almost all of the sting out of ...ng and to put an amazing ...nt of interest and zest into it, ... and consider the ads. before ...arting.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

"Idleness is the holiday of fools," and the prudent worker may abolish "fools' holidays" from his calendar by looking for work in "the want ad. way."

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

10 PAGES—LAST EDITION. FRIDAY, JUNE 15, 1906. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. FIFTY-SIXTH YEAR.

MASSACRE OF JEWS AT BIALYSTOK

So Far as Ascertained Number Killed in Yesterday's Outbreak Was Thirty.

ALL JEWISH SHOPS SACKED.

Streets and Railroad Stations Are Occupied by Military Detachments.

For Hours the Bodies of the Dead And Wounded Lay in the Streets Uncared For.

Bialystok, Russia, June 15.—So far as can be ascertained, 30 Jews were killed during yesterday's outbreak here. The hospitals are filled with wounded, but it is impossible to ascertain the correct number of the casualties as many of the injured are hidden in private houes. All the Jewish shops on the four principal streets were sacked. Military and police patrols now guard the streets and no civilians are allowed to leave their houses. A sort of armed truce has been established pending the complete restoration of order.

When the Associated Press correspondent arrived here at 4 o'clock this morning the city was in possession of the soldiers belonging to the Vladimir regiment. The streets and railroad stations were occupied by military detachments and entrance into the town was prohibited. The population was greatly excited and the Jews were terror stricken, but there was no resumption of the killing of Jews up to noon.

According to the information obtainable the attacks on the Jews were provoked by the throwing of a bomb into a religious procession, that of Corpus Christi, yesterday, seriously wounding a priest, Father Federoff, who was at the head of the procession and several of his assistants. This aroused the Christian population, and although the perpetrators of the outrage were unknown, the responsibility was promptly placed on the Jews.

A mob was soon formed and for several hours ravaged the Jewish quarter, Nova-Schosseina, Lipova, Memietzka and Alexandrov streets, pillaging the shops and hunting down and beating their occupants. About 20 persons were killed and 80 were wounded.

For hours the bodies of the dead and wounded lay uncared for in the streets. The Jews concealed themselves in cellars and attics in order to escape the fury of the mob, and many fled from the city.

The governor of Grodno arrived here midnight and today is taking all the measures necessary to calm the population.

ORDER RESTORED.

St. Petersburg, June 15.—M. Sheftel, a member of parliament from Ekaternoslav, accompanied by a number of members of the lower house from the Jewish pale, called on M. Stolypin, the minister of the interior, today, regarding the anti-Jewish outbreak at Bialystock. They were informed by M. Stolypins' aide de camp that order had been restored and that about 10 persons had been killed, but it was added the ministry had no information as to the number of wounded.

Subsequently M. Sheftel and his colleagues drafted interpellations for presentation in the lower house, calling attention to the Bialystok affair, expressing fear that it is the beginning of a widespread attack on the Jews, and demanding to know what action the government has taken at Bialystok, who is responsible for stirring up race and religious strife in general, and what measures are being taken to prevent the destruction of lives and property of the Jews, throughout the country.

COMPROMISE ON PAYING SAN FRANCISCO FIRE LOSSES

Oakland, Cal., June 15.—The Examiner says today: The 32 insurance companies which wish to settle losses in the San Francisco fire on a dollar for dollar basis yesterday at a meeting in Reed's hall, suggested to the other companies which seek to establish a 75 per cent basis of settlement a compromise. This is now being discussed by all insurance men in this city for and against the 25 per cent cut.

The proposed compromise is an agreement which all the companies are to sign, and which will permit a flat settlement on all losses in which it is clearly established that no earthquake damage was sustained by the property before the fire. On all property damaged by the earthquake the companies interested are to be permitted to exercise their own discretion as to the basis on which the loss is to be settled.

This compromise was proposed by the large companies that are holding out for a full settlement of the losses. It was made to save the day and keep the other companies from bolting the bureau, and establishing a bureau of their own. The 32 believed that a split in the underwriters adjusting bureau at this time would be disastrous to the insurance situation. But the cut payment companies were not prepared to lay down their claims for a general reduction, and asked that a meeting be called in a few days, at which this matter shall be finally settled.

NEWS FROM THE DEWEY.

