(Continued from page 1.)

THIELDE'S DECEASE.

see Mrs. Thiede with bruises or a black-eye?"

Witness answered no. On one occasion he saw Mrs. Thiede fall down behind the bar. Mr. Thiede was at there too.

"State whether, in your opinion, she was not under the influence of liquor at that time."

"I suppose she was. She looked to me as though she was drunk."

"Did you see her at any other time when you thought she was under the influence of liquor?"

"Yes, after dark."

"Do you know anything about Mrs. Thiede going to Germany while you were there?"

"Yes. The whole family went there together, as I understand."

Witness further said that he and his brother returned home about 10:30 on the night before the morning of the tragedy. They passed Thiede's saloon. There was a light in the house and also in the saloon.

Cross-examined witness said he was twenty years of age and left school about four years ago. Since then he had been working around, but had not been "idle" in the last month.

"You have been hanging around Thiede's saloon a good part of your time the last thirty days haven't you?" asked Judge Howat.

"Yes, sir."

"What doing?"

"Helping the fellows who are running it in it." Witness said, however, he didn't get much for what he had done.

Thiede always treated her nicely, you say, so far as you know?"

"Yes, sir."

"What did you do when you saw Mrs. Thiede fall down behind the counter?"

"I loosed the south door, went out through the West door, and it went home and left her there."

"What part of the day was this?"

"In the morning."

"Was Thiede away that day?"

"Yes, in Salt Lake, I believe."

"How long was this before Mrs. Thiede was killed?"

"It may have been a month or two."

"Were you working for Thiede that day?"

"No, sir."

"Then what brought you there then?"

"I was going by and just stopped there."

"Isn't it a fact that you have been spending nearly every evening in Thiede's saloon during the past three years?" queried Judge Howat.

"Yes, sir," admitted the witness with some slight show of confusion.

Martin Finson next went upon the stand. He is a carpenter and had been called at Sandy about nine years. The deceased, he said, is his brother-in-law. Witness married his sister about five years ago, and since then has been on intimate terms with Thiede's family. During that time he has visited the house once or twice a month—usually on a Sunday. He never saw anything wrong between Thiede and his wife; never saw him strike her, nor did he ever observe Mrs. Thiede with a black eye.

"What sort of a house was it," asked Judge Cherry, "as to the furniture?"

"It was a nice, comfortable home—a first class home 'for this country,'" said the witness.

"When did you last see Mrs. Thiede alive?"

On the night of April 30th. [This was the night prior to the murder.] Witness and others drove over to Murray to a buggy to see the Industrial army, who were encamped there.

"What time in the evening was this?"

"About 8 o'clock."

"What was the appearance of the relation of the deceased and his wife on that occasion?"

"They were friendly."

"Were Mrs. Thiede's eyes red from crying?"

"I cannot tell that."

Witness further answered—Several hundred members of the Industrial army were encamped near the counter.

"Were any of those men running around then?"

The question was objected to by the prosecution, whereupon Judge Cherry explained why he had asked it. He said he wanted to show that with the large body of men wandering around, it was probable that the deceased woman was murdered by someone out of the number. He objected to be "choked off" by the prosecution in this way.

After some talk, Judge Barch said counsel might seek to show whether any of them moved in the direction of the saloon, and counsel changed his interrogatory accordingly.

"Did you," he asked, "see any one going in the direction of Thiede's place?"

"Yes, sir, I saw several go in that direction—in all directions."

Judge Howat—Any of them at Thiede's saloon when you went over there?"

"No, there were none."

Louise Finson, wife of the previous witness, testified that Thiede is her brother. She had been in this country about four and a half years. Her relations with Thiede and his wife had been always friendly and she visited them three or four times each month. Thiede and his wife also visited witness.

"Tell the jury what you observed as to the treatment of the defendant towards his wife," asked Judge Cherry.

"All the times I saw them they were treating me nicely together; I saw no trouble with them."

