

GEORGE Q. CANNON,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Monday, October 15, 1899.

THE APPROACHING DRILL.

On Wednesday morning, the 20th inst., the three days' general muster and drill of the citizen soldiery of this county will commence at Camp Wasatch, on the west bank of the river Jordan, when all, whose privilege it is, according to the laws of the Great Republic, of which we form a part, to bear arms in defense of their homes and country, are expected to be on the ground fully armed and equipped as the law directs.

To some few this "playing at soldiers," as they are pleased to contemptuously term it, may be considered a waste of time, an unnecessary infringement upon daily duties, and the call of business and profit, effecting but little good, except as a pastime for those who need a slight relaxation from the cares and responsibilities of their daily toils. For ourselves we regard these duties in a very different light. For those who are prepared for the fight the victory is half won, and there is no way in which trouble can be half so easily avoided as to look it squarely in the face and be prepared for the onslaught.

The history of the world is full of instances of nations who would build a Bomba and cower before a Napoleon. Let the world know that the Union is filled with her citizen soldiers, ready to leap into the breach on the first sound to arms, and none would dare to insult her flag or dishonor her representatives. We feel that in this respect Utah should set an example worthy of national imitation, as she does in true morality and true civilization, and in everything that is praiseworthy and commendable.

We are sometimes amused at the excuses offered by individuals, now and again, as reasons why they do not go out to drill. Some do not seem to understand that they have rights to maintain and homes to defend as well as their fellow-citizens; if they do understand this, they are perfectly contented that others should fight their battles for them, or at any rate should learn the art of war that they may be prepared to do so.

On such occasions, the words of the Prophet Joseph Smith come forcibly before our minds, that honor should be the guide for all men under such circumstances, and the man who does not consider it a honor to serve his country as one of its defenders, should not have the privilege of doing so. Did this spirit burn in every man's bosom, one hundred would be a legion, a thousand might cope with the world. This spirit, this undying love for liberty, we know does burn brightly in the bosoms of most of the citizens of Utah, than whom can be found no purer lovers of their country's laws, nor more enthusiastic advocates of human freedom.

[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

By Telegraph.

—GENERAL—

St. Louis.—The annual assemblies of the Masonic Grand bodies of Missouri during the past few days, concluded business yesterday. The attendance has been unusually large, much business having been transacted. The affairs of the Order are reported to be in a very prosperous condition, and the fraternity is said to be increasing in numbers rapidly.

An Omaha Dispatch says reports have been received here that the government party, under Nelson Black, consisting of twelve men, were massacred about fifty miles south of Fort McPherson, while surveying; the instruments, tools and a portion of the camp equipment, owned by the party have been found. The report is credited, but lacks full confirmation.

Sheridan, Ka.—A vein of excellent coal, eight feet thick, and extending northward, has been struck on the immediate line of the Kansas Pacific Railroad, seventy-five miles east of Denver, and 500 miles west of Kansas City. This discovery shows that the workable coal beds of the Rocky Mountains extend for miles to the eastward, into the great plains, and is of the greatest importance, both to settlers and the railroads.

Washington.—Among the appointments made to-day is that of D. Turner as Register of the Land office at Carson City, Nevada, vice Small, suspended and James D. Wove, of Central City, Colorado, vice Baell, suspended.

Louisville.—A horrible accident occurred at Olin River Bridge, at half-past four this afternoon. The temporary trestle work, in course of erection between two of the piers, for the purpose of forming a swinging span, gave way and six men were precipitated a distance of ninety-five feet; one man was instantly killed and another cut in two, two were mortally injured and two slightly wounded; also, at two o'clock, James Brackley was walking about the timbers and missed his footing and fell ninety-five feet and was instantly killed. Carlisle, Pa.—Ex-Governor Ritter died to-day, aged 90.

Philadelphia.—The official returns received from all the counties but Butler, Potter and Juniata, taking the reported returns from these counties, gives Geary a majority of 4842.

