

THE EVENING NEWS.

GEORGE Q. CANNON,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Friday, October 1, 1899.

LESS GRAIN, MORE BEEF.

For the past three or four years, owing to the ravages of the grasshoppers, the yield of breadstuffs, and cereals generally, as well as various kinds of vegetables, has been considerably below the average in this Territory, and as a consequence prices have been much higher than the average. For several years, it is well known, after the grasshopper visitation in '95 and '96, almost every kind of produce was low, the common trade price of flour being not more than five dollars, while the fortunate possessor of money could purchase it at a much lower figure. The same is true with regard to other products. For the last three or four years, owing to the destruction wrought by the winged pests, the case has been very different: wheat, oats, barley, and many varieties of vegetables have generally commanded a much higher price, and at times their scarcity has been a source of inconvenience. The result has been that flour, instead of selling at five and six dollars per hundred pounds, has ranged from ten to fifteen; while barley, oats and other produce, used principally for feeding stock, has also commanded much higher rates than formerly.

The present season, owing in part to the revolution that is taking place in our commercial bases, but chiefly to the abundant harvest, prices are falling to their old level; and grain, flour and vegetables can be purchased at nearly as low figures as ever known before in the Territory.

An abundant yield of agricultural and garden products is always very desirable, and is a blessing for which the heartfelt gratitude of any community is due to the Giver of all good. But while this is universally true and its attainment is worth every effort, it is not the only desirable thing, so far as the necessities of life are concerned. And it is in this connection that we desire to point out what we consider the lack of wisdom, manifested, to some extent, in the policy pursued by the agriculturists of this Territory. Last season, the comparatively short yield of some of the most necessary staples, owing to the great destruction wrought by the "hoppers" in some sections of the Territory, no doubt influenced the great majority of the farmers to plant a much greater area in wheat, potatoes, &c., &c., than usual. The result, this season, owing to the comparatively small amount of damage done by the locusts, is an enormous yield, and very low prices. We hear of flour being sold at three dollars per hundred, potatoes at from twenty-five to forty cents per bushel, and nearly every other kind of produce in the same proportion.

Now, while it is desirable to have bread, potatoes, onions, cabbage and other agricultural staples at reasonable rates, it is possible for prices to be so depreciated as to produce positive injury. The experience of the past has shown this. We all remember periods here when the highest price wheat would command was fifty or sixty cents a bushel. Those times were bad for the farmer, and no matter how much he toiled, he was in poverty. For the past three or four years it has been very different with this class of our citizens: their produce has commanded remunerative rates, and while they have prospered, the wages of all classes of artisans have advanced. Any excessive depreciation in the price of agricultural products need never be experienced again if the farmers will it so: the remedy is in their own hands. Utah cannot hope to become a grain-exporting country; the amount of tillable land in the Territory and the excessive labor and toll required in irrigation and other agricultural operations preclude the possibility of becoming such. But while this is the case, there are abundant facilities for sheep and stock raising, two branches of industry falling strictly within the province of the farmer, that have been much neglected, and which are absolutely necessary to the prosperity of the Territory.

There was a time here, some years ago, when tolerable beef could be purchased, retail, at from six to ten cents per pound, the prime cuts not more than a "bit," but now the case is very much changed—the price of meat is about double what it was formerly. The same is as true of mutton as of beef; and though we can all rejoice in bread and vegetables at low figures, meat, equally as necessary, is excessively high. It would be vastly better, and quite as easy to have both bread and meat at reasonable rates. This would be more convenient for and equally profitable to all.

This branch of industry can be made a great source of wealth to the Territory; and it is needed and must be prosecuted with energy. It will pay if properly conducted, if only to supply the home demand for meat, butter and cheese, the two latter having now to be largely imported. Then again, if Utah cannot export grain, she can export beef. Means of transportation from the Territory are much greater

er than formerly, and there is a ready market for fat stock throughout the country, the price of beef, and of meat, generally, being on the advance.

Sheep raising, too, is very necessary for the welfare of the people of the Territory. The demand for wool is increasing. The woolen mills which are being erected in various places must be supplied either with the raw material of home production, or imported; and it will be much better to raise it at home than to send means outside the Territory to purchase it. Good mutton, too, has been a very rare article here, and is always in good demand.