Washington, June 15.—The navy department today received a dispatch from Commander Hosley, announcing that the dry dock Dewey passed the entrance to Sabang, at the extreme northern end of the island of Sumatra on June 13, about noon. The Dewey is expected to reach Singapore on June 20.

S. F. RELIEF FUND.

Plan for Distributing Remaining Six Million Dollars.

San Francisco, June 15.—W. J. Barnett, vice president of Western Pacific railroad and member of the committee sent by the committee of 40 to Washington to appeal to Congress for the loan necessary to rebuild San Francisco, has offered a plan for the expenditure of the $6,000,000 remaining in the relief fund. He suggests in a letter to ex-Mayor Phelan distributing it among the sufferers. Barnett, who does not favor loaning this entire fund for building purposes, believes that the money should be used to buy furniture for the refugees and for the relief of sufferers, as it was intended to be by the people who contributed it. He argues that the distributing of these funds will have a stimulating effect on the community and result in establishing many in business, relieving pressure on savings banks and helping the general mercantile community and thereby the commercial banks.

CROMWELL MUST ANSWER.

Such Decision Reached by Committee On Interoceanic Canals.

Washington, June 14.—William Nelson Cromwell of New York, counsel for the Panama Canal company, from which the United States bought the Isthmian water way property, and a director of the Panama railroad, will be compelled to answer questions propounded by Senator Morgan if a decision reached today by the senate committee on interoceanic canals can be upheld. If Mr. Cromwell maintains the attitude that has characterized his former attendances before the committee his alleged contumacy will be carried to the senate, and if the committee is upheld it is likely that the contest between the Alabama senator and the New York lawyer will eventually get into the courts. The test will come Tuesday, to which date the committee adjourned.

MUTUAL LIFE AFFAIRS.

Officers Will Be Held Responsible for Advertising.

New York, June 14.—Samuel Untermeyer, counsel for the international policyholders' committee, today sent a letter to President Chas. A. Peabody of the Mutual Life Insurance company, saying that the officers of the company will be held personally responsible for the Mutual Life advertising, which is now appearing in the newspapers.

Mr. Untermeyer says:

"It was natural that the policyholders should resent these latest assaults upon their property, which were in many respects quite as daring as any that had been exposed. This they did by writing to the secretary of the committee. He courteously inquired of you for your version of the facts, but it seems from your reply that you do not consider such legitimate inquiries entitled to an answer. Perhaps you believe that this defiant and contemptuous attitude toward the victimized policyholders will tend to restore confidence in the discredited management.

"You will please take notice that the officers of your company will be held personally responsible for the money expended in these transparent efforts to conduct your campaign against the policyholders at their expense."

LIEUT. E. C. BOLTON.

New York, June 15.—Lieut. Edward C. Bolton, who, with Benjamin Christen, was murdered by Filipinos in Mindanao, was born in Bedford, Westchester county, 33 years ago. He was the seventh son of the Rev. Robert Bolton and Josephine Woodhull. He enlisted as a private in the Seventeenth U. S. infantry, and served with distinction at El Caney, in the Cuban campaign.

His sister, Miss Anne J. Bolton, who lives in New Rochelle, received a letter from her brother six weeks ago. It was dated March 1. Lieut. Bolton's regiment started for the United States last July, but, in writing to his sister he explained that Gen. Wood had put him in command at the island of Mindanao and he felt it his duty to remain in the Philippines.

VERDICT IN SCHECK CASE.

Los Angeles, Cal., June 15.—A coroner's jury yesterday found that George Scheck, a laundryman who was shot and instantly killed at his home early in the morning, came to his death from a gunshot wound inflicted by a person unknown. The evidence brought out at the inquest was of a character which reflected suspicion upon E. J. Stackpole, a carpenter and an intimate friend of Mr. and Mrs. Scheck. Last night Mrs. Scheck and Stackpole were arrested on suspicion of being implicated in the murder. So far, however, no charge of murder has been filed against them, awaiting the result of an investigation now being made.

WIDOW MUSTN'T MARRY.

Oakland, Cal., June 15.—By the terms of his will, Wilson Crosby of Bangor, Me., leaves to his widow, Mrs. Hannah Addie Crosby, the greater portion of his $25,000 estate, on condition that she remain single for the remainder of her life. If she marries again the estate, except $1,000, will revert to Crosby's relatives.

