# DESERET EVENING NEWS

Organ of the Church of Jesus Christ of Later-day Saints. PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING.

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(Sundays excepted). Corner of South Temple and East Temple Streets, Salt Lake City, Utah.

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## BUBSCRIPTION PRICES. (In Advance):

NEW YORK OFFICIA. In charge of B. F. Cummings, manager Foreign Advertising, from our Home Of-Boe, 1127 Park Row Building, New York.

SAN FRANCISCO OFFICIO. In charge of F. J. Cooper, 78 Geary St.

Correspondence and other reading mat-ter for nublication should be addressed to the EDITOR. all business comunications

all remittances THE DESERFT NEWS Balt Lake City, Utah.

Entered at the Postoffice of Salt Lake City as second class matter according to the Act of Congress, March 3, 1879.

BALT LAKE CITY, . MAY 29, 1905. SEIZURE OF RIGHTS.

the late session of the Legislature of Utah a bill was introduced, to extend the power of eminent domain to the acquisition of water rights by municipalities for public uses, under proper regulations and restrictions. But after it had been discussed and amended, and objections that had been offered were removed, the majority of the members were against the measure, because of their contention that water rights were inslienable, and of so much more importance than realty rights that they would not permit anything that would appear likely to endanger them.

Salt Lake City and some other cities were very anxious for the passage of the bill, because of intended improvements in the water supply which were hindered by the obstinacy and stupidity of some people who stood in the way. The defeat of the bill was considered a public calamity, because the general understanding of the laws of the State on eminent domain was that they did not reach water rights, which were intentionally left out of the enumeration of properties that might be condemned for public uses.

The property and franchises of pri-Nate corporations are subject to the law of eminent domain, the same as the property of private individuals. but not of any other kinds than those designated by statute. The uses for which the right of eminent domain may be exercised form one part of the law, and the kinds of property which may be taken for those uses form another part of the law. Eminent domain may be exercised for the public use of "canals, reservoirs, dams, ditches, flumes, acqueducts, and pipes for supplying and storing water for the operation of machinery for the purpose of cenerating and transmission of electricity for power, light or heat." But while the right may be exercised for those uses, it only extends to the kinds of property named in the law as subject to condemnation. These are limited to a fee simple, an easement, the occupation of lands and the right to take therefrom earth, gravel, stone, trees or timber for a public use, real property of any person, lands belonging to the State, a county, or incorporated city or town, when more necessary for a public use than that to which it has already been appropriated, all kinds of franchises and rights of way and all classes of private property, "when such Laking is authorized by law." In none of these specifications are water rights named or alluded to. In consequence of this intentional omission, it has been held both by lawyers and laymon acquainted with the intent of the legislature, that the right of emfnent domain extending to other classes of property, does not include the con-Remnation for public uses of private or corporate water rights, But it is now asserted by some capable attorneys that water rights are subject to the law of eminent domain and there has been much jubilation among enomies of the Ulah Light and Railway company over this announce ment. They seem to be under the im pression that all that the city has to do in order to acquire the properties which it needs and applied for to the company on such terms as could be forreed upon, is to seize upon those properties, which are water-power rights that the company has held for many years, and that therefore there is no need for any negotiations with the company and that it is not necessary to furnish quid pro quo Now, supposing that the opinion of the attorneys, which is contrary to that hitherto hold on this subject. proves to be correct, and that Balt Lake City has the right, under the government has arrived almost at the law of eminent domain, to proceed for the condemnation of those water rights. which it desires to obtain. What then? The city must proceed according to law, A suit would have to be planted in the district court. All the claimants and owners of the properties day sired must be made defendants. All the parties in interest have the right overtures for peace, as soon as it heto appear The value of the properties sought to be condemned and the damages which would accrue from the condemnation must be proved and decided according to the equity of the case. The court, jury, commissioners or referes having jurisdiction of the case, must hear and ascertain and make assessment according to the value of that which is to be taken and the damages which will arise from taking it. So that the city cannot "grab" the property of the company by any such forch ble measures, as some folks indicate (on and seem to desire, There has been a great deal of nonsense uttered concerning the rights of the company to the water powers which the city desires to acquire. These rights have been held by the company for many years, and work has been

performed upon them, every year, under the law, for the maintenance of those rights acquired by purchase and belonging to the company as much as any other property that it owns. Assertions to the countrary are on r par with other misrepresentations that have been made and will count for nothing if an issue is raised. cash.

