

THE DESERET NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 30.

SALT LAKE CITY, WEDNESDAY SEPTEMBER 2, 1868.

VOL. XVII.

Bishop WILLIAM BUDGE is authorized to act as GENERAL AGENT for the DESERET NEWS throughout Cache County.

AGENTS of the DESERET NEWS will please endeavor to collect what Cotton and Linen Rags they can, and forward at their earliest convenience.

N. W. SPAULDING, of San Francisco, the Patentee of the well known Spaulding's Patent Inserted Tooth Circular Saws, has commenced suit in the U. S. Circuit Court of San Francisco before Judge Field, against Wm. J. Tucker, agent for the American Saw Co., for infringement of his Patent. Alleged damages \$5,000. Contingent not exceeding three times the actual damage.

Selected Poetry.

THE LONG TO-MORROW.

Old age that strains the web of life,
And checks that shuttle's eager paces:
Brings rest from all the world's vain strife,
And leaves an old man to old faces;
And still my heart beats warmly yet,
Although grandchildren play before me,
And I can easily forget
That eighty Summers have passed o'er me.

Sweet maiden with the downcast eyes,
To whom my grandson gaily chatters,
And treasures up the low replies
You make on many foolish matters;
I wonder when a dearer name
He whispers through those shining tresses,
If you'll believe I've done the same,
And thrilled a heart with my caresses.

And when my youngest joined his ship,
So tearful at the sad home faces,
Shrunk at his mother's quivering lip,
The while he sighed for far-off places—
I wonder if he ever thought
I had my dreams of earth and glory;
But silvered hairs have sternly taught
The worth of that heroic story.

And often in the mazy throng,
When little feet are lightly dancing,
And as each maiden whirls along
The bonny eyes give sweeter glancing,
I sit apart and idly dream
That my fair youth has not departed,
And older hopes and fancies seem
To leave me far more tender hearted.

My life's gay Spring had many joys,
The Summer brought me love's first roses,
The Autumn gave me my brave boys,
I wait until the Winter closes;
Each season has in order brought
The mingled flowers of joy and sorrow,
And many an earnest lesson taught—
And so I wait the long to-morrow.

[Special to the Deseret Evening News.]

By Telegraph.

GENERAL.

Hartford, 25.—The campaign in Connecticut has been opened by George H. Pendleton, who addressed a large audience in Allen Hall, to-day.

Richmond.—A Republican mass meeting was held to-day; there was a procession of 2,000 blacks and about 50 whites, who marched through the city with flags, music, &c. Spring Square was densely crowded. Speeches were made by Gov. Wells, Gen. Wickham, formerly a rebel General, and others. There was no disturbance.

Washington.—Nathaniel Bowden, conservative member of Congress in the sixth district of North Carolina, has come out for Grant and Colfax.

Reports from South Carolina say the Democrats are treating the negroes with marked kindness, and are holding out various inducements to secure their vote for the Democratic ticket. This system is being prosecuted with all possible show of success.

South Pass City, 27.—The body of Wm. Rose was found and buried on the 27th, by the party who left here on the 24th in search of it; no Indians were seen.

A resolution was introduced in the House to-day for the appointment of a committee to investigate the charges against Gov. Warmouth of having been bribed to sign certain bills and to withhold his signature from others; also against the members of the Legislature for receiving money to secure their votes. The committee were to report to the Senate with a view to the impeachment of the Governor. The resolution was tabled, 16 to 8.

Chicago, 26.—The campaign is becoming

very active throughout the north and north-west. Both parties have a number of speakers in the field. Mass meetings are being constantly held, and great earnestness is manifested on both sides, but the canvass is progressing thus far in the most orderly manner.

The Republican's Washington special says that Secretary Browning is gone to White Sulphur Springs. He will undoubtedly represent the views of the Executive in the conference which is progressing with the rebel leaders.

A large Democratic meeting was held at Richmond on Saturday.

