

GEORGE Q. CANNON,  
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Monday June 4, 1879.

## SMALL POX.

Notwithstanding the unusually backward spring, and cool weather, the advent of the hot season may now be looked for very shortly. As the summer diseases, such as scarlatina, dysentery, &c., so prevalent and fatal among children here, make their appearance soon after the commencement of hot weather, it would be well if the sanitary and other officers of the various cities and settlements throughout the Territory would adopt every precaution; within their power to prevent the development of these, or other diseases, of a contagious character. To all such laudable measures the people generally should respond with their hearty co-operation, by thoroughly cleansing and sweetening every nook and corner of their dwellings, and as far as they possibly can, of outbuildings in the vicinity of their dwellings. No water should be allowed to stand in cesspools, drains or sloughs to stagnate and decompose, rendering the air impure and helping to develop disease of a pestilential character. All remnants of decomposing vegetable or animal substances within, or in the vicinity of dwellings should be removed and destroyed or they will become a likely source of disease as the weather becomes warmer.

We desire to call the attention of the people to the subject of health more especially at this time, on account of the re-appearance of small pox in the Territory. There was a rumor in circulation some time ago that a sister, while on her return home from the late General Conference, fell sick of this disease at Bountiful; this was subsequently denied; but whether true or not, there is no doubt that at least two bona fide cases now exist in Morgan county, one in Morgan City, the other in Peterson's settlement. On Friday last we received a letter from the former place, conveying this information, but as the letter had no signature, we were in doubt as to the amount of reliability to be attached to it; but on Saturday the information was confirmed by W. Eddington, Esq., Mayor of Morgan, who had just arrived in this city from that place.

For the past year or two, during the hot season, this terrible malady has raged with considerable violence in portions of California and Nevada. Last spring it made its appearance in Utah, at Coalville, Summit county, and but for the prompt and energetic measures of the authorities there, the results would, in all likelihood, have been very serious. The fact of its having made its appearance again this spring is proof that vigilance is necessary to prevent and check its spread, for if it be permitted to gain a foothold in our Territory, where children are so very numerous, the consequences might be of the most grievous character.

The small pox is one of the most fearful and fatal of all infectious diseases; but there is one thing in connection with it, which robs it of some of its terrors, namely that proper sanitary regulations, rigorously enforced, will do much to check it. This was shown last spring at Coalville, where the measures adopted by the authorities of the city, with the blessing of God, undoubtedly prevented its increase, and in a very short time extirpated everything favorable to its development. We hope to hear immediately of similar results attending the efforts of the authorities of Morgan City and county.

Coalville was quarantined, for some time, and a healthful place provided, some distance from the town, to which every fresh patient was conveyed as fast as the symptoms of the disease were developed. We were glad to learn from Bro. Eddington, on Saturday, that a hospital has been established, in a healthful place some distance from Morgan City, to which the patient afflicted with the disease, and his family were promptly removed. If more cases make their appearance the strictest system of quarantine should be carried, and no person be permitted either to leave or enter Morgan City until the malady has disappeared.

Owing to the excellent Ward organization existing in all our cities and settlements, there is no place in the world where the people are so capable of carrying out measures to resist the inroads of epidemic and contagious diseases as in this Territory. We hope the bishops and teachers in every city, and more particularly in the districts where the small pox has made its appearance, will at once adopt every precaution necessary to ensure and promote health. In places where the disease has already made its appearance visiting the houses of those afflicted should be prohibited, unless there be an absolute necessity for such visits. Some people are heedless, or ignorant of the serious results that might ensue therefrom. We do not advocate anything approaching inhumanity or unkindness to the afflicted; but we do think that visiting and waiting upon patients should be done by those who have already had the disease, and are safe from the attacks.

