MUST WORK OR QUIT.

Judge Merritt's Order to Striking Railway Employes on the U. P.

MUST RETURN TO THEIR WORK.

Or the Receivers Have Full Power to Permanently Discharge Them Tomorrow.

Immediately upon Chief Justice Merritt taking his seat in the Third district court this morning, Attorney Parley L. Williams arose to present a petition on behalf of the receivers of the Union Pacific Railroad company in regard to the refusal of the employes thereof within this Territory to perform their duties, and seeking relief from this court in the premises. If, said counsel, these men were, upon reflection, willing to resume work the receivers would like to have them do so; otherwise he would have to ask this court to issue directions to the receivers to discharge them permanently. He also now desired to present a further application to his honor for an injunction to prevent those of the railroad employes who had ceased working from interfering with those who were still at work.

Judge Merritt suggested that Mr. Williams had better go and file separate papers in the different court districts within which the trouble had occurred.

Counsel presumed that this court had jurisdiction in this matter throughout the Territory, and that if the papers were filed here, that would be sufficient. Of course, he suggested, the other judges might be glad to assist if necessary.

Judge Merritt said he was willing to take his share in the matter; let the other district judges do the same.

Attorney Williams—Here is a single case, after all, and I take it that the jurisdiction of the court for such a purpose is co-extensive with the Territory. These things are attended with great difficulty and great disadvantage to the public, and the condition now is one that threatens serious loss and inconvenience to the whole community. These men ought either to work or quit altogether. They have a right to quit if they choose, but here those who have done so continue to regard themselves as employes still—having a right to be on the premises of the railroad company, to gather around every engine that undertakes to start out, for the purpose of soliciting and urging the men on the trains to quit. It is, at the same time, a serious matter for the receivers to undertake to deal with these men unless backed by the power of the court in the way now asked.

FORM OF PETITION.

The petition was read by Mr. Williams and was as follows:

In the Third Judicial District Court of the Territory.

Oliver Ames, second, et al, plaintiffs, vs the Union Pacific Railway Co. et al, defendants.

The receivers of the property of said Union Pacific Railway company and others, defendants, heretofore appointed by order of this court herein, represent to this court:

That a large number of the employes, consisting of switchmen, firemen and others, heretofore engaged by the receivers in the operation of the railway lines of said defendants, situated in said Territory of Utah, within the jurisdiction of this court, did on the 1st day of July, 1894, refuse to perform the services required of them and went on a "strike;" that in consequence of such refusal the said receivers are unable to carry on the necessary work to operate the said railway lines, and that in consequence thereof the operation of trains within the said Territory is almost wholly suspended.

They further represent to the court that, as they are advised, the said "strike" and refusal of said employes to perform the duties for which they were employed, may continue for an indefinite length of time; that the same is not a result of any differences or disagreement as to wages or otherwise between said receivers and said employes, but is wholly, as they are informed, in sympathy with and support of a strike of the employes of the Pullman Car company at or near Chicago, in the state of Illinois.

The said receivers further represent that in order to enable them to carry on the business required by the order of their appointment, the said employes will necessarily have to return to their several stations promptly, or said receivers will be under the necessity of employing other persons to fill their places.

Wherefore said receivers pray the direction of this honorable court, and that it enter its direction and order that said employes so refusing to work return to work and perform the services for which they were engaged, and that they re-begin such services not later than 7 o'clock a.m. on the third day of July, 1894, or that in default thereof the said receivers be authorized and directed to discharge any and all such employes refusing to return to work, and that they be authorized to employ other persons to fill their places.

Said petitioners further pray that said order direct that public notice thereof be given by posting at terminal and principal stations, and by all other reasonable means to bring knowledge thereof to said employes.

Territory of Utah, County of Salt Lake, } ss.

P. L. Williams, being duly sworn, deposes and says: that he knows the contents of the foregoing petition and the same is true; and that he makes this verification in behalf of said receivers, and for the reason that they are all absent from the said Territory and do not reside therein.

Counsel next submitted the following for the signature of the court, if satisfactory to his honor:

THE ORDER.

