

THE EVENING NEWS.
PUBLISHED DAILY, SATURDAY EXCEPTED, AT
FOUR O'CLOCK.

GEORGE Q. CANNON,
BRIGHAM YOUNG,
EDITORS AND PUBLISHERS.

Saturday. February 18, 1878.

EDITORIAL NOTE.

Theories, that teach a man to let him die like a beast, is very apt to make him live and act like one.

Texas is a productive state. Newspapers spring up, but do not flourish there. Last year five died and sixty new ones were born within its limits, and several of the latter are small and sickly.

Cincinnati is a progressive city during the last six years. Its debt has increased \$18,000,000. What's the way Salt Lake City will progress if certain very "liberal" agitators could only get to run its machinery.

Is the Grand Duke going into Constantinople in the interest of the "Christian" subjects of Turkey? And what does England want in the Bosphorus? Is she also interested in the welfare of the "Christian?"

The silver bill has passed the Senate. The text of the bill will be found in our dispatches. Now we shall see what President Hayes will do. But should he intercede his veto it will no doubt be swept aside. The vote in its favor in the Senate was 48 to 21, more than a two-thirds majority, and the House is heavier on silver than the Senate. The West, including Utah, says, Amen.

If the benefits of the homestead law were extended by Congress to the builders of irrigation ditches, making a certain amount of compensation on such canals equivalent to so much residence on land which be irrigated therefrom, large tracts of soil now uncultivated might be redeemed from sterility, and justice be done to many hardworking people. The labor on canals of this kind is of more actual value to the country than the residence required by the homestead act.

The Grand Duke Nicholas is to enter Constantinople with a portion of his army, with the consent of the Sultan. This is to prevent England regarding the massacre as a cause of war. The British fleet, at latest accounts, were at Prince's Islands, so that in case of a conflict, they can be at Constantinople in a couple of hours. Those islands, nine in number, are in the Sea of Marmora, about 13 miles from the Turkish capital. This brings Austria and England into very near contact.

The March-April number of the North American Review is to sustain a discussion of the subject of eternal punishment, now existing all the religious sects in Christendom, written by six of the most prominent clergymen in the country, each representing a different denomination. Discussion is good; but a little modern revolution accepted in the right spirit, would settle the perplexed question and make the matter as plain as a principle of mathematics.

The editors of the Evening News speak in reference to the infamous attempt to injure the people of Utah by special congressional legislation, saying: "This attempt to disfranchise the people of Utah must be defeated. Let our friends in Washington know that no Congress organizes without us." Alluding to the struggle against polygamy, the editor says, it would "deprive the women of Utah of the protection of their husbands, make their children fatherless and themselves social outcasts, and substitute for the comparatively respectable polygamous life, the social evil in the territory of Utah." People are beginning to reflect upon instead of denouncing the practice of plural marriage.

THEFT AND CORRUPTION.

"Woodblined," "Knock I. Rock," "Skedaddled," "Plastered," "Convicted" and other kid-gloves terms form the head-line to daily telegraphic reports of the day concerning some one anti-slavery, defaulter, president, ex-vice, or other officer of same saying, "bank insurance company or similar institution. Not a day passes but brings its transcript from the records of rascality, sometimes from the belligerent walks of life, but comes frequently from the so-called first circles of society. Public sentiment, while perhaps not countering dishonesty and knavery, fails to insist upon those fine distinctions held by our fathers, and the social, political and moral status of a man is directly in proportion to the measure of his success.

The dominant party clinging to the old adage, "To the victor belong the spoils," and like all political organizations, having become notoriously corrupt through the possession of power and position, have suppressed all proof of official malfeasance and misfeasance, which wonder is that public opinion should become depraved, and the private defaulters vie with their rivals in public office, in perpetrating the most wholesale and diabolical sins imaginable.

Whatever the people of all colors more realize that a thief is a thief, no matter whether he steals a bag of bread, or millions of dollars, whether under the mask of the highwayman or the cloak of religion, and that the laws of the land are applicable to one class as to another, then, and not till then, can we hope for a removal and purification of the private and public offices of the State. The amount

of days gone by. This discrimination in favor of wealth and political influence is productive of nothing but evil. Let us now of the more glaring instances with which all are familiar suffice. A certain prominent U. S. official, removed for cause, even under Grant's administration, and against whom the gravest charges were preferred and proven, is now in Washington, endeavoring, with good prospects of success, to secure an appropriation of some \$60,000 for his relief. Another, again, whom similar charges are on file in the Department of Justice, and by the way the truth of many of said charges has been incidentally substantiated before a committee of our present Legislature, is now reported to have a fresh lease of office for an "industrial period," and why? Simply because his friends and backers are influential and inside the ring.