These subjects are well worth the attention of the agriculturists of Utah. The policy of raising enormous quantities of grain and vegetables to sell at low figures is very short-sighted, when the time and labor thus occupied might be apportioned so as to be of greater pecuniary benefit. The facilities for raising stock here are excellent. When we speak of raising stock or sheep we do not mean the old slip-shod style of turning a lot of animals on to the range for the year round, leaving them to provide for themselves or starve to death. But make a business of it and attend to it systematically. The ranges will do very well for stock in the summer months, but in cold weather it should be housed and properly cared for. The more care bestowed, the greater the returns pecuniarily, and it will pay for all the trouble.

If this subject receives the attention it deserves, the supply of good wholesome food—beef, mutton, butter and cheese, may be made to equal the demand; the woolen mills may be supplied with all the wool they need, produced at home, and more general and permanent prosperity to all classes of the people secured.

[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

By Telegraph.

GENERAL.

New York.—The excitement of the past week has given way to comparative quiet. Business at the Stock Exchange is now conducted in a more orderly manner. The large gold contracts on last Friday's business have been privately settled and complications incident to that day's business have been reduced to a comparatively small compass. The Express estimates the depreciation in the price of gold and securities Thursday on the Stock Exchange since Thursday will reach a hundred millions in currency. Many men have been reduced from affluence to poverty.

Boston.—Considerable excitement exists in the southern part of the city, in consequence of the sudden death of Mrs. Hartington, a little child and a brother of Mrs. Hartington. Mrs. Hartington is under arrest on suspicion of poisoning the deceased.

Washington.—An official proclamation has been issued of a convention with Hesse Darmstadt, regulating citizenship on the basis of naturalization, as with the North German Confederation.

New York.—Hall's detailed report of his Arctic expedition is published. It appears there is no longer even the shadow of a hope that any one survives from Franklin's company. It is thought that none reached even as far as Montreal Island. Their bones lie scattered along the coast of King William's Island, some in isolated graves, others in the camping places where they died in company. The melancholy history has a growing terror in the knowledge that they died by starvation through the base behavior of the Esquimaux. Capt. Hall was reduced to the awful necessity of taking the life of one of his mutinous men. Hall states the *Esquimaux* and *Terrace* were not abandoned, before they had consumed the great Northwest passage. Having five men aboard, though the evidence of the exact number is circumstantial everything about this northwest passage ship of Franklin's expedition was in complete order. Four boats were hanging high up at the ship's sides, one on the quarter deck. The vessel was in its winter housing of sail cloth. This vessel was found by the natives near O'Reilly Island in latitude 68° E., 30° N., longitude 98° E., 5° W., early in the spring of '49, being frozen in the midst of a smooth unbroken ice of only one winter's formation.

The New York Express announces that Mr. Bigelow has resigned the editorship of the *Times*. Frederick Hudson, formerly of the *Herald*, will be appointed to succeed him.

St. Louis.—The South Pacific Railroad Co. to-day completed an extension of sixty miles of road through the Ozark mountains, from Little Piney to Lebanon, Mo. An excursion party leave here on Tuesday next to celebrate the completion of this work. The following day the road will be opened for regular business. Two thousand men are now engaged grading the road for fifty-seven miles between Lebanon and Springfield. The work will be finished by January 1st next. From Springfield westward the construction is also being vigorously pushed; it is expected the road will reach the State Line before the close of next year.

Indianapolis.—David Williams, Baggage Master on the Lafayette road, was knocked from his train in passing under a bridge and instantly killed.

F. M. Blair, editor of the *Masonic Home Advocate* and formerly, Grand Master of Illinois, died in this city last night.

An immense crowd visited the State fair to-day. The whole number of entries is 2200. The fair is a complete success in every respect.

San Francisco, 30.—The Seward party left to-day by the steamer *Golden City* for the City of Mexico.

Gen. Thomas, commanding the division of the Pacific, and Admiral Farragut, left for the east yesterday.

The captain of the *Royal Saxon* reports the wreck of the schooner *Arana* and a brig, whose name is not given, at the Duke of Alexander Island. There were no lives lost.

The work on the Truckee Railroad is

suspended in consequence of the action of the Virginia and Gold Hill Miners' Union in driving off the Chinese laborers.

Legal tenders 76.

New Orleans, 1.—A special from Ben-Ham Texas, states that the editors of the Democratic newspapers are in convention and have nominated Hamilton Stewart for Governor, who accepts. A full Democratic ticket will be placed in the field. Forty newspapers have pledged their support. Much enthusiasm prevails.

New Orleans.—Chief Justice Connor, of Honduras, was one of the party picked up in the boats of the steamer *Trade-winds*; they had been three days without water, and their sufferings were great; some of the men became delirious and one leaped overboard and was drowned.