A certified copy of the will was filed with the county clerk here today, some realty belonging to the estate being located in this township.

The will was signed on May 18, 1886, at Bangor, Me.

AFTER PERRY HEATH.

Three Subpoenas for Him Issued and Returned Unserved.

Washington, June 15.—In the trial today of Mrs. Green and Doremus on charges growing out of the sale of canceling machines to the government for the postal service, Harvey Givens, chief clerk of the district attorney's office, was called to the stand and asked by the district attorney what effort had been made to subpoena Perry S. Heath. He replied that he had made every possible effort. Dist.-Atty. Baker then submitted three subpoenas which had been issued for Mr. Heath and returned unserved.

DEPUTIES TO BE TRIED.

St. Petersburg, June 15.—The trial of 52 deputies and the workmen charged with attempting to set up a republic during the disturbance of last fall has been fixed for Aug. 1.

SERGT. HILL, 24TH INFANTRY, BEST SHOT IN THE ARMY

Washington, June 15.—The complete records of rifle, pistol and carbine firing of the United States army for 1905, which have just been published, show Abraham Hill, a sergeant in the Twenty-fourth infantry, stationed in the department of Dakota, to be the best shot in the army. The percentage of possible shots made by Hill on slow fire, timed fire and skirmish fire was 86.32. The three others at the head of the list after him were: Capt. Rufus E. Longan, Eleventh infantry, department of Missouri, 85.1; Sergt. William A. Cantrell, Fifth infantry, 81.67, Otto S. Hahn, sergeant in Second cavalry, department of Luzon, 81.67.

PHILIPPINE RAILWAYS.

Preliminary Work on Them Will Begin at Once.

Manila, June 15.—Preliminary work on the Philippine island railroads will begin at once. Forty engineers and physicians who arrived at Manila on June 6 and 16 left today for Iloilo to begin operations. The line on the island of Panay will be surveyed first, some changes in the original survey being necessary. The actual work of construction will probably commence this summer.

CHIEF BAMBAATA KILLED.

Durban, Natal, June 15.—It is now definitely known that the rebel chief, Bambaata, the cause of all the recent troubles, was killed in the fighting which occurred June 10. His death had previously been reported and denied but Bambaata's body has been fully identified. The revolt is now expected to speedily die out.

CRISIS IS NEAR AT HAND IN RUSSIA

Press Unanimously Takes Pessimistic View of Events in Lower House of Douma.

GOVERNMENT COURSE QUEER.

Trying to Shift Responsibility for Military Executions to Interior Minister.

St. Petersburg, June 15.—The press is unanimous in its profound pessimism over yesterday's events in the lower house of parliament. The situation is strained to the breaking point. The attempts of the military procurator, Gen. Pavloff, in behalf of War Minister Rudiger to shift the responsibility for the military executions to the minister of the interior, is a palpable evasion of the issue raised by the house and has echoed throughout the country. The result is that a storm of indignation has been aroused and is being augmented by the cool attempts of the government to invade the inviolability of the members of parliament and its demand for the expulsion of M. Ulianoff. Whether the government dares follow up legally the refusal of the house to expel M. Ulianoff and its flaunting of Procurator Pavloff is now the question. Unless the government is definitely resolved to give battle, the Goremykin ministry must fall into the chasm between it and parliament, which is now unbridgeable.

M. Alladin, leader of the peasant workmen group, openly boasted from the rostrum yesterday that the death of the ministers would be the country's rejoinder to the government's refusal to abolish the death penalty. Some of the papers believe that yesterday's events definitely foreshadow the government's intention to dissolve parliament and they emphasize the military conspiracy of the officers of the guard regiments which is progressing unchecked before everybody's eyes, at the capital.

It is significant that the Novoe Vremya, hitherto a thick and thin supporter of the government is silent today.

The Rech and the Strana, which of the Liberal papers best keep their heads in times of stress, sadly comment on rapidly waning chances of an understanding being reached between the emperor and parliament. They consider that the only hope now lies in the emperor's discarding his evil advisers immediately and trying the experiment of surrounding himself with representatives of the people.