Again, not long since, the whole powerful machinery of the Interior Department was put in motion to crush out certain parties in Utah, engaged in the timber business, on the ground of treason to the public domain. Far different was the result when a citizen of Salt Lake confidentially called the attention of the Secretary of the Interior to the flagrant violations of law in that respect, along the line of the U. S. R. R., stating that not only were millions of dollars worth of timber stolen annually from the public domain and sold to mid railroad company in the shape of snowed spar, bridge timbers, ties and the like, but also that the contractors had established a system of peonage for their employees similar to that in vogue in Mexico, and a direct violation of all our preconceived notions of personal liberty, guaranteed by the Constitution of the United States to the humblest law-abiding citizens in the land, and that in several instances the direct result of such practices had been murder. To what did Government put this information? The next day after the receipt of said letter by the Department, the contractors thereof, with name of writer, etc., was telegraphed all over the United States, thereby giving color to the general belief that the contracting ring and the Department are in collusion.

Instances might be multiplied "ad infinitum" at "ad nauseam," but we forbear. What is the remedy? Evidently we must adopt a purer and higher scale of private and public morality, and a more elevated standard of public sentiment, if we would avoid the heartrending scenes of the last days of the Roman republic and the frightful excesses of the Paris communards. It has been well and truly said that "history repeats itself." It is not likely to prove true in the history of this, the proudest republic save the Black Sea.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FOR WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

TO-DAYS DISPATCHES.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 16.—At 5 o'clock am, by a vote of 48 to 21, the bill passed to authorize the coinage of the standard silver dollar, and restore its legal character, as it passed the Senate. It is enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That there shall be coined at the several mints of the United States, silver dollars of the weight of 412 grains, and of the fineness of .900, to be coined in the Russian mint, and to receive its legal tender character.

The Senate then, after a continuos session of 17 hours, adjourned until Monday.

EASTERN.

THE FOUL TRAIT OF THE SENATE BILL.

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A Pers special says: It is generally expected that the Grand Duke Nicholas will enter Constantinople with a portion of his army, but will come as a guest and friend of the nation with consent of the Sultan. The British believe that this will give England no cause for alarm, especially as her ships are near the capital against the express wish of the Sultan and the Porte. In the Russian camp a renewal of hostilities, would be more probable than peace, and every thing is being adopted to concentrate the British forces in the neighborhood of the Dardanelles before the entrance of the British fleet into the Dardanelles before the conclusion of the armistice, would have been answered, it is unfortunately said, by Russia's declaration of war, which would now be the cause of a general war, and England would be very popular with the army, though the officers speak of it gravely as a terrible struggle. In this state of feeling, "if we have to begin again," say the Russian officers, "nothing could save Constantine from us, and we would not leave one stone upon another."

GREECE.

ATHENS, 16.—A strong body of insurgents are besieging Plistone, Thermi. The Turkish reinforcements from Armutz have been repelled. Seven hundred Greek volunteers crossed the frontier, yesterday, and a considerable number left Phocaea last evening, for Larissa.

TURKEY.

ADDRESS WITH THE SULTAN.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 16.—The British Ambassador has been long silent with the Sultan, last night to explain England's policy to His Majesty.

THE EDUCATION QUESTION.

SALT LAKE CITY, February 16th, 1878.

Editor's Reserve Note:

Will you please indulge me after the passage of this act not the President shall invite the government comprising the "Latin Union," so called, and of such other European states as may seem convenient to join the United States in a conference to adopt a common ratio between gold and silver, for the purpose of establishing internationality, the use of bimetallic money and securing a fixity of relative value between these metals, and conference to have all such debts in Europe paid in gold, within six months, as may be mutually agreed upon by the executive of the governments holding in the same.

Section 2.—That immediately after the passage of this act not the President shall invite the government comprising the "Latin Union," so called, and of such other European states as may seem convenient to join the United States in a conference to adopt a common ratio between gold and silver, for the purpose of establishing internationality, the use of bimetallic money and securing a fixity of relative value between these metals, and conference to have all such debts in Europe paid in gold, within six months, as may be mutually agreed upon by the executive of the governments holding in the same.