Witness had eaten meals at Thiede's place, and there was always a good table there—and plenty of it. The house was well furnished. Thiede got things together while his wife was in Germany, so as to have the home "fixed up comfortably" before her return. Mrs. Thiede had shown witness presents of jewelry, including a gold watch, which she said her husband had given her. She had seen Mrs. Thiede wear the watch.

Witness next testified as to the visit of herself and husband to Thiede's house on the night before the murder. Everything was then friendly.

"At any time during your acquaintance with Mrs. Thiede did you ever see her with a bruised face, a black eye, or anything of that kind?"

"Yes, I saw her once with a 'blue' eye. That was three or four months before."

"Do you know how she received it?"

"She told me she had fallen down."

James Blown, of Murray, said he resided about ten minutes' walk from Thiede's saloon, and had known Mr. and Mrs. Thiede some six years. Witness had worked for the defendant, the last time about a year ago.

"What did you do?" asked Judge Cherry.

"Oh, I did everything, worked in the garden, made beer and was with the horses." (Laughter.)

He saw Mrs. Thiede every day while he was working there and never observed any cuts or bruises upon her face.

"Do you know whether she ever drank liquor?"

"She drank beer and whisky."

"Did you ever see Mrs. Thiede when she was affected by liquor?"

"Yes, the winter before last. She asked me to take a drink. I 'set 'em up' and she 'set 'em up,' and she got a little bit drunk. (Laughter.) I think once, she drank twice. (Laughter.)

Witness was at the saloon about 10 o'clock on the night prior to the murder of her murder."

"Was there anything unpleasant that between Thiede and his wife?" queried Judge Cherry.

"No, sir."

Judge Howat asked—How many glasses did you drink on the occasion you have mentioned?

"I had about four," answered witness.

"How many had she?"

"O, she had more."

"Was that the only time you have seen her under the influence of liquor?"

"Yes, sir."

Court then adjourned for the usual noon recess.

Upon court reassembling this afternoon, Lorenzo Dooty, of Murray, was called by the defense. He resides about half a mile from Thiede's, and said one last saw Mrs. Thiede at the saloon about 8 o'clock on the night before the murder. About 3 o'clock the same afternoon Mrs. Thiede came to witness's house and remained there talking about three hours. She was "good" when she left.

"How did she act the whole afternoon?"

"She cried once, but when she went away she was in a good humor."

Witness had eaten with Mr. and Mrs. Thiede at their table, and never saw any trouble between them there.

"Did you ever see any wounds or bruises on her face?"

"Yes, I have, once; her eye was blue."

"That was the only time?"

"Other answered yes."

Judge Howat—When was it you saw her with this "blue" eye?

Witness said nearly a year before she was killed.

"Was she crying when she came to your house?"

"Yes."

Mrs. Minnie Smith, of Sandy, testified that Thiede is her brother. She had known the deceased, Mrs. Thiede, about seven years, and last saw her alive on the 30th, between seven and eight o'clock in the evening. Witness accompanied her husband and others on the drive from Sandy. Mr. and Mrs. Thiede were friendly at that time.

"How did Mrs. Thiede seem then?"

"She appeared to be in a good humor."

Witness saw the dead body of Mrs. Thiede next morning as it lay upon the billiard table. Thiede was there when her arrived. He and his wife visited witness's house together, and witness often ate meals at Thiede's place.

"In all your visits there, when Mr. and Mrs. Thiede were together, have you ever heard them engaged in a quarrel or dispute?"

Witness said she had not, neither had she seen Mrs. Thiede with a bruised or disfigured face.

Fritz Halpen, a saloon keeper of the city, said he had known the Thiedes for upwards of six years, and was on intimate terms with them. He believed he had never seen Mr. Thiede with a bruised face, and from witness's observation Thiede and his wife were always on friendly terms.

Charles Neely, a farmer, who lives four miles southwest of Murray, said he worked for Thiede about two years ago. Witness had eaten with Mr. and Mrs. Thiede at their table, and at no time had he seen any unpleasantness between them, or see Mrs. Thiede with a bruised or disfigured face.