Washington.—Instructions have been sent from the Adjutant General's Office to the Department Commanders, relative to the use of troops in aid of the civil authorities in the south. A letter from the Attorney General is embodied in these instructions, setting forth the conditions under which the Marshals and Sheriffs may command the assistance of the military to execute lawful precepts issued by competent authority. The letter concludes as follows: "It is an obligation of military individuals, both officers and soldiers, in common with all citizens, to obey the summons of a Marshal or Sheriff, but this must be held subordinate to their permanent duty as members of a permanent military body, since troops can act only in their proper organized capacity, under their own officers and in obedience to the immediate orders of those officers. An officer commanding troops, when summoned to aid a marshal or sheriff, must also judge for himself, on his own official responsibility, whether the service required is lawful, necessary and compatible with the proper discharge of his ordinary military duties, and must limit his action absolutely, to proper aid in the execution of any lawful precept exhibited to him by the marshal or sheriff. If time will permit, every demand from a civil officer for military aid, whether for the execution of a civil process or to suppress insurrection, shall be forwarded to the President, with all the material facts of the case for his orders; and in all cases the highest commander, whose orders can be given in time to meet the emergency, will alone assume the responsibility of the action, by a timely disposition of the troops, where there is reason to apprehend a necessity for their use; and by their passive interposition between hostile parties the danger of a collision may be avoided by the Department commander. And in cases of necessity their subordinates are expected in this regard, to exercise authority on their own responsibility, and use discretion, to the end that peace may be preserved by the commanding General.

Philadelphia.—Hon. Chas. Gilpin, the present incumbent, declines to surrender the office of United States' Attorney for the Eastern district of Pennsylvania to the Hon. Charles O'Neil. The President has submitted the case to Attorney-General Evarts. Judge Cadwallader has refused to administer the oath of office to O'Neil, on the ground that his appointment was illegal.

Atlanta.—A minority of the committee on privileges and elections have presented a report against the eligibility of negro members. A point of order made that a minority could not report before a majority; the speaker overruled the point on the ground that the question had been before the committee six weeks, and that the majority had failed to make a report. The House sustained the Speaker's ruling. The Speaker also decided that one class of members on trial for ineligibility could not be allowed to vote on the eligibility of others. An appeal was taken from this decision, but the chair was sustained.

Rochester.—The fifth national convention of Spiritualists is now in session in this city. Dora M. Fox was elected President. The attendance is large.

St. Louis.—A Denver telegram says that a large band of Arapahoes are committing depredations in Southern Colorado. Gov. Hall has applied to General Sheridan for assistance.

Chicago, 27.—Specials say that Secretary Fuller has been appointed Collector of Customs at New Orleans.

Judge Advocate Holt has decided that the offences charged upon Gen. Dyer,

Chief of Ordnance, having been committed over two years before the demand for a court martial, the trial is prohibited by the Eighty-Eighth Article of War. It is understood that General Dyer will appeal to the Secretary of War.

San Francisco, Aug. 28.—The Holladay steamship company have rejected the subsidy offered by the Hawaiian Government for an additional steamer, but have decided to send a steamer every three weeks to Honolulu instead of every month.

The bark *Prosper* cleared Cape Town with 2,300 barrels of flour and 8,000 sacks of wheat, making a total equal to 70,600 sacks of wheat shipped at that port the present season.

The bark *General Cobb*, which went ashore at Blossom Rock, August 26, has been got off and towed to the dry dock for repairs.

Klopfenstein & Co., grocers, on Front street, have suspended payment.

Washington.—Judge Underwood is here endeavoring to organize the judiciary of Virginia in accordance with the 14th amendment.

Secretary Seward has informed Congress that he has entered into negotiations with the British minister, Thornton, for a new reciprocity treaty with Canada. The old treaty forms the basis for the negotiations, which will soon be in a condition for transmission to the imperial government and the Canadian government. It is expected that the treaty will be executed in time for ratification by the Senate at the December meeting of Congress.

New York, 28.—The Brooklyn Union says that at a meeting of the leading dry goods firms in New York, yesterday, it was resolved to sell no more goods to merchants in the south except for cash during the present season.

The Bricklayers' Society is forming a co-operative building association with a capital stock of \$100,000, divided into 5,000 shares.

The remains of Elliot, the artist, will lie in state at the National Academy till to-morrow, when he will be interred in Greenwood Cemetery.

The case of the sheriff's officers, who committed the outrage in the Broadway theatre, was brought before Judge Bernard, of the supreme court on a writ of *habeas corpus*. The counsel asked for their discharge from custody, but the Judge declined to interfere or to bail the prisoners, but allowed the renewal of the writs on the attending physician's certificate, with regard to the condition of the wounded men.