If litigation should arise under the law of eminent domain, the city would have other partles to contend with besides the company which has offered to convey the properties without demanding money, which the city is not in a position to pay, but which it would

have to pay as the court or jury might assess as their value. There is no need or any such contest, as the company has been perfectly willing to make a satisfactory arrangement with the city so that there may be no hindrance in the carrying out of the plans devised for a pure and permanent water sup-

ply for the city. We do not believe there will be any accessity for such litigation. We are of the opinion that good sense, justice and fairness will rule in the final disposition of the franchise question. But f the wishes of the obstructionists and

pretended "defenders" of the city who ire its actual enomies, are carried out and encroachments upon the rights and existing franchises of the company are accumulated, we hope the company will fail back upon the franchises al-

ready existing, under which it can make more money, and have greater liberty for rates and charges than would be possible under the franchise contemplated, and will refuse to be bound up and muleted and crippled as its enemies are plotting to bring about.

The true friends of the city and of the public will use their influence to ffect a satisfactory settlement of the pending question, and will ignore all the froth and folly and falsehood which have been so abundantly poured out, to hedge up the way of an organization that has been and will be of immense benefit to the people of Salt Lake.

# **HOULD BE REJECTED.**

The majority of the property owners n the vicinity of Market and Main streets, supported by a number of fraternal organizations that meet in the Odd Fellows' building, it is said, are protesting against the granting of a license for the re-opening of a saloon on that corner. The question, it is un. derstood, will come before the City Council tonight, and we hope the wishas of the people, as expressed in the protest, will not be disregarded. It ests with the Council, to grant or reject an application for license of that kind, and the question for that body

to consider is, what public, not private, nterest requires. The corner in question is opposite the

Federal building, where the federal offices will be established. Would not a cheap saloon in its immediate vicinity be entirely contrary to the character of that locality? The law prohibits the establishment of such places within a certain distance from buildings used for public schools, theaters, concert halls, and says: other places of amusement. The same statute gives the City Council the powe to refuse the application for liquor ilcense for any other "good cause," and for that reason we believe the Council would be lamentably remiss in the performance of its duty, were it not to protect that corner from the hoodlumism that inevitably goes with places where intox)cated persons congregate. The women who hold their club meetings, and social gatherings, in halls on Market street know from experiences/ that the presence of a saloon on that corner is a nuisance. Their protest should have due weight with the Council. They have the right to the protection of the city authorities. We are pleased to notice that the license committee recommend the rejection of the application, and we hope the Council will sustain the committee. The desent part of the public will be with the Council, in favor of the protest.

DESERET EVENING NEWS: MONDAY, MAY 29, 1905.

Some of Secretary Taft's logic worthy "A Tale of a Tub." "There's life in the old dog yet," very

well describes Philadelphia today, The Chicago strikers seem to have better luck raising Cain than raising

The strike breakers do not seem to have hit hard enough to break any.

thing Idllian Russell says she takes five

baths a day. And she still inclines to embonpoint.

Fashion note. At the seaside this summer certified checks will be very fashionable.

That Northern Pacific railroad robper got his reward, but it was entirely different from what he expected.

Mayor Weaver has succeeded in dis. ancing both Mayor Tom Johnson and Mayor Dunne in the notorlety race.

Many Ellen Lease has been held up and robbed. Contrary to what might have been expected there was no yel-

John D. Rockefeller Jr, is a victim of dyspepsia. And he can afford to buy such good things to eat and in any quantity)

The troops have been ordered to pacify Warsaw. Give them time and ammunition and they will do it, all samee Samar.

The call of the Russian fleet at Saddie Islands shows that Rojestvensky was in the saddle, but he has been unhorsed.

Let it be understood that Nan and Billy Patterson are not brother and sister; no relation. This will relieve both of embarrassment,

The farmers of Kansas are again calling for eastern college students to come out and help them harvest the great wheat crop. The call of the wild.

Few are the men of this world, pubic or private, who have declined the invitation of an emperor and of a king to be their guests, but John Hay has.

A Kansas judge has fined a Kansas woman for charging usurious interest, Was she the only person in the Sunflower state who could be found to make an example of? Kansas surely is the rara avis of the American eagle's family.

"The Beggar Student" will be presented tonight at the Salt Lake Theater by students of the Brigham Young University, under the direction of Prof. Lund, We hope the attendance will justify this effort at placing before the public a musical feast prepared by home talent.