Philadelphia.—The majority of the judges of the common pleas have pronounced their decision in the contested election case of 1898. Their opinion details many frauds committed and throws out a portion of the votes in several divisions, and calls upon the District Attorney to prosecute the authors of the frauds, especially when committed by the election of officers. The decision shows that Mayor Fox received a legal majority, while all the Republican city officers are declared elected, throwing out the Democratic incumbents. Judge Tudlow dissented from the decision and read an opinion of great length.

Chicago.—A Washington special says that Gen. Thomas, having made a thorough inspection of Alaska and studied its conditions and resources during the past summer, has just forwarded a report to the War Department. He takes a very different view of its purchase from the one presented by Mr. Seward. He thinks the principal and only present value of the new Territory, is its transfer to the United States will have upon loosening the hold of England upon British Columbia. He thinks sending Revenue and other civil officers there is a useless expense and only a benefit to those who draw the salaries. He thinks military posts should be reduced as the expense of supplying and keeping up the civil service will very far exceed the Revenue collected. The Territory was a constant burden to Russia; she held it at great expense, simply to benefit the fur companies, with no probability of any emigration in that direction, as there is not the slightest inducement for any. No mines of valuable minerals have been discovered which would pay to work. There is plenty of timber and coal, but as plenty of as good quality is easier of access and can be had a thousand miles south of the Territory, there has been no change in trade on the part of our merchants. The few houses who were engaged before the purchase still continue the fur trade with the interior, which must be continued to be carried on by the natives. As an agricultural region it has no value whatever, grain can not be raised and the few vegetables that can be produced, rot within a few weeks if not used. Stock raising can not be carried on. The superabundance of rain and the great lack of sun preclude the idea of any profitable cultivation of the soil. The report is lengthy and exhaustive; but the above are many of the points. The reported irregularities of the troops and their alleged neglect by Gen. Jeff. C. Davis he states are gross exaggerations. There have been some troubles with the troops which seemed to call for a little more stringent discipline from the hands of General Davis, so while there was a foundation for the stories about, there was nothing to justify the coloring they received.

Memphis.—There was a heavy frost and ice last night. It is feared the late cotton is considerably damaged.

Louisville.—In the Commercial Convention to-day reports were received from the Committee on Emigration, he majority report favoring Chinese emigration; the minority report opposing it. A lively debate occurred and the whole subject was finally voted down. The committee on miscellaneous business reported a memorial of Congress requesting the designation of some point in the Mississippi valley for holding the world's fair of 1871.

San Francisco, 16.—The California Emigrants Union has completed its organization, C. T. Hopkins is selected for president. The construction of the California and Oregon railroad has commenced near Marysville, material for one hundred miles is on hand. The work will be vigorously pushed.

J. H. Neff, Mayor of Wilmington, who was tried by Judge Cantell before a special court, on the charge of contempt was convicted and fined and ordered to jail until the fine and costs were paid; he was confined, but immediately released on a writ of habeas corpus. The case has excited much comment.

New York.—Archbishop O'Hara, with a number of Bishops from the United States and Canada, and several priests, have sailed for Rome. There was a remarkably lively time in gold this morning and much excitement among the members caused by an excited speech of Mr. Jordan upon the financial condition of the gold exchange bank. Mr. Jordan claimed that, but for legal measures, the bank would have failed with its creditors, and that the injustice of Auger & Co. has not prevented a settlement. The bank had determined to lose \$300,000 in order to go on, and deserved more liberality and consideration from the public; he also said, with an emphatic oath, that if the bank had not advanced four millions to the street during the panic all the brokers would have been ruined. Several brokers had also gone to the devil. Much confusion here ensued, and cries of put him out. He promised to pay 15 to 25 per cent. in three working days, but they must give him a fair start. He wanted to deal fairly and would report the names of any parties who attempted to prevent or interfere with him in arranging a settlement. A member called for something with regard to the condition of the bank, and Jordan stated it was solvent and the brokers would be very foolish to get back on the bank now, if they did they were too mean to live.