The agitation among the workmen here is increasing and several strikes are already in operation. At a meeting of 5,000 Social Democrtic workmen last night it was declared that parliament had engaged in futile talk for a month and had done nothing, and that the workmen must have recourse to a general strike. Representatives of the bakers announced that the bakeries would be closed in a few days, and that the city would be without bread.

PEASANTS ACQUITTED.

Kursk, Russia, June 15.—Thirty peasants who were charged with devastating the estate near here of M. Stichinsky, minister of agriculture, have been acquitted by the jury, owing to the testimony furnished regarding the extreme harshness of the superintendent of the estate.

PROPRIETORS BEATEN.

Novgorod, Russia, June 15.—Several proprietors of estates in this province have been beaten and driven off by the peasants.

PEASANTS AGGRESSIVE.

Tver, Russia, June 15.—Cossacks and dragoons have been dispatched to two districts near here, where the peasants, losing patience at the inaction of parliament, are taking possession of lands.

KILLED BY PEASANTS.

Mohilev, Russia, June 15.—The proprietor of an estate in this vicinity who refused to distribute his land to the peasants, has been killed.

STRIKE IN MOSCOW.

Moscow, June 15.—The agitation among the workmen here is general and the strike is in full progress. Largely attended meetings of a revolutionary character are held nightly in the industrial sections and big demonstrations are made in front of prisons. In the resolutions adopted support is pledged to parliament only so long as it persists in its fight against the bureaucracy.

OIL HEARING POSTPONED.

St. Louis, June 15.—The oil hearing in the Missouri ouster suit before special Commissioner Anthony, postponed from last Monday until this mornnig because of the absence of H. Clay Pierce, the principal witness was again postponed until afternoon because Special Commissioner Anthony was delayed in arriving from Fredericktown.

Mr. Pierce is still in New York and the Waters-Pierce Oil company attorneys stated he would not be here at this time.

Atty.-Gen. Hadley is not here today, but the state is represented by Asst. Atty.-Gen. Rush C. Lake.

"When the hearing is resumed this afternoon," said Mr. Lake, "I will request the court to issue an attachment for the appearance of Mr. Pierce. Of course, such a proceeding is not operative outside of the state, but I will also have a statutory process served on Attorneys Johnson, Priest and Nagel, the attorneys of record in the case for the Waters-Pierce Oil company. This process will be served under the statute enacted by the legislature for the purpose of getting into the jurisdiction of this court officers of foreign corporations who refuse to appear and testify. In event that the process is ignored and Mr. Pierce is not produced the penalty provides that the answer of the respondent in the case be stricken from the file."

CAL. RELIEF COMMITTEE.

Washington, June 15.—The California relief committee was heard again by the committee on appropriations today in furtherance of the plan for a government deposit of $10,000,000 for a period of years in the San Francisco banks. W. J. Barnett, vice president of the Western Pacific railway, explained the proposition today, but no additional points were brought out. The delegation will remain in the city until the return of Secy. Shaw and it is understood that if he approves of the plan, a joint resolution will be introduced in both houses of Congress embodying the necessary legislation to make the plan effective.

DESERET NEWS IS 56 YEARS OLD TODAY.

Fifty-six years ago today, or to be more precise, on June 15, 1850, the first number of the Deseret News was given to the world. The paper was printed on the old Ramage hand press, which still stands as a curio in the pressroom of the institution, the press having been brought across the plains by an ox-team with the Pioneers. Willard Richards was the first editor, Horace K. Whitney the first type-setter, Brigham H. Young the pressman, Thomas Bullock the proof-reader, and one newsboy sold the paper in the restricted business portion of the town at that time, obtaining 25c per copy.

The "News" establishment has of late years made it a practise to commemorate its birthday, but as the anniversary this year falls on a Friday, when all departments put in overtime preparing the Saturday issue, the celebration has ben deferred till Tuesday, the 26th inst., when the afternoon will be put in in an excursion to Lagoon. Committees have been appointed from the several departments of the paper and a special program given below will be rendered. The "News" invites all old friends and employes to join with it on the 26th at Lagoon to commemorate its 56th anniversary:

PROGRAM.

Baseball, 5 p. m.

Boat race, free for all employes.

Foot race for men.

Foot race for girls.

Footrace for boys.

Foot race for all.

Footrace for heads of departments.

Period for lunch.

Prize for largest family present.

