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John P. Meakin Records His Experiences in the Classic City-He Visits Harvard-Impressions on the Smoot

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Spcial Correspondence.

EW YORK, Feb. 4 .- A flood of thoughts rushed through the brain while visiting historic Boston. Boston is both unique

and majestic. The old part of town isjust as the first calf laid out its streets by winding round and round. Some of the lanes, called streets, are so crooked that one can meet himself coming around the corner. I said to a friend my guide: "Is it safe for us to go down this alley?" If I hadn't been from the West, my escort would never have forgiven me for such a question. He assured me that it was not an alley, but to the contrary, it was one of Boston's prominent streets. In the heart of the business part of the town stands the old State House, suggestive of the early struggles for liberty. On the front of the building is the old English emblem, the lion and the unicorn and the atmosphere all around is quit "Eng-lish, you know." I stood in the room on the spot against the old historic window where the Declaration of Indewindow where the Declaration of Inde-pendence was read to the populace for the first time. In after years, in his old age, John Adams, pointing to the spot, said: "Then and there, the child of Independence was born." In the same room, John Hancock was inaug-urated governor of Massachusetts, Old churches, old buildings antedating the Revolution, are yet in a good state of preservation-mile stones of "ye olden times," pointing the way, though the way be changed. Old scenes, old songs, old relics linger and make Bosten one of the charming spots of the world. The people are dignified, cultured, but too close together to be neighborly, and if one wants to hear a buman voice, if one wants to hear a burnan volce, though he may be in crowds, he has to talk to himself. It isn't in good taste, you know, to speak to a stranger--not even to say "Good morning."

"AGAINST THE RULES."

Our friend, Joe Eldredge, Jr., was fortunate, or unfortunate, enough to stay over Sunday in Boston. There he stay over Sunday in Boston. 'There he sat in solemn silence from 9 o'clock Sunday morning until 11 o'clock Mon-day. Report says that, getting des-perate, he asked a colored man, just for company, to take something with him, but the colored man said: "It is against the rules of the house, to drink with strangers, sah!" And the only way to get the waiter to take "something" was to "fin" him and "iddle" was still left to "tip" him, and "Jodle" was still left

The traffic in the narrow streets is one continuous jam and if not for the police force the wheels would stop and human life be in danger. Standing on every corner is a big, kindly-hearted policeman, seemingiy never tiring in his arduous task of answering questions and protecting life and limb. I talked to one of these big tellows. His name was G. W. Rue, who has been on the force many years. I found him one of God's noblemen. He said the street work was very trying on one's nerves, but long experience had made it now comparatively easy. If the accidents averted or lives saved could be record-ed, it would make a very interesting averted or lives saved could be record-ed, it would make a very interesting book. These men are encyclopedias of information, and they give it with a graciousness which makes a stranger feel, after all, that fraternal love does still exist, but it is hidden behind the clouds of caste and efiquette. Boston's pefforman, theorem is the theta business policemen, though it is their business

here stands another right square in the middle of the sidewalk and every man, woman and child in Cambridge pro-tects and says: "Spare the tree: touch not a single bough!" The stupid men of Salt Lake City, who ordered or al-lowed, or did the cutting down of its trees, would not last fifteen minutes in Cambridge.

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A MUSICAL TREAT.

After leaving dear old Harvard, an-other treat was in store for me. Mr. Fish escorted me to the grand concert at Symphony hall, given by the Boston Symphony orchestra. Here I listened to the greatest orchestra and the most sublime music, given by nearly a hundred of-the world's greatest mu-sicians. The program was the Fantast-÷Ô, Ф ø d) ŵ Ŷ 00

sublime music, given by nearly a hundred of-the world's greatest mu-sicians. The program was the Fantast-le Symphony, No. 1. In C major, Op. 16 A., by Hector Berlioz. I assure my friends of Utah that this was the mu-sical treat of my life. The concert was given on Friday afternoon. Eve-ry seat was occupied and not one of the three to four thousand people made a move to go out or to disturb the beauty and harmony of the occasion. Boston is the "Hub" of musical isarning and development of the human mind. For two days I was the guest of Mrs. George S. Cheney and her daughter and son, Mrs. and Mr. Almon J. Fairbanks, all cultured and musical people-Mr. Fairbanks being one of the prominent organists of Boston. In this beautiful home, for two evenings, to a number of invited guest, I gave the story of Utah and the "Mormons." My efforts to remove the silly prejudices which exist in the minds of the pople were thoroughly appreciated. The people everywhere are interested in Utah, and after breaking through the wails of prejudice and getting a hearing, they are delighted with the truth and shout "Amen!" I am in New York at this writing. ŵ d) 34 ŵ Ô

