TELEGRAPHIC.

REVISED TARIFF.

The Bill Discussed by the Committee on Ways and Means.

THE MOST IMPORTANT CHANGES.

Republican Amendments to be Voted Down and the Bill to be Reported as It Now Is.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—The revised tariff bill was laid before the ways and means committee this morning. The most important changes affect pearl buttons and tin plate.

The bill this morning was taken up by the full committee by sections and the Republican members offered amendments to the bill from time to time. It is the intention of the majority members to vote down all amendments offered by the Republicans and report the bill as soon as possible in its present revised condition. The committee reached the sugar schedule before adjournment, but no vote was taken; neither was any amendment offered. It is likely an amendment will be offered tomorrow morning, but no changes will be made.

During the discussion of the bill, Reed offered a resolution which recited that, as it was shown that under the proposed bill the revenue would be $70,000,000 short, it was desirable that the committee be informed in what way this deficiency should be met.

Wilson replied that this deficiency would be made up by internal revenue taxation, but that the schedules were not yet complete. The resolution was laid on the table.

CHANGES MADE.

Tin plate, from 40 per cent ad valorem to 1 1-5 cents per pound, with a provision that the reduction shall not go into effect until October, 1894. Pearl buttons, from 40 per cent ad valorem to 1 cent per line and 15 per cent. Tariff on carpets of all kinds is increased an average of 5 per cent.

The woolen schedule is to go into effect the same time as the remainder of the bill and the reductions which are to follow will be on all woolens except carpets.

The silk schedule is now as follows: Silk partly from cocoons or from waste silk, and not further advanced or manufactured than carded or combed silk, 15 cents per pound; thrown silk, not more advanced than single strand or genuine sewing silk, twist floss and silk threads of yarns of every description except spun silk, 25 ad valorem; spun silk in skeins, cops, warps or on beams, 30 ad valorem.

The following has been added to the wood schedule and taken from the free list: Lumber of any sort, planed or finished, 50 cents per thousand board measure; if planed on one side and tongue and grooved, $1 per thousand; if planed on two sides and tongued and grooved, $1.50 per thousand. In estimating board measure no deduction shall be made on board measure on account of planing, tonguing and grooving.

Common black iron and steel plate, from 35 per cent ad valorem to 4-10 cents specific; wire increased from 30 to 35 cents; lead in sheets, 1 to 1½ cents per pound.

Malt is increased from 20 to 25 per cent; oranges decreased from 10 to 8 cents of cubic foot capacity; champagne restored to the present rates; wine of hemp increased 10 to 30 per cent; burlaps added to the dutiable list at 15 per cent ad valorem; brushes and feather dusters increased from 25 to 30 per cent; jewelry, 25 to 35 per cent; petroleum, crude or refined, added to the free list if the country importing admits the American product free; original drawings and sketches and artists proofs of etchings and engravings and stationery of wood added to the free list; limit of value of wearing apparel of persons returning from foreign countries reduced from $500 to $250.

THAT GOULD CHECK.

The Alleged Particulars as Given by the "World."

NEW YORK, Dec. 11.—The *World* says: The case of Zella Nicolaus against George Gould appears in an entirely new light. According to the statement of friends of Miss Nicolaus, she originally obtained the $40,000 check from Howard Gould. When the latter was attending the World's Fair in Chicago it is said he became infatuated with Miss Nicolaus and gave her the check, which had been given him by George Gould in the division of a particular portion of Jay Gould estate. George Gould learned of the transaction with Miss Nicolaus in time to stop payment of the check in Chicago.

Miss Nicolaus went to New York and Howard Gould promised to set the matter right. There was a stormy interview between George and Howard, the former declaring the sum too large to pay to any woman. Howard refused to break with Miss Nicolaus, who waited upon George and threatened to bring suit.

George consulted Superintendent Byrnes, who sent for Miss Nicolaus and threatened her with arrest as a blackmailer. She called him to arrest her on such a charge. She said she had done nothing for which she could be arrested, and would not leave the city until the matter was settled. She stated that George Gould said, for family reasons, he didn't want the check to go through the bank with her signature, and if she would give up the check he would pay her $40,000 in bills. She agreed to this, and received two bills of $500 each, supposing he would count out the remainder, but he grabbed the check and threatened to have her arrested as a blackmailer. Hence the suit.

A Banker's Transaction.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 11.—In the investigation of the affairs of the defunct Western Trust & Savings association before Judge Gibson today, Albert Foster, former assignee, testified that the day the bank closed its doors President Head took from the vaults a note for $2,500 and $150 in cash, leaving $2.50 with which to pay $10,000 in deposits. A number of pages were torn from the bank books and Foster testified that he had torn out pages for private use, also that the lien on the house which he collected as assignee he turned over to Head.

The New York.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11.—The cruiser New York headed out to sea today for her deep sea trial trip. She will probably not be heard from for forty-eight hours.