Prize for the oldest employe.

Prize waltz 9 p. m.

Bowling match.

Shooting match.

Prizes for every event limited to employes only.

WEDS IN SECRET AND LEAVES STATE

Relations With Grass Widow Drives Man Out of Business And City.

FRIENDS ARE ASTONISHED.

Principals Are Ernest Brown and Mrs. M. R. Popp, a Fashionable and Well Known Dressmaker.

Ernest Brown, former secretary and treasurer and half owner in the Vincent-Nott Shoe company, and 28 years of age, and Mrs. M. R. Popp, a grass-widow and fashionable dressmaker, 27, are principals in a secret marriage, performed on June 5, at Farmington.

The information was not made public until today. Leading up to it are particulars that will greatly surprise, not to say astound, the friends of both principals. It would seem that Brown had been paying attentions to Mrs. Popp for a year or more past, and it is claimed the two went to Denver together last February, and were known as husband and wife. On their return to Salt Lake their relations were kept up clandestinely and various hotels and roominghouses were their places of meeting. The immediate family and other relatives of Brown, on ascertaining his conduct, put the case into the hands of Sheriff Emery and Sam Dowse, the detective, with the result that the couple were caught and the man arrested on the night of May 8, in one of the big business blocks of the city. They were apprehended in the woman's room and confessed their guilt.

IN JAIL TWO DAYS.

Brown was kept in jail two days, and agreed to turn over all of his holdings in the Vincent-Nott company to his wife, if the case against him were not pressed. An understanding was reached, Mrs. Brown contenting herself with the property and securing a divorce on the grounds of cruelty. The case was filed and the decree given in short order.

COUPLE DISAPPEARS.

Meanwhile Brown and Mrs. Popp, who was herself a divorced woman, and whose former husband lives in this city, again became very attentive to each other, and then suddenly disappeared. Today it became known that they were married at Farmington on June 5, and that they left immediately for the east, going either to Denver or Kansas, from which state, the woman came to Salt Lake several years ago. It is said she has a son there, with rich relatives, who is now quite a young man.

The disclosures in the case will produce a sensation among the friends of the couple, who had not generally suspected the facts in the case.

HOURS FOR TRAINMEN.

Washington, June 15.—The house committee on interstate and foreign commerce today authorized a favorable report on the senate bill making the maximum number of hours of continuous labor for railway trainmen 16, to be followed with a rest period of 10 hours.

MAY COMPETE FOR CUP.

London, June 15.—The arrival here of Foxhall Keen has made it possible to organize an American polo team to compete for the James Gordon Bennett cup in Paris. The team, which left London for Paris today, consists of Foxhall Keene, F. J. Mackay, J. Pearce and Craig Wadsworth. The contest takes place June 17.

OLD GAMBLER AS DETECTIVE

Man Who Played the "Bank" Now Engaged in Work on The Force.

DELAY IN THE WHOLE CASE.

Ante-Police Court Conferences With Knights of the Cloth and Then Postponment.

"A hit bird flutters" is an old saying, but it applies in these times with particular force to the big boss of Salt Lake detectives anent the gambling situation in this city. The big boss is somewhat sore because a blunder was made in the latest "raid," and because the blunder was made public last evening. Had he known certain things he might not have issued the order to two of them, especially one.

It will be remembered the statement was made that the big boss is reported to have told the detective he did not think the officer would be able to get into the D. F. Walker building joint. But the big boss had probably not been told that the detective was once an employe of a gambling house, that he was once a dealer in the Red Onion gambling joint.

Did the lookout know the detective and regard him as a booster? Did the lookout think the supposed booster had a sucker on the string? If so it is easy to explain the ease with which entrance was made to the place.

Now, as to the case against the men arrested by Rhodes and Wheeling. The whole business has gone over until Tuesday next. The matter has not been fixed up yet. The case against William Dooley, a miner from Nevada, has been dropped and Dooley has been discharged. It was conclusively shown that Dooley was steered into the joint by a booster and decoed out of his wad.

If the chief and the big boss did not know all this was going on, why the raid?

