TELEGRAPHIC.

LATEST FROM CUBA.

American Citizens Under Trial for Complicity in Rebellion.

REINFORCEMENTS FROM SPAIN.

Jose Marti's Successor—Insurgents Defeated After a Hard Fought Battle.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 8.—The last advices received by the state department from Cuba relative to Sanguilly and Angers, the naturalized American citizens who have been under arrest there several months on charges of complicity in the rebellion, are to the effect that they are now under trial, which may be long drawn out, owing to the fact that, in at least one case, the proceedings are civil, as well as criminal and political. However, as fair progress is being made according to the Spanish practice, and as the men have the best of counsel in their cases and are being closely watched by the American consul-general, the state department is not disposed to make this a matter of concern.

SKIRMISHES WITH REBELS.

HAVANA, July 8.—Generals Salcedo and Inclan, while out scouting in the field near Vatras, had a skirmish with the insurgents, who left ten dead upon the field. On the side of the troops two soldiers were killed and six were wounded. General Navarro had an engagement with the Rouzo bands of insurgents at Bolje, Santiago de Cuba. The insurgents lost two killed, left two wounded behind them, and in addition the Spanish troops captured two prisoners.

At Meseguo, near Matanzas, an insurgent band, consisting of about thirty men, has plundered and burned three stores. During the present month reinforcements of 16,000 men will leave Spain for Cuba, and during the month of October and the early part of November additional reinforcements to the number of 30,000 troops will be sent from Spain to Cuba. All the steamers of the different Spanish lines will be chartered by the government in order to send troops here.

PALMA SUCCEEDS MARTI.

NEW YORK, July 8.—The Cuban election for a successor to Jose Marti was practically decided today in favor of Thomas Estrada Palma. The delegates in the principal large cities of the United States and Mexico represent unanimous of votes in their respective states. Their choices, as announced by telegraph today, was that the delegates are all one way—for Palma.

IMPORTANT SPANISH VICTORY.

HAVANA, July 8.—It appears that Major Sanchez received information that a force of 1,500 insurgents, under the command of Rabi, had occupied strong positions near Manzanillo, province of Santiago de Cuba. The major sent a messenger to his superior officer, Colonel Arnau, proposing to him that they should join their forces and make an attack upon the insurgents. The messenger, however, fell into the hands of the insurgents, who hanged him, and sent word to Major Sanchez, in the name of Colonel Arnau, to make an attack upon the insurgent position from a point which compelled the troops to approach the insurgents through a narrow thoroughfare.

Major Sanchez, recognizing the difficulty of the movement which he was apparently directed by his colonel to execute, sent forward two advance pickets of twelve and thirty men, respectively, with instructions to push forward to the right and to the left of the narrow thoroughfare, for reasons stated therein, and be careful to take up advantageous positions from which they could protect the advance of the main body of troops under Sanchez's command. The pickets cleverly followed out the instructions.

Major Sanchez then advanced carefully upon the insurgent position, protecting his men by every inequality of the ground. But, as he expected, the troops were no sooner inside the defile than the insurgents attacked them in force. The first charges of the insurgents were made with enthusiasm, and their machets played havoc among the troops, who were hemmed in and unable to deploy on account of the narrow road they had to follow.

But it was here that the advance pickets came to the rescue. From their elevated position they kept up a continuous and well-directed fire upon the insurgents within range and eventually, assisted by a charge from the Spanish troops, compelled them to retreat outside of the defile. The Spanish pushed forward after them, and once in the open, they charged the insurgents with great courage and compelled them to retreat hastily. The insurgents then sought refuge in the strong position they had previously left in order to attack the troops, but the soldiers carried the position and put the enemy to flight, with the loss upon the field of 280 killed. The troops lost fifty men killed and wounded.

It was at first reported that the insurgents were commanded by General Maceo, but it was later learned they were under Rabi alone, and that Maceo took no part in the engagement.

Don't buy baking powder sold at twenty-five cents a pound or less. It is sure to contain alum. Dr. Price's is perfectly pure.

POSTEN'S STATEMENT.

Talks Between China and Japan Probably Permanent.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—John W. Foster arrived in Washington from China and made a statement in which he said there was good reason to expect permanent peace between Japan and China as the result of the treaty of Shimonoseki. The terms demanded by Japan may, he said, under the circumstances, be regarded as reasonable, and the peace concluded is not likely to be broken on account of the shortcomings of China.

