AT FOUR O'CLOCK.

CHARLES W. PENROSE, EDITOR.

THE TIMES.

PROBABLY at no time in the history of the Church have the Latter-day Saints been placed in a situation so complicated as now. They are beset on every hand with temptations to depart from the spirit of the Gospel. The times are therefore in that regard perilous, but the righteous will "stand in holy places" and not be moved. He who keeps in accord with the Spirit of Truth stands in a holy place. He who gradually extinguishes the light of that influence which should be his director, is moved about by every sensational and passing breeze that blows.

Therel are no times so smooth that the people are not placed in a position to elect between a course of action contrary to or in accord with correct principle. Just now, however, circumstances of great strength are being thrust in front of them and deelsions involving apparent personal sacrifice or advantage have to be made up and operated on. In nearly all steps that are taken these two conflicting constituents are presented. The individual is therefore left to decide the contemplation of the advisability of any course of action the elements to be considered are: (1) Will this contribute to my immediate wealth, power, comfort and convenience? (2) Will it contribute to the general wel- sistent fare, is it just, is it consistent? If the latter be negatived, then a step in barmony with an affirmative in favor of the former must be wrong in principle lowing stones. He acts purely and simply in accordance with the spirit of the world and in opposition to the spirit of the Gespel.

When a man is confronted by a temptation to take a step involving a question of justice or rightfulness it will be profitable for him to consider before acting, if he be tempted to depart from the straight line of correct principle, what the moral, proprietary and spiritual status of the entire community would be providing every member of it were to act similarly. If he is honest enough with himself to admit that it would be at a low obb, then, so far as his action is concerned. is true philosophy. If this is sound, the individual, in order to bring to himself a merely apparent, but really transitory and illusive advantage, perpetrates a wrong upon the community of which he is a member, and to that extent is its enemy. Nor does the evil if it be one, cease with his individual action, as he vitlates popular morality -speaking of morality in its broad sense-by his example. He is imitated by others, and thus he begets in his fellows his own likeness.

There are some who go so far in their worship of Mammon, in preference to a strict allegiance to the of justice and truth, that are not slow to place community among the foolish. In th s they are right from one standpoint-the worldly one. But from the Gespel point of view that esteemedly foolish class are those who will be the instruments of causing the wisdom of the wise to perish and the understanding of the prudent to be hid. That will be when a man with a conscience will be held at a premium, and not to

some extent at a discount. It may be said of a person, "This man is not of much account; he cannot make money. He has no ability in that line." Does it ever occur to those who are thus disposed to tender reproach on that ground that if some of those thus referred to were willing to adopt many of the methods that appear to be particularly popular at this stage of affairs they would have no difficulty in making the highly-prized financial accumulation? It would require, so far as relates to some of the processes, a meagre amount of ability and an infinitessimal quantity of conscience. By conscience we mean the Spirit of Truth, which prompts men to act upon just and correct principles rather than to have a single and selfish eye to their own personal advantage.

The philosophy of the Gospel teaches that the results of worldly pursuits perish. They do not sustain the pursuer beyond the edge of the grave. Not so with the support given to those who abide by correct principle. The effects of conformity to truth go beyond the tomb and sustain the possessor of it and actor upon its requirements in eternity. Otherwise there would be no justice. But that principle is eternal. Not only is its duration endless, but its claims are equally perpetual. It is intelligently self-acting and claims its own; therefore to escape the rebound of justice in time or eternity when its conditions are im pinged is an impossibility. It is an ofallible cause that produces an unerring and unchangable effect. The voice of revelation, through Joseph the Seer, has proclaimed this comforting truth: "All truth is independent in that sphere in which God has placed it, to act for itself, as all intelligence also, otherwise there is no existence;" alse, "Justice continueth its course and claimeth its own." Let every intelligent Saint look

was a time when opportunities were more striking or plentiful for each member to manifest the particular spirit that animates him. If light and truth, even the Spirit of Truth, tilumine his soul, he will not be in doubt as to the course he should pursue, because he will seek to act upon the principle involved in average of the striking or plentiful for each the House were concurred in.

A communication was received from the claims committee. Hatch, from the claims committee, the flouse, informing the Council of the House were concurred in.