Shortly after 3 o'clock several of the jurors complained of feeling rather ill, and suggested that they might be allowed to take a short walk in the fresh air, as a change from the close and heated room. The court at once acceded to the request and a brief recess followed.

Personal.

Garrett O'Neill, assistant superintendent of the Wyoming division of the Union Pacific, is in the city today on business connected with the department over which he presides.

James Stephenson, the pioneer overgreen of Omaha and at present a prominent and well known business man of that community, is in Salt Lake on a brief visit.

Civil Jury Cases Set.

Chief Justice Merritt's court was crowded with members of the bar during the entire forenoon, in consequence of the setting of civil jury cases for trial, commencing on the 23d inst. Upwards of sixty cases were set for hearing.

Weber Stake Conference.

OGDEN CITY, Oct. 16, 1894.—For several seasons past I have heard brethren who have attended the Stake and Annual or Semi-Annual Conferences at Salt Lake City say: "Well, this is the last time I expect to attend these gatherings." Yesterday, the concluding day of the Weber Stake, which closed this evening.

By 10 o'clock on Sunday morning, the 14th instant, the Ogden Tabernacle was well filled, and by the time the opening exercises were completed the building was packed to its utmost capacity. On the stand were Joseph F. D. Reynolds and A. H. Cannon, and later came Elder John H. Smith, the president of the Stake, members of the High Council, Bishops from nearly every ward, and many others of the several quorums of Priesthood. The meeting was called to order by Elder G. F. Middleton, who after the opening exercises, reported the general condition of the Stake. The condition of the Saints, on said, was good. They were endeavoring to do right and keep the commandments of God; still there is room for improvement, which, he believed, will be effected as time progresses and the Saints obtain more knowledge. He stated that the presidency of the Stake are united in their labors to build up the Saints, and to strengthen them. They meet with the people in the tabernacles and impart unto them such instructions as the Spirit of the Lord directs, but their visits are not as frequent as desirable through circumstances over which they have no control. They are assisted, he said, materially in these labors by the members of the High Council, who are now determined, and are united with the presidency. The Bishops also are energetic in the discharge of their duties in administering to the people of their several wards. He spoke in deserved commendation of the faithful and efficient labors of the Relief Societies.

The other speakers during the conference were Elders A. H. Cannon, John Henry Smith, Wm. N. Fox, W. R. H. Sowell, Lorenzo Clark, Lorin Pratt, F. A. Hammond and Franklin D. Richards. The spirit spoken of were numerous. Among them were the evils of intemperance, portraying in a humble manner the distress, misery, sickness, destitution and ruin to whose many once happy families have been reduced through excessively imbibing of the demon drink! This was contrasted with the happy results of observing the Word of Wisdom.

Home habits and the love of an empire that are exercised in the family circle by the parents on their children, for good or evil, and the great responsibilities of heads of households were dwelt upon. It was shown how great is the influence mothers and wives can exercise for good in guiding their children in the fear of the Lord, and assisting their husbands and encouraging them to fidelity in the performance of their duties as husbands, fathers and servants of God, whether at home or abroad.

The true wealth of patriarchs and children in the New and Everlasting Covenants were pointed out in a clear and instructive manner.

The fall in were reminded of the great blessings which will result from a faithful obedience to the law of tithing, fast offerings, etc., and they were exhorted to worship Deity, especially with these organizations that they may be in communion and fellowship with God and all the Holy Priesthood.

Temple building and temple work for the salvation of the living and the dead forms an important part of the instructions given by the Brethren. The Saints were forcibly impressed that we are living in the hour of God's judgments, which were so vividly manifested in so many portions of the earth and which are chronicled daily in the public journals.