A Wife Beater and Murderer.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 11.—A Brenan, Tex., special to the *Republican*: Seven miles south of here yesterday Moss Miller beat his wife because she refused to live with him. She reported the matter to Anthony Harvey and Tom Harvey, her father and brother. They called on him to remonstrate, and Miller shot both with buckshot, killing the father instantly and fatally wounding the brother.

The Meyer Case.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11.—The defense in the Meyer poisoning case claim that Baum, alias Brandt, is alive and now in Mexico.

CHICAGO, Dec. 11.—Two witnesses were today said to give testimony in the Meyer case. One will testify that Brandt is dead and that Baum agreed that Brandt should take his name.

The Briggs Case.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11.—The New York presbytery took up the Briggs case this afternoon. Rev. Charles Hodgman, chairman of the committee on theological students, offered a resolution declaring that in loyal compliance with the form of government and with the action of the general assembly, the presbytery recommends that students for the ministry shall not pursue studies in any seminary disapproved by the general assembly. The resolution was adopted, after considerable discussion.

Confirmed by the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—The Senate confirmed the following nominations: Joseph B. Doe, Wisconsin, assistant secretary of war; Colonel E. S. Otis, Twentieth Infantry, Brigadier General; Colonel George D. Ruggles, assistant adjutant general, adjutant general, with the rank of brigadier general, and a number of other army promotions.

AMONG FOREIGN NATIONS.

Sanguinary Conflicts in Italy Between Rioters and Troops.

Defiant Non-Conformists in Wales—The French Government Sustained by the Deputies.

PALERMO, Dec. 11.—Serious rioting took place in the commune of Giardinello yesterday. The disturbances were instigated by the Fasci dei Lavoratori society. Troops were hastily summoned from Monteleppre and upon arriving at Giardinello the forces were attacked by the mob and a severe conflict followed. Finally, the soldiers, mistaking an order, fired on the rioters, killing eight and wounding fourteen. None of the soldiers were injured. More troops were summoned, but before they arrived the mob had fled.

After the rioters had dispersed the troops retired to await the arrival of reinforcements. The mob returned to the vicinity of the town hall and resumed the attack with increased violence. They entered the house of the town clerk and murdered him and his wife, and after looting the premises departed, carrying the heads of their victims away with them on pikes. A serious conflict is expected when the troops attempt to arrest those who took part in the terrible crime.

ROME, Dec. 11.—The inhabitants of Bitonto attacked gendarmes for interfering with fireworks in the celebration of a religious festival. The officers fired and killed a peasant. A mob drove the gendarmes to their barracks. They then caught Customs Officer Curci, saturated his clothing and set him on fire. He was rescued by gendarmes, but so badly burned that he will die.

Anarchy in Wales.

LONDON, Dec. 11.—The Penrhyn district, North Wales, is in a state of anarchy which has attracted little attention in London, and so far has passed practically unnoticed in parliament. The trouble is due to renewed attempts to force the payment of the state church parsons' tithes, which the nonconformist farmers steadily refuse to pay. Similar efforts two or three years ago caused serious riots and bloodshed, and it looks as though those events would be repeated.

Each side has mounted men, who perform scouting duties, and occasionally come into collision with each other. The sheriffs have called upon the home secretary to send troops to help enforce the queen's writs, but he shows no disposition to comply, which is not to be wondered at, seeing that the Welsh members of parliament are anti-tithers and ardent liberals almost to a man.

In the French Deputies.

PARIS, Dec. 11.—In the chamber of deputies several bills were introduced for the suppression of anarchy. Goblet opposed immediate discussion of the bills, claiming that he feared they would encroach upon the liberty of the press, and appealed to the departments not to lose their heads.

Pelletan moved to adjourn the debate until tomorrow, but amid a scene of considerable enthusiasm upon the part of the supporters of the government this motion was rejected by a vote of 401 to 143. Hamel then moved that the government's bill be sent to the committee immediately. Casimir Perier promptly opposed this motion. A scene of great excitement followed, but the government again won a sweeping victory, the motion being rejected by a vote of 387 to 150. Viviani said the socialists wanted to discuss the laws and not to adopt them without debate. Amid considerable interruption Viviani continued, saying the socialists would not consent to rush the bills through. Toussaint, socialist, created an uproar by declaring that a majority of the deputies were panic-stricken and were ready to adopt any measure which the government brought forward.

Finally, an immediate discussion of the bill was ordered. Baudin demanded that the minister of justice, Dubost, should give the chamber full explanations concerning the proposed modifications of the press law.

Dubost was greeted with cheers from the majority members. He warmly replied that the new press law was only destined to hinder crime [loud cheering] and the association of anarchists whose leaders, the minister firmly explained, are known to the government [cheers] and it was against this class that the government aimed its repressive measures. [Cheers.]

