

## BY TELEGRAPH.

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## AMERICAN.

WASHINGTON, 24.—Tellers said to a correspondent yesterday, that he should proceed cautiously in the management of Indian affairs, and would not attempt any abrupt change of policy. He does not favor any disruption of tribal relations, even if it were possible to secure it. He believes in settlement upon farm lands in severalty, when the Indians are sufficiently advanced to render the success of such a plan probable, but that he says is not yet. One thing which he hopes to see accomplished during his administration, he wishes to have the reservation system supplanted by a system of patenting lands to Indians by tribes, so that while possessing the lands in common, they may have the same title to them as would be secured to a community of white men who should purchase and pay for lands in common.

It is generally felt that Blaine came out triumphant in the Shephard affair. Belmont's attack upon him is recognized as indirectly the work of Blaine's political enemies in his own party, Belmont having been made a catspaw by Conkling men. Blaine is evidently coming out of the investigation in excellent shape.

It is reported the whole week will be spent over election cases; perhaps longer. The democrats are determined to fight it out to the bitter end. They say they never will consent to see the colored man take the place of Chalmers if they can help it.

Assistant Low, clerk of the General Land Office, makes an interesting statement about the manner in which land grant railroads have been treated by the Interior Department. The Cedar Rapids & Missouri Railroad is a completed road under grants available for its construction. The grant was six sections per mile or 1,042,644 acres, but the amount of land actually certified and patented under the grant is 1,141,690 acres, or 98,746 acres more than the greatest possible amount that could rightfully be embraced in the grant.

For 56 1-6 miles of road the Sioux City & St. Paul road, of Iowa, was entitled to 359,520 acres at the utmost, but 407,910 acres have been certified to and patented.

The St. Paul & Sioux City road, of Minnesota, was entitled to 850,000 acres, but has received 1,120,358.

The St. Paul & Pacific road, in Minnesota, has also received in excess of the maximum area of its grant.

The area given to the Ohio Falls & Sioux City road in Iowa is 25,000 acres in excess of its maximum grant.

The Winona & St. Peters Company is credited with an area of 1,410,000 acres, and it was estimated that the actual area to which it was entitled was 710,000 acres.

NEW YORK, 24.—Collector Robertson, of this port, instructed special agent Bracket to make a careful investigation in regard to recent importations of sugar. It has been represented that certain parties have been evading paying duty by bringing sugar from the East Indies via the Hawaiian Islands. After being taken to the Hawaiian Islands in a raw state, the sugar is put through the centrifugal process and shipped to San Francisco, where it is entered as the Hawaiian product. From San Francisco it is sent to New York. Importers thus evade the duty of three cents per pound.

NEW ORLEANS, 24.—Director Burdard began the investigation of charges recently brought against M. V. Davis, Superintendent of the United States Mint. Reporters were not admitted, but it is understood McCue, foreman of the rolling room, when Davis was collector, and Palmis, an employee in the coining rooms and mint since 1879, made statements, from personal count, that Davis has substituted 15,000 trade dollars by passing them through rollers for defacement and then having them coined, and Palmis knew 13,000 trade dollars had further been substituted because his knowledge of the capacity of the hopper and the time necessary in passing said dollars through the rollers, all of which he noted.

TOLEDO, O., 24.—The saloon keepers have taken a stand in regard to the Pond and Smith law, which is causing considerable commotion and inconvenience. They notified the authorities that they would observe the law strictly, and demanded in

turn the strict enforcement of the sweeping Sunday law, passed 50 years ago, prohibiting all sorts of work on Sunday. It includes street cars, hacks, barber shops, Sunday newspapers, etc. The saloons were all strictly closed, and the police took the names of all persons engaged in Sunday employment, including drivers of carriages at a funeral, but made no arrests. Warrants will be issued to-morrow.

JOLIET, 24.—A semi-panic has been prevalent here since Friday because of the rapid spread of smallpox, which was brought here from Chicago by the son of a German gunsmith, and through the imprudence of the family, given to numerous others. Twenty-seven cases are reported already, and vigorous measures have been taken to check the disease. Schools and churches are closed, and the board of health enlarged. Vaccination is made compulsory. Another ward has been added to the hospital, and cases have been isolated. Special police have been detailed and the infected house is cleaned thoroughly. The board of health of the State is in full sympathy with the measures taken.

FORTRESS MONROE, 24.—Extensive preparations are making for a grand military and naval display during the week at which the President, Secretaries of War and Navy, Admiral Porter, heads of Bureaus and other distinguished visitors will be present.