It would be interesting to know why no complaints have been issued against Gillham and Gilson, two of the men who were arrested in the raid. The former is the man who had the money and is said to have paid claims when the gamblers cashed in. It is also claimed that he has, or did have, an interest in the club. Both have been released on their own recognizance. In view of this, and the probability that neither will be prosecuted for gambling, it is quite evident that a "blunder" was made with the raid. What the public would like to know is, why these gamblers should have such full hearings in official chambers before they are taken before Judge Diehl. Altogether the proceeding has a queer look. If the hearing takes place in the courtroom then the public will know; if it takes place elsewhere, and before, why then, it is in the dark.

RICH FLOAT FOUND.

Assaying From Two to Forty Ounces In Gold.

Leadville, Colo., June 15.—Rich float, assaying from 2 to 40 ounces gold to the ton has been found on the Tennessee fork of the Arkansas river, about seven miles west of this city, and it is predicted by mining men that the discovery will result in the opening of a new gold district that may rival Cripple Creek. The district so far as explored appears to be two miles wide by six miles in length. The first discovery was made several days ago, but the finders kept it a secret until they had made all the locations they wanted. Great excitement has been caused here by the discovery, and many miners have gone to the new field in the hope of securing claims.

FORT CRITTENDEN.

Senate Passes Bill for Disposal of Reservation Lands.

Washington, June 15.—The following bills were passed today by the senate:

Providing for the disposal of the lands of the Fort Crittenden military reservation in Utah under the land laws.

Confirming soldiers' aditional homestead entries on land in the Columbia river reservation, Washington.

TRYING TO FORCE THROUGH A LOCK-TPYE MEASURE.

Washington, June 15.—In the house today Mr. Littauer, (N. Y.) a member of the committee on appropriations, offered an amendment to the paragraph in the sundry civil bill appropriating $25,000,000 for the continuation of the Panama canal and providing that no part of the sums appropriated shall be used for the construction of a canal of the so-called sea-level type. Mr. Bartlett, (Ga.) reserved a point of order against the amendment.

Mr. Burton, (Ohio) was recognized and for one hour for a speech in favor of a lock canal.

SENTENCE COMMUTED.

Washington, D. C., June 15.—President Roosevelt has commuted the sentence of First Lieut. Lamer Cravens of the artillery corps, who was sentenced to dismissal by courtmartial for duplication of pay accounts. Upon the recommendation of the secretary of war the president changed the sentence to reduction to the foot of the list of first lieutenants of the artillery corps.

W. S. UMBARGER SUICIDES.

Kansas City, June 15.—W. S. Umbarger, for many years a prominent politician, serving as alderman at the time of his death, committed suicide at his home here today by shooting. He was a livestock commission merchant, well known in the west. Mr. Umbarger, who was 45 years old, had been in ill health for years.

BRYAN SAILS FOR STOCKHOLM.

St. Petersburg, June 15.—William J. Bryan sailed this afternoon for Stockholm. He devoted the last day of his stay in St. Petersburg to a call on Premier Goremykin, with whom he had an hour's talk and to another visit to the lower house of parliament, where he remained throughout the morning session. For a time Mr. Bryan was the center of attraction in the lobby of the house, holding a regular reception of members of parliament who were anxious to be presented.

Deputations of Jews and Poles wanted him to define his attitude on questions affecting them and he was besieged by foreign and Russian correspondents anxious to secure his views on the outcome of the parliamentary struggle here. But beyond an expression of profound interest in the fight the Russian people were making for liberty and the deep impression made upon him by the Russian parliament, Mr. Bryan declined to make a statement.

OIL TANK EXPLODES.

Six Members of A. T. & S. F. Ry. Fire Dept. Burned.

Topeka, Kan., June 15.—Six members of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway fire department were severely burned today by the explosion of a steel tank of oil in the freightyards. Two of them, Gus Miller and Guy Luddington, are in the company's hospital, and the physicians say they cannot recover. A freight car filled with barrels of paint and a tank of oil caught fire and while fighting the fire the oil tank exploded, enveloping the men in flames. Flesh dropped from the bodies of Luddington and Miller, while they were being rushed to the hospital. The others will recover, although painfully burned and disfigured.

Guy Luddington died about noon. He was a member of company A, Twentieth Kansas regiment, serving in the Philippine war. He was also a member of Edward Grafstron's party who saved so many lives during the Topeka flood.

KENTUCKIANS HONOR DANIEL BOONE'S MEMORY.