Whenever the governments so invited, or any three of them, shall have agreed upon the willingness to meet in the same, the President shall, by and with the consent of the commissioners who shall attend such conference on behalf of the United States, and shall report the things thereof to the President, who shall transmit the same to Congress. The commissioners shall each receive the sum of \$5,000, and their incidental expenses, to be supported by the secretary of the State. The amount

necessary to pay such compensation is to be appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Section 4.—That any holder of this coin authorized by this act may deposit the same with the treasurer, or any assistant treasurer of the United States, in sums of not less than \$10 each, corresponding with the denominations of the United States money. The coin deposited for or representing the certificates shall be retained in the Treasury for payment of the same on demand. Said certificate shall be receivable for customs, taxes, and all public dues, and when so received may be refused.

The idea abandoned.

NEW YORK, 16.—A dispatch from London says it is authoritative that in consequence of the representations made by Austria, backed by Germany, the Emperor has abandoned the idea of occupying Constantinople.

New York Stock Exchange.

Silver bar, 110 greenbacks, 116 gold; silver coin \$10 discount; Gold weak 2%; Money easy, 4 to 6; Governments firm; Stocks strong; Bonds, 100; Quicksilver, 100; Wells, 100; Erie 94; Panama 125; Union Pacific, 67; bonds 104; Central Pacific 104.

PROGRESSIVE SCENE IN THE SENATE CHAMBER.

CHICAGO, 16.—The Journal's Washington special says: The passage of the silver bill causes much rejoicing and depression among its advocates and its opponents, since the latter's victory was a decided victory over a veto. The scene in the Senate chamber during the night was remarkable as well as disgraceful. A large number of senators were in an unfit condition to participate in the discussion, being so intoxicated that they could scarcely stand.

There were from 10 to 12 in this condition, and instead of being taken to their houses, they remained in the Senate chamber to make themselves conspicuous and pain the occupants of the galleries who were compelled to see the sight. Such a scene was probably never before witnessed in the Capitol.

The British Ultimatum.

The Times' London special says: The British ultimatum was that the Russians should not occupy Constantinople before the conference is held. Should they refuse to do this, and take any step to impair the freedom of the Straits or road to India, England would regard this as a cause de Belli. In brief, England proposes to make her stand along the Straits.

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A GOOD HEALTHY WOMAN as a wet nurse, apply immediately at this office.

HOGES OF four rooms, 5c blocks from Main St. Apply at this office.

FOR SALE.

IN LARGER OR SMALL LOT TO SUIT A purchaser, 15 acres of farming and hay lands, known as "Forest Farm" situated on the Sugar House Ward, Salt Lake County. Apply to W. A. HOBSON, Office of late Pres. E. Young.

FOR SALE.

Twenty acres of good farming land with hundred fruit trees on the farm, beginning to bear, water ditch made and a house built. Within two miles of the Temple Block. Also building lots in the 17th Ward. For further particulars inquire of G. H. COPLAND, 17th Bishop's Ward, Salt Lake City.

FOR SALE.

The following is the full text of the ultimatum issued by the Washington Foreign Service, half block south of 8th Ward Square.

RENTALS.

Twenty acres of good farming land with hundred fruit trees on the farm, beginning to bear, water ditch made and a house built. Within two miles of the Temple Block. Also building lots in the 17th Ward. For further particulars inquire of G. H. COPLAND, 17th Bishop's Ward, Salt Lake City.

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Parley's Park, Big Cottonwood, and Washoe Tuesdays and Thursdays and Sundays..... 10 to 12 P.M.

Summit and Wasatch counties Tuesdays and Thursdays..... 10 to 12 P.M.

Ridge City, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Friday..... 10 to 12 P.M.

High Country Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday..... 10 to 12 P.M.

Jordan County, daily..... 10 to 12 P.M.

Wasatch County, daily..... 10 to 12 P.M.

Ogden, Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday..... 10 to 12 P.M.

Logan, Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday..... 10 to 12 P.M.

Park City, Monday, except Sunday..... 10 to 12 P.M.

Summit and Wasatch counties Mondays and Fridays..... 10 to 12 P.M.

Utah City, Monday, except Sunday..... 10 to 12 P.M.

Logan, Monday, except Sunday..... 10 to 12 P.M.

Mt. Nebo, Monday, except Sunday..... 10 to 12 P.M.

Ogden, Monday, except Sunday..... 10 to 12 P.M.

Logan, Monday, except Sunday..... 1