On filing and reading the petition of the receivers herein, duly verified on their behalf by P. L. Williams, it is ordered by the court that all the employes of said receivers within the Territory of Utah and the jurisdiction of this court who declined to perform the service and duties for which they were employed in and about the operation of the said railway lines of the said defendant companies, and now in the hands of said receivers, are hereby required to decide not later than seven o'clock tomorrow morning, July 3rd, whether they wish to remain in the service of the court and are willing to perform the duties required by them as such employes, and in the event that they decline, refuse or neglect to return to the performance of their said duties by the above stated hour, you the said receivers, are hereby directed to permanently discharge each and every one of them from your service and employ other persons to perform said service.

Said receivers are also hereby ordered and directed to give notice to such employes by "bulletining" the substance of this order at all division terminals and other principal stations, and circulating information of the same amongst such employes as fully as practicable, and otherwise circulating information of this order as fully as practicable.

Judge.

Dated July 2nd, 1894.

Judge Merritt asked Mr. Williams to leave all the papers to him and said he would pass upon the matter at 2 p. m. today.

Counsel urged, however, that the case was one of exigency and that therefore no time should be lost in issuing the order. He thinks that delays had sometimes dangerous ends.

Judge Merritt thereupon stated that he would pass upon the matter at noon.

At twelve o'clock Attorney Williams again presented himself and Judge Merritt attached his signature to the foregoing order.

Not Sitting Today.

The second division of the Third district court has not been in session today.

AN INTERESTING REVIEW.

The Students of the Eleventh Ward Sunday School Carry Out a Pleasing Program.

Yesterday in the Eleventh ward meeting house, the Sunday school of that ward held its annual review, commencing at 10 o'clock in the morning. The primary and intermediate classes occupied the time till 11:15, in a most creditable and satisfactory manner, the little ones showing the most careful training on the part of their teachers, and also deep interest on their own part.

In the evening the time usually occupied by the regular ward Sunday services, was given over to the theological class, which rendered the following program in a very intelligent and interesting manner:

[illegible]

The singing exercises, which were by the Sunday school choir, under the leadership of Brother James Hood, were of a most enjoyable character, and added much to the pleasure of the exercises. Elder Angus M. Cannon, Stake president, was present in the morning, and gave some encouraging instructions to the children and workers of the school. In the evening, after the program had been rendered, Elder Abraham H. Cannon, of the Apostles, and Elder Angus M. Cannon gave some interesting instructions to the large assembly present.

The superintendency of this school —Brothers Charles Livingston, George Coulam and David Cameron—together with the teachers, have just reason to feel proud of the very large Sunday school under their watchcare.

Taxes This Year.

It is announced that the taxes for this year in Salt Lake will be as follows: Territorial 3 mills, territorial school, 3, county, 3, city, 8, city schools, 7, total 24 mills. In the city; the county school tax is 2 mills.

Last year the total tax levy was 22 mills, which, on the city valuation of $40,000,000, produced a revenue of $880,000. This year's levy of 24 mills on an assessed valuation of $36,500,000 will produce a revenue of $[illegible], an increase of $[illegible].

The assessment has been reduced 10 per cent and according to these figures the levy is increased over 25 per cent, making the man who paid $10 taxes last year pay for this year $12.50. The county school tax is applicable to districts outside of the city.

ADDITIONAL TELEGRAPH.

OUTBREAKS IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Hungarians Attack the Men Working in Various Plants.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., July 2.—The strikers were more active today, and outbreaks are reported from different parts of the region. At Leith a number of Hungarians attacked the workmen, and two of the latter were seriously injured. Later the men returned to work. Information has been made against the Hungarians for riot.

Raids were also made at Morrill and Arnas plants, and the workmen driven from the yards. Deputies have been enrolled to protect the new men.

RELICS OF THE KEARSARGE.

The Log Book and Other Articles Recovered by the San Francisco.

NEW YORK, July 2.—The U. S. S. San Francisco has arrived here and now lies at anchor off Staten Island, alongside her sister of the white squadron, the New York. She came direct from Cayenne, a small island in the West Indies, where Captain Watson and Commander McLean rescued a large number of valuable and interesting relics of the old warship Kearsarge. Most valuable of these is the log book of the ship, which is in a perfect state of preservation. The book is a new one. It was started on January 25 of this year, and contains only three days' entries. The last entry was made at midnight on Feb. 1, just twenty-four hours before the Kearsarge ran on the reef. Lieut. Commander McLean also brought back with him the life line that was the means of saving officers and crew on the night of the wreck.