Louisville, Ky., June 15.—As yesterday was given over by the "Home-Coming" jubilee to the memory of Stephen C. Foster, so today was for the greater part devoted to Daniel Boone.

The great floral parade took place today.

The glorification of Daniel Boone came later in Cherokee park. About a dozen lineal descendants of the great pioneer were present.

The statue of Boone, modelled by Miss Enad Yandell of Louisville, and presented to the city of Louisville by C. C. Bicknell, was unveiled. Breckinridge Castleman of Louisville, made the presentation address for Mr. Bicknell, and the acceptance for the board of park commissioners was made by Col. Durrett.

Following the ceremonies at the Boone statue, a picture of one of the many stirring events in the life of Boone was given in another part of the park. A stronghold situated upon the summit of a small elevation and called Fort Boone borough, was attacked by Indians, who were on the point of overpowering and annihilating the garrison, when the swarm of pioneers, led by Boone in person, arrived in time to save the fort and its inmates.

Tonight the grand ball for which elaborate preparations have been made will be held. Twenty thousand invitations have been issued.

STEAMER EMPIRE INCIDENT CLOSED FOR UNITED STATES

Washington, June 15.—The steamer Empire incident is closed as far as the United States navy is concerned, and although the United States cruiser Marblehead and the Empire are both still at Corinto, Nicaragua, the Empire may sail without interference from the cruiser at any time she wishes, according to instructions sent to Commander Mulligan, of the Marblehead, at the request of the secretary of state.

Commander Mulligan was unable to get north from Panama soon enough to prevent the Empire from landing men and arms and ammunition at San Jose, Guatemala, to assist the movement against President Caberera. Consequently when he found the Empire back at Corinto, Nicaragua, without arms and ammunition, he was instructed by the navy department that he should not take any action because the statute under which he was acting did not provide for the punishment of any offense against neutrality laws, but only for the prevention of violations of neutrality.

Consequently, United States courts and not the navy, must deal with the crime which the Empire is alleged to have committed in carrying the expedition from San Francisco to Corinto to join the revolutionists.

Mr. Munoz, the Guatemalan minister, called at the state department. He had encouraging news from both President Cabera and the Guatemalan minister for foreign affairs and said there is every indication that the revolution is now over.

KANSAS CITY AGREEMENT.

Fort Smith, Ark., June 15.—The tellers completed the count here today of the referendum vote on the Kansas City agreement, reached last week between the soft coal operators and miners of the southwest. The greement, affecting Arkansas, Indian Territory and Missouri, was carried by 1,400 a majority of about two-thirds. The Kansas miners had previously favored the agreement. This, therefore, ends the strike in the southwest and the miners are expected to return to work on next Monday, the 18th. Many mines have already cleaned preparatory to starting up.

YOUNG BRYAN AT HOME.

Lincoln, Neb., June 15.—William J. Bryan, Jr., returned to his home today after traveling over a greater part of the world with his parents and sister. He said the rest of the trip would have been a duplication of the journey taken by himself and his father some time ago that he preferred to return to this country, visit his married sister in Denver for a while and then prepare for entrance to a military academy in Indiana. Young Bryan expects to enter the United States navy after completing his academic course.

INTERNATIONAL TENNIS.

London, June 15.—The contest between the United States and Great Britain for the Dwight-Davis international tennis challenge cup opened on the All-England tennis ground at Wimbleden. Cold and threatening weather prevailed. Through the incapacitation of Beals C. Wright, the Americans had admittedly uphill games to play, specially in the doubles tomorrow.

H. L. Doherty, in the Davis cup singles, today beat Holcomb Ward in three straight set, 6-2, 6-6, 6-3.

IRRIGATION FUND.

Senator Gallinger Opposed to Diverting it for Drainage Purposes.

Washington, June 15.—Senator Gallinger does not believe in diverting the irrigation fund so as to utilize it for drainage purposes, and said so today when Senator Mallory attempts dto get the senate to act on a resolution authorizing a survey of the Florida everglades with the end in view of determining the practicability of draining them and converting them into farming lands. He referred to Senator Hansbrough's bill for the drainage of a million acres of overflow land in North Dakota and also to other projects, saying that here are many swamp lands in the New England states and ending: "If the country is going to get into that kind of game we want to get into it."