Young, from the committee on fish and game, reported a substitute for the flouse, informing the Council of the claims committee. Hatch, from the claims committee, reported favorably on the claim of L. J. Nuttail, for \$25. Adopted.

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Also on the claim of the House the claim of the provided favorably on the claim of the provided favorable favorable favorable favorable favorable favorable favorable favorable favora around him and see whether there ever principle involved in every step. He will not endeavor by a line of sophistry to excuse himself for a line of action doubtful in the line of rightfulness. If this be his course, the truth will increase in him, and the Spirit of Truth will shed such light upon his mind that he will comprehend the situation, whether it involves an understanding of the past, present or future, or all combined, for such is the office of the Spirit of Light which proceedeth from "Him who sitteth upon the throne." Every act which accords with that ininfluence increases its quantity in the mind of the person taking that course. Every step of a contrary character diminishes it, until the individual is devoid of the light and is unable to grasp the truth of a matter whea it is presented to him. Then is the revelation fulfilled which says, "the light

light is under condemnation." Tun Legislature has two days more in which to conclude its labors.

shineth in darkness and the darkness

comprehendeth it not," and "every.

man whose spirit receiveth not the

TENDENCY TO PRODIGALITY

ANY citizen of the Territory who has carefully watched the proceedings of the present session of the Legislature will, on having his attention directed to the fact, readily perceive that members have shown a disposition to depart from the old landmarks of economy and frugality, which have hitherto governed the Assembly. The fiscal olicy heretafore pursued by that body has signalized Utah, among all the States and Territories of the Union, as the only one without a public debt, and as having lower taxes than

Perhaps a time has come for a sur render of her pride in having no public debt. Perhaps a juncture of affairs in the history of the Territory has been eached when it is wise and justifiable to issue bonds for the purpose of providing needed public institutions. Perhaps the element of justice which is contained in the argument that poster livshould pay a portion of the cost of the public improvements which will be handed down to them, should be permitted to eutweigh all objections to the borrowing of money.

If all this be granted, it will 'only prove what every business man knows to be true-that when he reaches a condition which requires that he should borrow money, it becomes doubly necessary for him to avoid prodigality. But the proposition to bond the Territory, which has already passed the House, seems to have had the opposite effect upon at least some of the members of the Assembly. They show a disposition to be more lavish with public funds than we believe they would be were it not that the Terri question from that standpoint. In the tory is, apparently, about to create considerable public debt. Their course in this regard, viewed from the standpoint of a shrewd and honest financier, looking to his own laterests and honor, appears anomalous and incon-

Appropriations aggregating a very large sum have already been made, or practically agreed to by the Assembly. and there exists a pressing necessity and he who takes it imagines he is for other appropriations, the amounts eating bread when he is simply swal- of which have not been fixed, but which will foot up to a considerable sum; and yet propositions to give large amounts to a number of schemes and enterprises, never before suggested to the Assembly as having a claim upon the public treasury, have been reported upon favorably by committees, and are being supported by members. It seems as if "boom talk" or some other influence were leading our solons into a tendency to prodigality quite diverse from the safe policy hitherto adopted by the Legislature. Appropriations which are actually

demanded by public necesssities, and which will be disbursed by public officers for the Igeneral good, ought the entire community is placed at a of course to be made. But disadvantage and has become de- there rests upon every member of disadvantage and has become demoralized. It is difficult to understand how any intelligent person can
stand how any intelligent person can
stand how any intelligent person can
the Assembly a binding obligation to
guard the public treasury with the instand how any intelligent person can
telligence, fidelity and sternness of
the Communication. telligence, fidelity and sternness of principle which he would desire, a servant to display, to whom he might confide his own purse. Axes of individuals corporations or classes should viduals, corporations or classes should not be permitted to be ground at the public expense. No statesman will ever be a party to transactions of that ever be a party to transactions of that

THE LEGISLATURE.

COUNCIL.

