

GEN. BULLER'S LOSSES INCREASE

English Press Furnishes the Public
Disheartening Reading.

THE SENTIMENT IN CANADA

President Kruger Protests to Ameri-
ca-European Intervention
Not Likely.

London, Dec. 22.—There is still no definite news regarding the military operations in South Africa. Probably this is because the only cable that is now working is choked with official dispatches.

Gen. Buller's casualty list at Colenso, just published, shows that 146 were killed and 746 wounded. Two hundred and twenty-seven are described as missing, and of these about forty are given to be prisoners in the hands of the Boers. This makes a total larger than Gen. Buller's original estimate. Royal letters, signed by the queen, are being circulated by the archbishop throughout England on January 1st in all of the funds for sick and wounded soldiers and their families.

Interest centers for the moment in the preparations to send out reinforcements. The various city guilds have given an additional £12,000 for the expenses of the imperial volunteers, besides gifts of horses, ambulances and other paraphernalia.

The latest notable volunteers include two nephews of Lord Roberts, Maj. Charles Sherston and Maj. Maxwell Sherston. Their brother was killed at Colenso.

The admiralty has decided to dispatch another naval brigade of 700 men to South Africa.

It is believed that the war office will have secured to some extent to the militia, being deemed inadvisable to denude the home garrisons overmuch of regulars.

The chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, has issued a formal denial that any differences exist in the cabinet regarding war expenditures.

According to a dispatch from Cape Town there is a good deal of distress in the Orange Free State owing to a scarcity of grain.

New York, Dec. 22.—A special to the World from Ottawa says: The out-spoken sympathy among French-Canadians for the Dutch people of South Africa in their present struggle for liberty and independence is not confined to the leading men in the liberal party of Quebec. Of the prominent French-Canadians known to be Boer sympathizers the most recent to publicly declare himself is the famous orator and politician, Charles Thibault of Waterloo, Quebec. Speaking last night at a joint political meeting in Sherbrooke county he said:

"The war against the Boers is a criminal war, and I warn Canadians against giving any support to British. I blame Laurier strongly for supporting England in this unjust war against a small but brave people like the Boers, who are fighting with magnificent courage and patriotism for the freedom of their country and in the defense of their hearthstones. I accuse him of making himself the instrument of Joseph Chamberlain and Cecil Rhodes."

This war against the Transvaal is an act of brigandage. It is a war of blood and shame for humanity, which suffers without intervening."

The French Journal La Patrie of Montreal, the personal organ of the minister of public works, Etarte, and owned by his sons, in its issue of yesterday thus holds Britain up to ridicule.

"The imperial government has expressed to the governor general of Canada its wish to obtain a new contingent to be added to the volunteers of this country already on the battlefield in Africa. How many men and how much time will England need to settle with the two small republics with which she is at war?"

"We do not ignore that many well-

thinking persons think it is the duty of the colonies to aid England under the circumstances and discuss later the new situation created for us. However this may be, it is a unique spectacle in history to see a small people, such as the Boer nation, check for even a few days the empire on which 'the sun never sets.'"

New York, Dec. 22.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: A cold fit of suspiciousness and depression has followed the hot fit of patriotic ardor with which the country met the ministry's call to arms. The embargo upon news from the front leaves the newspapers under pressure for filling their columns with creaking criticism, explanations of defeat, strictures upon official shortcomings and general pessimism.

The Daily Mail and other journals by opening their columns to popular discussion of the methods of conducting the war are enabling all sorts and conditions of dispirited Britons to grumble about a stiff at the numbers of men who ought to be thrown overboard. Amateur strategists are advising the withdrawal of Methuen's force from Modder River, the abandonment of the Kimberley Garrison to a hopeless struggle against starvation, and even so desperate an expedient as an attempt by White to cut his way south with the bayonet, since the Boer line of intrenchments is too strong to be attacked again in front. The croakers are finding fault with every branch of the fighting service and are joining in a frantic hunt after a scapegoat.

More dismal and disheartening reading could hardly be invented by Dr. Leyds' press bureau for the discouragement of recruiting than the English press, with a few notable exceptions, is supplying at a critical time, when the nation itself is pulsating with patriotism, when the militia battalions are volunteering for foreign service and the reservists are rallying to their colors, and when new imperial forces are being organized from the yeomanry, cavalry, cross country riders and citizen soldiers.