If the above precautions be carefully attended to, cleanliness in person, and in dwellings and surroundings be strictly attended to, and the Word of Wisdom, or great care, be observed in eating and drinking and in all the habits of life, we see no need to fear the prevalence of this or any other malady of a contagious character in our midst. And if there were no probability of the appearance of anything of the kind, the practice of the measures hinted at here—within the reach of all,—cannot be other than beneficial, for they are certainly more necessary to the preservation of the general health of the people in the hot season than at any other portion of the year.

## VISITORS TO BRIGHAM CITY.

The plan of having excursion trains occasionally from this city to the cities north, by the Utah Central, we think is a very good one, and that during the summer they will be convenient and pleasurable to the people here, and profitable to the Utah Central company. Yesterday and the day before quite a number availed themselves of the opportunity thus afforded to visit Brigham City, and to be present at the meetings held on the occasion of the visit of President Young and party. A great many more, we understand, would have gone, had they known of any means of getting from the switch to the city—a distance of two-and-a-half miles.

We are pleased to say that the citizens of Brigham, to show their appreciation of and pleasure at the visit of their friends and brethren turned out in large numbers well provided with teams in which to transport all who might arrive from the switch to the city. The teams provided were in excess of the demand both yesterday morning and the morning before. Last night, too, the same accommodation was extended, and all who desired to return were driven from the city to the switch in time for the returning train. We think this is much to the praise of the citizens of Brigham, and we have no doubt it will encourage many more to take advantage of such excursions on future occasions.

## ALL THE PHARISEES NOT DEAD YET.

THE *Columbian Weekly Register*, of the 28th ult., published at New Haven, Conn., says:

"Cragin, of New Hampshire, made a furious speech in Congress, a day or two since, against the Mormons, and their style of matrimony—which is bad enough, in all conscience—but he would put it down with fire and sword—for which there is no authority in Congress. But why go off to Utah, when there is a 'community' in Oneida, N. Y., where men and women are living together, in direct violation of the local law, and without even a pretence of marriage? If Congress is determined on 'a matrimonial crusade' of this kind, it will be cheaper to march on Oneida, than Utah—and with just as much propriety."

We say with far more propriety, so far as the question of morality is concerned, and that is the string on which the pharisees harp so strongly. In Utah every marriage is regarded as a solemn and religious rite, and every woman, whether she be first or tenth wife, is respected as a wife. And the same is true with the children, every one has equal claims, and is regarded as legitimate by the whole people. But among the free-love communities of the East how is it? Every law, human and divine is disregarded and violated in the most shameful manner. Yet the righteous souls of those who are so exercised over the marriage system of the people of Utah can look upon the wholesale indiscriminate intercourse of the sexes there practiced, and upon the wholesale bastardy resulting from it without being in the least troubled. Verily the scribes and pharisees are not yet dead, and they retain the traditions and practices of their fathers with wonderful tenacity. They are as much given to saying long prayers to be seen and heard of men, and to wearing borders and phylacteries on their garments as they were when the Redeemer uttered His scathing denunciation against them eighteen centuries ago. For the special benefit of the race we refer them to the twenty-third chapter of Matthew's Gospel; they will find every symptom of their case there described, and their doom foretold.

(SPECIAL TO THE DESERT NEWS.)

## By Telegraph.

## AFTERNOON DISPATCHES.

## CONGRESSIONAL.

## SENATE.

Confirmed-Pacific Railroad Company to take up coal lands—Indian policy discussed.

Robertson reported a bill, removing political disabilities from over six thousand persons, residents of eighteen different States, and the District of Columbia.

Wayne McVeigh was confirmed minister to Turkey.

There was a two hours' discussion without action on the nomination of Benj. F. Potts, of Ohio, for Governor of Montana, vice Ashley to be removed.

Sherman, Morton, Howard and others favored, and Sumner, Nye, Cameron and others opposed this nomination.

A bill was introduced authorizing the Pacific Railroad to take up all the coal lands necessary to operate the road.

Ramsay, from the Pacific Railroad committee, reported a bill to encourage the construction of the international railroad of Texas. It contains no appropriation in lands or money.