If a rupture occurs it is more likely to be brought about by the intermeddling of the European powers. The intervention of Russia on account of the terms of peace was not unexpected and is not unnatural, in view of her predominating interest in the orient, and especially as the North Pacific coast of Asia. Her Pacific fleet followed the lead of France, created no surprise in the East, but that germany should come with them in a display of force against Japan was entirely unexpected, and is not yet understood.

Of all the countries diplomatically concerned in the contest the United States has come out of it with better grace than any other. From the first hour it has been recognized by both belligerents as purely disinterested, our only desire being to render such services as would bring about an honorable and lasting peace.

Being asked why he declined the invitation to remain in China as the adviser of the government, Mr. Foster said he had spent the greater portion of the past twenty-five years in foreign lands, and while his experience abroad had been generally a pleasant one, he loved his country equal to his native land and he desired to spend the remainder of his life in his native country.

Sentenced to Death.

DENVER, July 8.—A special to the *Republican* from Colorado Springs says: Van Horsten, recently convicted of the murder of Richard Newell Jr., was today sentenced to hang during the week commencing July 29th. Newell was superintendent of the Midland terminal railway, which crosses the claim occupied by Van Horsten. The latter obstructed the line, and when Newell visited the scene, shot him in the back, after the exchange of only a few words.

Daily Weather Bulletins.

WASHINGTON, D.C., July 8.—The resumption of the old plan of forwarding daily weather bulletins except on Sunday to all forecast display stations receiving such information by government telegraph services, was decided upon by the agricultural department today. It is the first important scheme for improving the forecast service to be put into operation by Chief Moore of the weather bureau.

READY WITH THE ROPE.

Citizens Threaten Kansas City Councilmen with Lynching.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 8.—Like the members of the Denver city council, Kansas City councilmen are in hot water and are threatened with a rope.

Assembly No. 3859 Knights of Labor filed a communication to the mayor and city council, demanding municipal ownership of the gas works today, and T. W. Gilruth, recording secretary of the assembly, created a lively scene in the city clerk's office by accosting certain councilmen of unfairly treating the people.

When Gilruth entered the city clerk's office he threw the document on the desk with a rap of his knuckles, and said to Councilmen Brown and Kidwell, who were standing near: "We want honest, gentlemen. You must not explain the rights of the people in the manner customary with the council for some time past."

The councilmen made a sharp retort, whereupon Gilruth continued: "It is plain to me that the council has been engaging in crooked business and I will tell you very plainly that the people are getting exasperated. If this thing continues, sir, we will visit you with ropes."

After a few more hot words, Gilruth hurried away.

Manitoba School Question.

OTTAWA, Ont., July 8.—The government tonight announced its policy on the Manitoba school question. The Manitoba Catholics having appealed to the Dominion authorities to pass a law restoring separate schools as they existed prior to disestablishment, the Dominion government announced that they will endeavor to arrive at an understanding with the Manitoba government whereby Roman Catholics shall be given their own schools under state inspection and with teachers who have passed the provincial normal school examinations. If Manitoba will not consent to this, the Dominion government pledges itself to bring in and pass a law containing such provisions at the session beginning the third week in January next.

Confessed to the Crime.

PIERRE, S. D., July 8.—A man giving the name of E. W. Davis, who was arrested at Miller for the murder of Nels Carson, a Wyoming stockman, today confessed to the crime. Carson and Davis were bringing in a lot of stock and horses through Dakota. Davis killed Carson and tried to dispose of the stock. There is fear of his being lynched.

MADAGASCAR DISPUTE.

The United States May Be Called Upon to Interfere.

WASHINGTON, D.C., July 8.—Documents received here by public men, indicate that strong pressure will probably be brought to bear to induce the United States to interfere in the settlement by arbitration of the dispute between France and the native government of Madagascar. These papers are plain in argument, intended to show that the United States and Great Britain should interfere jointly, and that if Great Britain declines to participate, then this country should act independently in the matter. The argument proceeds on the ground that the question involved is the right of France to exercise a protectorate over Madagascar.

"SOUND MONEY" CAMPAIGN.

Hon. William D. Bynum's Argument for a Gold Standard.