They were earnestly admonished to avoid false teachers, false doctrines; to beware of those who declare that Christ has already come; that David is the prophet instead of Joseph the prophet, is again on the earth. They were admonished to live that they may always be in possession of the Spirit of God to enable them to detect all false spirits that may attempt to lead them astray—that the humility of the Saints may ever abide with them. They were urged to avoid contention and strife, either in religious or political; to cultivate the spirit of peace, forgiveness, forbearance and love to each other; also to earnestly seek after and pray for greater faith in God, to enable them to call on Him in confidence, that through the influences which He has appointed, they may be healed when they are sick, if it be the will of God to raise them up. They were also counselled not to be too importunate for the Lord to restore those of their dear ones who appear to be on the brink of death, but to submit the matter to the will of the Lord—that His will may be done. Then, if they live, they live to God, and if they die, they die to the Lord," and are secure from all the evils to which they would be liable if their lives were spared.

The Saints were admonished to uphold those brethren whom God has appointed to preside over the people in the several departments of His Church government, to seek advice and counsel from them in all important matters pertaining to interests and welfare in life. They are men of God and can always be counselled by the Saints with safety and with profit.

A number of other interesting matters were spoken upon—indeed it seemed that "no stone was left unturned" to wake up the people to a real notion of their true conditions and of their surroundings.

On Sunday afternoon an overflow meeting was held in the Third ward meeting house, at which much valuable instruction was imparted. At all the sessions of this conference the speakers were listened to with deep interest and attention; and at the close many were heard to say it was the best Stake conference they have attended.

Yours truly,
JOSEPH HALL.

THE BULLION-BECK.

Erection of the New Mill.—Settlement of a Lawsuit.

The masons and carpenters have a prospect for a nice piece of work in the concentrating mill to be erected by the Bullion, Beck & Champion company at Eureka. Bids are wanted for the masonry and carpenter work on the large contract, and will be received at the office of the company until Saturday next, the 20th inst., at 3 p.m.

The lawsuit between the Bullion-Beck and the Alma mining companies was amicably settled last evening, by the first named company purchasing the Alma group, the price agreed on being $150,000. This is to be paid within four years, from the net profits, of which 50 per cent is to be devoted to the purpose. A joint arrangement for the working of the Alma group has been effected.

PROVO.

PROVO, UTAH, Oct. 17, 1894.

First District Court.

After arguments at counsel in the case of Emma Vollmer, U. S. Marshal, Judge King instructed the jury, that if they found that the plaintiff was legally upon foot to enter the land, under the homestead law and entered peaceably into the possession of a portion of the land covered by the location notice, with the intention of making his home there; then he was entitled to verdict awarding all of the eighty acres; also that if plaintiff was entitled to the land, then such amount of damages as he was entitled to on account of being deprived of the rents and profits of the eighty-five acres, should be awarded. The jury brought in a verdict awarding the land to plaintiff and also $25 damages. Nine jurors returned the verdict. They instructed the court that all had agreed upon awarding plaintiff the land, but there was a difference in regard to the amount of damages he was entitled to. Thirty days' stay of proceedings were granted.

The divorce suit of Sarah J. Vincent was heard yesterday. Plaintiff testified that she had married defendant in November, 1888, in this city. He had treated her with great cruelty since the marriage. She was granted a divorce, the custody of a minor child, and alimony.

In the case of the W. P. Noble Mercantile Co., vs the Mount Pleasant Equitable Co-op., thirty days' additional time was granted to prepare statement on motion for a new trial.

The case of Walter Barlow vs E. C. Dutton was continued for the term.

In the case of Ebenezer D. Foster vs S. D. Collins, demurrer withdrawn and five days given to answer.

In the case of Philo D. Cook vs Bullion-Beck and Champion Mining Co. was continued till November 14th.

In the case of Benjamin Argyle vs the Strawberry Cattle Company et al, the demurrer was withdrawn.

In the case of A. A. Cole, formerly Eatherdt, vs John Lee Taylor, a change of venue to the Third district court was granted.

A. A. Cole vs Permelia A. Edwards; demurrer overruled.

Notes.

Mrs. Wm. Strong, of the First ward, has received information that her brother, Adolphus Young, of Kanosh, is dead, leaving a wife and five children. He formerly lived in this city, where many friends sympathize with his bereaved family.

