

CO-OP. FURNITURE CO.

Located Between Z.C.M.I. and Zion's Savings Bank, Main St.,

For ONE WEEK we are offering SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS IN BEDROOM SUITS. We are selling a Solid Oak Suit for \$25.00.

Our CARPET STOCK is Large and Complete, and it will pay you to examine our Goods and Prices before buying.

We Guarantee all our Goods as Represented.

We do not keep any Cheap, Worthless Goods, so much of which is now on the market. Beware of such!

CO-OP. FURNITURE CO.

The Far North.

Interesting News from Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

The Relations of the Scandinavians to America.

The concluding days of Col. H. Mathison's "Story of an Immigrant" contain much news and telling argument in favor of the Scandinavians as Americans, that we think it proper to quote them.

"Yes, it is really true, that the Scandinavian immigrants, from the early colonies of stock to the present time, have furnished strong hands, clear heads and hard hearts to the republic. They have saved the wilderness to Wisconsin, like the men; they have planted schools and churches on the hills and in the valleys; they have honestly and ably administered affairs of town, county and state; they have helped to make wise laws for their respective commonwealths and in the halls of Congress; they have, with honor and ability represented their adopted country abroad; they have contributed to the American cause on the battlefields of the revolution and the civil war; and though proud of their Scandinavian ancestry, they have America and American institutions as deeply and as truly as the descendants of the Pilgrims, the sturdy emigrants of liberty seeking as much to them as to any other citizen."

"Therefore, the Scandinavians-American have a certain sense of ownership in the plowman's heritage of American soil, with its rivers, lakes, mountains, valleys, woods and prairies, and in all its noble institutions; and he feels that the blessing which he enjoys, are not his by favor or sufferance but by right, by merit as well as by right. For he took possession of the wilderness, cultivated the husbandry of the plowman, contributed his full share toward the grand result accomplished, and is in mind and heart a true and loyal American citizen."

New editions of the letters of Charles XII. will soon be published in Swedish and German.

A table man is Alfred Nofle, the Swedish inventor of automatic gun powder, who recently joined the American Peace Society. He has namely promised his devotion to the cause by contributing \$500 to the propagation of the movement.

A couple of young lovers from Loholm, Sweden, went together to the minister to apply for a marriage license. The minister, finding the necessary papers of importance to the ceremony, he inquired of the couple if they were going to take, and this made such an impression on both of them that they agreed to drop the matter then and there.

Eighteen members of the Upper house of the Swedish parliament, it looks almost like a stampede, F. F. Herz, the representative, voices a general sentiment among the liberal members who have resigned, when he says: "I am tired of speaking to deaf ears, tired because I can accomplish nothing on account of the economical and political policy prevailing in our legislation and administration."

This is the manner, in which the "Od-goten" sizes up the political situation in Norway. "The liberal movement in Norway is the greatest importance to us. Norway will soon be on the height of political liberty and social development. No nobility, no great landlords, universal suffrage, free churches, no tariff, an indigenous royalty, popular education, courts of conciliation instead of war. But Sweden lies. The political barbarism of Sweden is perpetuated when the people in the other country of the king becomes a thoroughly free people? Right here lies our great hope, and that is what makes the Conservative mad. This is the reason why the two peoples must be prevented from extending their hands to each other. And this is also the reason why the Norwegian and the Norwegian government are so despicable in the eyes of royalty, of the clergy, the army, the landlords and of the bureaucracy."

A work on Columbus and the Discovery of America is under preparation by Prof. Gustav Steen and will be published complete about Christmas.

Girls under 16 and boys under 15 years of age have been forbidden to appear on any public stage in Christiania or to accept employment at restaurants without special permit from the authorities. Nor are children allowed to offer flowers, newspapers, etc., for sale at such places or to be on the streets for such purposes after a clock striking the winter months.

The Viking ship intended for the Chicago World's Fair is to be built at Sandness near the place, where it is probable the ancient Viking vessel, was built some fifteen years ago. It is to be ready for delivery in February next, and Mr. Christensen, a well-known ship builder who has charge of the work, is already busy engaged collecting material for it. Everything going into the ship will be of Norwegian growth, and workmanship except the fuel, there being no one timber big enough in the country for this purpose. Not even in Germany can timber of the required dimensions—30 feet long, 16 inches high and 16 inches wide—be obtained, and Canada will be called upon to furnish the piece.