One effect of this doleful reading may be salutary. There may be a relaxation of the press censorship, in order to give the newspapers employment less harmful than wallowing and gnashing of teeth. Rigid as this censorship has been, it has not prevented the publication of reports that Ladysmith was short of ammunition, while it has cut off daily news from the armies that would have interested the public with rending descriptions of the chief battles of the war untellable. Buller's battle remains a mystery a week after it was fought, with a maze of contradictions respecting the various features of the engagement and futile surmises regarding the responsibility for the loss of the guns.

Englishmen have been denied one of the most precious consolations for defeat, that of reading detailed accounts of the gallantry of their soldiers, and have been surfeited with generalizations upon the superior mobility of the Boer burghers and their complete success in concealing their positions, so that a tactical attack across exposed ground was doomed to failure whenever an order was received for an advance.

The opinion among military experts has become general that both the Boer and the British have been tied to the railway by failure of other methods of transportation by mule train and wagons, and they have been unable on this account to attempt a turning movement and completely surround the Boer position, which the invisible enemy was prepared to meet them.

Gatacre and French being forced to fall back are incapable of keeping under restraint the disaffected Dutch, who are rapidly slipping into open rebellion. The Boers are only held back by the influence of Premier Schreiner and Mr. Hofmeyr. The army corps has not accomplished any practical result and the four sections of it are now blocked by the enemy in front. This is the situation which the pessimists consider disheartening, although they hope that the fifth and sixth divisions will arrive in time for the relief of both Ladysmith and Kimberley.

General Roberts has chosen as staff officers men who have been recommended to him by Lord Wolseley and the Duke of Cambridge rather than the men associated with him in India. General Freytag was with him during the Afghan war, and was an efficient staff officer during the march from Kabul to Candahar. Viscount Downe has been the close friend of the Duke of Connaught and the Duke of Cambridge. Lord Settrington has been with Lord Roberts in Ireland and is heir after his father to the Duke of Richmond. The staff does not represent in any marked degree what is known as the Roberts school in Indian fighting. One or two appointments are understood to have been recommended by Gen. Kitchener, who knows the details of every branch of the service.

Chicago, Dec. 22.—A special to the Record from Washington says: President Kruger's government has formally protested to Secretary Hay against the sale of munitions of war by American manufacturers and merchants to the British government. This protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

Perhaps Your Trouble Is Chronic Kidney Disease.

Often Difficult to Determine and Likely to
Deceive the Best Physicians.

It is always best to be on the safe side. There are many different ways in which kidney trouble will show itself. Some of its most common symptoms are often mistaken for other diseases, but being brought about by kidney derangement, the only way to get rid of the kidney trouble.

The indefinite symptoms which go with kidney derangement are a sense of general lassitude and indisposition, weakness, sickness and depression. Headache, backache and pains in the joints and limbs, irregular heart, stomach derangement, vomiting, nervousness, restlessness, sleeplessness, are also indications of diseased kidney poison in the blood.

Whenever you feel "under the weather" it is a good plan to take a few doses of Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy.

When any of the symptoms described above show that your kidneys are sick and your system needs bracing, Swamp-Root will afford prompt relief and cure the most chronic and complicated cases.

Swamp-Root is used in the leading hospitals; recommended by skillful physicians in their private practice; and is taken by doctors themselves who have kidney ailments, because they recognize in it the greatest and most successful remedy for kidney and bladder troubles.

To prove what Swamp-Root will do for you every reader of the "Deseret News" who will send their name and address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., will be sent immediately, free by mail, a sample bottle of Swamp-Root and a book containing some of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. Be sure and mention reading this generous offer in the Salt Lake City "Semi-Weekly News."

The regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles of Swamp-Root are for sale at all drug stores.

British government from obtaining much needed war supplies, but it has proved of no avail.

It is said Secretary Hay has sent a reply to the Boer government reiterating the neutrality of the United States in the present war and declaring that American citizens in trading with both belligerents violate no neutrality obligation. It is also said that the authorities have information showing that the Boer government has purchased supplies in the United States.

The position of this government in the matter of trading with belligerents has been since its foundation that its citizens have the right to trade with the contending belligerents.

New York, Dec. 22.—A dispatch to the Herald from Paris says: Many French journals continue to cling to the ideas that England should make peace, and that there is a possibility of intervention by some power. But the leading statesmen do not share this view. The opinions of the latter are well reflected in this conversation, which was had with M. Ribot, deputy, former minister of foreign affairs and premier.