In his poem "America to England," read at the Lotos club forewell to Ambassador Reid, Rev. Minot J. Savage





Alfred Best as the Beggar Student Miss Hazel Taylor as Laura.







THAT NAVAL BATTLE.

Revident from the dispatches received from eastern Asia, that the Japa papers. have again gained a decided victory in a sea fight, this time against a portion of, if not against the entire, fleet o Rojestvensky, Just what the facts are can hardly be gathered from the meager details cabled, but the Russian admiral has undoubtedly sustained severe loss. Has he succeeded in inflicting corresponding loss to the enemy? That is a question that can be answered only from Japanese sources, and the Japaness are not in the habit of proclaiming their losses in battles to the world. It appears from the news obtained, that Rojestvensky is no match for Admiral Togo. And that is a most important inference from the result of the first encounter between the two admirals. Russia's hope has been centered in the anticipated exploits of Ro-Jestvensky: With his defeat, the Czar's and of their naval resources. The anuthilation of the Baltic squadron, when ever that feat shall have been accomplished, means that Japan retains her supremacy on the sea, and can send

supplies and re-enforcements to her armies operating in Manchurla. Russia should, therefore, logically, make imes clear that Rojestvensky's exredition to a failure.

It is true, Russia can still send re ruits to Manchuria and keep up millary operations there. Linevitch can fight and run away, and live to light another day, as his predecessor in command has done, provided he does not inger too long before he sounds a rereat, but that mode of warfare must be humillating to the Czar, and it h utterly yold of results. Pence should therefore be the logical outcome of a complete defeat of the Baltic squad-

The soft coal combine is a soft snap.

The Quakers have fought the good fight and won.

To Rojestvensky Togo proved to be a besom of destruction.

Grown stalwart in the West, Yearns back to where each morning Glows o'er the ocean's crest; And cries, "O Mother Country, Ours is your ancient pride, And, whate'er may befall you, Our place is at your side.

Isn't that putting it a little strong. slopping over just a trifle? -

A rather startling revelation was made in a New York police court the other day, when it was proved that a stolen check had been altered so as to call for more than 25 times the amount for which it was originally drawn. The ingenuity of the methods by which it was "rulsed" and the skill of the operators have set detectives and bank officials to guessing as to the identity of the criminals, and as it is said that there are only five men known who could have manipulated the paper, suspicion is narrowed to them, But the development which is most startling to the public is that the Bankers' association has been paying pensions to the known experts to refrain from forging

MYSTERY OF PAUL JONES.

Harper's Weekly. A curious bit of history concerning Paul Jones is brought to light by a correspondent apropos of Gen. Horace Porter's recent discovery in Paris of the old admiral's body. When Paul Jones died in Paris, in 1792, says the correspondent, Jones' mother was still by the back wattow without the the set of the set living in her native village of Kirk-bean, near Dumfries, Scotland, and about a year later, at her request and expense, his body was shipped there burled in the kirkyard and his grave marked by a simple slab carved with his real name-John Paul. Who was the mother receiving the body of her son a few months after his death or the patriolic searcher of 100 years lat-

WHAT CROWNS ARE WORTH.

Philadelphia Ledger, The lightest of European crowns is the state crown of Great Britain, which was made for Queen Victoria sixty-six was made for Queen Victoria sixty-six years ago. Although it weighs only two pounds seven ounces, its value is \$1,500,000. One enormous sapphire came from the signet of Edward the Confes-sor. One of the rubles has a sadiy tragle history. It was at one time in the possession of one of the great kings of Granada whom Pedro the Cruel in-viled to his palace and basely murdered through gread for this grem. In the pope's treasure house are two crowns which are valued at \$2,500,000. One of them was the gift of Napoleon to Plus VII, and contains the largest emerald in the world. The other, the gift of Queen Isabella of Spain to Plus 1X, weights three pounds, and is worth \$1,-000,000.

### RECENT PUBLICATIONS.

The following is the list of contents of Ledic's Magazine for June: "Mrs. Cromwell's Heart," a story, Justus Miles Formani, "The Possibilities of Modern Medicine," Dr. A. C. Scely, "Trouble at Cross-Bow," a story, Ho-mer M. Price; "The Jews of Wall Street," Samuel Armstrong Nelson; "The Wise and Kind," verse, Richard-Kirk, "Plain Mary South," chapters 1-2, Henry Wallace 1010 ps; "Penny's Gun," a story, Juliet Wilbor Tomp-kins; "Judge Lindsoy; Friend of Chil-"Judge Lindsey; Friend of Chilkins;