The stockholders of the Provo Woolen Mills Co. have elected the following board of directors for the ensuing year: Wm. H. Preston, Charles S. Burton, Myron Tanner, Joseph S. Taylor, Reed Smoot, John C. Cutler, John K. Bernes and George Blomquist.

Superintendent Hansen of the Provo Woolen Mills Co. brings the encouraging news from California that Provo Woolen Mills goods are gaining in favor among the Californians, and it is expected the shipments to the Golden state will increase from now on.

The following marriage licenses have been issued: Elvin F. Green, of Provo, and Nelse M. Grosvenor, of Springville; Justin Iverson and Anna Peterson, of Pleasant Grove; Jacob E. McCurdy and Olive L. Pacarro, of Springville.

COMMERCIAL.

SALT LAKE CLEARING HOUSE.

Today's clearing house exchanges amounted to $192,340. Same day last year, $154,[illegible].

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS.

New York.—Silver, 68½; lead, $3.62.
London.—Silver, 29½.

ORE AND BULLION.

McCornick & Co. received today: Silver and lead ores, $5,000; Hanover bullion, $5,150. Total, $10,150.

T. R. Jones & Co. received today: Bullion, $7,700; ores, $2,000. Total, $9,700.

Wells, Fargo & Co. received today: Peak bullion, $1,[illegible].

REAL ESTATE.

Transfers filed in the office of the County Recorder of Salt Lake County, Utah, for the [illegible]

Charles S. Taylor to Martha S. Taylor, lot 1, block 10, plat A, city survey [illegible] $ [illegible]
John W. Taylor to Martha S. Taylor, part of lot 1, block 10, plat A, city [illegible] [illegible]
O. J. Salisbury to Fire National Bank of Pennsylvania, lots 3 and 4, block 1, Salisbury's addition [illegible]
Bishop N. Lyman et al quitclaim to Fire National Bank of Pennsylvania, lots 3 and 4, block 1, Salisbury's addition [illegible]
Thomas R. Marquis et ux to Mary Marquis, undivided one-half of lots 3 and 4, block 1, Salisbury's addition [illegible]
Wm. M. Marquis to Marquis Brothers Mercantile Co., undivided one-half of lots 3 and 4, block 1, Salisbury's addition [illegible]
Frank S. Marquis et ux to Marquis Brothers Mercantile Co., part of section 1, township 1 south, range 1 west, Salt Lake meridian [illegible]
Richard A. Marquis et ux to Marquis Brothers Mercantile Co., part of section 1, township 1 south, range 1 west, Salt Lake meridian [illegible]
Thomas R. Marquis et ux to Marquis Brothers Mercantile Co., part of section 1, township 1 south, range 1 west, Salt Lake meridian [illegible]
A. W. Ivins et ux to Marquis Brothers Mercantile Co., part of section 1, township 1 south, range 1 west, Salt Lake meridian [illegible]
Joseph M. Spear to Mary L. Spear, undivided part of lot 1, block 3, plat A, city [illegible]
Salt Lake Irrigating Park Association to Charles F. Adams, part of [illegible] block 1, and in Irrigation Lands, Salt Lake City, Salt Lake meridian [illegible]
Frederick Trowbridge et ux to Wm. A. Hendon, lot 1, block 11, plat B, city [illegible]
Anna M. Owen to Henry Schubert, Lot 14 in S. A. Cook's addition, plat A, city [illegible]

STOCKS AND MARKETS.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

New York, Oct. 17, 1894.

Sugar	115	Pacific Mail	34½
Tobacco	94	Denver & Rio Grande pfd	75
Tenn. Coal	41	Reading	17¾
Chicago Gas	71	Lake Shore	135
Distillers	21	Pullman Palace Car Co.	171
Cotton Oil	34	Western Union	90
Cotton Oil pfd	81	Texas Pacific	8½
Sugar Trust	87	Union Pacific	19¾
Pacific Mail	34½	Erie	17
Denver & Rio Grande	75	Erie pfd	35
Reading	17¾	Wabash pfd	19¾
Lake Shore	135	Lead	34
Pullman Palace Car Co.	171	Sugar	115
Western Union	90		

CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, Oct. 17.