"Amen!" I am in New York at this writing. I had the pleasure on Sunday evening of paying a visit to New York Lodge No. 1, Benavolent Protective Order of Elks. I was received most kindly by one of the best and brainiest bodies of men I have ever met with. Of course they called on the man from Utah and I had every indication by applause and handclaps that I had, in theatrical par-lance, "made good." The exaited ruler, Champe S. Andrews, is an Eik, in heart and in mind. The meeting was one long to be remembered by me and they sent greetings to Salt Lake lodge, No. 85 of Salt Lake City. After the meet-85 of Salt Lake City. After the meet-ing proper, a banquet was served in my honor and again we dwelt in the realm of jovility and Utah was voted to be 'all right.

I shall be here another day then wend my way to the west, stopping in Chica-go a few days. Then to Denver. I have several invitations to go to other eastern cities but cannot do so now.

AT THE SMOOT INVESTIGATION.

I was at Washington one week and a was at washington one week and spent most of the time in the commit-tee room listening to the investigation of the "Mormon" Church, under the title of "Smoot Inquiry." During the weary hours, I thought that if William weary hours, I thought that if William Shakespeare was only living and should by chance have dropped in, what food for thought he would have found. Splendid material for a new comedy un-der an old title, "Much Ado About Nothing." A smile would involuntarily come to see these great heads puzzling their mighty brains as to what God would do and what people would do, supposing this and supposing that; prying into sacred family relationships and by technicalities, making crimina's of men and wemen who are faithful orable, whose lives are records f integrity—men who have been true o their religious and moral obligations, ntered into years ago when no law exlated against polygamy or when, at least, the government permitted it, by least, the government permitted it, by ignoring it. I stood in the halls where Hamilton, Lincoln, Clay, Webster, Cal-houn. Blaine, Garfield McKinley and many others lived and philosophized. Then I looked and listened to our present great (?) men confound the world by wise laws, etc., in a seeming attempt to break a natural law which is, in itself, next to an impossibility, and they know it. They seem to think that a man who has lived with a plural wife for many years, who has borne children to him, that she can and ought to be cast aside as so much trash, simply to be fed alike an ox. These men seem to think that a man may be a husband and yet not be a husband. Ye Gods! What fools these mortals be! WOULD YOU? Ф WOULD YOU? Lawyers seemed indignant because Lawyers seemed indignant because people who have gone through the En-dowment House refused to divulge the ceremonies they obligated themselves not to divulge, whose lives have proved, through the years that have passed, that nothing ever was given to them which was detrimental to the laws and government of our nation. I was at a fraternal society meeting a few nights ago and the poor "Mormons," of course, were setting badly abused. ø a fraternal society meeting a few nights ago and the poor "Mormons," of course, were getting badly abused. Every witness who had refused to break his obligation before the com-mittee was being censured, "They were all bad men," because they would not be Judas Iscarlots. Dur-ing the conversation I asked the question, "Would you" and the boot was switched to the other leg. Fublic clamor seems to have made the people forget the Golden rule. The 8 999 ø people forget the Golden rule. The anderlying principle of all the so-called secret or fraternal societies is not to divuige that which you may see or hear and a thoroughbred man will never break his oath. The difference, as I see it, between the "Mormon" Church and its obligations and the se-\$\$\$\$ as I see It, between the 'Mormon'' Church and its obligations and the se-cret society obligations, is mamely: the one embraces morals, purity and re-ligion and they call it religion; the lat-ter teach purity, morality and honor but do not call it religion. There is not an Elk or a Knight of Pythias anywhere who would give one secret away, if his refusal meant death, and every man who violates his oath, taken in the Endowment House or a fraternal society! his oath is not worth taking. He has betrayed his Christ! The favor-ite remark by many people who are ignorant as to the 'Mormons' side of the story or the life of the 'Mormons' is: ''They--the 'Mormons'-ought to be swept off the face of the earth be-cause of their impurity.'' And while saying this, I have every reason to be-lieve they look too high over moun-tain tops and miss the things close by, or else they are deaf and blind. Again, they surely forget the Master's teach-ings when he said: ''Go thou and sin no more.'' Where I go I find many adherents to 'chruchlanity'' but few to Christianity. It is observed by many that through all this investigation, not one wed of fault has been found in the life and character of Senator Reed Simoot. He has borne all this abuse and villification without a murmur. Let me ask, which is nearest the Master' and villification without a murmur, Let me ask, which is nearest the Mas-ter, the abuser or the abused? BRADY NO INFORMER.

