

night. Mills, houses and other improvements were carried away, but no loss of life definitely reported.

The *Tribune* reports Commissioner Fink as saying that the recent conference here of the Northwestern Railroad men settled no points in dispute, but merely restored the rates. The territorial question is incorporated into the peace compact in no way whatever. No understanding has been reached which will limit extensions by any of the roads.

DULUTH, 15.—The Duluth & Winnipeg Railroad stockholders have made a revolution in the management of the road. In 1881 the original incorporators, all residents here, arranged with Boston capitalists, by which the latter were to issue 214 shares of stock to each incorporator and complete the road. They failed to do either, and being unable to sell the bonds, completed only nine miles. Nothing was done for a year. The incorporators therefore, acting on powers of their company yesterday outvoted the Boston men and elected directors, who elected W. W. Spalding president, A. M. Miller vice president and J. C. Hunter secretary and treasurer. This, it is believed, will be a great surprise to eastern capitalists.

ALTOONA, 15.—Parks Lemaine and his two sisters, all young people, were killed by the engine last night.

CHICAGO, 15.—It is stated here that Vanderbilt has become a leading spirit in the scheme recently considered at the joint session of the directors of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie railroad, and the Pittsburgh, Youngheugheny and Keesport road, to carry out the proposition of the directors of the Philadelphia & Reading road, and construct a new South Pennsylvania line. Twenty million bonds will be provided for by Vanderbilt interests, and the proposed road will parallel the Pennsylvania line from Pittsburgh to Harrisburg, and make an additional through line from New York to Chicago. This is an old idea worked out on a new plan.

Ground has been broken for the Baja, Cal., & Sonora Railroad in the Pia Juana Valley on the Mexican side of the line. The road will run through lower California, crossing the Colorado River near its mouth, thence through Sonora to Calabasas in Arizona. Capital for the construction of the road has been raised in England, and the enterprise is in the hands of large holders of the A. T. & Santa Fe stock.

BRADFORD, Pa., 15.—There is a marked improvement in oil. Fluctuations between 92½ and 96, with firmer feeling, but little disposition for heavy transactions.

New York, 15.—The pleasant weather has put a trifle more life in the freight market, and the result is that ships closing out have done a very fair day's work.

Boston, 15.—Fair amount of business is doing in wool during the past week, with sales of 2,000,000 pounds, including all grades and qualities. Ohio and Pennsylvania fleeces 39 @ 41 for X, 40 @ 42 for XX, 42½ @ 45 for XX, and above, and XXX, with fair demand. Fine wools are firmer than other kinds.

Baltimore, 15.—Much surprise and regret are expressed to-day at the suspension of the old house of Robt. Lawson & Co., well known manufacturers of harness, trunks, etc., with liabilities estimated at \$100,000. No statement is made by the firm. A meeting of creditors is called for the 27th inst. Their principal creditors are dealers in the West.

DENVER, 15.—Republican's Las Vegas: Patrick Murphy, private, Company E, 23d Infantry, traveling from Watrous to Fort Union, last night, fell into the Mora, a shallow mountain stream, and drowned.

Four residences were destroyed by fire this morning. An infant child perished in the flames.

New Orleans, 15.—The steamboat *St. Francis Belle*, belonging to Ouachita River Consolidated Line, sank in Bayou Bartholomew, to-day. She had a full cargo of cotton. No lives lost. The boat was valued at \$8,000; insured for \$4,000. The cargo will be saved in a damaged condition.

Shreveport, La., 15.—The steamboat *Kate Kinney* took fire in the bayou at the ferry landing to-day. Boat and cargo a total loss. Boat valued at \$20,000; insured \$10,000. She belonged to the Red River and Coast Line.

The fire from the burning steamer *Kinney* spread to buildings adjacent being driven by the high winds. Loss about \$50,000. Several buildings near the ferry landing are destroyed, among them O. L. Cham-

berlain's machine shops, Capt. B. M. White's residence, Robinson's workshop, Geo. L. White's residence. The steamer *Kinney* is totally destroyed. She had 1,875 bales of cotton, 600 sacks oil cake, 200 barrels oil, 17 sacks wool, and miscellaneous freight. The books are not saved but Quicksall succeeded in getting some money out of the safe. The fire originated in the deck room, cause unknown, and spread so rapidly the passengers and crew lost all their baggage.

Winnipeg, 15.—Last night's fire burned Richard Hawbridge, an invalid, to a crisp, and severely scorched Mrs. Pratt, who may die.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., 15.—The condition of Godlove S. Orth is growing more critical daily. It is believed he can last but a few days longer. His disease is cancer in the glands of the throat, accompanied by blood poisoning.

