

a fusillade from Marshall's companions. It is thought Dinkens fired Marshall's pistol at the latter, as it was found in his hand when dead. Marshall, Coleman, Fox and Marshall's law partner, Valens, surrendered.

Two weeks ago, Dinkens and Marshall occupied the same room but different beds, at a house in Raymond. Next morning Dinkens said Marshall was guilty of an unnatural crime. When the story came to the ears of Marshall, he denounced it as a lie through the press. Dinkens, however, maintained the story was true.

Marshall was the Democratic nominee for senator for Warren and Hinds counties. The killing is strongly condemned.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 9.—Assistant Adjutant General Bally today made a speech to Governor Altgeld on the race riot at Spring Valley. He says the trouble was caused by local disturbances among the colored and Italian miners, filled with drink. Exaggerated reports made matters worse. The local authorities are able to handle the situation. The governor has received a telegram saying the miners are at work.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—The report of the mineral resources now being issued by the geological survey gives a short account of antimony and platinum. It says that antimonial ores have been found in a number of the Western states, chiefly in Arkansas, California, Idaho, Montana, Nevada and Utah. It is usually found in the form of asphulphide, but also occurs combined with iron, copper and lead. The product of the United States has risen from 60 tons in 1882 to 250 tons in 1894, valued at \$45,000. Nearly the entire supply is from California, and is smelted at San Francisco. A lesser quantity came from Nevada. The imports were small in 1894, being valued at only \$213,000, about two-thirds of the usual amount.

The production of platinum is still insignificant. The results of the examination of the black sands of the Oregon beaches have proved a disappointment, the amount of platinum being scarcely noticeable, although the sand contains \$1.55 in gold per ton.

CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—John Anderson and George Gough, the Dunning insane asylum attendants charged with having kicked George Puck, an inmate, to death, were given a preliminary hearing today and held for murder. Anderson claims the man was violent and that Gough did the killing in an attempt to subdue the patient. The confession revealed the fact that violent patients are frequently badly beaten by the attendants at Dunning.

HENNESSY, Okla., Aug. 10.—The worst storm for years passed over this section last night. It wrecked several buildings and did damage to late corn. A car was blown off the siding and the north bound Rock Island train disabled.

GREENSBURG, Ind., Aug. 10.—There was a freight wreck on the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis road last night, near St. Paul. August Koenig, Chicago, was killed, and William Hugh, Birmingham, Ala., fatally injured.

CARROLLTON, Mo., Aug. 10.—At 11.45 o'clock tonight, after a legal battle lasting continuously since this

morning, Wm. P. and Geo. F. Taylor were sentenced to hang on October 4th next, between the hours of 6 a. m. and 5 p. m., for the murder of the Meeks family. A motion of appeal was filed. Justice Ricker, in overruling the motion for a new trial, said that no fairer trial could have been accorded any person than that given the Taylor brothers.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 12.—The funeral of Justice Howell Edmunds Jackson occurred today at Bellemeade, the famous home of his brother, General W. H. Jackson, six miles west of this city, in the presence of many distinguished men from a distance and a very large concourse of personal friends. The services were conducted by Rev. J. H. McNelly, of the Presbyterian church, and Rev. R. T. Linch, of the Christian church. A special train went to Bellemeade.

Chief Justice Fuller and Justice Brewer, of the Supreme court, were among the distinguished mourners.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—Edward M. Cameron, a millionaire, was found dead last night and it was supposed heart disease caused the death. The coroner's inquest today, however, developed the fact that he was cleaning a pistol in his room yesterday afternoon when the weapon accidentally was discharged and the bullet passed through his heart.

WINSTON, Aug. 12.—It was given out in the colored churches yesterday that an attempt was going to be made to lynch Arthur Tuttle, a negro on trial here for the murder of Policeman Vickers last May. Eighteen negroes marched to the jail, armed with pistols and guns. Mayor Gray assured the negroes there was no danger of lynching, but they did not disperse. Sheriff McArthur ordered out riflemen and swore in deputies. The mob began firing on the officers, several of whom were struck with small bird shot. None was seriously wounded. The riflemen fired several volleys into the crowd, causing the negroes to disperse. Thirteen rioters were arrested.

CITY OF MEXICO, Aug. 12.—A sharp earthquake was experienced at 8 o'clock this morning. A second shock of considerable severity occurred at 10 o'clock.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 12.—General Vincent today received the following telegram from General Choppinger, dated Jackson's Hole, Aug. 11. It had been forwarded 125 miles by courier:

"Colonel Randall, with Lieutenant Hamilton and scouting party, picked up Lemhi Pete and party of seventeen Indians, all told, male and female, with sixty ponies, hunting peacefully in the Teton mountains. He started them home for the Lemhi reservation yesterday. Have Nemite, the wounded Bannock, safely in camp. Scouting party in from the north. All quiet."

The acting secretary of the interior has approved an agreement made with the Southern Ute Indians of Colorado, whereby the majority of them will take lands in severalty, and the rest be settled on the western third of the present reservation. After the severalty allotments have been made, the lands remaining will be thrown open to settlement. The reservation contains over a million acres, and much of it is arid and broken.

PARIS, Aug. 12.—Lucien Bonaparte Wise is dead. He was born in Paris 1845, the son of Sir Thomas Wise and Princess Letitia Napoleon. He was early distinguished for his explorations in Central America. He negotiated with the Colombian government the extension for the Panama canal, and published his reports on that enterprise. For his report on this work, he was honored by the French academy. His last report on the same was published in 1891. He wrote several books of travel in South America.

VINITA, I. T., Aug. 13.—Cherokee claimant inhabitants are gathering here for a meeting to take action to secure full legal rights in the nation. They claim that the Cherokee nation has long refused to give justice to them as provided by past treaties, and they propose to appeal to Congress and the courts for redress.

CHICAGO, Aug. 13.—About 1,000 persons gathered in Quinn chapel last night to hear the report of the committee appointed last week to go to Spring Valley and investigate the causes of the recent trouble. Rev. J. M. Townsend, H. G. Parker and F. L. Barnett composed the committee. F. L. Barnett read the report. It related the experiences of the committee at Spring Valley; cited the opinion that the labor question was a factor which helped to bring about the untoward condition of affairs which had prevailed at that place, and gave a general description of the scenes of the riot as told them by eye witnesses.

Committees were then requested to carry out the propositions of the report providing for a vigorous prosecution of the rioters, the raising of a relief fund and the forming of a civic organization to prepare for all emergencies which might arise and affect colored people's interests in the state.

OAKLAND, Cal., Aug. 13.—Charles F. McDermott is perfecting an electric submarine torpedo, the invention of Dr. Gross, of Chicago, which he says will ultimately put an end to marine warfare. With his torpedo, he says, a few men could keep off the combined navies of the world. The torpedo will be completed within a week. It will be taken to Goat island, where a secret experiment will be made. An old iron bulk is to be floated, and the torpedo will be sent down below the surface of the water on its errand of destruction.

Mr. McDermott is confident that the new invention will instantly shatter and sink the bulk. He says that no warship, however strong and formidable, can survive a shock from his torpedo.

About the 1st of September a public exhibition will be given. By the use of electricity with combinations of powerful explosives Mr. McDermott says he can destroy the staunchest of vessels.

Dr. Gross, the inventor, recently manufactured and patented a new explosive more powerful than dynamite. He made arrangements to sell it to China, to be used in the war with Japan. With his explosive he crossed the Pacific, but his secret had been divulged and the Japanese government notified the Federal authorities at Washington, who enjoined him from making further negotiations with the Chinese government. The same explosive is to be used in the torpedo.