

FIFTY-FIRST YEAR

# NO FILIPINO JUNTA IN HONGKONG.

English Foreign Office Says Authorities Can't Find One—Gen. Funston Charges Across Nehico River Routing Rebels.

London, Dec. 7.—In response to Secretary Hay's representations, through the United States Ambassador Choate, the English foreign office has replied that the authorities at Hongkong have been unable to discover a Filipino junta there.

## FUNSTON ROUTS REBELS.

Manila, Dec. 7.—More activity is shown in the operations in northern and southern Luzon. The reports from the former district come in more quickly and telegraphic interruptions are fewer.

Gen. Funston, with troop A, of the Fourth cavalry, and a score of scouts, last Thursday, encountered a hundred insurgents posted on the opposite bank of the Nehico river. The Americans charged across the stream and the enemy retreated, firing from cover. They left four dead on the field. A native who was captured reported that Fagin, a deserter from the Twenty-fourth infantry, who has been active with the

Filipinos, with a party of two cavalrymen, had been wounded. The American casualties have been very slight. The island of Bohol has recently been the scene of more activity on the part of the insurgents than formerly, and a company has been sent to reinforce the battalion stationed there.

The members of the Philippine commission and several military officials will go to Davao tomorrow as guests of the railway management. Their families have also been invited. They will return Sunday.

## BOERS BEING RECONCENTRATED.

Four Thousand in a Laager in Johannesburg.

## MAXIM GUNS IN POSITION.

Everything in Readiness for a Disturbance at Capetown—Why England Gave No Notice of Annexation.

Johannesburg, Dec. 7.—In pursuance of the reconcentration policy, the authorities here are preparing accommodation on the race course for four thousand people from farms in the vicinity of the Rand. The burghers will be herded in a laager and will be strictly watched.

A notification appears in the Gazette to the effect that all able bodied British subjects are liable to be conscripted for service in the Rand rifles.

## MAXIM GUNS IN POSITION.

Capetown, Dec. 7.—Owing to the attempts of sympathizers to communicate with the Boer prisoners at Greenpoint camp, Maxim guns have been placed in position on the surrounding heights, in readiness for a disturbance.

## WHY POWERS NOT NOTIFIED.

London, Dec. 7.—In the house of commons today, Viscount Grey, parliamentary secretary for the foreign office, replying to a question, said the government had not notified any foreign power of the annexation of the Orange Free State. An examination of precedents, he said, showed that a notification was not necessary, and foreign recognition of the annexation was not dependent on a formal notification.

## GOVERNMENT FOR TRANSVAAL.

London, Dec. 7.—The secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, announced in the house of commons today that the government will shortly be established in the Transvaal and Orange River colony.

## The Czar Improves.

Livadia, European Russia, Dec. 7.—The following bulletin was issued by the czar's physicians this morning: "The czar passed the last 24 hours very well. His temperature and pulse are normal and his condition is very satisfactory."

## Federation of Labor Convention.

Louisville, Ky., Dec. 7.—Immediately after the roll call in the American Federation of Labor convention this morning, President Gompers called Miss Esther King, one of the women delegates from Indiana, to the chair, and she presided for half an hour.

The question of the jurisdiction of the different unions will occupy much of the convention's time. There are differences between the brewery workers and stationary firemen and stationary engineers; the carpenters, woodworkers and box makers; the painters and decorators and the paper hangers; plumbers, gas and steam fitters; the printers and machinists; the miners and hoisting engineers; and the garment workers and tailors.

The credentials committee recommended that the protests against the seating of the delegates from the brewery workers and stationary engineers and from the women be referred to the delegates to be decided.

A vigorous protest was made by the United Garment Workers against the seating of delegates from the Chicago Federation of Labor for having admitted the custom clothing makers. The protest resulted in the Chicago federation receiving instructions to throw out the custom clothing makers, on penalty of being themselves expelled from the American federation.

Adjournment was then taken until 9 o'clock tomorrow morning to give the committees opportunity to complete their reports.

## Hungarian Murderer Beheaded.

Berlin, December 7.—August Goenzel, the Hungarian who murdered a wealthy widow named Schulz and her daughter here in 1897, was beheaded this morning in the prison of Ploetzensee. The murder was an atrocious one and was committed in the center of Berlin. The

cessive number of articles registered free by the executive departments, and says the abuse of the registered mail in the past will continue until Congress acts in the matter. He said that could the amount paid as indemnity for lost registered first class domestic mail be left to the full value, not exceeding \$500, many letters which now pass in the ordinary mails would be gathered into the registered mails. An indemnity fund not exceeding \$25,000 is estimated to be sufficient for this purpose.