THE PAPERS OF COPENHAGEN are having no end of fun with an old maid, who keeps 22 cats, a rat and a mouse, and tends to them as tenderly as they were her own babies.

A London publishing house will soon issue a choice selection of translations of Scandinavian literature. The translation will be made by Baron A. Walden, Copenhagen.

"The Eiffel Tower" at Sandness near Copenhagen, is being built. It is a copy of the French structure of the same name, but it is only 500 feet high. As the ground, on which it stands, however, is no less above the level of the sea, it will rise far above its surroundings. The passengers will be carried to the top of it by means of elevators.

ENGLISH POULTRY REEF

Particular mention and systematic killing of fowls. Where they are kept.

English methods of managing poultry differ somewhat from our own. An excellent English authority, writing to the Country Gentleman, tells us that in the most majority of cases it is found better to have a number of small houses rather than a large one. The expense is not much more, and it is not when it is taken into account that with particular houses, fencing is unnecessary, and the different parts of the farm, most to be considered for the greater cost. The advantages of keeping flocks of say, fifty hens in one house, and placing these houses in different parts of the farm, must be obvious. For some inexplicable reason fowls thrive and lay better in small numbers than when a great many of them are housed together.

The writer referred to says he has never yet been able to find a reasonable explanation for this, but he feels it is not that cannot be given. With a house



FIG. 1.—PORTABLE POULTRY HOUSE.

which will be ready to lay in on in the year. In poultry keeping, as in all other departments of husbandry, the great point is to prevent losses by such means as that in which I have referred. If you find a bird three months without laying, it is so much against what it has done before, or will do again."

The greatest society of all. The society of the People's House. Mouldy hens that in the multiplicity of societies and clubs, immediate and otherwise, we may be tempted to form our society that is greater than all the rest, one which might be called the Society of Human Beings.

We all belong to that. We were initiated into it when we were born. We must be members of it till we die. Its requirements are that each of us shall do all the good he can for every body who comes in his way.

superior small number of fowls, so that all are healthy, than if there are several hundreds together. All surplus additional labor is not forced to be kept drawn back to the method I am advocating.

"One of the great dangers when keeping poultry in large numbers is caused either by great waste of food or starvation of the fowls, and as either is certain to bring evil in its train, it is most important that careful attention be paid to these questions. I have been in poultry establishments where the amount of food lying about would have kept all the poultry for several days, and in others where every grain was almost begrudged, and the fowls had certainly at some seasons of the year scarcely enough to eat."

There is a further matter to which Mr. Dade calls attention, viz., the importance of killing off birds regularly. Concerning a place in Russia, where this method is systematically carried out, he writes: "I have seen hundreds of laying hens are kept, and in their second year, as soon as they show the slightest signs of coming to lay, they are put up for a week and killed. The result is that they sell for fair prices, because they are still in good condition, and they make room for young stock."



FIG. 2.—PORTABLE POULTRY HOUSE.

which will be ready to lay in on in the year. In poultry keeping, as in all other departments of husbandry, the great point is to prevent losses by such means as that in which I have referred. If you find a bird three months without laying, it is so much against what it has done before, or will do again."

The greatest society of all. The society of the People's House. Mouldy hens that in the multiplicity of societies and clubs, immediate and otherwise, we may be tempted to form our society that is greater than all the rest, one which might be called the Society of Human Beings.

We all belong to that. We were initiated into it when we were born. We must be members of it till we die. Its requirements are that each of us shall do all the good he can for every body who comes in his way.

they would be done so. We can help them more by being and doing these things ourselves.

That we are as good as we are, that we know how to take care of ourselves, is surely only to the fact that strong and kindly members of this great human society who want better as and find and do in the right position as the way for their escape. What those who have just read in the hundredfold of humanity have to do we owe to those members who are all around us to give us them.

The Silent Worker.

S. E. Hilder, a writer in the Washington Post, calls attention to one element in the labor trouble that has been the night of all together, in fact "multitudes and workers." This is the great problem that takes no direct part in the economic. The merchant, the grocer, the millman, the banker, and the publisher, and above all the woman and children, are the ones that suffer most from this grim fight. The tradesmen and families are the real taxpayers of a community, and as these the heavy task of raising and the losses caused by mental anger in some side and mental overstrain on the other will fall, so far the public has been the silent sufferer. Mrs. Hilder is of opinion that it will not always continue to be the patient head of burden that must take the blows and conversation while workers and capitalists are engaged in a lifeless fight for what each side calls a great principle.