"The idea of intervention by European or other nations in the Transvaal war would be the last thing to present itself to my mind. The thing is impossible considering all the circumstances. But, however, because the powers do not wish to do so. Any one of them would be likely to be accepted, and no nation could wear a brighter political feather in its cap."

But at the present time England is in no mood to accept intervention. Her reasons are perfectly well understood. England feels that if there ever was a moment, when she could not permit a compromise, this is that moment. To tell the truth, all the other powers know it, too, hence it is absolutely hopeless to talk of intervention and there is little sincerity in those continental politicians suggesting or advising it."

France's attitude is hard to define precisely. Officially she has not shown the slightest desire to act as an intermediary, though a large section of the press advises England to make terms with the Boers as the only way out of the difficulty.

It is impossible not to conclude, therefore, that if there is any general sentiment here at all, it is a desire to see the English humiliated. From a popular point of view this is not altogether surprising.

Chicago, Dec. 22.—A special to the Record from Washington says: President Kruger's government has formally protested to Secretary Hay against the sale of munitions of war by American manufacturers and merchants to the British government. This protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

TO KEEP OUT MORMONS.

South Carolinians Ask Legislation to Exclude
Latter-day Saints.

Would Operate Mob Rule Under Cover
of Law, and Destroy Religious Liberty.

Charleston, S. C., Dec. 21.—"Mormon" Elders have established a church, at which eight Elders are at work near Ridgeland. The State legislature has been asked by the people of Hampton county to work for a law to extirpate the Elders, and the petitioners say that prompt legislation may save them from having the mob violence that some sister States have had in trying to rid themselves of this sect.

DEMOCRATIC PROSPECTS.
Senator Jones Says They Are Brighter
than in 1896.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—Senator James K. Jones, chairman of the Democratic national committee, looked into party affairs at headquarters in the Unity building today. He assured everybody that the prospects for Democratic success next year are brighter than they were in 1896. He said only W. J. Bryan would be mentioned as candidate for President in the convention. The Senator denied a story sent out from Washington that he had repudiated the system of collecting money for campaign fund and had discharged Richard S. Slater, one of the collectors.

To prove what collecting money, he continued, "was inaugurated by me. It has been a success and is worthy of the support of all Democrats. There are no differences between ex-Governor Stone and myself and never have been. I approve all he did while I was in Europe."

The Senator also said that the selection of Sam B. Cook for manager of the ways and means bureau was made at his request. He approved J. G. Johnson's work as chairman of the executive committee. With reference to next year's contest the Senator said: "I doubt the convention will reaffirm the Chicago platform. It will declare against imperialism and in favor of regulating trusts. I think, too, that it will condemn the efforts which have become too common to control elections by the use of money. In my opinion the passage of the bill establishing the gold standard will aid us greatly."

The Senator said he never saw such a diversity of opinion as to where the nominee for Vice President should come from.

Regarding the currency bill Senator Jones said: "I think the adoption of a gold standard bill by the present Congress would have an enormous effect in shaping the present money issue. It is a declaration on the part of the Republican party for which it will have to answer. A gold bill, if adopted by the Senate—and there is no doubt in my mind that the present bill substantially will be accepted by the Senate—will force the Republicans to explain what is on its face a stroke of treason against the pronouncement of the St. Louis platform."

The Senator figures that the currency bill could command fifty and possibly sixty votes in the Senate.

Congressman Boutelle Ill.
Boston, Dec. 22.—Congressman C. A. Boutelle of Maine, who is at Young's hotel, has been taken seriously ill. The nature of his trouble is not given out.

Every employer was made to keep the news of the congressman's illness quiet. A bulletin given out this (Friday) morning states that the congressman was suffering from congestion of the brain, induced by a severe attack of indigestion. It was the opinion of the physicians that the malady is only temporary.

Big Refrigerating Plant.
San Francisco, Cal., Dec. 22.—"The largest refrigerating plant ever constructed in this country is soon to be erected in Manila by the United States under the direction of Major L. S. Poudie, of the quartermasters' department. It will occupy a building 200 feet square and 45 feet high, to be located on the left bank of the Pasig river. The cooling room will be large enough to contain at once 5,000 beavers, 7,500 sheep and 100 tons each of salt meat, butter and eggs and vegetables enough to supply the American army in the Philippines for some time. In addition to this the plant will produce fifty tons of ice and six thousand gallons of distilled water every day.