## English Army Estimates.

London, Dec. 7.—The second supplementary estimate of sixteen millions issued this morning makes the total army estimates for the year, £22,399,153.

## Stores for Philippine Troops.

Washington, Dec. 7.—Quartermaster General Ludington has arranged to have the transport Thomas, now at San Francisco make an extra trip to the Philippines for the purpose of carrying a large supply of military stores needed by the troops in the archipelago. She will start for Manila on the 15th instant. The transport Logan will leave for Manila on her regular trip on the 15th instant.

## Demonstrations at a Russian Theatre.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 7.—The first performance yesterday evening of an anti Jewish play entitled "The Conspirators," led to an extraordinary demonstration. A portion of the audience at first angrily protested and then hurled all kind of missiles at the actors. Personal conflicts followed and the performance had to be stopped.

## JESSIE MORRISON'S STORY.

She Takes the Stand and Tells Her Version of the Quarrel With Mrs. Castle.

Contradicts the Testimony of Castle—Declares She Never Said She "Would Fix Him."

Kansas City, Dec. 7.—A special to the Star from Eldorado, Kansas, says: Jessie Morrison, pale and weak, her eyes red, from crying, took the stand today and told her version of the story of the quarrel that ended in Mrs. Castle being mortally wounded. As she testified she faced the widow, Mrs. Castle, who, surrounded by Mrs. Wiley, mother of the murdered woman, Mrs. Castle, his mother, and other members of the Castle and Wiley families, occupied a front seat in the court room.

The first part of Miss Morrison's testimony contradicted much that Castle had said on the stand. It disclosed, however, nothing sensational. At first her voice was harsh, but it afterwards became more soft and was very low.

Witness said she had known Castle since July, 1897, when she began to work in the racket store, where he was employed, and that she had known Mrs. Castle for about six years before her death. During the summer of 1899 she had come to see her at her brother-in-law's house from one to three times a week and had taken her riding frequently. He had written her a letter while he was at Whitewater, and she had answered it. She told about going to Excelsior Springs last January, and of Castle's asking to come to see her on the night before she went.

"Just before he left did you tell him you would fix him?" was asked. "I did not," replied Miss Morrison firmly.

"Did you ever tell him you would fix him, or use words of similar import?" "I did not," she replied.

She told of the interview in the racket store with Castle, who said on the witness stand that she had threatened him.

She said she had asked him to return her letters and things, and he had replied: "You need not worry; nobody has ever seen your letters and I guess I'll return them."

"Were either of you angry?" "I was not."

"Did you use any expression or make any threatening movement, or say 'if you don't, you'll wish you had'?" "No sir."

Witness denied urging him to keep his promise and come and see her, or that she had told him she was in trouble.

Miss Morrison denied having taken any razors from the racket store or having a razor or knife when, as she passed the Castle house, Mrs. Castle called her in.

After she entered, she said, Mrs. Castle fastened the screen door behind them. Witness said she seated herself upon the lounge.

"Clara sat down in front of me," said witness, and asked "What do you mean by following Olin around?" "I said I was not. Then she said 'You know you hate me and I hate you and I am not a friend of yours.' I rose to go."

She said "Don't go yet. Olin is coming in a minute. It's too bad for you to run after that poor boy. I told her he was the one who caused her to be so bitter toward me. She said: 'I know better. You tried to separate us.' I said I had not and she said: 'You are a liar.' I said 'Don't call me a liar. Then we both rose up together.'"

The witness paused.

"What was done then," asked Judge Redden.

"My handkerchief dropped and I stooped to pick it up. She moved quickly in the same direction and then she said to me with the razor."

"You had no razor, knife or weapon?" "No sir."

"Then what happened?" "She cut me twice with the razor across the throat," said Morrison.

"I grabbed at her and screamed. Then Clara and I rushed together and she threw me and I raised my knees to protect myself, and she kept striking me at all the time. She fell over on me and I got the razor away from her. After that we rolled over on the floor."

Jessie Morrison told her story in a clear, steady voice, without hesitation, but she paused at the threshold of the most bloody part of it.

"Then what did you do?" asked Judge Redden.

"I cut her," answered the witness, in a conversational tone.

"Do you know how many times?" "No, sir."

"Do you know what became of the razor?" "She may have knocked it from my hand or I may have dropped it."

Then Miss Morrison told of Mrs. Moberly and Mrs. Spangler entering the house.

She denied much of the evidence given by these two women.

## TALKED ABOUT OLEOMARGARINE.

House Listens to Arguments for the Groat Bill.

## CHARGES OF THE MINORITY.

Declares the Majority is Anxious to Destroy the Industry and Not to Regulate It.