Williams called up the joint resolution to increase the pay of census takers. He said the work in the Pacific States would be a failure unless increased pay be allowed. Various amendments were rejected, and action on this resolution was cut off by the expiration of the morning hour.

The consideration of the appropriation bill was resumed and an amendment, appropriating thirty thousand for wages, teams, tools and live stock for the northern Superintendent of Indians, was discussed, as was, at length, the Indian quaker policy.

## HOUSE.

## A monument to General Lyon.

A joint resolution was passed giving command and honor for a monument to General Lyon, at North Springfield, Mo.

## VIRGINIA.

## Indicted for Forgery and Fraud.

RICHMOND.—The grand jury has indicted ex-mayor Chaborn for forgery, and Johnson H. Sands and Richard S. Sanox, two ex-officers, for conspiring to defraud the State of \$700, the amount due it from the estate of Jacob Hamstine, deceased. Chaborn was bailed in forty thousand dollars; the others are being searched for.

## ILLINOIS.

## Struck Dead and Murdered.

CHICAGO.—During a thunder-storm to-day, three workmen engaged on a new building on North Avenue, were struck by lightning and instantly killed. Four of their companions were shocked.

Reports from various parts of the West say that rains fell last night and to-day; there has been very little rain for the past sixty days in this section. To-day a woman was murdered and found on the railroad track near this city.

## CALIFORNIA.

## Petition to Congress—The Boston party.

SAN FRANCISCO, 4.—A petition, asking Congress to aid the California Southern Coast railroad, not the Southern Pacific, has been numerously signed and will be forwarded to General Rosecrans.

The Boston party are the guests of General Ord. To-day they visited the fortifications and received salutes.

## OHIO.

## Distillers Seized.

CINCINNATI.—A commotion has been caused among the distillers of the 3rd district, caused by recent seizures by Collector Williams, for the alleged violation of the revenue laws in 1887-8. Yesterday the Collector seized about half a dozen.

## WASHINGTON.

## More about the funding bill.

WASHINGTON.—The funding bill of the Ways and Means Committee will prohibit banks selling gold or purchasing bonds. The clause requiring national banks to exchange their present bonds for the new four per cent bonds, is stricken out.

## NEW YORK.

A big performance of "Hamlet"—Arrival of school teachers.

It is rumored that Hamlet will be performed, for the dramatic fund benefit, this month, with Booth and Fechter, both Wallace's daughters, Bringham, Jefferson, Showell, Barnes, Williams, Miss Leachy and Mrs. J. W. Wallace in the cast.

The school teachers arrived from California to-day; the excursion is under the auspices of the San Francisco Board of Education.

## FOREIGN NEWS.

## CANADA.

Fires in the Woods—British Columbia wants to become a member of the Dominion.

QUEBEC.—Another destructive fire is raging in the woods in the neighborhood of Trinity Bay, and still another some miles up the river, and another at Point aux Trembles. Should the present drouth continue the ravages by fire will be great.

Delegates from British Columbia are now here; they have laid before the Dominion Council propositions respecting the entrance of that colony into the Dominion.

## RUSSIA.

## Chinese embassy to return home.

St. Petersburg.—Official papers reiterate the statement that the Chinese embassy will return home overland via Siberia.

## PORTUGAL.

## Minister to Spain.

LONDON.—The appointment of Senor Dacosta as the Portuguese ambassador to Madrid is officially published.

## ITALY.

## Infatigability.

ROME.—Yesterday, on the demand of a hundred and fifty fathers, at the end of the discussion on infatigability, the scheme was pronounced. On Monday the discussion of the chapter will commence.

## FRANCE.

## Proceedings in the Cortes.

PARIS.—The proceedings in the Spanish Cortes, yesterday, were almost entirely devoted to the question of the future ruler. A proposition was made that no candidate shall be selected unless he received a majority equal to half the number of the Cortes, but it was resolved to take into consideration a hundred and six to ninety-eight. This decision was received with great applause. This is regarded as equivalent to Motenier's defeat, who has only 89 votes, and who, if this proposition be carried, will require one hundred and seventy-nine.