Captain Watson said when the ship left Bluefields on June 10, General Lacayo had gone to the capital and his successor had assumed his place at Bluefields, conformable to the Mosquito reserve. Everything was quiet on shore but an unpleasant condition of uncertainty prevailed.

Killed Her Four Children.

RICHMOND, Va., June 30.—Mrs. Mary Baker, of Montgomery, hanged her four children today. Mrs. Baker and her husband had trouble and they separated this morning. After Baker she hanged the children. Mrs. Baker has escaped, and search is being made for her.

BEFORE CONGRESS.

Resolutions in the Senate Relative to the Pullman Trouble.

AN INVESTIGATION PROPOSED.

Senator Davis, Minnesota, Characterizes the Strike as a War Against the United States.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The Pullman strike has an echo in the Senate today. Call offered a resolution appointing a committee of five of the House and Senate to inquire into the cause of the existing Pullman strike and the justice of the demands of the men and to report by bill or otherwise.

Kyle offered the resolution endorsed by President Debs of the A. R. U. and General Secretary and Treasurer Hayes of the Knights of Labor, which has been published, looking to the protection of the strikers from federal interference except to insure the transportation of mails, and declaring that the detachment of the Pullman or any other parlor or sleeping cars from the train shall constitute no offense against the United States. Both resolutions under the rule went over.

TARIFF AMENDMENTS.

The following amendments to the tariff schedules were agreed to in the Senate today:

Changing the rate on bottles holding more than a pint to $\frac{1}{4}$ of a cent per pound, on flask holding not more than a pint, 1½.

Unpolished plate glass not exceeding 16x24 inches, from 20 to 12½ cents a square foot. All amendments accepted by committee of the whole were agreed to. The iron ore amendment was adopted. A proposition to make the repeal of the sugar bounty to take effect immediately instead of in 1895, was adopted, 36 to 22.

Manderson presented an amendment to the tariff bill providing for the coinage of American silver at 16 to 1, and that a duty be placed on the imports of silver equal to the difference between London price and the face value in this country. The amendment was defeated.

SEN. DAVIS ON THE STRIKE.

Senator Davis, of Minnesota, today replied as follows to a telegram from J. H. McGuire, president of the A. R. U., at Duluth: "I will not support Senator Kyle's resolution. It is against your own real welfare. It is and a war at the country, peace and rights of millions of people, who never harmed you in your occupation. My duty to the Constitution and the law forbids my sanctioning a revolution to legalize lawlessness. The strike puts rests upon yourself and your associates. The power to regulate the commerce in the several states is vested by the Constitution in Congress. Your associates have usurped the power by force at Hammond and other places and have destroyed the commerce between the states in those particular instances. You are rapidly approaching the overt act of levying war against the United States, and you will find the definition of that act in the Constitution. I draw your thoughts with regard to it. You might as well ask me to vote to dissolve this government."

RAILWAY MEN GOING BACK.

Many Employes of the Union Pacific Signing to Return to Work.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., July 2.—All night long the Union Pacific employes in the train service department were being called to sign the agreement to remain in the service of the receivers in accordance with the order issued by Judge Riner. Nearly all the train men signed this morning. The company closed the shops here until further orders. This was done in order to give the shop men time to reconsider their action in going out against they would not be disturbed from further service under the order of the court.

The westbound passenger No. 1 arrived on time this morning, but was held here until the fast mail, and No. 7, which were consolidated to one and arrived at 10 o'clock this morning. These were made up in one train and went west as No. 1.

United States Marshal Rankin and a posse of five deputies will accompany the train as far as Rawlins, as that place the switchmen and all trainmen are implicated in the strike and it is feared they will attempt to hold it there. The union held a meeting at noon and after discussing the situation it was decided to remain firm despite the order of the court. Another meeting will be held at 3 p.m.

TURKISH FANATICISM.

Murder Committed in an American Missionary College.

COLUMBUS, Ind., July 2.—A letter just received here, dated Constantinople, Turkey, June 11, announced the murder in the missionary college at Antioch, Armenia, of Jacob Filian, a fourteen-year old son of Rev. Moses Filian. The boy was being kept in the college at Antioch and being educated by his adopted parents here. He was to be given a thorough classical and theological education in missionary work. He was set upon by a school mate named Abraham because he refused to submit to his temptations. The latter was written to demand of the boy's adopted parents here that some steps be taken by them to demand a full investigation of the circumstances, the Turkish government refusing to investigate the matter. The letter was read in church and created a profound sensation, and a meeting of the official church board was called for tonight to take some official action in the matter. If the Turkish government declines to entertain the demands of the church here for an investigation or punishment of the murderer, it will then be taken up through the government at Washington and the United States minister and consul general at Turkey.

INSANE FROM PLAYING BALL.

A Boy Accidentally Struck in the Head With the Bat.

NEW YORK, July 2.—Martin McMahon, the eleven-year-old son of James McMahon, a conductor on the Madison road, has been taken to the [illegible] ward at Bellevue hospital, where he will be examined as to sanity. About six weeks ago young McMahon while playing ball was accidentally struck on the back of the head by a bat. He was sick for several days and when he recovered himself to be out it was noticed that at times he acted strangely. His parents thought his skull had been slightly fractured by the blow and called in a physician who examined him but said he thought the skull was uninjured.

On Sunday night the boy became evidently insane and picked up his little baby sister and threw her across the room. It was some time before his parents could subdue him and then, although he talked rationally, he was unable to explain his strange conduct, and seemed to be all right until Wednesday when he again tried to cut his throat with a case knife. He was again subdued before he had done any damage to himself and on Thursday was taken to the Presbyterian hospital by his mother. He was treated there and brought home. He remained until yesterday when he became frantic again and tried to strike his mother with a plate.

Went Through a Trestle.

GREENVILLE JUNCTION, Me., July 2.—A Montreal express on the Canadian Pacific road went through a trestle between Anwatch and Moosehead. Three or four passengers are reported killed and a number injured.

Hanged Him to a Tree.

FULTON, Mo., July 2.—Sheriff John L. Reynolds, of Guthrie, on his way to Fulton from Cedar City, in charge of James Johnson, colored, charged with committing a criminal assault upon Mrs. Wm. King in August, 1892, was met at Miller's creek by a mob, who hanged Johnson to a tree.

Badly Damaged.

CORNING, N. Y., July 2.—An incendiary fire in Dundee destroyed seven stores, one dwelling and several other buildings. Prof. T. B. Filch of the graded school was burned so badly that he is at the point of death. The loss is about $40,000.

A Big Blaze.

BONA FIDE, July 2.—Ten houses have been destroyed and twenty-five badly damaged by fire. The loss is 100,000 florins. A wall fell in, killing two policemen and injuring several firemen.

COMMERCIAL.

SALT LAKE CLEARING HOUSE.

Today's clearing house exchanges amounted to $[illegible]. Same day last year, $[illegible].

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS.

New York.—Silver, 63¼; lead, $3.15. London.—Silver, 29⅛.

ORE AND BULLION.

Wells, Fargo & Co. received today: Penn. bullion, $[illegible].

W. S. McCornick & Co. received today: Bullion, $3,[illegible]; Ores, 7,[illegible]. Total, [illegible].

T. R. Jones & Co. received today: Ores, $[illegible].

REAL ESTATE.

[illegible]

STOCKS AND MARKETS.

[illegible]

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

[illegible]

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D., Brooklyn, N. Y.

[illegible]

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

SALT LAKE THEATER

TESTIMONIAL

CONCERT

TO

Willard E. Weihe,

TENDERED BY THE CITIZENS OF SALT LAKE.

TONIGHT.

The following Ladies and Gentlemen will assist Mr. Weihe in the Program:

MISS VIOLA PRATT,
MISS RUTH ELDREDGE,
MRS. V. M. C. SILVA,
Mrs. Lillie Thomas Edward,
Mrs. A. F. Hamilton,
Miss Rosalie Morris,
MR. H. S. KROUSE,
MR. R. C. EASTON,
MR. GEO. D. PYPER,
MR. H. S. ENSIGN,
MR. JOHN D. SPENCER.

Regular Prices of Admission.