RICHMOND, Va., 15.—Robert Ould, Assistant Secretary of War under the Confederate Government, is dead. He was prominent toward the close of the war for the part he took in endeavoring to secure an equitable exchange of prisoners between the governments. He was appointed as Confederate agent for the exchange of prisoners, and was also Secretary of the Peace Commission appointed by President Davis, whose propositions Lincoln declined to entertain.

MANSFIELD, La., 15.—Peter Thomas, colored, was hanged here to-day, in the presence of 2,000 people, for the murder of Dick Bright, also colored. The condemned man acknowledged his guilt. Laura Bright, sentenced at the same time, accused of participation in the murder of her husband, is respited.

Searle, Alabama, 15.—John Redd (colored) aged 22, was hanged at noon for the murder of Lucy Lee, in 1881. He choked the girl to death from jealousy, and narrowly escaped lynching. A large crowd was present to-day. He said he was ready to die.

Chicago, 15.—James Leighton, an Ohio man, hanged at Deadwood to-day. The hanging was private. He killed a Mexican in Dakota for no known reason. The parents of Leighton are wealthy.

GRACEVILLE, Minn., 15.—John Callaghan, having been on a long spree, was being taken home by his son, aged 12, when Marshal Noonan tried to arrest Callaghan. A blacksmith named Morris interfered, and the father and son drove away during the row that followed. They were pursued and four shots fired at them. The father was killed instantly and two shots penetrated the body of the boy, causing fatal injuries. The crowd attracted by the outcries found Noonan and Morris clinching, and each charging the other with murder. Both were arrested. The citizens were so excited that if they had known which was guilty they would have lynched him. The boy, in giving his supposed dying statement, said he believed Noonan did the shooting, but would not swear to it. No positive evidence against the murderer, though several arrests were made.

A dispatch from Kearney says that rumors from Minden are to the effect that there is difficulty in obtaining a jury to try Matt. Limmerman for the murder of Sheriff Woods and his two deputies, and citizens are getting impatient and talk of taking the law into their own hands.

Hare, a horse thief, was sentenced to-day at Kearney to 10 years in the penitentiary.

Jackson, Ohio, 15.—Young Jackson is found guilty of murder in the first degree for killing J. M. Hull.

Milwaukee, 15.—The man sent to Nebraska to look after the abducted girl, Maggie Hemick, reports nothing can be learned of her, and the detective who professed to work up the case has gone to Iowa.

Cincinnati, 15.—Mary Cross, aged 40 years, sentenced to a year's imprisonment Nov. 27th, for shooting at Robert Hemill, has steadily refused food since. She declared her intention to starve to death.

Philadelphia, 15.—The trial of the body-snatchers has begun. Two pleaded guilty; the rest, not guilty. The jury gave a verdict of guilty.

Upon the announcement of the verdict, McNamee asked permission to make a clean breast of his connection with Jefferson College, and the hauling of bodies. The judge called him to the witness stand and had him sworn. McNamee repeated his confession already published, in which he states he was engaged by Dr. Forbes, Belham and Lehman to do the work. The doctors knew the bodies were taken from Lebanon

cemetery. Drs. Forbes and Lenman were held in \$500 bail each to answer the charge of complicity in the robbery of the graves of Lebanon cemetery.

Chicago, 15.—Annie Loftus had a daughter employed in the Illinois Central R. R. Office; who is missing since Monday. G. C. Baddington, medical student, is arrested on suspicion of being connected with the disappearance; He denies any knowledge of her whereabouts.

Chicago, 15.—Geo. R. Sims, of Indianapolis, was arraigned here to-day for conspiring with Chief Clerk Terrell to fraudulently raise money on pension papers. No defense was offered, and he was found guilty. He will be sentenced Monday.

Detective Castello of the Central police station, returned to Chicago yesterday with Lang Due, who fatally stabbed Moi Sing Gom, in a laundry on West Madison street last summer, and escaped from the city. The prisoner was arrested at Laredo, Texas, Dec. 4th. Ling Due admits killing Moi Sing Gom, but says he did it because the latter was "a d—d fool." He says he thinks he will get about 10 years in the penitentiary.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 14.—Early this morning flames were discovered issuing from the front windows of Hampton Court, the Royal palace at Hampton, fifteen miles from London. The fire broke out in a suit of private apartments in the cloister. The local fire brigade worked three hours and succeeded in preventing the flames from extending. A quantity of valuable property was removed in time to save it. One woman was suffocated. The *Times* second edition gives the amount of damage by the fire at many thousand pounds and says the picture gallery was a long time threatened, but its contents were removed. The fire is now subdued. About twelve rooms in the east quadrangle were scorched by the fire; two actually burned. These rooms are immediately above the picture gallery. The curiosities and tapestry were considerably damaged by water. The tapestry which represents Alexander the Great entering Babylon, and the Battle of the Granicus in Queen Ann's bedroom and the celebrated painted ceiling was damaged. Pictures by Rembrandt, Rubens and Kneller, and Lety's celebrated "Beauties" had a narrow escape. The rooms known as the Queen's Gallery, the King's and Queen's private chambers, and a private drawing-room, were partially flooded. Loss roughly estimated at £30,000.