STRANGE STORY.—An extraordinary, and, without, curious story regarding the probable discovery of the copper fastened coffin containing the body of the renowned explorer De Soto, is told by the *Memphis Appeal*. It appears that Capt. John Cowdon, who for years has devoted himself to the task of dragging up wrecked vessels from the fathomless abysses along the Mississippi, has studied the peculiarities and wonders of that mighty river as none have done before; his diving-bell boat, with its rude machinery, is the wonder of all. In this curiously-formed structure of naval architecture he makes his endless voyages, and not long since dragged up from the bottom of the Arkansas a locomotive and train of cars. It is affirmed that beneath one of the countless forest-crowned islands which dot the "Father of Waters" there rests a steamer on which are 500 barrels of brandy and at least 300 of whiskey. The Captain has marked this spot and proposes to "invade the great rum-hole of the dwellers at the bottom of the Mississippi." Another steamer, the *Tennessee*, was sunk about thirty years ago, having \$80,000 in gold in an iron safe on board. She rests beneath another island which Cowdon has often traversed. For several weeks past he has been making a survey of other localities which may contain uncounted wealth, and while inspecting the water-line along the eastern shore he discovered the bow of a small copper-fastened vessel protruding into the river. It was also observed that trees from five to seven feet in diameter grew immediately above the boat buried beneath, and that the roots of these gigantic cypresses were twined about the ancient vessel. The theory of John Cowdon is, that, considering its dimensions, twice as great as those of a modern yawl, it is a copper fastening, the length of time it has shown beneath the soil and water, as shown by the mighty trees that stand above it, the sunken craft contains the body of the 300 years buried De Soto.

It is related that a merchant in a town, not a thousand miles from the goodly city of Hamilton, recently hired a new clerk, and, of course, initiated him at once into the mysteries of the "trade mark." The same afternoon the newly inducted knight of the yardstick was shewing some goods to a lady customer, when she demurred at the price of the article. The feelings of the merchant may be imagined when the young man called at the top of his voice: "What shall I sell this for? It is marked four dollars and a half, and cost fifty cents." The engagement with the clerk soon terminated.

## Special Notices.

EXCITEMENT still runs high at the Mammoth Shoe and Hat Store, caused by goods being sold still cheaper than ever.

BUILDING ROCK: One to two hundred cords of good Building Rock, for sale. For particulars apply to J. J. Thayer, 1st Ward. d127-11

SHINGLES wanted at this office. d128-11

THE FASHIONABLE PUBLIC have endorsed Burnett's Occitane as an unrivalled hair dressing.

ALWAYS DELIGHTFUL.—The lofter Burnett's Florida for the handkerchief is subjected to the atmosphere, the more refreshing and delicious its aroma becomes.

LADIES after bathing, who suffer from the smarting effects of soap, will find instant relief in the use of Burnett's Kaillaton.

BURNETT'S COLOGNE WATER enjoys the highest reputation among the ladies.—*Louisville Journal*.

ASTHMA.—Until Whitecomb's Remedy was discovered no sure specific was found.

"Astounding but true."

That BOOLEY'S CHEMICAL YEAST BAKING POWDER is not only the best but the cheapest in market. It is entirely free from any deleterious substances, and compounded with such scrupulous exactness that the contents of each can are the same, and will produce the same results every time. It is unequalled for making biscuits, rolls, cakes, pastry, &c.—at once healthy and nutritious. Full weight in each package. Grocers everywhere keep it.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE ABOUT THAT LUMBER!

THE man who took that Load of 1½ inch LUMBER from the Lumber Yard, in the southwest corner of 12th Ward, on the 26th of April last, is hereby requested to call and settle for the same, and have having his name put on the paper, as he is known by the carpenters in the shop adjoining the yard. S. A. WOOLLEY. d165-2

## Z. C. M. I.

Mrs. COLEBROOK

Is constantly receiving the Latest Styles of Hats, Bonnets, Ribbons, Flowers, Laces, Blonds, Plumes.