At a meeting of the creditors of the bank, held this evening, the situation was fully discussed and the action of Meyer generally deprecated, and the feeling was unanimous in favor of giving Jordan a fair start, and an agreement was drawn up to take no legal steps towards forcing the bank into bankruptcy for ten days, which was signed by a large number, and it is believed that 95 per cent. of the creditors will sign it. It was announced at the meeting that the injunction had been modified to allow the receiver to collect the money due to the bank and to effect a settlement in all cases where they could do so advantageously.

It is said the liabilities of Lindsay, Chittick & Co., whose failure was announced yesterday, reach half a million in gold, mostly due in Europe.

Louisville.—A terrible state of affairs is reported in the vicinity of Taylorville, Warlock Co. On Monday last two men were shot in a quarrel, since which time a band of regulators, to which it is said the men killed belonged, have ordered several people out of the neighborhood and warning others. One man who neglected the warning, was found shot dead in the woods. The law-abiding people seem paralyzed.

Boston.—A fire early this morning destroyed Maurick's petroleum refining factory in East Boston, with two thousand barrels of crude petroleum and a quantity of coal naphtha and extensive and valuable machinery. The loss is estimated at \$50,000.

New York.—A special from London states that a large meeting of the Alliance Israelite Universal Society has been held in Berlin, to consider the severe distress that now prevails among the Jews in Western Russia. The proposal to remove the Jews from those regions to America was discussed, and a resolution was adopted expressing a hope that the people in America will co-operate with their brethren in relieving this distress.

New Orleans.—Information has been

received of the burning of the Louisiana State Seminary, near Alexandria, on Thursday night. The library, apparatus and most of the furniture was saved. Loss, \$40,000; no insurance. The fire is believed to be the work of an incendiary.

Richmond, Va.—The Legislature re-assembled to-day for the purpose of electing Senators. The conservatives have determined to choose, as Senators, only such as can consistently take the iron clad oath so as to be acceptable to both Administration and Congress, whose influence in Washington will secure their aid in the completion of several enterprises of great importance to the State.

New York.—It is understood in Washington that Judge Pierpont, of New York, will be appointed Justice of the Supreme Court. Attorney-General Hoar preferring to remain in the Cabinet to accepting a place on the Supreme bench.

About one o'clock yesterday morning a German named Sturden, while passing along West street, was seized by two highwaymen, who robbed him of twenty dollars and then attempted to murder him by throwing him into the dock, from which he was rescued by the police.

A Richmond special says, the majority of the Legislature are mainly anxious to elect men in Congress whose influence they can secure in the Government to aid in the completion of the James River and Kanawha canal to the Ohio River, and other enterprises of national importance.

New York.—Several men having been discharged from the Erie railroad, who were employed in the workshops, the other mechanics threaten to strike unless they are reinstated.

Chicago, 18.—A fire yesterday burned a block of frame buildings on South Canal street, which was occupied as machine shops and tobacco works. Seventy-five men are thrown out of employment. The loss is \$100,000. Several other smaller fires occurred yesterday, the loss at which will not exceed \$3,000.

Two stabbing affrays occurred in saloons yesterday, in which three men were severely wounded, two it is feared fatally.

New York.—A special says that letters from Melbourne state that the diamond fever has broken out in Australia. Companies are being formed for the special purpose of diamond hunting.

FOREIGN.

Paris, 16.—A Madrid dispatch states that the Republican leaders, Solozko and Paul, who are in the neighborhood of Malaga, are proclaiming for a Republic.

London.—A Madrid letter states that the railroads and telegraph lines are destroyed to a great distance around that city.

Advices from Paraguayan sources represent President Lopez as having established new lines of defense at San Estanislau, where he has a considerable force of men and plenty of artillery. The Allies are unable to continue the pursuit for want of horses and mules, but will resume operations as soon as their army is organized.