I ESERET EVENING NEWS: SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1905.

reading their Bible or singing "Rock of Ages," in voices soft and low, Stealthily, an enemy (a reformer?) crawls through the front gate and up to the window. The curtain, a little drawn aside and through this computer drawn aside, and through this opening, he sees the old couple. It was a plural wife. He makes a note of date, hour and minute, etc., then stealthily he LEGAL BLANKS, a full supply, all the latest forms at the Deseret News Book store.

John Morley, in an address at Pittsburg, urged the American people to use caution and care in their busy lives—to do strenuous things, but to do them with forethought. "The Scot," said Mr. Morley, "is not-ed for his forethought.

VALKER'S STORE.

CAUTION AND CARE.

"A baid Scot, on a visit to London, paused to look at a display of hair tonic in a chemist's window. The chemist, himself a baid man, came out and tapped the Scot upon the shoulder; "The very thing for you, my man,' he said. 'Let me sell you a bottle of this tonic. It is the greatest medical discovery of the age.'

"'It is guid, ch?' said the Caledonias. "'Good? it's marvelous. I guarantee it to produce hair on a baid head in twent-four hours." "'Aweel,' said the Scot, it his dry cautious way. 'Aweel, 'ye can si'e the top, o' yer head a rub wi' it, and 'r' look back the morn and see if yer tellin' the truth.'"-New York Tribune

A February Sale Of Carpets, Curtains, **Draperies--Entire Winter Stocks To Go**

Your One Great Opportunity to Save Money on Present Needs or Those For the Spring Replenishing=Time Now Almost Here.

F YOU ARE now newly furnishing apartment or home this is an occasion whereby dollars and dollars may remain in your purse, which under normal selling would have to come out. If you are only considering a replenishing time when spring comes along, why then too it is worth while anticipating those needs and making money by savings that will not be yours again in many, many months. Read:

CHOICEST OF CARPETS AND RUGS WERE NEVER SO **RADICALLY PRICE-REDUCED!**

- Beautiful Axminster carpets that were \$1.75 to \$2 25 a yard one priced-\$1.45
- Handsome Velvets that were \$1.25 and \$1.50 for --- \$1; The \$1 10 and \$1.25 a yard--- 85c
- Best of Tapestry carpets that sell at \$110 a yard for-85c; the \$1 grade for-75c
- All wool Ingrain carpets sold at 95c a yard reduced to-75c
- Excellent Granite carpets, 40c a yard regular for-25c

9x12 feet Axminister Rugs reduced from \$32.50 to-\$28

9x12 feet Tapestry Rugs Reduced from \$20 to-\$15 9x12 feet Pro-Brussels Rugs reduced from \$13.50 to-\$8.75

- 8-3x10-6 feet Wilton Rugs reduced from \$35 to -\$30
- 8 3x10-6 feet Pro-Brussels Rugs reduced from \$10.50 to-\$7.50
- 112 yard remnants of Axminister, Velvet and

COUCH COVERS.

The \$6 to \$7.50 each for-\$5.50 The \$4 50 to \$5.50 for-\$3.75 The \$2.25 to \$3 for-\$1.75

CORDS AND FRINGES.

The 20c to 35c a yard for- 10c

growing better and kindlier. AT HARVARD UNIVERSITY.

Ar BARVARD UNIVERSITE. Accompanied by Rev. W. H. Fish, Jr., late minister of the Unitarian society of Salt Lake, I visited Harvard uni-versity--the oldest, the largest, the wealthiest institution of learning in the United States. Mr. Fish spent seven years within its walls and graduated, a scholar and a gentleman. In this great university, including the summer school scholar and a gentleman. In this great university, including the summer school, there are 5,000 students. We first en-tered the library, and who should be the first to greet us but Prof. George M. Marshall of the University of Utah? Handclasps and hearty words of wel-come were in order. Books and studies were cast aslde and for three hours, piloted by Prof. Marshall, we tramped and "did" Harvard university thor-oughly. Every building is a source of thought and admiration. Many of America's greatest sons were developed in this cradle of learning. My life is not filled up with many regrets, but while visiting this grand institution. I whed that I could retrace the while visiting this grand institution, I where visiting this grand institution, I where that I could retrace the steps of age, twenty-five years, and if so, I would graduate from Harvard, if I had to carry a "shine box" to make a living while go-ing through. I have thought many times if I could only open the eyes of Utah's thoughtless boys to the possi-bilities within their graps, they would then throw away the cigarette, the drink, the dissipation and get out onto the highway of "Onward and Upward," so that in after years, their footprints would be indelibly imprinted on the sands of time, telling to those who come after them, "This is the way, out of darkness into light; out of ignor-ance into intellectuality; out of animal life into a spiritual life." ENTRANCE TO UNIVERSITY,