Baudin then proposed an amendment, which the government opposed, amid loud cheering, and which was rejected by a vote of 480 to 55, the result being received with loud cheers from the friends of law and order.

After further discussion, the bill was adopted by a vote of 413 to 150, and the chamber adjourned.

Bankers Fail.

ROME, Dec. 11.—The Maquay-Hooker company, American bankers, have suspended, owing chiefly to losses suffered through the failure of the banking house of Dufresne at Florence.

To Capture Venezuela.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11.—The *World* will say tomorrow: It is asserted there is a project in New York to equip a war vessel for Venezuela and capture the important seaports and towns and gain possession of the custom houses. The revolution movement in Venezuela against Crespo is in the hands of groups of exiles in New York, Paris and the West Indies, which are abundantly supplied with money. In the event of success of the revolution it is believed General Perera, now living in Brooklyn, will be made President of the Republic.

IN HAWAII.

Excitement Among Business Men and the People Generally.

VICTORIA, Dec. 11, 1:15 p.m.—The steamer China, which left San Francisco November 21st and Honolulu probably about December 5th, has just arrived here. The Associated Press correspondent immediately went aboard and had interviews with the officers and passengers regarding the situation in Hawaii.

It was stated that when the steamer left the island the provisional government was still in power, and was maintaining a very determined attitude.

Much excitement prevailed among the business men and people generally, and the action of the United States government was awaited with the greatest interest.

Japan and the Islands.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 11.—It can be stated positively that Japan has no purpose of assuming a protectorate over Hawaii in case the United States should lose or abandon its status there. Reports have been persistently circulated of late as to Japan's intentions of advancing her control of the islands, and in a statement published today Henry Smith, of Buffalo, who has just returned from Hawaii, says if the provisional government retires it will be succeeded by a protectorate by Japan or Great Britain.

At the Japanese legation here, this statement was declared to be visionary and a statement was made regarding the matter so far as Japan is concerned. The Japanese warship was sent to Honolulu some time ago in order to insure protection during these critical times to 20,000 Japanese on the islands. This was not a step towards acquiring or controlling Hawaii, as it is not to the interests of Japan to extend her present governmental relations with the islands. They are fourteen days' sail from Japan, and she has no other possessions in that locality which would make Hawaii valuable to her as a strategical naval station. Moreover, it was added, the interests of Japan, undoubtedly, will be best served by maintaining her present relations with Hawaii.

Fighting at Nictheroy.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11.—The *Herald's* special says: Fighting continues between the rebel war ships and the loyal force at Nictheroy. Cable communication between Rio and Montevideo has been cut off and it is suspected something important has happened.

A Powerful Flesh Maker.

A process that kills the taste of cod-liver oil has done good service—but the process that both kills the taste and effects partial digestion has done much more.

Scott's Emulsion

stands alone in the field of fat-foods. It is easy of assimilation because partly digested before taken. *Scott's Emulsion checks Consumption and all other wasting diseases.*

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An Old Settler

Tells an Interesting Story—Fifteen Years of Suffering. But Relief Was Found at Last—Words of Praise Greet the Skillful.

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Notice—A registered Physician occupies the consulting chair at the Zion Medical Institute, and business is continued as before. $5 a month pays the bill to all who apply during this month.

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$5.00 PER MONTH.

All patients placing themselves under treatment before January 1st will be treated until cured at the uniform rate of $5.00 a month. Medicines furnished free. This applies to all diseases.

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Full assortment of fine
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Just received from Japan and China.
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A Special Purchase—Blue and Black Beavers, Kerseys and Meltons, with or without velvet collar, [illegible] $11.85

Men's single or double breasted Suits, sack, long, strictly all-wool, [illegible] $9.70

Men's single or double breasted Suits, [illegible] $14.75

Furnishing . . . . Goods.

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Cashmere Neck Mufflers, new and neat patterns, 25 cts.

Also heavy Silk Mufflers in better goods at very low prices.

Fine Japanese Silk Handkerchiefs, [illegible] 50 cts.

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5c Ladies' colored border hemstitched Handkerchiefs, value [illegible]
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25c Ladies' scalloped edge, hand embroidered Handkerchiefs, in handsome designs.
25c Ladies' fine, pure Japanese Silk Handkerchiefs, value [illegible]

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Make fine Holiday Gifts, and we have a handsome line at all prices. Our new and elegant assortment of Silk Ties, Lace Scarfs and Fichus is extremely low in price and are fine presents for Christmas.

SILK DRESS PATTERNS FOR HOLIDAY GIFTS.

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CLOAKS.

Clearing Sale of Cloaks in December instead of January.

This is a great opportunity to buy a high cost garment at a mere Nominal Price. Buy a fine Cloak for a Christmas Present.

LADIES' WRAPPERS.

1 Line of Flannelette Wrappers for........$1.35.
1 Line of Flannelette Wrappers for........ 1.00.
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