March 5, 1888. The Council resumed business at 4:15 p. m. A communication was received from viding for banking, without approval,

but containing suggestions for several amendments. The amendments were duly considered by the Council, adopted, and the

A report was received from the con mittee on ways and means, on H. F. 65, providing a loan for certain purposes, recommending its passage. The report was adopted and the bill read by title and filed for second read-

The Council was informed that the House had amended H. F. 42, on capital grounds, making the compensa-\$5. The amendment was concurred in by the Council and the bill passed as The committee on highways re-

others, of Washington County, recommending that the amount be allowed. The report was adopted and the petition referred to the committee on appropriations. propriations. The House notified the Council that it had receded from its concurrence in the Council amendments to H. F. 71. mittee of conference. Granted.

The Council was notified of the passage by the House of H. F. 72 (crimes against the public health). Read the first time and filed for second read-

The House baving passed H.F. 80 (to amend chapter XLV, laws of Utan) it was read the first time and referred to the committee on judiciary.

The Council next passed H.F. 29 (forbidding liquor on election days), which had just previously passed the

The House having passed H. F. 68 (impounding animals), it was read the first time and referred to the committee on agriculture.

Carlisie, from the conference committee on H. F. 71 (life insurance), reported that they recommended that the Council should recede from its amendments. The report was adopted and the bill so passed.

Recess was then taken till 7:30 p. m.

A long wait appeared bafore a quor

Hoge's marriage bill, from the House, was read the second time and filed for third reading. The amendments made by the House to the asylum bill, which were numerous, were considered. Some were concurred in and others were not, and At 11 p. m. the Council adjourned till 10 a. m. tomorrow. March 6.

ment, reported that C. F. 42 (capitol grounds), had been correctly enrolled, and at 11:30 forwarded to the Gover-

H. F 65 (loss for certain purposes), was called up; but on motion, was laid over till called for.

C. F. 11 (substitute), defining the limits of the first and fourth judicial districts of the Territory of Utah, being called up, was the cause of considerable discussion on the part of ing cailed up, was the cause of considerable discussion on the part of Smoot, of Provo, and Bryan, of Mephi. Each presented figures and facts in support of his claims to the location of the fourth judicial district court.

Smoot moved to strike out section four of the bill. The motion was many read at length the first time.

Substitute for the substitute for P.
F. 40 and 49 (fish and game), was read
the second time and under suspension
of the rules, amended, and, after considerable discussion by various members of the Council, passed.

The Council was notified that the
House had granted a conference committee on amendments to U. F. 21.

A message was received from the
Governor fictifying the Council of his
approval of C. F. 42 (capitol grounds):
At 12:10 the Council took a recess
till 2 p. m.

March 5, 1888. After we went to press, the bill amending the stock law was read the second time.

Another bill amending the law respecting corporations was read the second time and filed for third reading. Hatch, for the claims committee, reported in favor of the claims of John M. Zane, amounting to \$1,056.25. A bill amending the estray law was

read the second time by sections, the third time by its title and passed under a suspension of the rules. The life insurance bill had gone to The life insurance bill had gone to the enrolling committee, but on the suggestion of Thurman that it contained imperfections, was recalled for further consideration. Finally the House refused to concur in one of the Council amendments.

Farnsworth, for the highways committee reported adversals on Hatch's mittee, reported adversely on Hatch's still giving \$1000 to each county, and recommending that amounts varying from \$1090 to \$3500 be given to the counties who have petitioned at this session for an appropriation or were

session for an appropriation or were included in the appropriation bill last session. Adopted.
The chairman of the committee says they have legal advice that the Assembly has the right to vary the amounts given to counties. The appropriations advised by the committee aggregate over \$38,000.

Farnsworth, for the same committee,

reported adversely on the bill making employers responsible for the poll tax of employes. Adopted.

Lund, for the committee on counties, reported an error in the financial statement of Garfield County, and recommended that it be returned to the He also recommended that the statements of the other counties, which

had been found correct, be printed in the journal. Adopted. Hatch, from the claims dommittee, reported adversely on the claim of O. J. Averill. King, for the municipal committee, reported adversely on the bill providing for bonding towns, etc., for the reason that provision had been made for the same objects in other bills.

Richards' bill to prevent the sale of intoxicating liquors on election days, Was passed.
Thurman, for the judiciary committee, reported favorably on the insolvency bill, which was made the special order for March 6.

order for March 6.