SHAKESPEARE, N. M., 24.—Couriers from Gila River report that a band of 27 Warm Spring Apaches had burned the ranches of Purdy, York, Cornell and Hutchins, and drove off all the stock. It is reported that six or eight men were murdered. Last night heavy and continuous firing was heard at Lee's camp on the Gila River. Fears are entertained for the people working at the Placer mines a short distance above Clifton. A company of 50 mounted volunteers left here to-day for the scene of the outrage.

SAN FRANCISCO, 24.—A Lordsburg, New Mexico, special says: In a fight yesterday afternoon at Horseshoe Canyon, between Indians and Indian scouts and troops, the latter were victorious. Four Indian scouts were killed, and three soldiers wounded. Small bands of hostiles have been seen going south over San Simon Flat. A band of 20 or thirty crossed the Southern Pacific track near here early this morning, going north towards the Burro mountains.

McDonald, a well known prospector of this section, arrived from the Gila River this morning. He assisted in burying the bodies of 20 men yesterday, and reports several persons missing. Among the killed are John P. Risque, a rising young attorney, of Silver City; Capt. John S. Slawson, mining superintendent; Mr. Tre-cott, Alex. Knox, S. D. Pinkard, and Pinkard's herdsman, name unknown. The Indians number over 300 bucks, squaws and children, as shown by actual count while passing York's ranch. The Indians are completely surrounded and corralled in Double Canyon. Those seen on San Simon Flat last evening were evidently stragglers. All male citizens of Lordsburg, Shakespeare and Lordsburg are under arms.

CHICAGO, 24.—Frank Reynolds and Henry Closson, who with seven others broke jail in Detroit in March were arrested here to-day. They were awaiting trial in Detroit on the charge of passing forged checks on a bank there. The police say they are experts in this line and did heavy bank work in California where they were sentenced for long terms but escaped and came east.

DALLAS, Texas, 24.—One of the train robbers was captured to day on information of his respectable farmer father, who told the officers he preferred to have his son an inmate of the penitentiary than a member of a gang of robbers. It is believed the rangers will tag the entire gang to-night.

BOSTON, 24.—Ralph Waldo Emerson is seriously ill with pneumonia at Concord, Mass.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., 25.—The steamer *City of Sanford* on the way here from Sanford took fire about 4 o'clock this morning, and nine persons, probably more, perished. The names of these actually known to be dead are as follows: Mrs. Oscar Keep and child, of Jacksonville, Fla.; Mrs. Ireland and daughter, of Comb; Mrs. G. H. Downer, of Norwalk, Fla.; Captain S. N. Artelle of the schooner *Magnolia* recently lost on Mosquito Inlet bar; Chas. Pierce, a nephew, and Willie Brooks, a son of the pilot of the ill-fated steamer. Dor-

sey Shipper and Dr. Hand on the steamer *Bird* coming down the river a few miles ahead of the *Sanford* put back and brought the survivors here. The steamer and contents are a total loss.

MACON, Ga., 25.—A cyclone passed through Bibb, Smiggs and Jones counties on Saturday night. A space 800 yards wide was swept clean. Samuel Grove, father of Sam F. Grove, ex-Member of Congress, was killed.

Wilmington, N. C., 25.—A tornado crossed the State on Saturday night mowing a swath through the timber. One church, two saw mills and a large number of dwellings were destroyed. One child was killed and several persons seriously hurt.

Jackson, Miss., 25.—The latest reports from Monticello put the death list at 15, and wounded 30. Many of whom will die.

BUFFALO, N. Y., 25.—R. Porterlee, late president, and Herman J. Hall, a young speculator, who borrowed \$40,000 on \$10,000 security, of the First National Bank, now defunct, are arrested.

SAN FRANCISCO, 25.—A Tucson dispatch says: A correspondent at Saffords gives account of the recent Indian attack as follows: Stanislaus Meetas, aged nine years, has just arrived from Stevens' sheep camp, with the following story of the Indian massacre:

On the 18th inst., before daylight, the Indians attacked the camp whilst we were all asleep. My father and five other men attempted to get their guns, but too late, the Indians rushed in from all sides and overpowered them before a shot could be fired. The work of slaughter then began. An Indian put the muzzle of his gun against the head of one man, and fired, blowing his brains against the floor and walls. I saw them kill my mother and two little brothers by beating their brains out with stones. They killed five, then tied my father and tortured him most dreadfully. He begged them to spare him, but they only tortured him the more; when they were tired of torturing him, one of them split his skull with an axe. An Indian squaw, wife of one of the four friendly Apache sheep herders who worked with us saved my life by holding me behind her and begging them to spare me. When all the Mexicans were dead except me the Indians left. The squaw who arrived with the boy says, there were ninety-three warriors in the attacking party, they called themselves Chierhuahuas, and said that they were going straight to the San Carlos agency, to kill all of the whites, and get more Indians to join them. They also declared that they would kill all of the inhabitants of this valley. The hostiles frequently declared that their only desire was to kill in retaliation for three Indians executed recently at Fort Cran.