Washington, Dec. 7.—Under the arrangement made yesterday the Groat oleomargarine bill, which was postponed to allow the army reorganization bill to be disposed of, came up for consideration in the House immediately after the reading of the Journal.

The bill makes all articles known as oleomargarine, butterine, imitation butter or imitation cheese transported into any State or Territory subject to the police powers of such State or Territory. It increases the tax on manufactured butter colored in imitation of butter from two to ten cents per pound and decreases the tax on unmargarine butter uncolored from two cents to one-fourth cent per pound.

An attempt was made to reach an agreement for final vote this afternoon but it failed. Mr. Henry (Conn.), who is in charge of the measure, opened the debate in its support. He explained the features of the bill. The increase of the tax on colored imitation butter, he said, was necessary because the committee on agriculture believed was absolutely necessary to protect the dairy interests of the country.

Mr. Henry produced figures to show that the cost of manufacturing oleomargarine, including the payment of the present internal revenue tax of two cents, was not more than ten cents a pound.

Mr. Wadsworth, New York, chairman of the committee on agriculture, who with six other members of the committee, signed the minority report against the Groat bill, explained the substance of his minority report. He offered for it. Mr. Wadsworth asserted with the greatest emphasis that the minority were just as earnest in their desire to prevent the fraud now practiced in the sale of imitation butter as the majority could be. The only difference was that the minority recognized the value of oleomargarine as a wholesome and nutritious article of food and entitled to a place as a food product. He charged that the purpose of the supporters of the Groat bill was to destroy the manufacture of oleomargarine, not to regulate its sale.

Mr. Groat, Vermont, the author of the bill, at this point, assumed charge of the measure and spoke in support of it. He declared that the purpose of the bill was to suppress fraud in the sale of a food product by preventing the coloring of oleomargarine in imitation of butter.

Mr. Groat said he did not think that the enactment of the substitute would result in fraud in the sale of oleomargarine.

## SENATE PROCEEDINGS.

Washington, Dec. 7.—It was decided today that when the Senate adjourned this afternoon it will be until next Monday.

Mr. Gallinger presented a telegram addressed to the president of the Senate by N. F. Thompson, secretary of the Southern Industrial commission, now in session at New Orleans, to the effect that the convention had passed a resolution favoring the early passage of the bill.

At 12:35, on motion of Mr. Lodge, the Senate went into executive session, with the Southern Industrial commission, now in session at New Orleans, to the effect that the convention had passed a resolution favoring the early passage of the bill.

The Senate resumed consideration of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty upon going into executive session today and Senator Morgan continued the speech in support of the treaty which he began yesterday.

The Senate today agreed to take a vote next Thursday on the amendment offered by the committee on foreign relations to the Hay-Pauncefote treaty.

The proposition to this effect was made by Mr. Lodge, who is in charge of the treaty and was agreed to without much discussion.

## Presidential Nominations.

Washington, Dec. 7.—The President today sent the following nominations to the Senate:

Col. J. E. Weston, assistant commissary general of subsistence, to be commissary general of subsistence, with rank of brigadier general; Capt. Frank McKenna, Forty-seventh infantry, U. S. A., to be inspector general of volunteers, with rank of major.

## Senate to Consider Army Bill.

Washington, Dec. 7.—Senator Hawley, chairman of the Senate committee on military affairs, said today that his committee would have its first sitting for the consideration of the army bill next Monday morning. It was not the purpose, he said, to grant a conference if the House should ask it on the bill as it now stands, and that he did not believe to be the purpose of the House to ask a conference.

## THIS ONE IS PENITENT.

Youth Who Robbed a Store Anxious to Make Restitution.

A Case Wherein the Good Work of the Salvation Army Workers Bore Fruit.

Several weeks ago, the store of Mrs. M. J. Harding on west, South Temple street, was broken into and sundry articles to the value of \$35 were stolen. Efforts to locate the guilty parties have been unsuccessful, until yesterday, when the captain of the Salvation Army corps went to Mrs. Harding and informed her that the person who stole the goods from her store had been stopping at the Salvation Army shelter in this city. It appears the members of the local army corps have been diligent in their efforts to convert this young man, and in this way they have got him to renounce evil and confess his faults, of which is as above recorded. He has sold the goods which he purloined, but being installed in a good position in the city he has promised to pay, in weekly installments, the amount at which the articles were valued, and further to show his good intentions he made the first payment of \$5.00 to Mrs. Harding, yesterday.

COAL FOR THE POOR.

A Hundred Tons from Z. C. M. I. to Keep Them Warm.