ENTRANCE TO UNIVERSITY. On a tablet to the right of the main entrance is the following inscription spelled in the old-fashioned way, with the letter "u" made like a "v:" "After God had carried us safe to New England and wee had builded our houses, provided necessaries for our livelihood, reard convenient places for God's worship and settled the Civil Government, one of the next things we longed for and looked after, was to advance learning and perpetuate it fo posterity, dreading to leave an illiter-ate ministers shall lie in the dust, New England's first fruits." SALOONS UNKNOWN

SALOONS UNKNOWN.

SALOONS UNKNOWN. If time would permit I should like for the a description of each building, with its various departments and con-ting or halls in the university; many of them over one hundred years old here and there are tablets telling the visit that such men as General Wash-ington. General Putnam, Steven Page, the first printer), and other historic are joined by a bridge hence one doesn't regioned by a bridge hence one doesn't work that the is out of Boston. Cam-bridge however, is Cambridge. Har-vard being its main feature. There are here as though he is in the atmost here of learning and of goodness, We we visited the beautiful old home we visited the beautiful old home we visited the grand and beautiful unched the grand and beautiful to be the sourd of the old ein trees we visited the beautiful old home we visited the beautiful old home where from his heart and brain were bunched the grand and beautiful to be the sourd and beautiful to be the sourd of the old ein trees we visited the beautiful old home we visited the beautiful old home where from his heart and brain were bunched the grand and beautiful to be the sourd of the old ein trees where from his heart and brain were bunched the grand and beautiful to be the sourd of the old ein trees to be the sourd of the old ein trees to be the sourd of the old ein trees to be the sourd of the old ein trees to be the sourd of the old ein trees to be the sourd of the old ein trees to be the sourd of the old ein trees to be the sourd of the old ein trees to be the sourd of the old ein trees to be the sourd of the old ein trees to be the sourd of the old ein trees to be the sourd of the old ein trees to be the sourd of the old ein trees to be the sourd of the old ein trees to be the sourd of the old ein trees to be the sourd of the old ein trees to be the sourd of the old ein trees to be the sourd of the old ein trees to be the sourd of the old ein trees to be the sourd of the old ein trees to be the sourd of

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That was a beautiful word picture thoughts which have blessed and cheered humanity. The city is very picturesque and an historical halo seems to pervade the nir. One of its main beauties is its trees. No vandalism is allowed, either by the people or the engineers. Every tree is protected. Here stands a ginnt tree in the middle of the street; and 9x12 feet Wilton Rugs, \$42.50 and \$45 kinds-\$38 Those that were \$38 for-\$30 each

The \$5.50 to \$9 a pair for - \$4.50.

SILK DRESS PATTERNS, UP TO \$1.40 A

YARD GRADES TO CO AT

73c A YARD.

\$1,25 A YARD BLACK TAFFETA SILK-

79c A YARD

Twenty pleces: most excellent quality and 27 inches wide. Regular price always \$1.25 a yard, now-79c.

DRESS GOODS SKIRT LENGTHS UP TO

\$10 EACH FOR \$4.75

Thirty different styles to choose from; mostly mixture effect cloths, 54 inches wide; 4 yards in every pattern. Regular selling prices should be \$8 to \$10 each, for this sale, choice-\$4.75.

Children's up to \$3 for-\$1.95

This room-making sale will continue for this week. Includes every pair of women's shoes, slippers, oxfords, sold up to \$7.50 a pair for-\$.2.45. Includes all shoes for misses and children sold at \$2.25 and \$3 a pair. Go at \$1.95 a pair.

yard, now-73c

Just twenty to send away. And very fortunate may Just twenty to send away. And very fortunate may those twenty women count themselves who get them. Pretty checks with tiny figures, mixture effects, stripes and little check kinds—exactly the styles for shirt waist suits. Different colorings. Were \$1.15, \$1.25 and \$1.40 a

Tapestry carpets, suitable for rugs-50c and 75c each.