A Splendid Assortment of Home Made Hats!

LADIES OWN MATERIAL MADE UP.

Reference H. B. Cliswell, Esq., Supt. Z.C.M.I. 147 1m.

## WANTED!

A NUMBER of Sheep Shearers.

Apply to C. CRISMON, 14th Ward, or to E. M. WELLS, 3d Ward. C. CRISMON, d163-4

## CHAMPAGNE

ON

## DRAUGHT

AT THE

## SALT LAKE BILLIARD

ROOM.

d163-1m

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

## LAND BOARD OF TRADE!

I WILL sell the following described parcels of Land, separately.

ON SATURDAY, JUNE, 25, At 10 o'clock, a.m., to the highest bidder for Cash, in front of FAUST'S STABLES.

SALT LAKE CITY PLAT.

Lot 2 Block 38 Plat B. " 3 " 21 " " " 2 & 3 " 27 " " " BIG FIELD SURVEY, 5 ACRE LOTS.

Block 7 Lots 14, 15, 16, 17 Lots 7, 8, 9, containing 30 Acres.

H. J. FAUST, Assignee, for M. J. SNEDAKER.

d163-3w

J. P. MEIK, Homopathic practitioner will meet patients at the DESERT NEWS Office, from 11 to 2, daily, Sunday excepted and at his Residence, immediately south of the 9th Ward Meeting House, up to 8 a.m. and from 6 p.m.

TERMS MODERATE.

Advice and medicines free to applicants in straightened circumstances. Chronic cases undertaken, and remedies sent by post to parties at a distance. Six cents in postage stamps must be forwarded by all applicants in order to ensure a reply.

Address P.O. Box No. 29, Salt Lake City.

J. P. MEIK.

HOMOPATHIC PRACTITIONER Salt Lake City, April 1879. d121-2aw 10-14

REPAIRS, REFINING, &c. Sewing Machines, call on

JAMES THOMSON.

At his Commission and Trading Depot, half a block east of the Post office. I will accept of an agency for the sale of Lumber, Lath and Shingles.

d162-1m JAMES THOMSON

## CENTRAL &amp; WESTERN PACIFIC RAILROADS

Time Schedule, May 16, 1879.

EASTWARD.			
Station	Express Train Daily	Hotel & Mail Train Daily	Emigrant Train Daily
San Francisco	Le 8:00AM	8:00AM	4:00PM
Oakland	" 8:30 "	" 8:30 "	" 4:30 "
San Jose	" 8:45 "	" 8:45 "	" 4:45 "
Stockton	" 9:00AM	" 9:00AM	" 5:00AM
Sacramento	Ar 10:00 "	10:00 "	" 6:00 "
Sacramento	Le 2:10 "	2:10PM	9:00AM
Yuba City	" 2:30 "	" 2:30 "	" 9:20 "
Marysville	" 4:00 "	" 4:00 "	" 1:00PM
Colfax	" 4:00 "	" 4:00 "	" 1:00 "
Yuba	" 4:15 "	" 4:15 "	" 1:15 "
Reno	" 1:15AM	1:15AM	4:45AM
Wadsworth	" 2:50 "	" 2:50 "	" 8:45 "
Winnemucca	" 9:10 "	" 9:10 "	" 10:15PM
Battle Mountain	" 12:00 "	" 12:00 "	" 8:50AM
Carlin	" 3:10PM	" 3:10PM	" 10:00 "
Eiko	" 4:40 "	" 4:40PM	" 12:30PM
Kelso	" 4:50AM	" 4:50AM	" 4:45AM
Corbute	" 4:50AM	" 4:50AM	" 5:00PM
Ogden	Ar 6:00 "	6:00AM	" 5:00 "

WESTWARD.