With this plant in operation it will be possible to supply the hospitals with pure water and ice, wholesome food and even delicacies. With the railroads in operation the troops at the front can be supplied daily with fresh meat and vegetables.

Rebel Forces Defeated.
New York, Dec. 22.—The Herald's correspondent at Colon reports that official advices have been received from Venezuela that the government troops and that republic completely defeated the rebel forces under General Hernandez on Dec. 14.

Gen. Hernandez fled. It is believed that many prisoners were taken and that a large quantity of ammunition was seized. Port Maracaibo has been officially declared open to commerce and the Venezuelan revolution is considered at an end. It is expected that Gen. Hernandez will probably be captured soon.

Sol Smith Russell's Retirement.
Chicago, Dec. 22.—The Record says: Sol Smith Russell will retire from the stage for a year or more at the conclusion of his interrupted engagement at the Grand Opera House. He has already recovered sufficiently from the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

protest was designed to prevent the

YOU'LL GIVE

More solid comfort and happiness with a pair of our SLIPPERS than anything else you can select for Christmas Presents. We've a specially nice line to choose from, 50c to \$3.00—with these extra good values in Dongola kid, hand turned ones for \$2.00.

ROBINSON BROS. CO.,
SHOE BUILDERS, 124 Main St.

attack that compelled him to discontinue his performance Monday evening, and there is no doubt he will be able to resume next Monday afternoon, as previously announced; but he will not tax his weakened constitution beyond what will be necessary to fulfill his contract at the Grand Opera House for the next two weeks. All his engagements thereafter for the entire season will be cancelled. Mr. Fred Berger, his manager, says: "Mr. Russell has been convinced that the state of his health is such that he will risk an early and permanent breakdown unless he takes a complete rest for a long period."

No Christians in Tibet.
Seattle, Wash., Dec. 22.—W. W. Simpson and A. W. Lagerquist of the Christian and Missionary Alliance of New York arrived yesterday on the Idzumi Maru, from Tibet. Before leaving there in August last, Mr. Simpson says the mission at Paogang was completely demolished by armed natives, headed by Buddhist priests. Rev. G. T. Shields and wife, who were in charge, barely escaped.

Dr. Julius Holder and Prof. Futerer, German government scientists, were held up and robbed by brigands in June.

After three years' work not a single convert to Christianity has been obtained. The Buddhist priests, owing to the Chinese international troubles, are in absolute control, and will make physical war on the introduction of Christianity.

RELIEVING MONEY STRINGENCY.
Secretary of the Treasury Says He Is Doing All He Can Legitimately.

New York, December 22.—A dispatch to the Times from Washington quotes Secretary Gage as saying: "The treasury has endeavored to relieve money stringency in the only way that it could do so legitimately. By offering to purchase bonds to anticipate interest due without and with rebate, and to go without the income to be derived from internal revenue so that the money could become available through the depositaries, it has done what it seemed proper to do. Since it offered to take up \$25,000,000 of bonds, the prices of bonds have advanced, and they hold their price, while many stocks have fallen many points on the market. Some of the bonds now on the quoted list would be worth to purchasers less than 2 per cent at the price made. Of the \$25,000,000 of bonds the treasury offered to buy but \$20,000,000 have been offered. The offer is still standing. We may get the other \$5,000,000 or \$6,000,000. Altogether there will be released from treasury control and made available for immediate use at various points, as the treasury could not discriminate in favor of one city increasing its deposits in banks, about \$36,000,000. As I have said, the prices of bonds have advanced. They are now beyond the price at which the treasury offered to buy them. How much should the treasury offer to pay? And when it has offered to pay a price, will that price be advanced again? That seems to be a matter worthy of careful consideration."

A Convict Too Much.
San Francisco, Cal., Dec. 22.—Two years ago J. Dinglieno was sentenced by the federal court to serve a two years' sentence in the Folsom penitentiary and pay a fine of \$500 for having counterfeited tools in his possession. Dinglieno's term expired on Nov. 23rd, but he refused to pay the fine and declines to take the pauper's oath, saying he is content to remain a guest of the State. The warden of the prison has asked for legal advice as to how he shall proceed to eject the convict.