INDIANOLA, Ind., July 8.—The Hon. William D. Bynum, of Indianapolis, opened his "sound money" campaign here tonight. He spoke to the opera house to a large and representative audience of Owen county people, composed of members of both political parties. Mr. Bynum was introduced by the Hon. Willis Hickman, and spoke for two hours. He said in part:

The legal ratio between gold and silver as fixed by the laws is 16 to 1, while the commercial ratio is about 32 to 1. The effect of throwing out silver to the free coinage of silver would be to bring the legal and commercial ratio of 16 to 1 on a basis together or to reduce the commercial value of the silver dollar to its commercial ratio. In the event of the latter the silver dollar would be worth only 50 cents in comparison with the gold dollar, and would be forced down gold out of circulation. The important question, therefore, is, in advance of its, would the national dollar go up from 50 cents to $1.29 in order to fill the world's need, or would the intrinsic value of our silver dollar come down to its bullion value, about 50 cents? It is clear that the commercial ratio of the two metals has always controlled their movements in spite of their coinage ratio.

It is claimed that silver never would have fallen in value had it not been for the discrimination against it by our own and other governments in 1873 and since. During the first four years after the passage of the act of 1873 we coined over $50,000,000 of silver as against $145,000,000 during the seventy-six years previous, and yet it is earnestly, and apparently seriously insisted that the act of '73 was the cause of the fall in the price of silver which began about that time.

The consumption of silver by the arts since 1873 has been more than $600,000,000 of coinage value, and yet it is boldly asserted that the cause of the fall in its value was the discrimination against it as a money metal.

A fact which establishes beyond controversy that silver has not fallen in value because of any discrimination against it, by way of legislation is that, notwithstanding the low price for which it has been selling, laborious efforts have been sometimes made to increase its production. From 155 mines producing silver it was ascertained by the director of the mint in 1887 that the cost of producing an ounce of silver was only 52.4 cents. The price is now about 60 cents, and the owners of mines wish us to appreciate the value until they can do so with $1.29.

Look over the face of the earth today and see what nations pay the lowest wages to their labor and have the smallest circulation per capita. Mexico is one of the great silver-producing countries of the world. She has free coinage of both gold and silver, and yet her per capita circulation is only $4.71, 31 cents being in gold and 17 cents in paper. India has a per capita circulation of $5.15. Compare the circulation of these two coinage countries with that of the nations which limit coinage. The United Kingdom has $18.43 in gold and $2.88 in silver; France, $21.84 in gold and $12.53 in silver; Germany, $18.51 in gold and $6.35 in silver; Belgium, $8.87 in gold and $6.38 in silver, while we have $9.09 in gold and $9.09 in silver.

Will Rather Go to Jail.

CHICAGO, July 8.—Mrs. Lizzie Cutler of Washington was today sentenced to six months in jail for contempt of court in refusing to disclose the whereabouts of her daughter, Florence. Mrs. Cutler is the Washington stenographer who, in 1888, after placing her daughter in hiding, told the Buffalo police that the child had been drowned. Her husband, Alonzo Cutler, a wealthy Chicagoan, had attempted, during the hearing of the divorce case, to regain possession of the child, and Mrs. Cutler was ordered by the court to tell where her daughter is hidden. This she refused to do.

Dr. Price's Baking Powder's good name and good work cover a period of over forty years.

Kate Field Got Nothing.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 8.—The jury in the Sanford will case, in which Miss Kate Field of Washington and Mr. George Biddle of Cambridge were contestants, returned a verdict sustaining the will, which distributes a large property, the chief beneficiary being the young woman who attended Mrs. Sanford during the last years of her life.

A Company of Militia Disbanded.

DENVER, July 8.—A special to the *Republican* from Pueblo, Ariz., says: Adjutant General Stewart of the national guard of Arizona tomorrow will issue an order disbanding the company of the First infantry stationed at Tucson. A general court martial has been ordered upon the officers, and the non-commissioned officers, prior to dishonorable discharge, have been reduced to the ranks.

The company has been known as the Mexican company of the regiment, being mainly composed of Spanish speaking citizens. Its offense consisted in leaving the parade on the Fourth of July, preferring to appear in the line of march of a theyen club. An order will at once be issued at headquarters forbidding the enlistment of any person who cannot speak and read and write the English language.