This silent sufferer, the public, is certainly beginning to lose sympathy with both sides. It would not do to let it slip the many millions of individuals who employ mechanics should come to look upon the laborer as a man to be feared, living working about our houses at a dollar a day. No more will it draw out its sympathies from the heart of the farmer of a worker who is trying to earn a meager living, to do so and get shut. It makes both sides to be decent and give their things, here and there. It has been enough of it.

To this silent sufferer two things are clear. The first is that an employer should treat his workmen exactly as he felt that he would be justly treated under their circumstances. The second is that no man or body of men has the right to prevent by violence any individual from working for what wages he pleases. It is as far as either side will go of these principles the situation here will set itself down against that side.

There is danger of the fight degenerating into a contest between persons who own property and those who own none. Capitalists owe it to themselves and to the public to contribute with their own share in case of unemployment.

Highly intelligent, it is not a good thing to make a side just now. At any rate, if those who are in the position of the employer will see long conclusions that this is the best country in the world to get in, then where will look some for



QUALITY RISING! PRICES FALLING!

It is only fair when quality goes up prices should go up with it. This, however, happens to be the season of the year when the unexpected is liable to occur. Perhaps that doesn't explain just why quality is rising and prices are falling, but it is a fact just the same, and the fact is all you care about. We are giving away nothing—it hasn't come to that yet, but if the drop in prices doesn't stop very soon, buyers will certainly have to take along their pocketbook when they go on purchasing expeditions.

ONE PRICE.

J. P. GARDNER, CLOTHING, HAT AND FURNISHING, 111 MAIN ST.

WE KNOW OF NOTHING THAT CAN COMPARE WITH THE

GRAEFENBERG PILLS

AS A FAMILY PILL, THEY ARE NOT ONLY MILD BUT EXCEEDINGLY EFFECTIVE.

THE BEST HEADACHE PILL.

THESE PILLS CURE ALL FORMS OF MALARIAL DISORDERS, BILIOUSNESS, LIVER AND KIDNEY TROUBLES.

THE BEST PILL

WEAKNESS AND NERVOUSNESS.

Sold by All Druggists.

GRAEFENBERG CO.

111 Chambers Street, N. Y.



Use the Putnam Nail.

The difference in price between the PUTNAM and other brands is not a reason for not using them. Are you willing to see the deep and solid and strong nails, with all their virtues, thrown away? The Putnam Nail is the best in the world. It is the only one that is made in this country. It is the only one that is made in this country. It is the only one that is made in this country.

Thus, the old hand process is followed, which was not forger nails under hammer, and hammer-pounding them by the shoe, cold, without any slip ring or shaking whatever.

AND THE NAIL CANNOT SPLIT.

But it will not give you one cent more for each nail than the other. The nail will stay in longer and pull tighter than will be the other brands.

ALL FOR ONE CENT.

Send for sample to

The Putnam Nail Co., NEWPORT, BOSTON, MASS.

Send for sample to

The Putnam Nail Co., NEWPORT, BOSTON, MASS.

Send for sample to

The Putnam Nail Co., NEWPORT, BOSTON, MASS.

Send for sample to

The Putnam Nail Co., NEWPORT, BOSTON, MASS.

Send for sample to

The Putnam Nail Co., NEWPORT, BOSTON, MASS.

Send for sample to

The Putnam Nail Co., NEWPORT, BOSTON, MASS.

Send for sample to

The Putnam Nail Co., NEWPORT, BOSTON, MASS.

Send for sample to

The Putnam Nail Co., NEWPORT, BOSTON, MASS.

Send for sample to

The Putnam Nail Co., NEWPORT, BOSTON, MASS.

Send for sample to

The Putnam Nail Co., NEWPORT, BOSTON, MASS.

Send for sample to

The Putnam Nail Co., NEWPORT, BOSTON, MASS.

Send for sample to

The Putnam Nail Co., NEWPORT, BOSTON, MASS.

Send for sample to

The Putnam Nail Co., NEWPORT, BOSTON, MASS.

Send for sample to

The Putnam Nail Co., NEWPORT, BOSTON, MASS.