Later—News from the front is to the effect that the whole force of about 300 Indians, including women and children, crossed the Southern Pacific track last night going south, near Lordsburg. The cavalry are in close pursuit. The present outbreak is the most disastrous which ever occurred in Arizona. Not less than 40 persons have been killed. To-night a mass meeting was held here, Governor Tretle presided. It was determined to raise a force of volunteers for two or three months.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., 25.—Sixty-three buildings were burned here to-day and to-night, causing a loss estimated at from \$250,000 to \$270,000, on which the insurance is probably not one-half. It began at 3 p.m. in the rear of the Pioneer block and destroyed most of the business part of the west side, including four solid blocks of buildings, besides many others. The losses are small to individuals, none running over \$10,000, but there are a large number of them. The fire was under control at 2 a.m.

Philadelphia, 25.—McIlvane Bros. drug and spice mill damaged by fire to the extent of \$40,000.

New York, 25.—The furniture storage warehouse of Geo. C. Flint & Co., 303 West St., burned; loss \$75,000; partly insured.

Toronto, 25.—In a fire at Parkdale, the round house of the Credit Valley railroad and four locomotives burned; loss \$50,000.

WASHINGTON, 24.—A bill passed the House authorizing the Sioux City and Pacific Railroad Company to construct a railroad bridge over the Missouri River.

CANTON, O., 25.—Wm. Strull, the Georgetown murderer, was cornered early this morning in the woods near Franklin by the Sheriff and

posse, and finding escape impossible shot himself dead.

WASHINGTON, 25.—The Senate to-day passed without amendment the bill introduced by Fair, which provides for the appointment of an additional United States District Judge for Nevada, to perform the duties for which Judge Hillyer has become physically incapable.

The Senate, by a vote of 32 to 26, rejected the foreign relations committee's amendment, which proposed to strike out the fourteenth section of the Chinese bill. This section prohibits Chinese naturalization.

General Sheridan forwards Adjutant-General Drum, Col. Forsyth's account of his encounter with the Indians in New Mexico:

Dry Camp, on road between Lordsburg and Richmond, April 20th.

General Mackenzie, Fort Craig:

Started for Richmond this morning at daylight. Ordered Lieut. McDonald with six Indian scouts to scout the country, and proceeded across Gila. When about two-thirds across, one of the Indians announced to me that four of the scouts were killed by a large number of Chierhuahuas and that Lieut. McDonald and the other two were defending themselves against them. I galloped for 16 miles to them and found the Indians strongly entrenched in Stein Peak's range. Attacked them at once and drove them from the entrenched position. They fell back and occupied two impregnable positions which were from six to 18 feet high. Found it impossible to dislodge them without great loss. I gave up further operations at 5 o'clock and started again for Richmond. My loss was four Indian scouts and one private of troop C killed, one sergeant and four privates wounded. I know for a certainty that two of the enemy were killed and a number wounded. Captured and killed 13 head of their stock. Have just met Mr. Fenton on the main road between Lordsburg and Richmond, who will take this dispatch to Lordsburg. Am compelled to go to Gila River at Richmond for water for animals. Will take up the trail and try to get these Indians in the open country, of which I hope to give you more favorable reports. The number of Indians I fought to-day was between 80 and 100. It was impossible to do more under the circumstances. The canyon was the worst I ever saw.

(Signed) FORSYTH.

In the election cases in the House to-day, every man elected as a greenbacker or independent voted with a majority of the republicans, and it may be conceded that the elections committee will be generally sustained by a majority of ten or twelve.

CHICAGO, 25.—Cattle receipts, 700; for week, 25,000; shipments, 5,000; scarcely enough fat cattle to make a market; prices nominally firm; exports 7.10@7.65; good to choice shipping, 6.60@7.00; common to fair, 5.80@6.40; grass Texans, 880@920 lbs., 5.35@5.40; mixed butchers steady at 2.50@5.50; stockers fairly active and lower; poor to choice, 3.00@5.25. Sheep receipts, 2,000, for week, 13,000; nominally strong; inferior to fair, 4.25@5.50; medium to good, 6.25@6.50; choice to extra, 6.75@7.25.