Presiding Bishop Wm. B. Preston received a letter from Z. C. M. I. today, that will bring to the poor in this city a message of good cheer. It contained an order for 100 tons of Utah coal, to be distributed to the various Bishops' wards in this city. The distribution will be made under the direction of the Presiding Bishopric.

## JUDGE NORRELL'S INDISPOSITION.

County Attorney Putnam is in receipt of a letter from Judge Norrell, who is ill at his old home in Memphis, Tenn., stating his health was such that he doubts being able to reach Salt Lake before the first of the year. As there are a number of criminal cases awaiting trial Mr. Putnam is going to try and get Judge Norrell to hear part of them.

## TIMMONY WAS SEVERE.

Two Boys Are Given 100 Days for Petit Larceny.

They Stole Copper and Brass from the Railroad Shops—Smithy Goes to Industrial School.

Judge Timmony has threatened for a long time to deal out punishment in large doses to boys who have a penchant for taking other people's property. Today, his honor made good the threat in three cases.

Wednesday night, Officer Gillespie arrested John Smithy, Eli Webb and Tom Brown for stealing brass and copper. The boys pleaded guilty to the charge yesterday afternoon, but were remanded until today. Meanwhile it had been learned that Smithy was released from the State Industrial school at Ogden on parole about a year ago. He will be sent back to that institution this evening or tomorrow.

"Stand up," ordered the court, addressing Brown and Webb.

"How old are you?" he asked.

Brown said he was eighteen and Webb said he was seventeen years of age.

"The sentence of the court is," said Judge Timmony, "that you each be confined in the city jail at hard labor for and during a period of 100 days."

The boys took their medicine philosophically and marched out to the bastle with an air of carelessness.

## CITY WINS DAMAGE SUIT.

The action in which A. B. Sawyer sued Salt Lake City to recover \$5,000 damages for personal injuries, alleged to have been sustained through stumbling over a stake in the sidewalk on East Fifth South street, resulted in the jury today finding the issues in favor of the defendant. The defense was contributory negligence.

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Weeks ago suffering with stomach trouble, hoping the change of air and rest would restore him to health.

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## PROF. KROHN TO LECTURE.

Will Address the State Teachers' Association.

The State Teachers' association will be held in the Assembly Hall in this city from December 26th to the 29th inclusive. At the meeting one of the special features will be the lectures of Prof. William O. Krohn of Chicago. His topics will be: "Practical Child Study and its Results," "Mental Waste and Mental Economy in School Work," "The Human Brain and its Development Through Education."

The Oregon Short Line and Rio Grande Western railroads will make a rate of one fare for the round trip from December 23rd to January 3rd.

## LATE LOCALS.

The receipts for Salt Lake county for 1900 up to November 30th, were \$198,269.53, and the disbursements, \$213,455.67.

A parents' club will be organized at the Union school on Wednesday, Dec. 12th, at 2:30 p. m. Superintendent Cooper will address the meeting.

An article of interest in tomorrow's Saturday, "News" will be "How Buchanan aided the Southern Rebellion by sending an army to Utah." It is from Col. Halsek, G. A. H., commander in New Jersey.

A letter to President Snow from President Haight of the Society Islands mission, conveys the information that Elders Heber J. Sheffield Jr. and Edward S. Hall arrived safely and in good health, at Papeete, Society Islands.

Complaints are made to the "News" of a physician who goes to patients in a late model automobile, and when he leaves the house, gets aboard the first street car that comes along and thus exposes passengers to "smallpox" germs that may be carried in or about his clothing.

## PERSONAL.

Capt. Caffif and Dr. E. J. Creely, senior veterinary surgeon at the Presidio, returned to San Francisco this morning.

Sheriff H. P. Jensen of Sanpete county is numbered among the guests at the White House today.

J. A. Ervin, the well-known special agent representing an insurance company, has been suddenly called home owing to the death of his mother.

Chief Clerk Frank Harding of the Manito has resigned. He has been succeeded by A. F. Miller of Wyoming.

H. M. Miller, formerly of the firm of Sowles & Miller of this city, is spending a few days at the Knutsford.

Government Live Stock Inspector George S. Hickox is once more numbered among the arrivals at the Culinary.

J. J. Thomas has returned from his California trip.

Leo Gluck of Butte is among the recent arrivals at the Knutsford.

E. J. Warner of St. Anthony is a guest at the Kenyon today.

# NETHERLANDS AND PORTUGAL AT OUTS.

Ministers to Either Country Quit their Posts—A Hague Explanation—Considered Serious in Madrid.