Jackson, Miss.—The Republican Convention has made the following additional nominations: Auditor, H. Musgrave; Treasurer, W. H. Vasser; Attorney General, J. S. Morris; Superintendent of Public Instruction, H. R. Pesse. Resolutions in favor of the Union first and foremost, in favor of freedom of speech and the press, universal suffrage and universal amnesty, free schools for all children in the State, the immediate removal of disabilities imposed by the Fourteenth Amendment, the ratification of the Fifteenth Amendment, and a new State Constitution, with the disfranchising and proscription clauses left out were adopted.

New York.—The *Times* says last evening a strong and powerful delegation of merchants and importers of this city left for Washington, for the purpose of holding a conference with the President relative to the disturbed condition of financial affairs, previous to his holding a Cabinet meeting; so that the subject of discussion before the Cabinet shall be the financial situation of the country, as it has been affected by the recent crisis. The merchants and importers have decided to seek the President's aid in this emergency so that they may be relieved from the embarrassments naturally resulting from the unsettled condition of the money market. On Wednesday Secretary Boutwell was asked if he would not modify his programme so far as selling \$10,000,000 in gold during next month was concerned. Boutwell sent back positive instructions that the line of action already determined on should not be in any way disturbed. The merchants and importers thereupon determined to send an influential delegation to consult with the President and request him to allow the Secretary discretionary powers so that he may sell gold in such quantities and at such times as will best regulate the market.

Philadelphia.—The Republican "Invincibles" paraded last evening to West Philadelphia. While crossing the Schuylkill river they were assaulted with bricks. On their return, at the same place, they were again attacked; one member was fatally wounded. While this was going on they allege the police came up and commenced firing on them. Another member was shot through the body, it is feared fatally.

Chicago, 1.—Washington specials say the case of the *Hornet* has received attention from our authorities. If she was on the high seas under the Cuban flag she will be regarded as a pirate. The Treasury Department has given orders to refuse her supplies. The Spaniards claim she is out as an American pirate; but while at Philadelphia the Spanish Consul furnished no evidence to justify her detention, so she was allowed to sail for Halifax with a regular clearance. Papers there say she was thoroughly examined by the British authorities and allowed to sail with regular papers.

Utica.—An explosion at the oil refinery of Edward Donner last evening resulted in terribly burning one man and the destruction of the main building of the refinery. The loss is \$5000.

Hawley and McHure's foundry was partially burned. Loss \$10,000.

New York.—The steamship *Enterprise* was seized yesterday by the United States Marshal, she having on board thirty large Parrot guns, three thousand solid shot and several tons of shell. It is believed these were intended for the thirty Spanish gunboats now being finished here. The *Enterprise* was to sail this morning and wait at sea the sailing of the gunboats, some night this week.

The iron clad *Dictator* and the steam frigate *Severa*, at the navy yard, have coaled ready for departure for the Cuban coast, where they have been ordered.

FOREIGN.

London.—The Right Hon. James Moncrief has been appointed Lord Justice Clerk of Scotland, vice Geo. Patton, deceased.

Earl Cardwell in a speech to his Oxford constituents said the general policy of the governing of colonies from home was a total failure. There had consequently been substituted a policy to encourage them to develop their own resources to stimulate them to a spirit of self-reliance. He showed how successful this policy had been in the case of Canada. By this policy Earl Cardwell said the colonies have become a strength and honor to Britain, and when the time comes and England calls for the support of her colonies, there will be a confederation such as the world never saw under a single sovereign.

Alexandria.—A dispatch from Suez announces that the barriers against the passage of the waters of the bitter lake have been removed. M. Lesseps passed through the canal in a steamboat from Port Said to Suez in sixteen hours.

Paris.—The Empress left this afternoon for her eastern tour.

It is reported that the father of the murdered family, whose fate has been attended with so much mystery, was strangled. His body has been found in Alzaco.

Havana.—The *Press* comments favorably on the speech of President Juarez on the opening of the Mexican Congress, and praises him for refraining from any allusion to the authority given him to recognize the Cuban independence.