Station	Express Train Daily	Hotel & Mail Train Daily	Emigrant Train Daily
Ogden	Le 6:00PM	6:00PM	5:00PM
Corbute	" 7:15 "	" 7:15 "	" 7:30 "
Kelso	" 10:42 "	" 10:42 "	" 1:30AM
Eiko	" 8:45 "	" 8:45AM	" 7:15PM
Carlin	" 10:15 "	" 10:15 "	" 9:45 "
Battle Mountain	" 1:25PM	" 1:25PM	" 3:05AM
Winnemucca	" 4:05PM	" 4:05PM	" 9:00AM
Wadsworth	" 10:45 "	" 10:45 "	" 9:00PM
Reno	" 1:00AM	1:00AM	" 11:30 "
Yuba	" 3:35 "	" 3:35 "	" 11:37 "
Colfax	" 8:45 "	" 8:45 "	" 4:00PM
Marysville	" 9:10 "	" 9:10 "	" 5:05 "
Yuba City	" 10:30 "	" 10:30 "	" 6:30 "
Sacramento	Ar 11:25 "	11:25AM	" 6:30 "
Sacramento	Le 11:45AM	11:45AM	7:00AM
Stockton	" 1:40PM	" 1:40PM	" 8:45 "
San Jose	" 6:30 "	" 6:30 "	" 12:45PM
Oakland	" 5:30 "	" 5:30 "	" 12:10 "
San Francisco	" 6:00 "	6:00PM	" 12:40 "

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Supt. C.P.R.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Passenger Agent, Sacramento.

d165-1f

## NOTICE.

LOST on the 30th day of May, a NOTE OF \$2.00, dated January 25, 1880, for \$500.00 on H. Dinwoodey, in favor of Arthur A. Needham, it has endorsement on its back. Payment of said note is hereby stopped. The holder will be rewarded by leaving it at H. DINWOODEY'S Office, East Temple Street, Salt Lake City. d165-2

## EXECUTOR'S NOTICE!

ALL persons knowing themselves to be indebted to the estate of Wm. F. Appleby, deceased, are requested to settle the same immediately, and all persons having claims against said estate will present the same for settlement, within one year, or be forever barred. Settlement may be made with H. H. Robertson, Esq., WM. F. APPLEBY, Executor. d165-1w d125-2w

## Assignees' Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that on Wednesday, June 15th, 1879, we will offer for sale at Public Auction, in ECHO CITY, U. T., the property known as the BROWLEY HOUSE, consisting of an Hotel and two Stores and a Billiard Hall, together with the premises upon which said property is situated. Also, Three Billiard Tables. Also, a certain tract of Land, situated in Summit county, Utah Territory, known as the Hanging Rock Station, containing one hundred and sixty acres. A valuable vein of Coal is supposed to exist on said premises. Terms of sale—One-half cash down, balance in thirty days; approved paper.

JAMES M. CARTER, CHAS. H. HEMPHREY, Assignees.

d163-1d

## WANTED

SOME person or persons to furnish LOGS at our mill in Big Cottonwood Canyon for fuel for sawing lumber or other paper. A good range of cattle, and timber handy. Enquire for N. WHIPPLE & SONS, 11th Ward, or at City.

F. G. GERHART, H. W. DIONISIUS, CERHART & DIONISIUS, Copper Distillers of Bourbon and Rye.

Wholesale dealers in Foreign and Domestic Liquors.

No. 27 LOCUST STREET, ST. LOUIS, MO. d161-1m

W. H. SKIES, Foreign and Domestic Liquors.

No. 27 LOCUST STREET, ST. LOUIS, MO. d161-1m

Foreign and Domestic Liquors.

d161-1m

## FOR SALE CHEAP!

TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS WORTH OF

## DELICIOUS ICE CREAM!

AND

## GODDARD'S CELEBRATED CIDER

ooms fitted up expressly for Families in the

BASEMENT.

All kinds of available pay taken to accommodate persons with LARGE FAMILIES.

GEO. GODDARD, Proprietor, in the BASEMENT, d157-1m

## The New Millinery Establishment.

## MRS. STENHOUSE