Madrid.—The insurgents at Valencia after a battle yesterday lasting several hours, surrendered unconditionally. Their leaders have disappeared but are believed to be secreted in the city or vicinity. The Government forces now occupy the city.

The sitting of the Cortes was suspended without appointment to-day, and it is not known when the session will be resumed.

London.—A dispatch from Madrid contains the following particulars concerning the surrender of Valencia: General Prim by telegraph ordered the General commanding the troops before Valencia to attack the city, and yesterday morning the artillery opened a heavy fire on the rebel position, causing great damage to the property of the insurgents. An offer of surrender on condition of receiving their liberty was refused, and the assault was then continued vigorously until the surrender of the insurgents. The General commanding, reports that the insurrection is completely suppressed. Troops now hold the entire city. A large number of rebels were captured with arms in their hands. Before the attack the clergy exhorted the insurgents to yield without an effort.

Arrests continue to be made of leading Republicans in Madrid. Lisbon.—The mail steamer from Rio has arrived. At the time of sailing Lopez was still being pursued and had arrived at San Estars. It was thought he was trying to reach the Bolivian territory. Madrid.—Valencia still holds out against the national troops. Another attack will begin this evening, unless the insurgents surrender unconditionally. In the meantime, insurrection continues. Two Republican bands have been beaten by the national troops. The Cortes have given the necessary authority for the prosecution of the seventeen Republican deputies who have participated in the rebellion.

Correspondence.

ECHO, Oct. 15th, 1899.

Editor Deseret News.—Yesterday C. R. Savage, Esq., the well known photographer of your city, and myself, visited a canyon situated about seven miles south east of this place; and felt well paid for our labor. The canyon opens into the station at Echo. The mouth is a narrow gorge bounded by smooth steep hills; but as you ascend the canyon becomes wider, the valley being covered with fine grass. About four miles from the mouth, we found some of the most singular, grand and beautiful formations of conglomerate sandstone we ever saw. Many peaks rising nearly perpendicularly for hundreds of feet, some in the form of pyramids; some having large projecting caps; others worn into the most wonderful and fantastic shapes imaginable. The colors were varied, presenting every shade from white to black. From the shape of many of the rocks we felt authorized in naming the canyon Pyramid Canyon. In our opinion it is one of the most remarkable in the Territory of Utah.

We wandered among the vast pile of rocks until sunset, wishing that instead of day we could have a week to spend among scenes so grand and beautiful. Mr. Savage secured a few stereoscopic views, and promises to return the first opportunity for greater results.

Yours &c.,

O. C. SMITH.

Special Notices.

"Not one of our Burglar Proof Safes has ever been robbed of a single dollar by burglars or violence" is the proud statement of the manufacturers of Hall's Patent Burglar Proof Safes. This of itself, says more in a short sentence than the most elaborate article in its praise. These safes are now being manufactured by a company organized for that purpose, with all the latest improvements, which render them the most perfect safeguard against burglars or violence now extant. We draw attention to their advertisement which appears in another column.

TO RENT.—A Dwelling House in the 7th Ward. Apply to G. C. Lambert, at DESERET NEWS OFFICE.

Burnett's Cocaine for the Hair is unequalled. —True Flag, Boston.

Burnett's Florimel is really a wonderful perfume. —Hartford Courant.

Burnett's Kallison for the Complexion is steadily growing in the estimation of ladies as it becomes more generally used.

Burnett's Flavoring Extracts to be obtained must be demanded. Poor subterfuge flavors are plenty.

Whitcomb's Asthma Remedy.—In no case of purely Asthmatic character has it failed.

"THERE'S NO SUCH WORD AS FAIL!"—This is absolutely true in using Dooley's Chemical Yeast Baking Powder, for so perfect is the combination of the ingredients entering into its manufacture, that good biscuits, rolls, or pastry, both light and nutritious, can be made every time. It is always ready, always reliable, and requires but half the quantity of those of ordinary manufacture and is, consequently, cheaper. For sale in packages to meet the wants of all, by grocers generally.