Havana.—The steamer *City of Mexico* has arrived from Vera Cruz with dates from the City of Mexico to the 21st ult. The Mexican Congress assembled on the 18th ult., the anniversary of Mexican independence. President Juarez delivered the opening speech, congratulating the members that they could now celebrate the anniversary of independence for the first time since 1859, with peace prevailing throughout the Republic, the laws being obeyed, the Government working to repress rebellion and disorder. After electing its officers the Congress adjourned in honor of the day. A grand celebration followed in

which sixty thousand persons took part. President Juarez, accompanied by his Cabinet, members of Congress and Nelson, the American Minister, went to Puebla, where he inaugurated the Puebla and Mexico Railroad. From two to three thousand persons were present. A banquet followed, at which speeches were made on questions of internal improvement. President Juarez committed himself fully to the progressive policy. The toast to the United States was replied to by Minister Nelson, whose speech made a very favorable impression. The Humboldt centennial anniversary was celebrated with a banquet and torch-light procession. The conscription is badly received; protests appear against it in all parts of the Republic. The American Consulate at Mexico has been robbed of money and valuables. Señor Romero, President of the Treasury, presented to Congress his report for the fiscal year ending June 30th. Total receipts \$13,765,000; expenditures \$13,000,000. Two millions have been applied to the payment of the public debt, the consolidation of which he advocates. According to the census just concluded, the population of Mexico is 8,567,000. Several Mexican journals are discussing the question of annexation to the United States.

ARRIVALS AT SALT LAKE HOUSE:

R. G. Emery, Montana.
William Gaines, Burlington, Iowa.
Wm E. Ford, Boston, Mass.
John W. Stokes and wife, Philadelphia.
Erie J. Leach, Keokuk, Iowa.
Thomas Cummings, Michigan.
John W. Ingersoll, Darlington.
George E. Barker, Macon, Georgia.
Robert Thompson, Nashville, Tenn.
James G. Martin, Charleston, S. C.
E. S. Burns.
Luther J. Glenn, Atlanta, Georgia.
B. H. Morrison, Keokuk, Iowa.
S. H. Buckman, Paw Paw, Michigan.
Benjamin Ralier, Dubuque, Iowa.
John B. Gilmer, Bloomfield.
J. L. Spring, Milford, N. H.
True Osgood, Concord.
W. R. Tapley, Dover.
J. D. Stratton.

ARRIVALS AT TOWNSEND HOUSE:

G. B. Thomas, Montana.
W. Bross and lady, Chicago.
J. McCarthy and lady, London, England.
J. H. Skidmore, Montana.
Cole Saunders.
C. H. Brigham, Michigan.
E. B. Truesdell, Colorado.
C. Danford, Cottage Hill, Ill.
Lee Porter and lady, Chicago.
Edwin Harrison, St. Louis.
B. Kingsbury, Portland, Maine.
E. D. Fener, Iowa.
J. H. White, New York.
J. Sanders.
Jacob Russell.
Jas. Tennillier.

Special Notices.

JAMES DWYER, of the Railroad News Depot, has just received, direct from Liverpool, England, a lot of the latest edition of the *Hymn Book*, beautifully bound.

Prof. or Biol., the lecturer on Cookery, says that housekeepers should insist upon obtaining the *Bonnet's Flavoring Extracts*, as the strongest and most healthful.

The qualities of Bonnet's Cocoa, as preventing the hair from falling, are truly remarkable.

Embracing—An embroidered handkerchief moistened with Bonnet's exquisite perfume, Florida.

All Painful Troubles and dislocations of the skin may be alleviated or removed by the use of Bonnet's Kallistion.

Ex-President Martin Van Buren was made comfortable by the use of *Joan's White Cambr' Asthma Remedy*.

ECONOMICAL, RELIABLE, THE BEST.—We most *Doolley's Baking Powder*. It is superior to all others in market. Free from any injurious substances, and so nicely compounded that the contents of each box will make light, sweet, tender biscuits, rolls, pastries, &c., with uniform success. Only two teaspoonsful to a quart of flour is necessary, while those of ordinary manufacture require from one-third to a half more. Ask your grocer for Doolley's Chemical Yeast Powder, and take no other. Try it and be convinced.

STATEMENT BLANKS for sale this Office. See our advertisement in another column.

When every other prescription has disappointed expectation, in cases where the system is suffering from the effects of mineral medicines, the powerful vegetable corrective—*Red Jacket Bitters*—will restore the tone of the digestive apparatus, quiet the nerves, and arrest the action of the poison upon the secretive organs and the blood.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THEATRE.

Lessee and Managers—H. B. Clawson & J. T. O'Neil.
Prompter, W. T. Harris. Treasurer, T. Williams.
Leader of the Orchestra, Geo. Carleles.

Limited Re-Engagement

Of the Great Tragedian,

NEIL WARNER

Who will appear as

Julian St. Pierre!

