

menne Ootario mine. The tunnel is five feet at the bottom and four feet on top; six feet high in clear, all timbered up, costing about \$600,000. This tunnel is to be extended about one mile further on to the Daly mine, where the volume of water will be increased. It is very important to the drainage of both of these mines.

EDWARD STEVENSON.

IMPORTANT LAWS.

POLYGAMOUS CHILDREN LEGITIMATED

An act to legitimate the issue of bigamous and polygamous marriages, born on or prior to January 4, 1896, and declaring their heritable and other rights.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Utah:

SECTION 1. That the issue of bigamous and polygamous marriages, heretofore contracted between members of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, born on or prior to the fourth day of January, A. D. eighteen hundred and ninety-six, are hereby legitimated; and such issue are entitled to inherit from both parents, and to have and enjoy all rights and privileges to the same extent and in the same manner as though born in lawful wedlock.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect upon approval.

Approved April 3, 1896.

SERVICE OF WRITS BY MAIL.

An act to provide for the service of venire, subpoena, writ, notices and process by mail in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Utah:

SECTION 1. That it shall be the duty of each clerk of the district court, when issuing any venire for jurors or subpoena for witnesses summoned on behalf of the State, whenever practicable, to ascertain and insert therein the post-office address of each person named therein; and when any such venire or subpoena shall be received for service by any sheriff, if the time be sufficient for service by mail as provided in this act, he shall address to each person named in said venire or subpoena, whose post-office address is given or can be promptly ascertained, a copy of the subpoena or a notice requiring such person to be and appear at the time and place for the purpose mentioned in the venire or subpoena. The sheriff shall sign such notice officially, and shall register and mail the same, postage and registry fee prepaid, to the person therein mentioned, at his post-office address, with a request endorsed on the envelope in the usual form for the return of the letter to the sender, if not delivered within five days.

The receipt of such registered letter by the person to whom it is addressed shall be deemed valid service upon him, of the venire or subpoena and the returned registry receipt signed by such person or by any other person in his behalf, shall be taken as prima facie evidence of service, and the sheriff shall make return accordingly.

Whenever any such notice shall be returned through the postoffice undelivered, the sheriff shall make or cause to be made personal service of the venire or subpoena.

Sec. 2. Whenever, after the return

through the mail of any notice or subpoena, as provided in section 1 of this act, it shall be necessary to make personal service of the same upon any person, or, whenever it shall be necessary to make personal service of any other writ, notice or process of any court, and the person upon whom service is to be made resides or is to be found at a place other than that at which the court issuing such venire, subpoena, writ, notice or other process is held, and the cost of making such service would be chargeable to the State, then, except in cases of emergency, such venire, subpoena, notice, writ or other process shall be by the officer having the same for service, sent by mail to any sheriff or deputy sheriff residing nearest the locality where such service is to be made, and such sheriff or deputy sheriff shall make return to the officer sending the same by mail; and in no case in which the State or any county is chargeable with the costs for the service of any writ, process, subpoena, venire or other notice, shall mileage be charged by or allowed to any officer for travel from the place of issue to the place of service thereof, if the same was sent or could and should have been sent by mail to a sheriff or deputy sheriff residing in the neighborhood of the place of service.

Sec. 3. Whenever any defendant is bound over or committed by a committing magistrate, such magistrate shall forward to the clerk of the district court having cognizance of the case, a list of all witnesses for the State, so far as the same can be ascertained by him, together with the post-office address of each witness.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect upon its approval.

Approved April 4, 1896.

BOUNTY FOR CANAIGRE AND LEATHER.

An act to encourage the cultivation of canaigre and its use in the manufacture of leather in the State of Utah.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Utah:

SECTION 1. That for the purpose of encouraging the cultivation of the canaigre root as a tanning material in this State a bonus of one dollar per ton shall be paid on the first twenty thousand tons of canaigre root produced by cultivation in the State and used in this State for the manufacture of leather. Any person, firm or corporation that intends securing the bonus, or any part thereof, herein proffered shall, before each year's planting, notify the secretary of state that it is their intention to plant and cultivate a certain number of acres of land for the purpose of raising canaigre roots, describing in said notice by United States survey the land to be thus employed; and the secretary of state, upon having presented to him a duly certified statement setting forth that a certain quantity of canaigre roots were produced by cultivation by the person, firm or corporation named, and on the land described in the notice herein provided for, the said statement being substantiated to the satisfaction of said secretary of state by affidavits of the purchasers and users of said roots, that they were purchased for and used in the manufacture of leather in this State, is hereby authorized to certify said facts to the state auditor who is authorized and required

to draw a warrant on the treasurer for the amount of the bonus earned on the number of tons of roots and in favor of the person, firm or corporation mentioned in the affidavit.

Sec. 2. That the sum of ten thousand dollars shall be paid to any person, firm or corporation who shall be the first to manufacture in this State and sell fifty thousand dollars' worth of leather tanned with canaigre roots raised by cultivation in the State. Any person, firm or corporation that intends to enter into competition for this award shall notify the secretary of state of such intention, and set forth in said notice the amount of capital to be used in said manufacture and the location in the State where such manufacture is to be carried on; and the first person, firm or corporation who shall present to the secretary of state, affidavits setting forth that they have manufactured in the State with canaigre roots raised in the State by cultivation fifty thousand dollars' worth of leather and sold the same at the usual market rates, and prove said statement to the satisfaction of said secretary of state by producing the account books used in the manufacture and the bills of sale and delivery to and the receipts of the purchasers thereof and any other evidence he may require, shall be entitled to receive the award herein provided, and upon the certificate of the secretary of state the state auditor is hereby authorized and required to draw on the treasurer a warrant for the amount in favor of the person, firm or corporation first fulfilling the foregoing conditions.

Sec. 3. That the sum of thirty thousand dollars is hereby appropriated out of any moneys belonging to the State, not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of this act; provided, that no portion of this money shall be demanded in the years 1896 and 1897.

Approved April 5, 1896.

INSPECTION OF MEATS.

An act to repeal chapter eighty of the session laws of 1894, entitled "An act to prevent the exposure for sale of unwholesome and diseased meats," etc. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Utah:

Sec. 1. That chapter eighty of the session laws of 1894, to prevent the exposure for sale of unwholesome or diseased meats in cities having a population of 10,000 inhabitants or over, within the Territory of Utah, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect upon its approval.

Approved March 26, 1896.

THE EUROPEAN MISSION.

[Millennial Star, April 23.]

ARRIVALS.—The following named Utah Elders arrived in Liverpool per American Line steamer *Belgenland* on April 17, 1896: For the British mission—Edwin F. Parry and George Hilton of Salt Lake City; H. C. Jacobs Jr. of Ogden; Henry Blackburn of Orderville; Joseph G. Schofield of Spring City. For the Scandinavian mission—Anton P. N. Peterson of Scipio; Thos. Halvorsen of Spanish Fork; P. P. Siggard of Brigham City. For the Swiss and German mission—John Zwahlen of Ferron. The Elders for Scandinavia continued their journey