereby respectfully pursuant to the provisions of section 10 of an act of the Legislature of the State of Utah, approved March 20, 1896, entitled, "An act providing for the organization and duties of the board of police and fire commissioners, etc.," for the government of the chief of police and chief engineer of the fire department for Salt Lake City.

"Rule 1—The chief of police and chief engineer, respectively, for any violation of any rule of discipline made by him by authority of law for the working of his department in his discretion, may impose a fine of a sum not exceeding $5 upon any officer or member of the police or fire department, which fine shall be deducted from the next pay roll.

"Rule 2—For the second or any subsequent violation of the same rule or rules of a misdemeanor in rule 1, such chief may, in his discretion, impose a fine of a sum not exceeding $10, or may suspend the offender without pay for a period not to exceed thirty days.

"Rule 3—Upon conviction of crime in any court having jurisdiction of any such offense committed or omitted, the chief may dismiss the offender.

"Rule 4—The foregoing rules do not apply to the exploits of police or the firemen and engineers.

"Rule 5—For all other offenses involving moral turpitude or which are prejudicial to the discipline, good order or welfare of either department and not named within the foregoing rules, the respective chiefs shall prefer charges in the board against the offender, when proceedings shall be taken as provided by section 11 of the act to rule upon them.

A vote was taken on the proposed rules just as Commissioner Cohn was crossing the portals leading into the street, and as Chairman Varian and Commissioner Nebe favored them and so voted, the chairman declared the rules adopted.

Before the occurrence of the above called non-congenial incident, other business was transacted as follows:

Chairman Varian called attention to Chief Pratt's action in sending Captain Dowdeen and Detective Janney into another state to hunt down a criminal. He characterized the chief's move as being entirely without authority and thought the board should discountenance such a mode of procedure.

Chief Pratt in his own behalf, explained that the matter came up in quite a hurry and that he had time only to consult Commissioner Cohn who seemed to favor his proposed action in sending the men out, which he accordingly did.

After some further talk Commissioner Cohn was requested to draw up a rule which would prevent such an occurrence being repeated.

The Western Hardware company asked that all police power be taken from those persons who have heretofore been considered bicycle policemen, as the exercise of police power by private citizens was prohibited in statutes. Filed.

C. N. Butler, of the L. A. W., informed the board that no proposition looking to the payment of a special bicycle policeman's salary had been authorized by the officers of the Utah division. Filed.

Mr. Cohn introduced the following which was adopted:

Resolved that it be the sense of this board that in the future the chief of the fire department shall not present for nomination to this board the name of any person for permanent appointment in the fire department until such person has worked sixty days on probation in said department and proves himself in every way worthy of appointment.

Mike T. Smith was confirmed as hook sergeant, the board amending the procedure so as to the height of such officers, by reducing the same to five feet and eight inches.

Bills were allowed as follows: Fire department pay-rolls, $1,734.60; fire department bills, $17,[illegible]; police department pay-roll, $2,[illegible]; other bills from both departments, $[illegible]; other bills the board adjourned for two weeks.

### Mexican News Items.

El Paso, Texas
May 28th, 1896.

To the Editor:

The heat here has stood 102 degrees in the shade. There has been little or no rain this spring, and the bed of the Rio Grande is about dry now.

The friends of Elders Heder, Moffatt, Moyes and Peterson, from Huntsville [illegible]

## FIRE ENGINEERS' MEETING.

### Indications Point to a Large and Profitable Convention Here in August Next.

The second committee meeting to charge the matter of arranging for the annual convention of the International Association of Fire Engineers in this city will meet again on Friday next to listen to reports from subcommittees and take such further steps as may be considered necessary to make the affair the big success that it deserves and promises to be. It is expected that the Continental Hotel will be secured for exhibition purposes. Invitations and manufacturers of all sizes of apparatus for the extinguishment of fires will be all sold every recently to display their various inventions. For the first time in the organization's twenty-four years of existence it meets west of the Rocky mountains. Chief Dowdeen has just received the full program of the convention's four days' meeting which will begin August 18th. It is as follows:

[illegible]

Topic No. 1—"How are persons for the department to be properly organized, drilled and made a useful adjunct to city or fire department?"—Harvey Boning, fire marshal, Paducah, Ky.

Topic No. 2—"The best and most plan for fighting fires in grain elevators?"—F. T. Fossett, chief, fire department, Winona, Minn.; F. L. Gunsaulus, chief fire department, Minneapolis, Minn.

Topic No. 3—"The necessity of fire departments adopting methods in the interest of the public"—Hugh Leathley, all glass and no partition walls, large floor space demanded by the several way of conducting business, increased wines, at exclusive of that number (no matter with these should be grounded in construction, more effective chemical engines more hose, larger capacity for hydrants)—Chas. E. Pulgh, chief fire department, Joliet, Ill.

Topic No. 4—"Should not fire engines be carrying extra apparatus so as to avoid the necessity of having firemen on the engine, instead of loading the same on the fire engines?"—J. A. Armstrong, chief fire department, Cincinnati, O.

Topic No. 5—"Should not a monopoly grant to the firemen the authority to control the service of poles and wiring of some of the cities, telegraph and electric street railway companies?"—Geo. Kemble, chief fire department, Sandusky, Ohio.

Topic No. 6—"What should be the necessary qualifications of a chief of fire department?"

Topic No. 7—"Some designs to be approximated from the consolidated system of some [illegible]

[illegible]

Topic No. 11—"Should or does science [illegible]

[illegible]

Topic No. 14—"Should the chief of the fire department be a member of any board of public safety, or should he be a member of the board of fire commissioners, or should he be a member of the board of public works?"

Topic No. 15—"Should the chief of the fire department be a member of any board of public safety, or should he be a member of the board of fire commissioners, or should he be a member of the board of public works?"

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For Children's Skin

CUTICURA SOAP

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing. It is unquestionable the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. It "Gives Him a Fair Start." It gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and generally perfect as a child's medicine.

Castoria Destroys Worms.
Castoria Allays Feverishness.
Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd.
Castoria cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic.
Castoria relieves Teething Troubles.
Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.

Castoria neutralizes the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air.
Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property.
Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, gives healthy and natural sleep.
Castoria is put up in convenient bottles only. It is not sold in bulk.
Don't allow any one to sell you something else on the plea or pretense that it is "just as good" and will answer every purpose.
See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Waverley BICYCLES.

COVER THE EARTH

THEY ARE THE

Highest of all High Grades

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THIRTY DAYS

Of Dry Goods selling, never before approached by anybody or anywhere for

LOW PRICES!
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Everything in the house at a GREAT SACRIFICE.
Positively the Greatest Sale Ever Known.
No use quoting prices. The reductions are so recklessly large.
You wouldn't believe.

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Come, you'll be convinced. The profits are yours for the next

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Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE