The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

No. 230. FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1893. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXVI

CHOLERA SPREADING

Inhabitants of Austrian Galicia in a State of Panic.

THE PLAGUE IN HUNGARY.

Facts Suppressed in Holland.—Germany Stricken.—Jeddah Pilgrims Dying.

VIENNA, Sept. 1.—Twenty-eight deaths from cholera have occurred at Delatyn, Austrian Galicia. The disease is rapidly spreading in that vicinity. The custom house at Delatyn is closed and all intercourse with the bordering Lubliown, so several officers who have quarters in it have been stricken with the malady. The law courts are also closed. Business is long to a standstill. The inhabitants are in a state of panic and all who are able are hurrying from the place. Advices from surrounding report a similar state of affairs there.

ALARMING REPORTS.

LONDON, Sept. 1.—Seven deaths from cholera occurred at Naples yesterday.

Reports from Hungary continue alarming. In eleven counties of northern Hungary 139 new cases and 47 deaths were reported yesterday.

Private advices from Bodenheim say the real extent of the cholera in the city is being suppressed by the authorities. The situation is much worse than admitted.

Six cases were reported to the Berlin authorities from various parts of Germany during the past three days. In a large number of places along the Rhine surveillance has been established to prevent the introduction of cholera. It is reported from Tangiers that cholera has broken out among the Jeddah pilgrims on an island off the city of Mogador.

ASKING FOR PROTECTION.

Serious Trouble Anticipated on a Railroad.

NEWCASTLE, Ky., Sept. 1.—Officials of the Louisville and Nashville railway have asked the sheriff for protection for the new men to take the places of the strikers. Should the old men go out today, serious trouble is anticipated.

NO ADVICES YET.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 1.—Up to noon the officers of the Louisville and Nashville railroad had no advices of a strike at any point between this city and New Orleans. The chief of the railway employes organizations are in session at Louisville and the orders to strike, when issued, will emanate from there.

SHIP HANDS STRIKE.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 1.—Six hundred Louisville and Nashville ship hands at Decatur, Ala., struck at midnight. The tonnages are still at work.

STILL CONSULTING.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 1.—The chiefs of the railway men's orders and the officials of the Louisville and Nashville railroad are still in consultation, having reached no agreement. It looks like a general strike.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 1.—The trainmen's conference closed late afternoon. It was decided to demand a modification of the order reducing the pay of the men ten per cent. What this modification is is not known, but it probably calls for fixing a definite period for the operation of the cut. The grand chiefs will lay the proposition before the officials of the road later this afternoon.

A PLAN FOR FARMERS.

How to Hold the Wheat till the Price Improves.

TACOMA, Sept. 1.—The late new agent of the Farmers' Alliance has proposed, as a means of enabling the farmers to carry their wheat till the price improves, that the bulk of the crop be stored and mortgaged for about 25 cents a bushel.

A Missing Steamer.

QUEENSTOWN, Sept. 1.—The long overdue steamer Sarnia arrived this morning in tow of the steamship Manitoulin. Sarnia's shaft broke on Aug. 4th and the vessel struggled against adverse winds till the 25th, when it was taken in tow. All well.

A Young Lady Killed.

Special Telegram to the News.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Aug. 31.—Miss Mary Driscoll, aged 16 years, residing at Willard, twenty miles southeast of Cheyenne, was killed yesterday afternoon by the accidental discharge of a gun. Miss Driscoll was packing her trunk preparatory to a visit to Sterling, Colorado, when in some manner a gun that was standing in the corner of the room was knocked down and discharged. The shot struck the young lady in the breast, killing her instantly.

CLEVELAND GETS BACK.

He is Said to Look Strong and Vigorous.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.—President Cleveland and family arrived at 4 o'clock this morning.

The party remained in the sleeper till 7 o'clock and then drove to the White House in a drenching rain. Private Secretary Tourtelot says the President is in excellent spirits. His eye is bright, complexion clear, and he looks vigorous and strong.

After breakfast the President went to the office and for two hours worked very hard, disposing of accumulated public business. Then he took part in the cabinet meeting till 1 o'clock.

The silver question was discussed with reference to the chances of repeal by the Senate. The President expressed the belief that his recommendations would be carried out. The cabinet also considered the condition of the treasury. No definite plan of relief was decided on.

To Receive the Veterans.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 1.—Preparations for the Grand Army encampment are going rapidly forward and will be completed in ample time for assembling. The committees from cities and the business houses of the city are rapidly taking on colors.

The naval parade under command of Rear Admiral Gherardi takes place tomorrow morning. Other events are set for Tuesday and Thursday.

AT THE FAIR.

Opening of a Series of Scientific Water Pageants.

CHICAGO, Sept. 1.—The weather was bright and cool, and judging by this morning's attendance at the World's Fair, the gate attendance promises to be very large.

The Morgan horses and Devon cattle will be judged in the live stock ring today.

The water pageant tonight will be the commencement of a series on a scale of grandeur never before approached in this country. The fleet tonight will be a floating island surrounded by war canoes, Arabs and Americans, towed by Indian war canoes; next a fleet leather, a boat of Pueblo Indians; then Columbus before the court of Spain; then American independence and then Washington crossing the Delaware.

THE TROUBLE WITH MEXICO

Armed Forces to the Border, All for the Sake of a Few Sheep.

Costa Sam May Want an Explanation of His Neighbor in the South.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 1.—The trouble on the Mexican border over the attempt of Mexican officers to drive a flock of sheep from a tract of land on the Rio Grande claimed by both Mexicans and citizens of the United States owing to a change in the course of the river, has taken a serious aspect. The war department has received a telegram from General Wheaton, commanding the department of Texas, saying that two troops of the Fifth cavalry would leave Fort Ringgold at noon for the scene of the trouble to support the twenty men under Captain Forbert, who have the Mexican officers and sheep in charge. The telegram also says unofficial intelligence has been received that Colonel Mistro of the Mexican army is moving to that point with a force of men. It is discovered that the sheep belong to the Mexicans, the removal will be allowed, if it is found other wise the state department will demand an explanation from Mexico for sending an armed force to make seizure on United States soil.

CONGRESS AT WORK.

Senator Vance Speaks in Favor of Free Coinage.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.—The Senate took up the House bill to repeal the silver purchase clause of the Sherman act, with Voorhees's bill as a substitute.

VANCE, N.C., one of the minority members of the finance committee, spoke in opposition to the bill and in favor of free coinage. A large portion his speech was devoted to showing the inconsistencies of the friends of repeal, both being patriots, in view of the identical declarations of both national platforms. He quoted from these, commending to his critical strain on the way in which the pledges were being fulfilled.

He said, they seemed to think the only way to maintain the parity between gold and silver was to first strike silver a death blow. Unconditional repeal would be the death blow, for it was well known that Cleveland would veto any silver coinage bill. The effect on the monetary of mankind following the destruction of half the currency of the world aggregating seven and a half billion dollars would be impossible to describe accurately.

He gave the history of the demonetization of silver and declared that every government which demonetized the white metal did so to look it was at a premium. When coinage stopped in India. The effort to have it stopped in the United States began added by the influence of the managed power of all the world and our own government. If the coinage was stopped here silver would cease to live throughout the commercial nations of the earth. The fall in price would be greater than that following the stoppage of coinage. Repeal without a substitute meant the end of silver as money for this generation, unless a revolution of the people should restore it as after the fraudulent demonetization of 1873. Let no man doubt that the proposed repeal was the result of a conspiracy against the moneyholders of the world. He declared the Sherman law did not drive out gold, else why did gold return with it still in force? The Democratic platform, he said, denounced the Sherman act as a delusion and snare, yet the bill for its repeal, striking silver a hard blow, was more towards and more of a makeshift. He closed with a declaration for free coinage of silver.

After discussion as to the relative parliamentary status of the silver repeal bill and the substitute, unanimous consent was asked for the adoption of the substitute, pro forma, and to have all amendments treated as amendments to the substitute.

Cockrell objected on the ground that the House bill was preferable to the substitute.

The discussion is still progressing.

THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.—The House resumed consideration of the new rules.

Boatner's amendment providing for checks was rejected, 95 to 131.

Grosvenor, O., offered an amendment with reference to the chances of repeal by the Senate. The President expressed the belief that his recommendations would be carried out. The cabinet also considered the condition of the treasury. No definite plan of relief was decided on.

To Receive the Veterans.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 1.—Preparations for the Grand Army encampment are going rapidly forward and will be completed in ample time for assembling. The committees from cities and the business houses of the city are rapidly taking on colors.

The naval parade under command of Rear Admiral Gherardi takes place tomorrow morning. Other events are set for Tuesday and Thursday.

AT THE FAIR.

Opening of a Series of Scientific Water Pageants.

CHICAGO, Sept. 1.—The weather was bright and cool, and judging by this morning's attendance at the World's Fair, the gate attendance promises to be very large.

The Morgan horses and Devon cattle will be judged in the live stock ring today.

The water pageant tonight will be the commencement of a series on a scale of grandeur never before approached in this country. The fleet tonight will be a floating island surrounded by war canoes, Arabs and Americans, towed by Indian war canoes; next a fleet leather, a boat of Pueblo Indians; then Columbus before the court of Spain; then American independence and then Washington crossing the Delaware.

THE TROUBLE WITH MEXICO

Armed Forces to the Border, All for the Sake of a Few Sheep.

Costa Sam May Want an Explanation of His Neighbor in the South.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 1.—The trouble on the Mexican border over the attempt of Mexican officers to drive a flock of sheep from a tract of land on the Rio Grande claimed by both Mexicans and citizens of the United States owing to a change in the course of the river, has taken a serious aspect. The war department has received a telegram from General Wheaton, commanding the department of Texas, saying that two troops of the Fifth cavalry would leave Fort Ringgold at noon for the scene of the trouble to support the twenty men under Captain Forbert, who have the Mexican officers and sheep in charge. The telegram also says unofficial intelligence has been received that Colonel Mistro of the Mexican army is moving to that point with a force of men. It is discovered that the sheep belong to the Mexicans, the removal will be allowed, if it is found otherwise the state department will demand an explanation from Mexico for sending an armed force to make seizure on United States soil.

CONGRESS AT WORK.

Senator Vance Speaks in Favor of Free Coinage.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.—The Senate took up the House bill to repeal the silver purchase clause of the Sherman act, with Voorhees's bill as a substitute.

VANCE, N.C., one of the minority members of the finance committee, spoke in opposition to the bill and in favor of free coinage. A large portion his speech was devoted to showing the inconsistencies of the friends of repeal, both being patriots, in view of the identical declarations of both national platforms. He quoted from these, commending to his critical strain on the way in which the pledges were being fulfilled.

He said, they seemed to think the only way to maintain the parity between gold and silver was to first strike silver a death blow. Unconditional repeal would be the death blow, for it was well known that Cleveland would veto any silver coinage bill. The effect on the monetary of mankind following the destruction of half the currency of the world aggregating seven and a half billion dollars would be impossible to describe accurately.

He gave the history of the demonetization of silver and declared that every government which demonetized the white metal did so to look it was at a premium. When coinage stopped in India. The effort to have it stopped in the United States began added by the influence of the managed power of all the world and our own government. If the coinage was stopped here silver would cease to live throughout the commercial nations of the earth. The fall in price would be greater than that following the stoppage of coinage. Repeal without a substitute meant the end of silver as money for this generation, unless a revolution of the people should restore it as after the fraudulent demonetization of 1873. Let no man doubt that the proposed repeal was the result of a conspiracy against the moneyholders of the world. He declared the Sherman law did not drive out gold, else why did gold return with it still in force? The Democratic platform, he said, denounced the Sherman act as a delusion and snare, yet the bill for its repeal, striking silver a hard blow, was more towards and more of a makeshift. He closed with a declaration for free coinage of silver.

After discussion as to the relative parliamentary status of the silver repeal bill and the substitute, unanimous consent was asked for the adoption of the substitute, pro forma, and to have all amendments treated as amendments to the substitute.

Cockrell objected on the ground that the House bill was preferable to the substitute.

The discussion is still progressing.

THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.—The House resumed consideration of the new rules.

Boatner's amendment providing for checks was rejected, 95 to 131.

Grosvenor, O., offered an amendment with reference to the chances of repeal by the Senate. The President expressed the belief that his recommendations would be carried out. The cabinet also considered the condition of the treasury. No definite plan of relief was decided on.

To Receive the Veterans.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 1.—Preparations for the Grand Army encampment are going rapidly forward and

ment requiring the speaker to recognize any member who first addresses him on any subject. Lost.

THE CHESTER HORROR.

More Details of the Disastrous Railroad Accident.

SPRINGFIELD, Sept. 1.—Fourteen Jews, one gypsy, two tramps, and twenty-two injured is the sum total of the Chester wreck of yesterday. As far as learned it is believed that never of those are yet under the wreck. Workmen who joined their way among the crushed cinders this morning tell of the discovery of two lifeless arms, and ghastly heads in the water. All, however, lack corroboration. It will be several days before the wreck is entirely cleared away.

West Breeders Protest.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 1.—The Sheep Growers' association adopted resolutions protesting against the removal of duty on wool. The resolutions urge wool growers of the United States to attend a mass meeting of growers and dealers, either placers, farmers and growers' organizations at the World's Fair, Chicago, September 25th and 26th. National Woolgrowers' association at the same place October 4th.

The Bar Association.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 1.—Judge Thos. M. Cooley, Mich., was elected president of the American Bar association today.

THE TIDE OF GOLD.

Thousands of Pounds Coming This Way.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—The steamer Germania arrived today and had $125,000 in gold and the Augusta Victoria $50,000.

Receivers Appointed.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—Receivers were appointed today for the Equitable Mortgage company of Missouri with offices in this city. It has a capital of $5,000,000. The action is owing to the embarrassment of the market. The appointment of a receiver was on the application of the New York Security and Trust company. The trust company has interest payment to meet between now and December 1st, amounting to nearly $200,000. It is held largely in immature notes and real estate mortgages.

MORE LIGHT.

Oil Men Will Get Their Product to the Market.

Special Telegram to the News.

CASPER, Wyo., Sept. 1.—The gentlemen interested in the oil fields of Natrona county have never been able to obtain rates from the Northwestern railroad company that would enable them to ship their oil. This has greatly retarded the development of this important industry. The Burlington has recently sent an agent here and it is expected that the company will make a rate that will enable the oil men to get their product on the market.

IF IS GENUINE CHOLERA.

Victims of the Asiatic Scourge in New Jersey.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—Dr. Edson of the health department having made examination as to the deaths in Jersey City pronounces them genuine Asiatic cholera.

Nominated by Cleveland.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.—The President has sent to the Senate the following nominations:

Noah Mullen, New Mexico, secretary of New Mexico.

Saul Gunther, Oregon, Indian agent at Siletz agency, Oregon.

Frank Dale, Oklahoma, chief justice of the supreme court of Oklahoma.

Henry Grout, Oklahoma, associate justice of the supreme court, Oklahoma.

APPROVED BY CLEVELAND.

The Bill in Aid of the California Exposition.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.—The President has signed the bill in aid of the California Midwinter International exposition.

Street Car Men Strike.

DULUTH, Minn., Sept. 1.—All the street car employes are on strike against a reduction of 20 per cent in their wages. They offer to accept 10 per cent reduction. Not a car is moving. The sympathy of the people is with the strikers.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION.

The Delegates Report Progress and Raise Funds.

ST LOUIS, Sept. 1.—After devotional exercises the work of the international Sunday school convention continued with the report of Superintendent W. M. Reynolds, on the work of the past three years, showing systematic advancement. The present great good, it said, was the systematic financial supply of money for the needed growing work. The convention then took up the question of finances and soon raised over $22,000 for the next three years. The nominating committee then reported the names for members of the international executive committee from each state and territory, with J. C. Jacobs, Ills., as chairman of the board.

Another Strike.

BRAZIL, Indiana, Sept. 1.—The men employed on the Chicago & Indiana coal road struck this morning against a cut of 10 per cent in wages.

Again Bereaved.

The sincere sympathy of the community will go out to Mrs. Ursula D. Bunnel and family in their second bereavement, the death of the baby, Orson D., notice of which appears in another column. It is only a short time since a sudden blow removed the husband and father, the late John H. Bunnel Jr., and now, with the sentences of that crushing sorrow still in their hearts, the destroyer again invades the stricken household. May God in His great mercy give the comfort in the dark hour which human aid cannot supply!

THE POLITICAL POT.

The Anti-American Resolution Not Yet Received.

THEY WONDER WHERE IT IS.

The Borglum May be Given an Opportunity to Face the Grand Jury.—Paragraphs.

Councilman Wandland stated to a NEWS reporter today that the committee appointed by the City Council on Tuesday night had not yet received Moran's anti-American resolution and consequently as chairman he had not called the committee together yet. He did not know why there was so much delay in the matter as the papers in the case had been ample time to come from the recorder.

Another doubtful member of the Council said with a sarcastic curl of his heavily mustached lip: "The recorder has not had sufficient time in a case of this kind. It will take a week or two to get around."

AFTER THE RITUAL.

President Jackson of the American informed a NEWS reporter last evening that after their meeting on Wednesday night burglars scaled the walls of the building by means of the fire escape, broke through a third story window and forced open a desk which it was supposed contained the ritual of the society but which in fact was filled with papers belonging to the Daughters of Rebekah.

Mr. Jackson is in doubt as to the opinion that the job was executed by one with the confidence of an enterprising reporter who wished to secure the information for his paper. The blood was provided by a stalwart opposed policeman. But to the business in new out, neither did he lean.

Mr. Jackson said further: "I have got enough to satisfy me exactly and if I am not very much mistaken I will have a couple of midnight prowlers in and over in the grand jury."

POLITICAL PARAGRAPHS.

The meeting at the Walker House tonight promises to be a very large and earnest one.

The Utah Democratic club will meet in the McCornick block tomorrow night.

Two hundred applications were filed with the American committee on membership yesterday and today and one of the officers this afternoon.

Judge Powers is coming down from the northwest this evening, it is said, to attend the Walker meeting at the Walker house, or at least to be within reach by telephone.

The curbstone politician always attends the council meetings. When the city fathers fail on each others necks and weep they wink, lean back and laugh. Tonight this element is expected to be out in force.

Councilman Wandland expressed himself as follows today: "I don't want any more political notoriety. I am full up. Any capable, self-sacrificing First precinct patriot who is proud against villification can take my place in the next council if he wants it, so far as I am concerned."

President Jackson of the American requests the NEWS to state that the report that the American will not meet tonight. From another source, however, at about the same identical moment came the positive assurance that there would be a session this evening.

Liberal politicians and diplomats are busy at work on a scheme whereby they hope to win back the erring Americans. Negotiations for a compromise are already pending. The only condition on which the anti-Cain-Boyd wagers will go back is that the officers and some of the best citizens be given and with them, one of the fundamental principles of the society is: What you want and don't or can't see, ask for. The Americans are asking and asking hard.

The news of the expose of the Americans was communicated to Chief Stockton at Chicago remarkably quick and that official immediately telegraphed to his political spokesman and friend Congressman Moran that he and the organization were strangers to each other. The chief's denial, say certain gentlemen who claim to be in a position to speak authoritatively, is unconvincible. The only explanation that is ventured is that he didn't want to lose his job.

At a meeting of ward politicians a couple of nights ago one of the speakers declared that Judge C. C. Goodwin, editor of the Tribune, who is now in Washington attending a fight in court for silver, would never return to Utah if he could arrange his affairs here in a manner that would warrant him settling in the east. It was further stated that the paper which bears his name at the head of its editorial column can no longer support both him and Colonel Nelson, and that it had been decided to retain the cheaper man.

An American who can probably lay claim to more years and a longer political experience than any of his now fellow associates will be a NEWS reporter and a member of the Chamber of Commerce on Wednesday to a rather regretful yet brutal tune: "Without being disrespectful to any class or religionists, I will say I have lived in Utah a long time and have only just discovered that the Tribune is the official organ of the Catholic church, in this Territory. Henceforth the Deseret NEWS will have an ecclesiastical contemporary in the field with it."

Said a Citizens' ticket movement man of heavy property interests last night: "I expect good work from the business men who are to meet with citizens at the Walker House tonight and discuss the political situation. A change must come, I will welcome it gladly. That which is founded on evil and sustained on corruption has had long a day in this city. The municipal treasury today is evidence of this. A conscientious surplus has been shamefully and, I believe, yes, criminally squandered. Loosely speaking corporate funds and wards are blockaded and disgrace is upon us. It will take a score of years to replace that which the looters have taken away. I say let every honest man, regardless of politics, assist in turning the rascals out."

Two pugnacious councilmen who have approached unanimity come to the criminal one notice line on divers occasions of late met in front of a down town saloon last night. One of them has been patronizing the bar to a thoroughly commendable manner during the day. He was feeling pretty good and was apparently anxious to impress that fact on the mind of his associate, who, by the way, is accused of strongly sympathizing with the Americans. Speaking of the organization he said: "I love my man connected with the institution is a hell tester a traitor and a demagogue." "Hold on be a demagogue than a demijohn" promptly replied councilman No. 2 who he forced on his feet and walked away leaving his irascible colleague to meditate on his remarks.

A. U. P. Special to Chicago.

The Union Pacific officials also anticipate running a special passenger train to Chicago from this city in time to be at the World's Fair on Utah day. The train will have here on Monday next.

Weather and Crop Report.

The weather and crop report for the past is reviewed as follows by Acting Director Makwell:

NORTHERN SECTION.

Week dry. Frosts occurred in several counties, damaging potatoes, wheat and tender vines. Grasshoppers numerous, but crops outstanding but little injury. Threshing recently completed. Crops about average.

MIDDLE SECTION.

Weather very favorable for crops. General rains required. In some places very heavy, but little damage. Clean limit in Emery county, considerable damage done to irrigation canal. Frosts in Millard and Sanpete counties, injuring crops but little. Grain and corn generally good crops, fruit fair, sugar beets in good condition.

SOUTHERN SECTION.

Favorable week. Harvesting about ended. Fair crops. Frosts in Wayne county but not general.

HIPWELL PARDONED.

It Was a Case in Which Executive Clemency Was Justified.

One of the first acts of Governor West after his return from the coast today was to sign a pardon granting the release of John Hipwell, a penitentiary inmate, who was convicted of grand larceny in the Fourth district court at Ogden on March 11th, 1893, and sentenced to two years' imprisonment. The petition was numerously signed by residents of Ogden, who bore testimony to the defendant's good character up to the time of the offense for which he was punished. Trade appeared to be some doubt, indeed, as to Hipwell's guilt, and his conviction by the jury was a surprise to many persons. The Governor has had the matter under careful consideration for a couple of months past, and after weighing all the circumstances arrived at the conclusion that he would be justified in granting the youth his liberty.

Doing Nicely.

Joseph Patrick the unfortunate young man who met with an accident at Saltair which resulted in the loss of his left foot, is reported by Doctor Beatty and Bear as progressing nicely. He is feeling quite well and considering the calamity that has befallen him is very cheerful. He was not informed until yesterday of the amputation. It was thought the news would cause a great shock to him but he received it with remarkable fortitude.

The Governor Going.

Governor West is surrounding himself with a party of prominent business men who will leave for Chicago over the Union Pacific on Tuesday morning next.

The following other persons will also go to the Fair on the same train: Dr. Fowler, Mrs. Rawlins and family, Mrs. Kinnon, Mrs. E. C. Williams, Mrs. Miller and Mrs. Colonel Woodruff.

For One Day Only.

The Union Pacific has made a round trip rate of $12.50 to Chicago for one day only—Tuesday next—to allow people to visit the World's Fair on Utah Day as cheaply as possible.

A DESPERATE TRAMP.

He Draws a Revolver on Mrs. Henry Hodgson and Compels Her to Get Him Something to Eat.

Shortly after 12 o'clock this afternoon a dirty and shabbily dressed tramp called at the residence of Mr. Henry Hodgson at the corner of Emerson avenue and Twelfth East street and demanded something to eat. Her husband being absent, Mrs. Hodgson informed him that she would be pleased to satisfy his wants if he would wait until she had baked some cakes, which was in the oven at that time.

The fellow became insolent and declared that he must be provided for instanter. Mrs. Hodgson became frightened and he drew a revolver, at the point of which he compelled her to get something for him without delay. Filling his pockets and hands he then started down the street at a lively gait and soon disappeared.

That part of the city is sparsely settled and immediate assistance could not be had. A few minutes after the tramp left Registrar Officers Gibbs and Adair called at the Hodgson residence, and to them the story was related as recorded.

Fire at a Jewelry Store.

The fire department responded to a call about 11 o'clock today from Lyon & McCune's jewelry store, where a small blaze started in the ceiling from an electric wire. The chemical engine was got into operation and the fire extinguished before doing much damage.

THE SUPREME COURT.

The Nelson, Whitmore, and Jones Cases—An Adjournment Taken Until September 26th.

The Alfred H. Nelson habeas corpus case, mentioned in yesterday's NEWS was argued on behalf of the defendant by Judge Lionel of Ogden toward the close of the afternoon's session. U. S. District Attorney Judd demurred to the petition, and the demurrer was sustained. Nelson is awaiting trial for embezzlement at Ogden. The writ was applied for on the grounds that Nelson should have been committed to the custody of the sheriff of Weber county instead of the custody of the United States marshal.

THE JONES PLEADING.

In the matter of charges preferred against Attorney H. H. Jones of Logan in June last, by H. S. Tarpey, the defendant filed a demurrer and answer yesterday afternoon. The court referred the case to Clerk J. P. Rocks to take testimony and report.

THE WHITMORE CONTEMPT.

The George C. Whitmore habeas corpus matter having been argued by Attorney Varian for the plaintiff and Attorney Arthur Brown for the defense, the court took it under advisement.

Their Honors adjourned till September 26th.

The Bond Signed.

Jerome E. Williams and John Green went before Commissioner Pratt late yesterday afternoon, and signed the bond bond of John W. Scott, who is charged with attempted arson at Silver City. Scott has been in the Juab county jail since his preliminary hearing on July 20th. The bond has been instructed to release him.

For Shooting.

A warrant has been issued by United States Commissioner Pratt on the complaint of Ry R. Higson for the arrest of L. Price charged with shooting with intent to murder Higson on August 28th.

BACK FROM CALIFORNIA.

Governor West Reached Salt Lake This Morning from Monterey.

Governor West arrived in the city at 7 o'clock this morning, upon his return from California. The journey was one of pleasure, and the Governor says he has had an excellent time. He spent almost the entire holiday at Monterey, the country around which place he describes as one of the most lovely spots he has ever visited. The weather was delightfully cool there. As to San Francisco—where the Governor made but a brief halt—he states there is more general activity there than he had expected to find in these depressed times. The trip occupied just eleven days.

What Mr. Burley Says.

The following was received from General Passenger Agent Burley of the Union Pacific last evening, sent from Junction City, Kansas:

"We met Henry Irving special at this point. Held train twenty minutes while choir made voices resounding the Irving special. Standing room only last night at Denver, and about five hundred turned away."

Mr. Burley is acting as general railway director for the choir and will accompany them to Chicago.

Whitmore Will Rest Easy.

Banker Whitmore will have his liberty between now and the time when the Territorial Supreme court meets, on the 26th inst., the court having consented to the defendant going forth upon depositing with his attorneys (Brown and Henderson) sufficient money to cover the fine and costs imposed for the contempt, pending their honors' decision. Mr. Whitmore will not, therefore, be haunted in the interval by Sheriffs, U. S. Marshals, or their deputies.

Today's Probate.

Estate and guardianship of Pauline K. and Wm. H. Pitts, minors. Hearing on account of guardian and order made allowing same.

Estate of Joseph Straw, deceased. Hearing on return of sale of real estate and order made confirming sale.

Estate of Herman Hyde, deceased. Motion continued till Tuesday, Sept. 11th.

From a Mission.

Elder Jagoe E. Taylor, of New Harmony, Washington county, Utah, has just returned from a mission to the Southern states. He left home on April 20th, 1891, and has been laboring in the West Virginia conference during the entire period. Elder Taylor gives a satisfactory account of his journey. He says he and his fellow missionaries were well treated by the people among whom they went, and but little of opposition was offered. The mission, he states, is in a good condition at the time.

IN JACKSON COUNTY!

The Choir and Party Right Royally Welcomed.

TEMPLE SQUARE VISITED.

A Most Enjoyable Trip, with Success and Enthusiasm Everywhere.—Back to Kansas City.

Special Telegram to the NEWS.

INDEPENDENCE, Mo., Sept. 1.—The Mormon party arrived at Kansas City late last evening, passed the night on the cars and at 8 o'clock this morning Deseret was met by a committee of Independence citizens including the mayor and city council and escorted to the famed county seat of Jackson county, where there had been a mass meeting held previously to organize committees for a suitable reception.

The whole town was in holiday attire. Fifty carriages met the party at the depot and were at once filled to overflowing. The remainder of the party walked up the slight incline, through a tendinal avenue of elms to the well-remembered Temple Square, where several thousand people had congregated. President Woodruff, Clayton and Smith were seated in the platform and here a morning song was sung and greatly appreciated. At the invitation of Mayor Mercer the whole gathering then adjourned to the handsome gray stone church of the Josephites, who number about eight hundred here.

At ten hour the building is crammed to overflowing. The choir is singing, the audience applauding, and other tunes are being made by Mayor Mercer and President Woodruff and Clayton. The court was immediately adjourned, especially Lassen's rendition of "Oh My Father."

Later the choir returned to Kansas City at noon, having passed a most enjoyable but very brief time at Independence. The weather was very hearty. No reference was made after all the past of visitors or citizens to the anti-Mormon change in the Times today which presently made its two column illustrated article "Hell from a friendly mob." The whole party entered over the Santa Fe in coaches and almost stopped the cars to change, gathering memorabilia of the visit.

THE CHEROKEE STRIP.

Information of Interest to the Salt Lakers Going to Locate Land.—Reservations that are Withheld.

There will be a meeting at the Real Estate Exchange tomorrow night for the purpose of organizing a party of Cherokee land seekers as outlined in the NEWS several days ago. It is expected the party will leave here on the 10th inst. to be present at the opening for location and settlement at noon on the 16th. About fifty men have already signified their intention of going and it is believed the number will be swelled to at least one hundred.

The following dispatch from Arkansas city, Kansas, will furnish valuable information to members of the party:

Yesterday R. S. Barnes telegraphed Secretary Smith asking if settlers would be allowed to make the run from the Chilocco, Osage and Pawnee reservations. This morning he received a telegram which settles the question of points from which the run can legally be made. The Indian reservations of the Pawnee and Osage are all part of the Cherokee strip and many people had made preparations to make the run from their boundaries. The south boundary of the Osage reservation is only two miles from the county seat and land office between Perry and Winfield, and hundreds of Guthrieites intended going to Perry on the train on the morning of the opening and walking into the new county seat, claim the choicest town lots, arriving ahead of the horsemen from the Oklahoma line. In the same manner many intended going from Arkansas City to the Kansas, Nez Perces and Ponca reservations and make the run to Billie Creek, Pond Creek and other important projected town sites. The telegram received from the commissioner follows:

"President's proclamation reserves Chilocco, Osage and Ponca reservations from lands to be opened. I have no authority to grant parties permission to go thereon."

This is a great disappointment to many concerned, who wished to be as close to their chosen land of entry as they honestly could. The greater part of the boomers are unsophisticated people, who know of no means of entry except to make a run in the old-fashioned way, and plans against them to the race for the best portions of the strip are a large body of settlers who are "on to" every advantage to be gained by any interpretation of the proclamation or of the rules of the interior department. There are a number of other points yet to be settled by the department in order to insure to honest settlers a fair chance to get a home.

Captain Johnson, commanding troop B, Third cavalry, who has been stationed here for several weeks, received orders to proceed at once to the land office near Perry, and broke camp here this morning. One troop at the Fifth cavalry left Fort Reno yesterday for Pond Creek on the Black Island. Other troops are expected here within a day or two to take the place of troop B.

Mayor Newman has received a letter from S. F. Spencer, of Salt Lake City, stating he is going to form a large party of settlers with him to the opening from Utah points. He says there will be a large number of people from Utah and Colorado to settle in the strip.

The Salt Lake Stock and Mining Journal ceases to be a weekly issue on a daily and will appear as a weekly sheet.

There will be a meeting at the Real Estate Exchange tomorrow night for the purpose of organizing a party of Cherokee land seekers as outlined in the NEWS several days ago. It is expected the party will leave here on the 10th inst. to be present at the opening for location and settlement at noon on the 16th. About fifty men have already signified their intention of going and it is believed the number will be swelled to at least one hundred.

The following dispatch from Arkansas city, Kansas, will furnish valuable information to members of the party:

Yesterday R. S. Barnes telegraphed Secretary Smith asking if settlers would be allowed to make the run from the Chilocco, Osage and Ponca reservations. This morning he received a telegram which settles the question of points from which the run can legally be made. The Indian reservations of the Pawnee and Osage are all part of the Cherokee strip and many people had made preparations to make the run from their boundaries. The south boundary of the Osage reservation is only two miles from the county seat and land office between Perry and Winfield, and hundreds of Guthrieites intended going to Perry on the train on the morning of the opening and walking into the new county seat, claim the choicest town lots, arriving ahead of the horsemen from the Oklahoma line. In the same manner many intended going from Arkansas City to the Kansas, Nez Perces and Ponca reservations and make the run to Billie Creek, Pond Creek and other important projected town sites. The telegram received from the commissioner follows:

"President's proclamation reserves Chilocco, Osage and Ponca reservations from lands to be opened. I have no authority to grant parties permission to go thereon."

This is a great disappointment to many concerned, who wished to be as close to their chosen land of entry as they honestly could. The greater part of the boomers are unsophisticated people, who know of no means of entry except to make a run in the old-fashioned way, and plans against them in the race for the best portions of the strip are a large body of settlers who are "on to" every advantage to be gained by any interpretation of the proclamation or of the rules of the interior department. There are a number of other points yet to be settled by the department in order to insure to honest settlers a fair chance to get a home.

Captain Johnson, commanding troop B, Third cavalry, who has been stationed here for several weeks, received orders to proceed at once to the land office near Perry, and broke camp here this morning. One troop at the Fifth cavalry left Fort Reno yesterday for Pond Creek on the Black Island. Other troops are expected here within a day or two to take the place of troop B.

Mayor Newman has received a letter from S. F. Spencer, of Salt Lake City, stating he is going to form a large party of settlers with him to the opening from Utah points. He says there will be a large number of people from Utah and Colorado to settle in the strip.

The Salt Lake Stock and Mining Journal ceases to be a weekly issue on a daily and will appear as a weekly sheet.