Mr. D. McKENZIE as Leonardo Gonzago
Miss ANNIE LOCKHART as Marianna

AND

THE FULL DRAMATIC COMPANY
WILL APPEAR.

THIS EVENING,

FRIDAY, OCT. 1.
The Performance will consist of Sheridan Knowles' beautiful Play, in 5 Acts,

A TALE

MANTUA!

Julian St. Pierre, Mr. NEIL WARNER
Leonardo Gonzago, Mr. D. McKENZIE
Marianna, Miss ANNIE LOCKHART

And a powerful Cast of Characters.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 7:30.

BYASS' LONDON PORTER,
ARROL'S SCOTCH ALE, and
SANDS' CHICAGO STOCK ALE.

On Draught at
Salt Lake Billiard Room.

WANTED:
TEAMS TO HAUL LUMBER!

S. A. WOOLLEY,
9th Ward.

Conference Notice!

The attention of Conference Visitors is called to the

MAMMOTH STOCK in the several Departments of

"ZION'S CO-OPERATIVE

MERCANTILE INSTITU-

TION."

Representatives of the

Co-operative Stores through-

out the Territory are spe-

cially invited to examine

the WHOLESALE DE-

PARTMENTS, and to make

all their purchases in the

"People's Institution."

Families wishing to pur-

chase are invited to visit the

Fine RETAIL STORE,

where they can be supplied

at Very Low Rates.

JOHN H. VALANDER

H. B. CLAWSON,

SUPERINTENDENT.

CHICAGO THEATRE

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FRUIT TREES

For Sale!

A very large stock of

APPLE TREES

Of the best varieties, one, two and three years from the bud, which I will sell for from 15cts. to 50cts. per tree. To those wishing to purchase to sell again I will make a discount.

PEAR TREES

On their own stocks.

PLUM AND PEACH TREES

A few Hardy Grape Vines.

Gooseberries and Pie Plant

I have a large stock of HONEY LOCUST for Hedges and Shade Trees.

All or any of the above I will sell

CHEAP FOR CASH OR GRAIN.

I will fill all orders for any other varieties in the Territory, if the money is forwarded with the order.

G. B. WALLACE,

17th Ward, S. L. City.

FOR SALE.

IN BRIGHAM CITY, situated on Main street, a new Adobe HOUSE, containing 10 rooms, a full CITY LOT, with sixty bearing Fruit trees, and other conveniences; a half acre of good hay land. For further particulars inquire of C. P. W. LINGBECK, Brigham City, or J. M. LUTLEY, Cabinetmaker, four doors east of Goddard's Store, Salt Lake City.

LUMBER,

Shingles and Lath

I keep constantly on hand

LUMBER, LATH AND SHINGLES

OF THE BEST QUALITY, at my

LUMBER YARD, 15th WARD.

I intend to sell

At the Lowest Cash Figures.

JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN

BRICKS! BRICKS!!

80,000 Good Burned Bricks for Sale at

HENRY SMITH'S, 1st Ward.

\$18.00 per 1,000.

JOE SIMMONS,

Proprietor of the Revere House Saloon.

IS DETERMINED to please everybody. He has just received an importation of BREWER, BAKER & CO.'s celebrated ALE and PORTER.

In addition to LAGER BEER, OYSTERS, CALVES' TONGUE, PIGS' FEET, CIGARS, &c. Serves Lunch at all hours.

MARSHAL'S SALE

At WATT, SLEATER & AJAX'

POSTPONED

Until Further Notice.

FRENCH MULBERRY SEEDS

A FEW pounds of the Morlet's Mulberry and White Rose of Lombardy are for sale in small packages, by BIRD, JOHN READING, Nurseryman, 18th Ward, opposite Mr. Godde's Ostragon House. The Morlet's is the only variety which can be propagated by seed without degenerating, and the White Rose of Lombardy is most extensively cultivated in Europe. These seeds have been expressly prepared the last season in France for Bro. LOUIS A. BERTRAND, and are perfectly fresh and reliable.

JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN, 15th Ward.

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

ONE medium sized Black Horse MULE, branded E B and M on left shoulder, one neck, and one knee swollen. One medium sized light bay, or Brown Horse MULE, branded L on left thigh. One small Grey Horse MULE branded like a wheel, on left shoulder. One small Brown Mare MULE, branded F. REATH, on hoof. Any person giving information of the above will be rewarded.

JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN, 15th Ward.

PETER SCHUTTLE,

WAGON MANUFACTURER.