PLAYED OUT.
Dull Headache, Pains in various parts of the body, Sinking at the pit of the stomach, Loss of appetite, Feverishness, Pimples or Sores are all positive evidences of impure blood. No matter how it became so it must be purified in order to obtain good health. Acker's Blood Elixir has never failed to cure Scrofulous or Syphilitic poisons or any other blood diseases. It is certainly a wonderful remedy, and we sell every bottle on a positive guarantee. Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

Christmas goods in great variety at Kolitz Holiday Bazar.

See Bargain Tables outside from 12 to 2 each day this week. People's Cash Store.

The Young Bros. Co. have an elegant line of Music Boxes in all prices, would make a fine Xmas present.

Novelty Candy Boxes at Kolitz.

Children's Rubbers, 15c Pair, People's Cash Store.

Santa Claus' Headquarters.



CANNONS' BOOK STORE, 11 and 13 MAIN STREET.

Books, Dolls, Toys.

Largest Display in Town. Fine Stationery, Fancy Leather Goods, Xmas Cards, Calendars and Novelties. Everything for the Holidays.



Honest Now,

Did you ever get such coal anywhere else?

Bamberger Coal Co.

161 Main Street.

Is Auerbach & Bro

HOLIDAY HANDKERCHIEFS.

Our grand sale of LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S HANDKERCHIEFS for the holidays, including all of last week's surprising special values, with many new ones added, continues for the next six days and includes our magnificent line of REAL LACE HANDKERCHIEFS. Take advantage of this sale if you wish to obtain some marvelous bargains. Big cash purchases from the best manufacturers enable us to offer these great values.

Our special lines at 14c, 24c, 31-3c, 5c, 10c, 15c, 25c, 35c and 50c each are WORLD BEATERS.

LADIES' APRONS

SPECIALLY ATTRACTIVE PRICES FOR THE HOLIDAYS ON THE LARGEST AND BEST LINE OF PLAIN AND FANCY APRONS IN THE MOST POPULAR STYLES.

Ladies' White Fancy Apron, with embroidery ruffle, headed by tucks and embroidery trimmed pocket. Special Holiday Bargain.

Ladies' fancy Aprons, with 4 inch deep embroidery ruffle and 1 inch wide insertion between clusters of tucks. Special bargain at—

Ladies' large White Apron, with shoulder straps and lapels, very prettily styled with plain and embroidery trimmed, at each—

Ladies' extra fine White Lawn Apron, with 4 inch wide embroidery insertion and deep hem. Special value at—

Ladies' fine White Apron, with deep hem and 1 inch wide open worked embroidery insertion. Special holiday value at—

Ladies' White Lawn Apron, full size, with deep hem. Special value at—

Ladies' Fancy Striped White Dimity Aprons, with deep hem, a grand bargain, at—

Ladies' White Lawn Apron, full size, with deep hem. Special value at—

Ladies' White Lawn Apron, with lace striped insertion and deep hem, full size, at—

Ladies' White Lawn Apron, with lace striped insertion and deep hem, full size, at—

Ladies' White Lawn Apron, with lace striped insertion and deep hem, full size, at—

Ladies' White Lawn Apron, with lace striped insertion and deep hem, full size, at—

Ladies' White Lawn Apron, with lace striped insertion and deep hem, full size, at—

Ladies' White Lawn Apron, with lace striped insertion and deep hem, full size, at—

Ladies' White Lawn Apron, with lace striped insertion and deep hem, full size, at—

Ladies' White Lawn Apron, with lace striped insertion and deep hem, full size, at—

Ladies' White Lawn Apron, with lace striped insertion and deep hem, full size, at—

Ladies' White Lawn Apron, with lace striped insertion and deep hem, full size, at—

Ladies' White Lawn Apron, with lace striped insertion and deep hem, full size, at—

Ladies' White Lawn Apron, with lace striped insertion and deep hem, full size, at—

Ladies' White Lawn Apron, with lace striped insertion and deep hem, full size, at—

Ladies' White Lawn Apron, with lace striped insertion and deep hem, full size, at—

Ladies' White Lawn Apron, with lace striped insertion and deep hem, full size, at—

Ladies' White Lawn Apron, with lace striped insertion and deep hem, full size, at—

Ladies' White Lawn Apron, with lace striped insertion and deep hem, full size, at—

Ladies' White Lawn Apron, with lace striped insertion and deep hem, full size, at—

Ladies' White Lawn Apron, with lace striped insertion and deep hem, full size, at—