SAN FRANCISCO, 26.—A Tucson dispatch says: At a mass meeting of several thousand citizens held to-night, it was unanimously directed that the following be sent and it was immediately wired as an open letter to the President and his Cabinet and both Houses of Congress:

"During the rejoicings incident to grand military display announced to take place at Fortress Monroe, we beg to offer you as a skeleton to sit at your banquet the fact that nearly one hundred of your pioneers have, within a few days, been wontonly murdered in cold blood by devilish Apaches, whom your cruel and mistaken policy permits to survive their crimes. If some small portion of the expenses incurred in your grand display could be devoted to such measures as would preclude the probability of an increase in the list of our murdered dead, we could send you greeting of gratitude and cheer in place of this message of our sorrow and helplessness and our desolation.

(Signed) JAMES H. TOOLMAN, Chairman,

L. C. HUGHES, Secretary.

A special from Tombstone to the Tucson Citizen says: Indians attacked an American mining camp at Bacuachi, Sonora, April 20, killing Messrs. Lowry, Ray and Risk-ey. Three others made their es-

cape. The Indians carried off all the camp property of value. There are many Americans in the neighboring hills and more murders are expected. The President of Bacuachi, Senor Salazar, has ordered soldiers and volunteers to pursue the Indians and take no prisoners.

A special says: The whole population of the settlement of Gaylordsville, in the Chirichui Mountains, numbering 35, were killed, and 20 people were killed at Clifton, and on the road from Clifton to the Gila River reports were current that Nane and some renegade Apaches from Mescalero Reservation, at San Carlos, had joined in inciting an outbreak. The Indians are well armed and well supplied with ammunition. Gen. Tuero is now marching north from Janos with 200 Mexican troops to attack the Chirichui Mountains.

## FOREIGN.

LONDON, 24.—An explosion last night at the Court Theatre caused great alarm. A panic was avoided by the coolness of the Prince of Wales, who ordered his own party to sit still, and signalled the rest of the house to preserve order. It was soon discovered that there was no danger.

Darwin will be buried in Westminster Abbey, in close proximity to Sir Isaac Newton.

Mr. Gladstone's illness is slightly more serious than has been publicly stated. He is suffering from an irritation in the throat and a cough, and has relinquished all his engagements for two days. Inquiry this afternoon shows him to be much better.

MARSEILLES, 24.—A suit was opened on Saturday of the corporation of Marseilles against ex-Empress Eugenie to compel her to relinquish the Imperial chateau presented under the Empire to the Emperor by the municipality, which according to the Mayor, now belongs to the town.

DUBLIN, 24.—Parnell arrived this evening. He was much cheered at the depot but avoided the ovation as far as possible. He took a cab and was driven direct to Kilmainham jail.

LONDON, 24.—Fifty Jewish Refugees from Russia sailed on Saturday for the United States.

ROME, 25.—The Pope is seriously indisposed. His physicians advise a change of air.

BERLIN, 25.—A convention of all the committees to aid the Jews in Russia was held yesterday. The work of superintending their emigration was allotted to committees in Berlin, London, New York, Lemberg, and Galicia. There was a meeting of Jews yesterday to facilitate immigration of Jews from Russia to America and elsewhere. Four hundred families of mechanics who left Warsaw for America were stopped on the frontier. Some escaped, others are under supervision.

## APPOINTMENTS

For Quarterly Conferences until October 1st, 1882:

Salt Lake Stake, July 1st and 2d.  
Weber and Juab Stakes, April 22d and 23d, and July 22d and 23d.  
Box Elder and Tooele Stakes, April 29th and 30th, and July 29th and 30th.

Cache Valley and Wasatch Stakes, May 6th and 7th, and August 5th and 6th.

Bear Lake and Summit Stakes, May 13th and 14th, and August 12th and 13th.

Sanpete and Morgan Stakes, May 20th and 21st, and August 19th and 20th.

Millard and Sevier Stakes, May 27th and 28th, and August 26th and 27th.

Utah Stake, June 3d and 4th, and September 2d and 3d.

Davis Stake, June 10th and 11th, and September 9th and 10th.

Panguitch Stake, June 17th and 18th, and September 2d and 3d.

Kanab Stake, June 24th and 25th, and Sept. 9th and 10th.

St. George Stake, July 1st and 2d, and Sept. 16th and 17th.

Parowan Stake, July 8th and 8th, and Sept. 23d and 24th.

Beaver Stake, July 15th and 16th, and Sept. 30th and Oct. 1st.

JOSEPH F. SMITH,  
F. D. RICHARDS,  
Salt Lake City, April 15th, 1882.