Forster says Home Rule in Ireland means absolute separation from England, and the great probability of civil war in Ireland.

It is stated if Germany declines the treaty with Madagascar, Malagassy will visit the United States. There is a report that Dr. Schumacher, German Consul General at New York, is appointed Minister to Washington.

The Fishmongers company gave a banquet to the Malagassy envoys. The American Consul to Madagascar was present. The principal envoy, in replying to a toast to the health of the Queen of Madagascar, said he wished right dealing men from Europe and America would go to his country, bringing their commerce and everything which would promote the business of the country. He said that Madagascar did not wish to quarrel with France.

Dublin, 14.—The co-operative stores were destroyed by fire. The building was full of goods. Loss very extensive. It is reported that the caretaker and his family perished in the flames.

Marwood, the executioner, arrived on his way to Galway, escorted by nine detectives.

There were two important arrests here this morning in connection with the murder of Lord Cavendish and Under-Secretary Burke. A private investigation touching the arrests is now being held at the castle. The two men arrested for the murders are Byrne, a paver, and Hanlon, a letter carrier. One is identified as being on the car.

Hanlon, arrested to-day, is 28 years old, small in stature. The other prisoner, whose name is Baynot Byrne, is 35, tall, stout, robust. Both live near Thomas Street. They were confronted at Dublin Castle to-day with several persons who, at the inquest over the remains of Lord Cavendish testified that they had seen the Phoenix Park assassins drive away. Curran, however, did not deem their identification of Brady and Hanlon sufficient, but the prisoners were detained in order that

they might have an opportunity to see them. They will probably be publicly charged with the Phoenix Park murders in the Police Court to-morrow, when about six witnesses will be examined. It is thought further arrests will be made in connection with the murders.

The trial of Thos. Higgins, another of the prisoners charged with being concerned in the murder of the Huddys begins to-day. The Crown prosecutors declare they have proved the accused fired the shot which killed one of the victims.

Melbourne, 14.—The Australian mine in Creswick, Victoria, is flooded. Twenty-two persons are drowned.

Panama, 6.—A battle between government troops and revolutionists resulted in favor of the former. Loss heavy on both sides.

Sixty persons were killed by the explosion of a powder magazine at Guayaquil.

Letters from Chiapas, Mexico, state cholera has raged with such violence that in some places owners of and laborers in plantations have all died, and it is not possible to bury them. The bodies have been burned. Sixty deaths a day have occurred in Tonalá a Tuile, a panic ensued.

GALWAY, 15.—Patrick Joyce, Miles Joyce and Patrick Casey, the three men convicted of participation in the murder of the Joyce family at Maamstrama, were hanged in jail here at 8 o'clock this morning. The prison inside and outside was heavily guarded. Miles Joyce protested his innocence to the last.

Cairo, 15.—One thousand troops have just started for Soudan. More will follow.

Constantinople, 15.—A seditious proclamation has been posted in the street. Several persons were arrested.

The mental derangement of the Sultan is becoming more apparent daily.

Henly, the well-known telegraphic engineer, is dead.

The *Cologne Gazette* continuing its revelations in regard to the Austro-German alliance says: "The terms of alliance are such that if either empire is attacked from two sides, the other shall render assistance."

Liverpool 15.—Fresher & Co., tin plate makers have failed; liabilities £50,000. The Cambria Tin Plate Society, with small liabilities, and Reshbrook Tin Plate Co., liabilities considerable have also failed.

London, 15.—Morris & Co., of Briton Ferry, and W. Morris, of Longeneck, tin plate makers, have failed; liabilities £150,000 and £50,000 respectively. The failure is owing to that of Biddulp Wood and J. Evans.

Lord Derby, in a speech at Manchester yesterday, said his personal opinion was that some millions spent in promoting emigration from Ireland would be a profitable expenditure. He believed that in a few years, despite the land act, small tenants in Ireland would be just as dependent as ever on the forbearance of the landlords. Thus the old difficulty would recur, but he thought the government should abstain from encouraging fresh proposals for legislation in regard to Irish land. The government should refuse to listen for an hour to the claim for Irish nationality, in whatever disguise it is presented. An Irish Parliament would lead to separation as certainly as two and two make four. If we don't want this to become a practical question, he said, we must be careful to avoid giving a Hague pledge, which will be construed more than they do.