JULY 4TH!!! JULY 4TH!!!

Independence Day.

The Salt Lake City Brewing Company's Lager Beer has been given the preference and is sold by the following pleasure resorts: Saltair Beach, Garfield Beach, Calder's Park, Geneva on Utah Lake and the Race Track Salt Lake City.

This ought to be sufficient proof that the Salt Lake City Brewing Company's Lager Beer is the best in the market and those who have not yet placed their orders for July 4th will please send at once either for cases or by kegs.

Telephone 17. J. MORITZ, General Manager.

Hurrah for the Fourth! Fireworks Given Away. Spencer & Jensen Co., 124 Main.

Burlington Route Dining Cars.

The Burlington Route is the only line running dining cars on the "Vestibuled" plan, between Denver and Omaha, Kansas City and Chicago. Passengers have to pay only for what they eat. Be sure that your tickets read via the Burlington Route.

The Perfume of Violets

[illegible]

B. H. WINDSOR & CO., General Insurance.

[illegible]

166 and 167 Progress Building.

SAVINGS BANK

150 Main Street.

[illegible]

Utah Title Insurance & Trust Co.

Capital $100,000, Full Paid.

[illegible]

Celebrate the Fourth With Us. Fireworks Given Away With Shoes. Spencer & Jensen Co., Leaders in Footwear 124 Main.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE

Lucky Bill Mining Company

[illegible]

R. K. Thomas

26, 28, 30, 32, East First South Street, Salt Lake City.

Great Summer Clearance Sale

JULY 2nd TO August 31

Everything Must Go.

We offer you ends in Black Silk assorted weaves. Indias, Taffeta, Armures, gros grain. [illegible]

About [illegible] ends Fancy and Solid Colors, Assorted Silks, [illegible]

Dress Goods in summer and early fall shades, to be closed out entire. Prices will be made to effect this object.

We show you Pieces Black Silk Laces, in sets and all widths, they will be included in this sale.

We will close out about 500 pieces of those Elegant, Butter Colored Laces, Creams, Ecrues and White.

We shall throw out from our boxes to clean out 100 pieces Torchon Laces, and mark them at about half price.

Black, Colored and Cream Lace Flouncings and all over at less than cost of production. See them.

Embroidery Flouncings, in white, and white with colored embroidery and all over, will be offered at half value.

About [illegible] Pieces White and colored Embroidery Edgings and Insertions, at cost and less.

A lot of Pure Silk Gloves and Mitts, in tans, creams, reds, browns, slates, etc., at [illegible] pair, worth from [illegible] a pair.

Black Silk Mitts will be offered at [illegible] a pair. Excellent value.

We offer a lot Ladies' Biarritz Fitting Gloves, [illegible] pair, were [illegible], also Gauntlet Kid Gloves, [illegible] pair, were [illegible] pair.

[illegible] Pieces Black, Henrietta Finish, Sateens in three qualities, warranted and to finish or crock, and can be washed, [illegible]

Remnants in Fine Sateens and [illegible] at [illegible] the piece, are worth [illegible] yard.

Remnants in Choice Styles, Dark Sateens, [illegible] yard, and 50 pieces Indigo Sateens, [illegible] yard, worth 15 cents.

100 Pieces Choice New Goods, Black Ground, Figured Sateens, [illegible] yard. We have already sold 300 pieces of these goods.

Renfrew Ginghams 5c a yard, Indigo, Plain Wash Poplin, suitable for skirts, waists, etc., [illegible], are worth [illegible] yard.

Shirting Print Remnants, 4c yard. Best Prints 5c yard. Remnants, choice prints, 3c and [illegible] yard.

1,000 PARASOLS.

See them, [illegible] to $[illegible].

1,000 Ladies' Waists.

See them, 25c to $1.00.

1,000 Ladies' Wrappers.

See them, [illegible] to $[illegible].

1,000 Ladies' Oxford Ties.

[illegible], $1.25, to close.

Ladies' Linen Collars,

[illegible] cents each.

Ladies' Chemisettes,

[illegible] cents each.

Ladies' Chemisettes,

(New) [illegible] each.

2,000 Cards Buttons,

[illegible] on a Card, [illegible] Card.

R. K. Thomas