Jason Rogers, head of the great locomotive factory, at Patterson, New Jersey, died last evening.

Report says that the Stelson House, Long Branch, has been robbed of jewelry and clothing to the value of \$7,000 within the last few days.

Rochester.—The attendance of spiritualists at the convention, yesterday, was large. A committee was appointed on the organization of children. Mrs. Wheeler, of Ohio, addressed the convention while in a trance.

Key West.—The brig *Virginia Dale*, arrived from Aspinwall, all hands sick with the chagres fever.

New York, 27.—At a meeting of the board of health, a report was made favoring thirty days' quarantine for cattle at all the slaughter yards through New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey. No new cases of the disease have been discovered.

Washington.—Gen. Meade arrived to-day, and spent several hours at the War Department in conversation with Secretary Schofield. He will leave to-night on a short visit to Pennsylvania.

Gen. Rosecrans is expected here to-night.

The Indian Bureau has received advice from Superintendent Murphy, concurring in the views expressed in agent Wyncoop's letter, that innocent Indians who desire to preserve the treaty and pledges in good faith, should be protected; while he recommends that Indians who have been committing outrages should be severely punished.

Philadelphia.—A national convention of soldiers and sailors will be held in this city about the first of October. All governors of States during the war,

and all present Republican governors, will be invited. Generals Sherman, Thomas, Sheridan and Meade are expected.

New York.—The funeral of the artist Elliott was largely attended. Gov. Fenton and a number of prominent citizens were present.

The big monitor *Puritan* is to be laid up.

The master masons to-day again adopted resolutions to employ only ten-hour men.

The Fenian convention is very largely attended, and appearances indicate that a union of the two wings will be effected.

The horse epidemic in Brooklyn shows no signs of spreading.

Señor Decatur, editor of *La Cronica*, was to-day arrested and held for examination before the U. S. Commissioner, charged with challenging to a duel Ignacio Nomez, the Nicaraguan minister. The trouble arose from differences in opinion with regard to the course of the Spanish government towards Chili and Peru.

New Orleans.—Wm. H. King, the principal editor of the *Times*, died to-day, after a lingering illness.

Washington, D. C.—General Rosecrans has returned this evening. He states that the visit was of his own conception, and undertaken for his own personal satisfaction, to ascertain from the representative men of the South whether there were any obstacles in the way of peace between that section and the North, as he was satisfied that the power which organized and sustained the Confederacy for four years against the efforts of the United States Government to suppress the rebellion, could exercise great influence in restoring peace, order and stability everywhere, and at the same time promote all the material interests of the country. He was received by Gen. Lee and other prominent southern soldiers with marked cordiality; and in all their personal conversations they were frank and unreserved. Their conversations were mainly, in reference to advancing the common interest, irrespective of the causes which, for the time, divided the north and south, and resulted in the reconstruction acts of Congress. Gen. Rosecrans says his visit was satisfactory, and that the temper and love of those southerners are worthy of patriotic citizens. He says there is no authority for the statement that he intends to issue an address, signed by those with whom he has been in conference.

Chicago, 28.—The Republican's special says, that Commissioner Rollins, acting under the advice of his friends, has decided to compromise with Secretary McCulloch, by the appointment of half the Supervisor's from the Democratic candidates.

Chicago.—Another section of twenty miles of the Union Pacific Railroad has been completed. The road is now running 780 miles west of Omaha.

Chicago.—Letters from Arkansas report a terrible condition of affairs in that State. In several counties the courts had been dispersed by armed bands of rebels. A fight occurred at Lewisburg recently between several hundred rebels and a small force of Union men; the latter were compelled to fall back. There have been a hundred attempts made to kill others.

Chelsea, Mass.—Burlingame and the Chinese Embassy visited this city to-day, and met an enthusiastic reception.

New York, 30.—In the Fenian convention yesterday, John Savage resigned his position as sub-executive, but the convention refused to accept it. A proposition has been made that Gen. O'Neill and the Fenian Senate shall co-operate with the convention in effecting the union of branches. Gen. O'Neill's absence prevented definite action, but the committee expect his presence and a final answer to-day.

The young girl, who was killed on Thursday night, at Peekskill, by the Hudson River train, proves to have been violated by two ruffians, and left on the track insensible. The villains were not arrested.

The question of a September session of Congress has been discussed, and the opinion is quite decided that a call for a session at that time will be issued.