At the hearing to-day in the Bell rebase case, Sir Fred'k Leighton Lauilnze, Alma Tadema, and other well known artists called as experts, expressed strong opinions that the bust exhibited in the witness-box yesterday, which had been made by Belt in a room adjoining the court-rooms, is far inferior to any other bust from the same model, which Belt alleged he executed.

Belfast, 15.—Watch manufactory destroyed by fire. Four employees perished.

Paris, 15.—The expedition to Tonquin seems definitely abandoned, owing to the fact of President Grevy siding with the opposing party in the cabinet.

In the chamber of deputies the minister of finance stated that the amount of the public debt to be redeemed in 1884 is 104,000,000 francs. Lefargue, of Egalite, is arrested in consequence of a speech at Bagenet inciting pillage and murder.

Berlin, 15.—The German *Gazette* says: It is understood that Great

Britain will shortly communicate with the powers which were represented at the conference before the Egyptian war and submit proposals for placing the navigation of the Suez Canal under international protection. The *Gazette* adds: It is said the Netherlands and Spain desire to express their wishes relative to the canal, which will probably meet with a friendly reception.

Vienna, 15.—The *New Free Press* publishes a communication from Victor Hugo to the Emperor, in which Hugo says: I have received eleven telegrams from Universities in Italy imploring that Overdank's life be spared. Let the Emperor sign his pardon and show himself magnanimous.

Berne, 15.—M. Reichment, radical, and M. Welta, liberal, have been elected president and vice-president, respectively, of the Swiss Confederation for 1885.

Madrid, 15.—The Minister of Finance has presented in the Cortez a bill authorizing the payment of 300,000 pesetas to indemnify the French sufferers by the Carlist and Cantonalist rebellion. France gave notice of her readiness to pay indemnity to the Sainda sufferers.

Cairo, 15.—Up to this time 500 persons charged with incendiarism and massacres at Alexandria have been released owing to insufficient evidence.

At the sitting of the Cortez yesterday, Senor Rivas, one of the leading supporters of Marshal Serrano, made the unexpected declaration that all the members of the dynasty of the Left would accept the constitution of 1876, and if called to power would reform it in a liberal sense in the lines of the constitution of 1869, but without constitutional periods. This is a complete abandonment of Serrano's original programme, of which the constitution of 1869 was but the keystone. The declaration caused the greatest excitement in the Chamber. It is practically the programme defended by Sagasta, prime minister, in the Senate last week.

King Alfonso has authorized the minister of commerce and agriculture to present a bill in the Cortez granting a credit of twenty millions pesetas for the prosecution of public works to afford employment to distressed working classes in the southern provinces.

Rome, 14.—The clauses arranging a *modus vivendi* between Russia and the Vatican have been signed. The terms are very satisfactory to the latter.

Athens, 14.—It has been decided to confer the citizenship of Athens upon Gladstone.

Dublin, 16.—The importation of the *Irish World* will be prohibited.

London, 16.—The British ship *Glad Tidings* of Calcutta, for Falmouth, went ashore at Prowle Point yesterday. She caught fire and burned up. Two persons were drowned.

LONDON, 16.—The changes in the cabinet are now completed. The following named ministers having taken the oath before the Queen in council to-day: Lord Derby Secretary of State for the Colonies, Lord Kimberly Secretary of State for India, Lord Hartington Secretary of State for War, and Right Hon. Hugh C. Childers Chancellor of the Exchequer.

The bark *Langrigg Hall* which arrived at Liverpool from Astoria last month, and sailed from Liverpool for (name of port not given) struck on Tuskar Rock of the coast of Oxford, Ireland, and 24 of the crew were drowned.

Paris, 16.—A dispatch from Mont-Caux Les Mines says, two dynamite cartridges were exploded there last evening, damaging the front of a house occupied by a man named Martin, whose business it is to register the output of coal by individual miners.

London, 16.—A letter signed Rary Hills was read last evening threatening within the next few days that one or more of the govt. offices, or some other large building would be set fire to in retribution for the execution of three men in Galway hanged yesterday for the murder of the Joyce family. The police and all govt. officials were consequently doubled.

LONDON, 18.—Obstacles have been raised to Lord Derby's appointment to the Indian office by reason of views expressed in a speech at Manchester relative to Egypt.

Paris, 18.—An attack by the mountaineers upon the Chinese troops marching against the French is connected with a general rising in Yunnan.

A Glasgow vessel was wrecked on Kincardine coast and the crew lost