Enlarging a Dry Dock.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—Information has been received at the navy department of the progress of the work of enlarging the dry dock at Mare Island, Cal. At present the Hartford is the dry dock and is being thoroughly overhauled.

Tea and Silk from China.

TACOMA, Wash., July 9.—Nineteen trainloads of tea which came on the steamer Strathnevis from China last night started for the East this morning. Besides the tea the steamer brought 232 bales of silk, comprising the largest cargo of Oriental freight ever landed on the Pacific coast.

Right Arm Paralyzed!

Saved from St. Vitus Dance.

"Our daughter, Josephine, now fifteen years of age, had been terribly afflicted with St. Vitus dance, and had lost the entire use of her right arm. We feared St. Vitus dance and tried the best physicians, who no benefit. She has taken three bottles of Dr. Miles' Nervine and has gained 21 pounds. Her nervousness has entirely left her. St. Vitus dance are entirely gone, she attends school regularly, and has recovered complete use of her arm. Her improvement is wonderful."

MRS. E. E. BULLOCK, Hudson, N. Y.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Cures.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists have it. A treatise on nervous diseases, containing testimonials of remarkable cures, free by mail, or at druggists' counters. Dr. Miles' Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Sold by all Druggists

JOHNSON-PRATT DRUG CO.

JOHNSON-PRATT DRUG CO.

IT HAS BEEN INDORSED

By the medical profession that when, especially in convalescence, a choicest healthy beverage, providing all is contained in a pure state, and this is what

We Offer You for One Month Only:

CLARET, 50 cents.
ZINFANDEL, 75 cents.
BURGUNDY, $1.25.
HOCH, very fine vintage, 75 cents.
RIESLING, $1.00.
GUDENEL, $1.25, at

UTAH LIQUOR CO.

167 Main Street.

FRAGRANT VANITY FAIR CIGARETTES

NONE BUT VIRGINIA & TURKISH TOBACCO & THE HIGHEST SKILLED WORKMEN EMPLOYED IN MAKING THESE CIGARETTES

WM. S. KIMBALL & CO.
THE AMERICAN TOBACCO CO. SUCCESSOR

—CASH—
UNCLAIMED.

JUDGE CHAS. W. STAYNER has, for many years been securing a record of persons entitled to money in England and other parts of the world. He can now supply valuable preliminary information by correspondence on this subject, on receipt of ONE DOLLAR. A full examination for each name FIVE DOLLARS. For an entire family TEN DOLLARS.

His charges for advertisements and collections are moderate. Strictly confidential and reliable.

Address:

C. W. STAYNER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Salt Lake City, Utah.

Send P. O. Order.
Stamps taken for sums of $1.00.

AND SO DO

More than Half a Million OTHER PEOPLE,

BECAUSE

IT IS THE BEST.

CHARTER OAK RANGES

The CHARTER OAK

is made for the requirements of the

SMALLEST FAMILY

as well as the

LARGEST HOTEL.

Sold in all the Stores of the

Z.C.M.I.

Horses Kick

This is what happens. One pair comes out where it should, the other goes into the ladder rung, from same are the result of her undivided and

Shearing Process

Putnam Nails

are exclusively Hot-Pressed and Hammer-Pointed, producing the only hammered head nails made. This process forms the head of the nail thereby imparting to it a strength from head that cannot split, thread or break off.

Absolutely Safe.

Ensures the nails in your satisfaction, for if they should split or break off the Hot Pressed Putnam, they will show every time. Insist on your dealer giving you Putnam Hot Pressed and Hammerpointed.

Sample box, which plainly states on cover of box the merits, in stamps or coin.

PUTNAM NAIL COMPANY,
Department, Boston, Mass.

For sale by J. C. M. I., Clark Eldredge & Co., Western Hardware Co., Salt Lake Hardware Co., and Geo. A. Lowe, Salt Lake City, Utah.

CHURCH BLANKS.

Printed and For Sale at

THE DESERET NEWS OFFICE,
SALT LAKE CITY.

Sales Reports,	25c	per doz
Ward Reports,	25c	"
Relief Society Reports,	25c	"
Primary Association Reports,	25c	"
Y. L. M. I. A. Reports,	25c	"
Y. M. M. I. A. Reports,	25c	"
Elders' Certificates,	25c	"

Bishops' Recommends, books of 50, 50c; of 100, 75c.
Primary Association Roll and Record Books, $1.50.
Y. L. M. I. A. Roll and Record Books, $1.00.
Ward Records, 1 qr., $4.00; 2 qr., $5.00; 4 qr., $12.00.
High Priests' Records made to order.
Seventies' Records made to order.