The bill to prevent fast driving was read the third time and passed.

The bill providing for the revision of the brand sheets passed to its third reading and was made a special order or March 6. The Council substitute for the high license bill was read.

A communication from the auditor

in reference to accounts due the Ter ritory, accompanied by a statement, was read and referred to the ways and means committee.

7:80 p.m.—The Speaker not appearing, on motion of Thurman, Hatch was elected Speaker pro tem.

The Council had amended the municipal bill, and it was referred to that committee for consideration of the mendments, on motion of King. The elections committee reported iquor bill, without recommendation and on motion of Howell, were in-structed to report their recommenda-

Thurman, for the judiciary committee, recommended that the assignment bill be rejected, as the inselvency bill was a better one. Adopted Richards, for the corporations com-mittee, reported a substitute for the

reading. Hoge offered a substitute for section 18, which gives the directors of the asylum charge of all insane persons in the Territory, even though detained with private parties or cared for in private places. The substitute gives the directors charge only of patients committed to their care. Adopted. Richards offered an amendment looking to the drawing of warrants only when there remains money in the treasury which the Assembly has apthat, in some counties, there is not to be found one practicing physician, but under the bill an insane person could not be committed to the asylum unless first examined by two practicing physicians. He offered an amendment providing that the probate judge might, when no physicians could be had, appoint other persons to make the examination.

Moyle thought no person should be committed to the asylum except on the statement of an expert that he was insure, and opposed the amend-

Jones took a similar view, while Hoge supported the amendment. He stated that parties well acquainted with a person whose saulty was in question were in law competent wit-nesses as to the sanity of such per-

Thurman said that we had no law cefluing what is a physician, and that there was not a county in the Territory that did not have from a dozen to five hundred so called. The law had worked well so far, and he did not think Stewart's amendment ought to

Stewart made another argument in favor of his amendment. King explained that no inconvenience need be experienced in having in-sane persons examined by physicians, Rougche favored the amendment, and Allen opposed it, thinking that commitment for insanity was too grave a matter to intrust to any but scientific persons. The amendment was

ing the term of office of the asylum directors two years instead of four. Hoge opposed shortening the term, as did King, Creer and Thurman, each of whom made a speech.

Moyle favored the amendment, but

Moyle favored the amendment, but it was lost.

Some further amendments were made and the bill passed.

The Council made amendments to the bill providing for banking, suggested by the Governer, and sent the bill to the House.

The enrollment committee reported that they, had sent to the Governor the bill creating a territorial bank of equalization, and the general municipal bill.

One of the Council amendments to the banking bill provided that in towns under 10,000 in population, corporations might be formed with \$25,000 capital. There were a number of other amendments to the bill, which the House concurred in.

The House passed the asylum bill, and it went to the Council.

After this the House took up the agricultural college bill, and, pending the conclusion in this matter the House adjourned until March 6, morning at 10 o'clock.

March 6, 1888.

Opening exercises.

Hawall introduced a claim from

Opening exercises.

March 6, 1888.

Howell introduced a claim from

Also on the claim of the same party Also on the claim of the same party for, services as quert clerk, recommending that \$1,217 20 be appropriated.

All of the above were adopted.

Thurman, from the judiciary committee, introduced a bill, H. F. 89, "providing for the payment of jurors, witnesses and phonographic reporters, and creating and defining the duties of court commissioners."

Also a favorable report on the hill to

the fourth judicial district court.

Smoot moved to strike out section four of the bill. The motion was jost.

The bill was then taken up on its third reading, and, on motion of Bryan, passed without a meadment.

Substitute for the substitute for P.

F. 40 and 49 (fish and game), was read the second time and under suspension the second time and under suspension.

Adopted.

H. F. 89, in relation to jurors, etc., was read at length the first time.

Hatch, from the claims of J. R. Willish court clerk, recommending that \$1161.51 be allowed, and that items amounting to \$38.76 be rejected.

H. F. 89, in relation to jurors, etc., was read at length the first time.

Hatch, from the claims of J. R. Willish to allowed, and that items amounting to \$38.76 be rejected.