The 40c to 85c a yard for-20c

Portieres-Tapestry and Velour-in plain colors

The \$15 to \$22 a pair for-\$12.50.

Drapery Goods, Velours, Tapestries and Armures

for making Portiers and Furniture Coverings; in

Thirty pieces sold at \$1 to \$2 a yard for-35c

Twenty-live pieces sold at \$2 to \$4 a yard

Twenty pieces sold at \$2.50 to \$450 a

The \$12 to \$13 50 for-\$7.25.

The \$10 to \$12 tor—\$6 25. The \$6 to \$7 for—\$3.50, The \$3 25 to \$4 for—\$2.

and ligured effects to go-

3 to 15 yard lengths to go-

for-90c.

sale-

yard for-\$150.



Curtain Nets, White and Arabian to go-Brussels net, Irish Point, Rennaissance in White and Arabian, to go-The \$4.50 to \$7 a pair for-\$3 50 The \$7 50 to \$10 a pair for-\$5 The \$12 to \$15 a pair for-\$7 50 The \$15.50 to \$25 for-\$12 50 Nottingham, Rufiled Net and Russian Swiss Curtains to go -The 60c to 75c a pair for-35c The 85c to \$1.25 a pair for-75c The \$1.50 to \$2 25 a pair for-\$1 15 The \$3 to \$5 a pair for-\$2.50.

The 20c and 25c a yard for-121c. The 35c to 75c a yard for-25c. The 75c to \$1.50 a yard for-50c. Colored Curtain Swiss, 25c a yard for-9c. Striped and Figured White Swiss, 10c a vard for __7c, the 15c for __10c. 15c a yard Silkolines-9c.

Denims, Cretonnes, Sateens to go-

The 20c a yard for-15c. The 30c to 60c a yard for-25c.

Drastic Underpricings In The Men's Section.

Men's narrow reversible four-in-hands, good assort-ment of patterns, 35c each kinds for-22c.

Men's four-in-hand. Tecks and club ties, formerly 50c each, now-three for \$1, each 35c.

Men's fancy liste hose, 50c a pair kinds, for 35c, or three pairs for \$1.

Men's extra grade of fancy cashmers hose, mostly small sizes, instead of \$1 a pair-48c.

Men's heavy cotton ribbed underwear, colors only, sold regularly at \$1.50 a garment, now-90c.

Men's fine wool underwear, medium weight, sold at \$1.50 a garment, now-95c.

Men's all wool underwear, plain white only, medium weight, sold at \$3.50 a suit, now-\$1.98.

Again the Chance to Buy Women's Handkerchiefs, Veilings. Shoes up to \$7.50 for-\$3.45

Coodly Lots of Each Well Reduced. Women's handkerchiefs, sheer fine linen, prettily em-

broidered, hand hemstitching and initials, sold regulariy at 65c each, now-33 1-3c each. Fifteen pieces of veilings, sold at 20c to 60c a yard, to go

at-HALF THESE PRICES.

Fifteen pieces of handsome dress trimmings, different colorings, sold formerly at \$3 to \$5 a yard, one priced-98c. Drop ornaments for dress and coat trimming, colors and black, sold at 65c to \$1.25 each, now-25c.

White and cream liberty silk and chiffon rufflings, Id at \$1.25 up to \$2.50 a yard, now-HALF REGULAR PRICES.

Walker Brothen Dry Goods Co - Walker Brothers Dry Goodste

WONDERFUL REDUCTIONS ON WOMEN'S WINTER COATS. Not a great many, but very good and very handsome coats. Fitted kinds and the three-quarter lengths styles. The 50-inch coats, \$12,50 and \$17,50 kinds, for-\$4.95. The \$25 for --\$7.75. The \$65, \$75, \$85, \$87.50 for-\$25. The 27-inch jackets, \$12,50 and \$13.75 for-\$3.95. The \$22.50 to \$35 for-\$6.95 Selling prices now The 50-inch coat Dress Trimmings.

WALKING SKIRTS-SAMPLE LINE JUST IN Newest of styles, 7, 9 and 12 gores, with box or side plaits, made of mohairs, serges, fancy worsteds, for this The \$7 kinds reduced to

The \$3.50 to\$5.67	
The \$10 to\$6.67	
The \$13.75 to\$9.17	
The \$15 to\$10	
The \$17.50 to\$11.67	
The \$20.00 to\$13.34	

SPLENDID REDUCTIONS ON BRAND NEW