When every other prescription has disappointed expectation, in cases where the system is suffering from the effects of mineral medicines, the powerful vegetable corrective—Red Jacket Bitters—will restore the tone of the digestive apparatus, quiet the nerves, and arrest the action of the poison upon the secretory glands and the blood.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THEATRE.

Lessee and Manager, J. H. Crockett & J. T. Crockett. Prompter, W. T. Harris. Treasurer, T. Williams. Leader of the Orchestra, Geo. Cateless.

BENEFIT
And Last Appearance
OF THE
GIFTED LYRIC ARTISTE,
MADAME METHUA
SCHELLER

Appearing for the first time in this city as CLARI.

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THIS EVENING,
MONDAY, OCT. 17.

Will be presented, for the first time in this city, the elegant 3 Act Drama, by J. Howard Payne, Esq., entitled

CLARI

Or, the Maid of Milan.

CLARI—MADAME METHUA SCHELLER

To conclude with the splendid Romantic Drama entitled, THE

ROLL OF THE DRUM

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 7:15.

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DR ABORN,
From Washington, D.C., can be consulted for a few days at the SALT LAKE HOUSE, upon All Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, &c. Lungs, Heart, Stomach, Liver, Nervous Affections, Dis-eases of the Blood, Scrofula, &c.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

In the Supreme Court for the District of Utah.

In the Matter of HENRY W. NABBITT and JOHN HINDLEY partners, under the firm name of NABBITT & HINDLEY, Bankrupts.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, Pursuant to an order of the Supreme Court, authorizing the disposition of the personal property of the said Estate with a view to the sale of the stock of goods belonging to the said Estate at the store lately occupied by Nabbitt & Hindley, and stock consisting, in part, of Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries, Crockery, Books and Stationery, Cigars, Pipes, Lamps, Agricultural Implements, Hardware, Groceries, &c., which will be sold at satisfactory prices.

Jobbers and Retailers especially invited to call and examine the stock before purchasing elsewhere.

CHAS. F. POMEROY, Assignee.

Dated Salt Lake City, Oct. 14, 1899. d278-1f

WANTED.
TEN good men to work on the Grade of the Utah Central Railroad, near the Hot Springs.

Apply to SEYMOUR D. YOUNG, at his residence, near Seventeenth St., 13th Ward. d176-1f

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BOOTS, SHOES

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Men's Custom Kip Boots. - Pegged, \$6.00

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Boys' " " " " " Peg'd 3.50 to 5.00

Mens' " " " " " Shoes, 2.00

" " " " " Nailed, 2.25

" " " " " Pegged, 2.50 to 4.00

" " " " " Sewed, 3.50 to 5.00

Women's " " " " " 2.50 to 8.00

" " " " " Kid and l. Lasting 4.50 to 8.00

Women's Eastern Made Shoes 1.50 to 5.00

Mens' " " " " " Boots 4.00 to 10.00

SOLE LEATHER " " " 40 cts. per lb.

HARNESS " " " 45 " "

BRIDLE " " " 50 " "

UPPER " " " \$60 to \$72 per doz.

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IS DETERMINED to please everybody. He has just received an importation of BREWER, DEMAS & Co.'s celebrated ALE and PORTER, in addition to AGER, BEER, CYSLETS, CALVES' TONGUE, PIGS' FEET, CIGARS, &c. Serves Lunch at all hours. d174-1f

\$15 REWARD!

BROKE loose from my residence in the 13th Ward, during the night of the 7th inst., a SILVER GREY FOX. Has a brass collar on his neck, dragging about eighteen inches of chain. The finder will please return him to my residence and receive the above reward.

JOHN W. YOUNG.

WELLS & BARKER,

CUTLERS and GUNSMITHS.

Second South Street, Opposite Faust's Stables

Stoves and Cutlery repaired on short notice. Produce taken. d102&1st.

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Of every description,

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