H. F. 81, the agricultural college bill, was taken up and numerous amend-

H. F. 81, the agricultural college bill, was taken up and numerous amendments to it were made.

Howell moved to make the location of the college in Cache County.

Crear moved to amend the motion of Howell, se as to leave the location to be selected by the commissioners.

Crear's no ion contemplated Utah County as the location.

Howell made an argument in favor House had granted a conference committee on amendments to C. F. 21.

A message was received from the Governor notifying the Council of his approval of C. F. 42 (capitol grounds).

At 12:10 the Council took a recess till 2 p. m.

At 2 p. m. the Council was photographed in a group at C. R. Savage's Fine Art Gallery, and consequently did not resume business until 3 p. m.

Crear moved to amend the motion of House in the location to be selected by the commissioners. Crear's movion contemplated litah Council in the Highlands for her health. Thurstay she drove into town to visit her father and caught a conditional in the Highlands for her health. Thurstay she drove into the her health. Thurstay she drove into the her health. Thurstay she drove into the council was photographed in a group at C. R. Savage's tutions should be distributed.

Crear urged that the climate of Cache county, urging that it led in agriculture, and that Territorial institutions should be distributed.

Crear urged that the climate of Cache county was unfavorable for an agri-father's birthday, and it is slugular father's birthday, and it is slugular.

cultural college and experiment sta-tion and urged the advantages of Utah County.

Jones was opposed to leaving the selection of the site to the commis-

Hatch thought the House was grawing sectional, and favored leaving the
selection to the commissioners.

After further debate, the House voted
in favor of Cache County.

A debate occurred on motions to
reduce the appropriation from \$25,000
to \$20,000 and \$15,000. Richards opposed reducing it: Clark asked where the money was to come from for so many large appro-priations. He favored \$20,000.

Thurman favored making the amount seegmiller favored the larger sum, and thought members who desired to reduce it did not appreciate the im-portance of agriculture in our com-

portance of agriculture in our community!

Richards offered an amendment making the per diem of the directors it per day for each meeting, and mileage ten cents one way. Adopted and the bill passed by unanimous vote.

The House concurred in a slight Council amendment to the judicial district bill, which went to the enrollment committee.

Recess till 2 p.m. King, from the municipal committee ecommended that the House concu in all of the Council amendments to the general municipal bill.

The amendments were numerous but none of them were important as affecting any leading feature of the bill. The House concurred in all of Creer presented a petition for a road appropriation of \$1500 to Utah County, which went to the highways commit-

The Governor approved the bill prohibiting the sale of liquor on election
days, and the one relating to sessions
of the Assembly, etc.

The insolvency bill came up, was
slightly amended, and the sergeant-atarms was sent out to bring in enough
members to pass it. The reading of it
in full was demanded and ordered, and
was is progress when we went to

FERDINAND, OF BULGARIA

was in progress when we went to

Preparing to Proclaim Bulgaria Kingdom.-He Wante'to Be King.

Turkey, at Russia's Request, says His Position is Illegal.

Military Adviser and Two Cour selors Appointed to Prince William.

amended by striking out all after the said number and substituting the following: "The Secretary of the Treasury may exempt all distilleries which mash less than twenty-five bushels of grains per day from the operations of the provisions of this title relating to the manufacture of spirits, except as to the payment of a tax, which said tax shall toen be levied and collected on the capacity of said distilleries and said distilleries then shall be run and operated without store-keepers or gauger."

Section sixteen repeals all of the clauses of section 3,244 of the revised statatues and all laws amendatory thereto, and all other laws which impose any special taxes upon the manufacturers of stills, and retail dealers in malt liquors.

Section seventeen provides that this act shall The Crown Prince Took a Wi this Morning .- Excitement in Venezuela.

Wilfred Blunt Came Out of Tullame Today.-Internal Revenue Bill.

By Telegraph to the NEWS.