Lisbon, Dec. 7.—The minister of the Netherlands to Portugal and the Portuguese minister at The Hague, have left their respective posts. It is believed that a difference has arisen on the subject of the exequatur to the Dutch consul at Lorenzo Marques, which the Portuguese government has withdrawn.

Tension between Portugal and Holland appears to have been emphasized, perhaps not altogether unintentionally, by the peculiar warmth of King Charles' toast to Queen Victoria at the banquet given yesterday evening at the royal palace to Vice Admiral Sir Harry Boileworth Hawson, and the officers of the British fleet, now in the river Tagus, and by the telegram which the king afterwards dispatched to Victoria, thanking her majesty for sending the fleet and for the friendship thus demonstrated.

"I beg to record," telegraphed the king, "my great satisfaction at the frank and loyal alliance uniting England and Portugal."

In the course of his speech, when he toasted Queen Victoria, the king said among other things:

"England has often shared the efforts and glories of Portugal. Our mutual friendship and close alliance are strengthened by history and the blood shed together in causes which have always been just."

Admiral Rawson replied that the words of the king harmonized with the thoughts of the government and people of Great Britain.

## HAVE LEFT THEIR POSTS.

The Hague, Dec. 7.—While it is not denied that the minister of the Netherlands at Lisbon and the minister of Portugal here are temporarily leaving their posts, it is semi-officially declared that there is no question of the ministers being recalled. It is explained that Count de Seur, the Portuguese minister, is proceeding to Lisbon on a few days' visit to verbally explain the difficulties which have arisen in connection with the Netherlands consul, Herr Pott, at Lorenzo Marques.

## RUPTURE CONSIDERED SERIOUS.

Madrid, Dec. 7.—The Imparcial says it considers the rupture of relations between Holland and Portugal to be very serious. It adds that it was due to the intrigues of Great Britain, further asserting that Portugal is now under the tutelage of Lord Salisbury.

Observers think that the speech and telegram constitute an intimation to the world that Portugal can count on strong support if necessary.

## HENRY HAWGOOD CHIEF ENGINEER.

Is Appointed to the San Pedro-Los Angeles and Salt Lake Railroad—H. M. McCartney Named as First Assistant.

With Headquarters Here.

[SPECIAL TO THE "NEWS."] Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 7.—J. Ross Clark and T. E. Gibbon, both vice presidents and directors of the new Salt Lake railroad company, have announced the selection of Henry Hawgood as chief engineer of that company, with headquarters in this city. H. M. McCartney will be first assistant, and will have his headquarters in Salt Lake City. Mr. Hawgood is one of the best known engineers in this part of the country. He is a member of the

## SALE OF OLD UNIVERSITY GROUNDS.

Land Board Appraises Property and Will Sell it on January 12th Next—Union Square Worth \$125,000—Laboratory Placed at \$30,000—Place for the High School.

The State land board held a meeting today and made an appraisal of the old University buildings and site and decided to offer the same for sale at public auction at noon Saturday January 12, 1901. The old University buildings, including the ten-acre of land upon which it is located, the board has appraised at \$125,000, and the laboratory building, where the old museum is located, at \$30,000. The property will be sold to the highest bidder, providing the bid is not less than the appraised valuation.

The board is desirous of selling the property to the board of education for high school purposes, and it may be successful in this if the school board members can get their present high school lease cancelled. It is considered a good site and the building is claimed, would give ample accommodations for the higher grade students for years to come.

## THE BOOK OF MORMON IN TURKISH.

Translation is Well Under Way—Copy for the Printer is Being Prepared by an Armenian Scholar, and May be Completed Before End of 1901.

The work of translating the Book of Mormon into still another language is now well under way, and probably will be completed before the close of the year. It is being done by Elder F. P. Hintze, of Big Cottonwood, Salt Lake county. The translation is into the Turkish language. Elder Hintze being particularly well fitted for the work, from his having been trained in the Turkish tongue and having had a

long experience in the Sultan's domains, particularly in Palestine. Elder Hintze is being aided by Elder Halk Djeyahirdjan, who is an Armenian scholar, and who is making the copy for the printer. He came to Utah from Armenia, Turkey. The manuscript of the First book of Nephi and the first nine chapters of the Second book of Nephi was shown at the "News" office today, and is a beautiful specimen of penmanship in Turkish characters.

## COMPULSORY VACCINATION NOW.

Board of Health Instructs Board of Education Not to Allow Unvaccinated Children to Go to School—Want More Pesthouse Room.

The city board of health, composed of Mayor Thompson, Health Commissioner King, Dr. Fisher and Civil Engineer C. P. Brooks—the latter being the only one absent—met today for the purpose of considering the present "smallpox" situation.

Upon motion of