The resolution was ultimately sent to the calendar.

FIFTY DEPUTIES TO AID SHERIFF

Labor Situation at Garfield Smelter Decidely Strained Today.

GREEKS MADE SOME TROUBLE

They Quit Work and Tried to Take Matters Into Their Own Hands But Failed.

Assumed Most Threatening Mood Early in the Morning and Forced Men to Stop Labor.

The labor situation at the new Garfield smelter was decidedly strained this morning. The Greek laborers, who quit work yesterday, undertook to take matters in their own hands and the management was forced to call on Sheriff Emery for assistance, with the result that this official ordered the swearing in of 50 deputies, and, armed with rifles, the officers left for the scene of the disturbance at 11:30 o'clock.

STRIKERS THREATENED.

The foreigners assumed a very threatening mood early in the morning and the ring leaders were determined that the places of the men who quit work yesterday should not be filled and were equally determined that those who were not inclined to strike should not go on duty.

Accordingly the strikers swooped down upon the works and as they went along forced all the 10-hour men to quit work whether they wanted to or not. They declared that no men should be permitted to go to work until the demands of the strikers were granted; they asked the company for nine hours' work with no reduction in pay.

CALLED ASSISTANCE.

Sheriff Emery and the few deputies who went out yesterday afternoon became convinced that if any rioting was resorted to that they would be wholly unable to cope with the situation; consequently, he telephoned to the city for assistance.

The sheriff ordered the only saloon in the camp closed yesterday afternoon; the store also closed on its own account.

MEN ARE ALL OUT.

At a late hour this afternoon practically all of the ten-hour men were out and, a message from the smelter town contained the information that practically all construction was at a standstill. However, after the arrival of the special deputies a good many of the men who were forced to quit early in the day, felt that they would have protection and returned to work. It was stated that Sheriff Emery and his deputies had made several arrests and that the men would be brought to the county jail in this city.

DON'T WANT THEIR KIND.

Many of the mining and smelting companies have come to the conclusion that Greek labor is not wanted in this country, and several of the companies who have been giving employment to this class of foreigners have decided to discontinue the practise just as soon as their places can be filled. One manager said today that his experience with the Greeks had been enough to convince him that they are wholly unreliable and could not be depended on. "If one gets out of humor," said he, "and quits the balance will follow him. They are just like a lot of sheep and will not listen to reason."

WELLMAN IS OFF.

Starts for Tromsoe, Being Given a Great Send-off.

Paris, June 15.—Walter Wellman and remaining members of his Arctic expedition left Paris today for Tromsoe, Norway. A crowd of people, including Ambassador McCormick, saw the party off.

M. Foville, dean of the areonauts' and secretary of aerial navigation, presented Mr. Wellman with an address of congratulation on the thoroughness of his preparations. The mammoth airship and its appliances, totaling 50 tons in weight, occupied a special freight train.

Previous to his departure, Mr. Wellman said:

"We are fairly well satisfied with the airship and feel sure that the balloon features are the finest ever constructed, but in the mechanical features the constructor has not been so fortunate. His work is good but not perfect, requiring slight changes at Spitzbergen, where we shall complete the machine. I still have faith in the success of the machinery, though strikes and the short time available prevented its being made perfect."

The crowd cheered and bouquets were presented to the members of the expedition as the train drew out of the station.

EXPULSION RECOMMENDED.

For Rep. Gethro of Mass. Legislature For Trying to Bribe Members.

Boston, June 15.—The expulsion of Frank G. Gethro, of Boston, representative from the Ninth Suffolk district, from the membership of the Massachusetts house of representatives is recommended in the report made public today of the house committee on rules which has been investigating charges of bribery during the present session. The committee finds that Gethro approached other members of the house and tried to influence them improperly by suggesting a money reward for their votes against the so-called bucket shop bill, which was defeated at the present session.

CHAIRMANSHIP FOR BENSON.

Washington, June 15.—The senate today provided a chairmanship for Senator Benson of Kansas by recreating the committee on the examination and disposition of documents.

GOULD DEFEATS FAIRE.

Latter Was World's Champion Court Tennis Player.

London, June 15.—At the Princes club this afternoon Jay Gould of Lake Wood, N. J., defeated the world's champion court tennis player, Cecil Faire, by 3-1.