Public Reception for Chamberlain. BIRMINGHAM, March 6 .- It has been tion from the Champer of Commerce | decided to give Joseph Chamberlain a public reception on his return from

> The Guest of Victoria. LONDON, March 6 .- The Crown Prince of Austria, who will arrive here on March 17th, will be the guest of the

High Treason, LONDON, March 6 .- Advices received here state that an emeute has occurred n Eastern Roumella and that forty officers have been arrested on the charge

Unsettled Affairs in Venezuela. PHILADELPHIA, March 6 .- A gentle the condition of affairs in the republic is talarming. Lively factions were gathering and arming and those supposed to be in opposition to the present administration are being sent out of the country. The probability is, instead of the election of a President, Grizman Blance will be recalled as

Silver Wedding. BERLIN, March 6 .- Prince Anton

Radziwill and his son will represent the Emperor William at the Prince of Wales' silver wedding. Sympathy for the Crown Prince. Ross, March 6 .- The Chamber of Deputies today unanimously adopted

a resolution expressing sympathy with the German crown prince and hopes for his recovery. At Gibraltar WASHINGTON, March 6 .- The United

States man-of-war Enterprise arrived at Gibraltar yesterday, and after coaling will at once proceed to Tangler to support the demands of Consul Phillips. Panama Canal Bill.

Paris, March 6 .- The Panama Canal loan bill proposes that the bonds shall bear not less than 3 per cent interest; that the prize money shall not exceed one per cent of the capital borrowed; that the nominal value of bonds shall net be under 300 francs and that the redemption of the loan and prize money shall be guaranteed by invest-ment in state securities. Other articles authorize the canal company to con-

yert into similar bonds those already issued and bind the company to deal only with French firms for all the implements, supplies, etc., necessary to complete the canal. Takes A Walk. SAN REMO. March 0 .- The crown prince passed an excellent night. He

coughed much less and there was a decided reduction in the threat dis-charge. He feels refreshed today. The weather is fine. The crown prince walked in the garden today. LONDON, March 6 .- The Prince

London, March 6.—A Constantinople dispatch says: In accordance with the demands of Russia, the Porte has noti-fied Prince Ferdinand that his position in Bulgaria is illegal.

New York, March 6,-Miss Loui M. Alcott died this morning. For

The "Exposition Universelle de l'art Culinaire" awardec the highest honors to Angostura Bittera as the most efficacious stimulent to excite the appetite and to keep the digestive organs in good order. Ask for the genuine article, manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons, and beware of imitations Wales has arrived in London from the DUBLIN, March 6 .- Snelling, English home rule delegate, has been arrested at Limerick for offenses under the

Can't Bleek Nights, it below the complaint of thousands suffering from Wilfred Blunt Meleased. DUBLIN, March 6 .- Wilfred Blust was released from Tullamore fail to-

Asthma, Consumption, Coughs, etc.
Did you ever try Acker's English Remedy? It is the best preparation known for all Lung Treubles, sold on a positive guarantee at 100, 50c. Advisers Appointed. Gazette says General Willich has been For Sale by E. C. M. I. Drug Bept. appointed - military adviser, Prof. Greist, one of the civil counselors, and Herr Von Brandenstein, second coun-selor to Prince William.

Thave been a great sufferer from catarrh for over ten years; had it very had, could hardly breathe. Some nights I could not sleep—had to walk the floor. I purchased Ely's Cream Balm and am using it freely, it is working a cure surely. I have advised several friends to use it, and with happy results in every case. It is the one medicine above all others made to cure catarrh, and it is worth its weight in gold. I thank God I have found a remedy I can use with safety and that does all that is claimed for it. It is curing my deafuess.— B. W. Sperry, Hartford, Conn. What Ferdinand Will Do. Panis, March 6 .- A tel-gram from St. Petersburg says: Prince Ferdinand, of Bulgaria, is preparing a manifesto in reply to the expected ultima-tum of the powers regarding the Bul-garian question, in which he will pro-claim Bulgaria a kingdom, and call upon the people to crown him king. HIS POSITION ILLEGAL.

"Darbys Prephylectic Fluid is the only medicine kept in my family. We can use it for almost everything burns, bruises, cuts, slings, ear-ach tooth-ache, sour stomach, etc., et his children, when nurt or bruise always call at once for Darby's Fluis we cannot get along well without it, is so valuable for its prompt rail of pain from all kinds of injuries, an also is a cowariel Antiseptic e m. Di infectant."