[illegible]

Chicago Cattle Market.

[illegible]

DEATHS.

Suddenly, at New Harmony, Utah, October 15, 1894, of consumption, Jane Robson, aged 19 years, 4 months and 4 days. Her father is a widower and she left a mother and many friends to mourn her loss.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

HOGS! HOGS! HOGS!

Just arrived at the Union Stock Yards. Three Carloads of Fine Poland-China Hogs.

Now is the time to get a fine Boar or Sow to improve your stock.

All young; all from Register's Stock. For information call at 200 Whittingham Building, or at Yards.

A Handsome Complexion

is one of the greatest charms a woman can possess. Pozzoni's Complexion Powder gives it.

FOR SALE.

CARLOAD OF TRIMMED COTTONWOOD, [illegible] from Canada, and now in Long Prairie, North Dakota. Inquire Utah Lumber and Manufacturing Co., 25 E. Broadway, or Box 1, Post office.

The World's Tribute to Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

Highest Honors Awarded by the World's Columbian Exposition, Chicago, 1893

World's Fair
HIGHEST MEDAL
awarded to
Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

The highest award was given on every claim, comprising superiority in leavening power, keeping properties, purity and excellence. This verdict has been given by the best jury ever assembled for such a purpose, backed by the recommendations of the Chief Chemist of the United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., who made an elaborate examination and test of all the baking powders. This is pre-eminently the highest authority on such matters in America.

This verdict conclusively settles the question and proves that Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder is superior in every way to any other brand.

NOTE.—The Chief Chemist rejected the Alum baking powders, stating in the World's Fair [illegible]

A. L. MURPHY,
Wholesale and Retail Florist. CHOICE HOME-GROWN FLOWERS
Leader of the Lafayette Floral Establishment. Telephone 829.
507 SOUTH, TENTH EAST STREET.

R. K. THOMAS

26, 28, 30, 32, East First South Street, Salt Lake City.

Special September Announcemnnt.

WE ARE NOT LOOKING FOR PROFITS, WHAT WE WANT IS VOLUME OF BUSINESS.

We shall offer some Tremendous Bargains to effect this object. We shall show a thousand or two

JACKETS, CAPES AND WRAPS,

At about one half their value, ranging from Two to Ten Dollars. We don't want a Wrap left by November First. We want increased room for our Dry Goods Department, so will close out our Entire Stock of

LADIES,' MEN'S AND CHILDREN'S SHOES.

You'll all want Shoes for winter, and now is the time to get about two pairs for the price of one. You should not wait until soles are broken, but call early. Mail orders can be filled by giving sizes.

SILKS.

About Ten Thousand Dollars worth will be thrown on our counters, at prices that all can afford a Silk Dress. We are showing about Five Hundred Pieces

New Dress Goods,

Which will sell at not much more than half of last fall's prices. We shall offer Fifty Thousand Dollars worth of

RIBBONS,
LACES,
HOSIERY,
GLOVES,
TOWELS,
SHAWLS,
FASCINATORS,
UNDERWEAR,
SHIRTS,
TIES,
WINDSORS
HANDKERCHIEFS,

And Family Supplies Generally in this sale, all at Cut Prices, as we are determined to close them before January stocktaking. We don't want to have it a few weeks before then when people have been supplied, but the Knife goes in at the very commencement of the season. You'll all want lots for your money this fall. It will be given you as our

Reliable Establishment.

This is a bid for your business, and the One Hundred Thousand Dollars worth of goods we expect to move between now and Christmas, will save to the customer fifty Thirty-five Thousand Dollars.

REMEMBER the Three Great Specialties,

SILKS.
SHOES.
CLOAKS.

R. K. THOMAS.