F. Auerbach & Bro.

DEMOLISHED!

DESTROYED!

A Destruction of Prices Never Before Demonstrated.
This Sale is Without a Peer or Rival.
The Biggest Values Ever Given.
The Lowest Prices Ever Made.
Come to this sale with confidence (and a little ready money.)
You will find everything as advertised and reap a rich reward.

Great stock reducing sale commences Monday morning. We cut the life out of prices and will keep it on till the most elegant stock of new and stylish summer goods ever shown in the city is closed out. The great sale will overshadow all previous efforts. You positively never witnessed such a Wholesale slaughter and sacrifice of prices as we guarantee Monday.

Wash Goods.

Only some of a great variety that we have on sale are these.

PRINTED CRYSTAL LAWNS, white ground, with red, blue, black and green figures. It's a world's wonder, at 10c yd

FAST BLACK LAWN, in small and broken checks, never knew goods to equal them in that line at 10c, will be snapped up quick at 8½c yd

MADIE ANTOINETTE SATIN STRIPED MULLS, in colored designs, best selling wash fabric, were 25 cents, go in 11c yd

DRESDEN CLOTHS, the kind you have paid 25c a yard for, they go at 12½c yd

36 INCH EXTRA QUALITY FINE WHITEWASH PRINTED PIQUES, warranted to wash, would sell easily at 20c, go here at 12½c yd

VENETIAN CREPONS 36 in. full homespun string, complete assortment, instead of 25c, go this sale 16½c yd

Boys' Clothing.

Listen! We offer our $1.00 Knee Pants suits in dark checks for 75c Suit

And again we offer you a lot in checks, stripes and plaids, dark mixes in cassimeres and cheviots, were sold at $2.50 and $3.25, for $1.75 Suit

Ladies' Shirt Waists

Tremendous Reductions.

How is this! LADIES' LIGHT COLORED PERCALE WAISTS, fancy stripes, all sizes, cut to a customer, for 19c

LADIES' WHITE WAISTS, Norfolk plaits front and back, good value at 50c, to go for 29c

Duck Suits

The Striped Duck suits, were $1.50, sale price 75c Suit

Wrappers.

Percale Wrappers in light shades, plain backs, full fronts, they are worth 50c, but will go at 40c

Silks.

A crash in Silks. Printed China Silks, in dark grounds, every yard worth 50c, at 12½c yd

Dress Goods.

36 inch Genuine French Challies, in dark and light grounds, newest goods and nobbiest designs, value 40c, at 25c

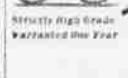
Hosiery.

Ladies Striped Cotton Hose, go at this sale at 3½c pair

Prices of all Ladies' and Children's Hose cut in two.

"HE THAT WORKS EASILY, WORKS SUCCESSFULLY." CLEAN HOUSE WITH

SAPOLIO



Strictly High Grade
Warranted One Year

Waverley

The Sensation of the Year

$85

INDIANA BICYCLE COMPANY,
Indianapolis, Ind., U. S. A.

ESTABLISHED 1876.

Buckle & Son,

THE POPULAR

—TAILORS.—

Main Street, Opposite Walker House

JAMES-SPENCER-BATEMAN CO.,

67 Main Street.

A few of our specialties just now are
SPECIAL DRIVE IN GRANITE WARE, GARDEN HOSE,
LAWN SPRINKLERS, GARDEN TOOLS,
LAWN MOWERS, GASOLINE STOVES that work,
Good cheap Steel Ranges.
Special sale of Mrs. Potts' Sad Irons.

We are Always in It on Plumbing and Tin Shop Work.

SHOES SHOES
EE HH EE
SOLOMON BROS.
EE EE EE
SHOES SHOES

EVERY PAIR AT A DISCOUNT FOR THIRTY DAYS.

MUST DISCHARGE 1000 SHOES FOR NEW STYLES.

UNCUTEAR WELTS AMONG THE 1000 STANDARD KINDS.

CALL AND SEE US MAKING SHOES AT 70 S. MAIN STREET.