War Department, Signal Service, U. S. Army. that she should have followed him DAILY WEATHER BULLETIN Meteorological Reports Received at Halt Lake City on March 6, 1888, at 11 a.m. local time.

INTERNAL BEVENUE.

A Synopsis of the Measure Pre-

pared by the House Com-

mittee.

SECTION TWO

alties for concealing or faisely report

SECTION ELEVEN

WHEN SHIZED

BE IN FORCE

from and after July 1,1888, and all laws and parts of laws in conflict are hereby repealed.

The total reduction in the revenue made by the bill is about twenty five millions, of which twenty millions is

on tobacco and five millions on various

special taxes to be removed.

By a party vote the bill was added to
Mills' tariff bill, making one bill of

Special Notices.

\$90. A new Hammond Type Writer, Call at this Office.

WANTED-A man to take an office and represent a manufacturer; \$50 per

with stamp, Manufacturer, Box 70, West Acton, Mass. wd&sat

Pearline for All Housewives.

Pearline makes Washing easy.

Linsey Sheeting,

Wool Batting,

JUST RECLIVED !

Overshirts and Underwear

Blankets, Trunks, etc., at

Agts. Provo Woolen Mills,

No. 36 Main Street.

SAM LEVY.

Manufacturer of Pine Havana Cigars 171 & 178 s. Main Street.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA BALVE.

IMPORTANT TO HOUSEWIVES

Z. C. M. E. Drug Bopt.

Every Grocer keeps Pearline.

ing taxable goods.

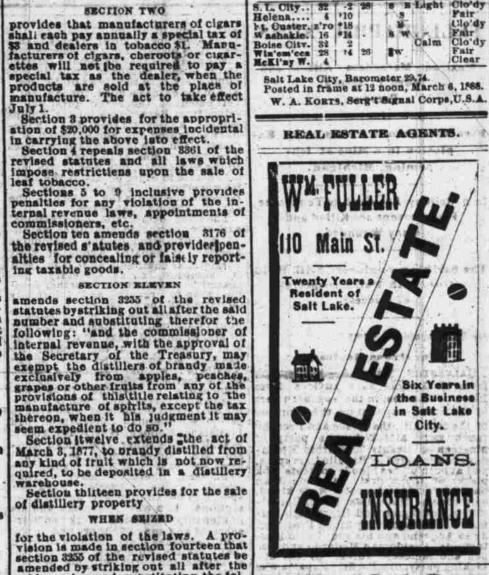
before September 1.

Washington, March 6 .- The demo-PLACE OF cratic majority of the ways and means OBSERVA- S committee have submitted to the full committee the internal revenue bill. Section one of the bill provides for the TION. repeal of all taxes on manufactured chewing tobacco, smoking tobacco and Light Light Calm Calm Calm chewing tobacco, smoking tobacco and sould, special taxes upon manufacturers of and dealers in leaf tobacco, to take effect July 1, 1888. A rebate for the full amount of tax on unbroken packages of smoking and manufactured tobacco and snuff held by manufacturers and dealers, on July I, will be allowed if the claim is presented before Sentember 1.

Signal Service reports taken at 5 a. m. | S. L. City... | S2 | -2 | 28 | 8 | 8 | Light | Clo'dy |
Helena...	4	110	5	Fair	
bt. Custer. z'ro	18	28	Clo'dy		
Washakie.	16	14	8	Calm	Clo'dy
Boise City.	32	28	28	Calm	Clo'dy
Win'em'eca	28	14	28	28	Fair
Heki'ny W.	4	4	28	Cloar	
Clear					

Salt Lake City, Barometer 29.74. Posted in frame at 12 noon, March 6, 1988. W. A. KORTS, Serg't Signal Corps, U.S.A.

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.



HAS MOVED

TO 251 MAIN ST., Opposite Walker House,

WHERE HE HAS FITTED UP A NICE v commodious office, and invites his many friends and customers to call and see him heffer selling their property—as he has a number of buyers. City lots and land near the City limits wanted immediately. Buyers should call and see his

LARGE LIST OF PROPERTIES Before Investing. He Can Post You on Values.

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