AN EX-EDITOR'S SATURDAY TALK.

Probably no man of modern times has occupied so large a place in the financial world, especially in the American part of it, as Jay Gould. A quiet, unobtrusive, yet very shrewd, and persistent man, he has by his combinations achieved a wonderfully high position in controlling gigantic schemes and enterprises and making himself felt in the world of finance. He has accumulated during his brief life, for he was not an old man, an almost incalculable amount of wealth. Judging by the price that have been taken for a long time by purveyors of news to let the country know concerning his health, it is evident that it was felt that much depended upon his life. He has not been in good health for some time. It was with a view to its improvement that he has visited Idaho for several summers past, stopping at Soda Springs part of the time, and at other springs in Idaho, hoping to derive benefit therefrom.

The news of his death, though not entirely unexpected, is still somewhat of a surprise. It suggests many reflections. Here is a man, probably the most successful financier of the age, who has devoted his entire time and talent to the accumulation of wealth and with the most successful results; but he is called away, and not one dollar of that for which he has labored so long and arduously has he taken with him! In view of this fact, it is pertinent to ask, has his life been a success? Can any man be called successful who cannot retain the fruits of his labor, but soon it slip from his grasp despite every effort he may make to cling to it? The riches he has labored for, by an immutable decree belong to the earth and by no process can they be taken from it; they can only be left here for others to enjoy.

It is among the strange peculiarities of human nature that, notwithstanding men have seen from the beginning of time, the uselessness of their piling up riches, with the hope of taking them with them or awaking themselves of their benefits hereafter, so many of them will nevertheless persistently devote their entire time and attention to their pursuit. One would naturally think that, seeing as we all do, the utter futility of trying to hold on to earthly substance when death comes, mankind would turn their attention to the acquisition of those things which they can take with them and not be compelled to leave behind. The Savior illustrated the idea in the remarks which He made, when He was on the earth, to His disciples respecting earthly and heavenly treasure. He said:

"Lay not up for yourselves treasures upon earth, where moth and rust doth corrupt, and where thieves break through and steal:

"But lay up for yourselves treasures in heaven, where neither moth nor rust doth corrupt, and where thieves do not break through nor steal:

"For where your treasure is, there will your heart be also."

This was the advice of one who understood earthly and heavenly things better than any other being that ever trod the earth. Yet, though coming from such a source and sustained as His counsel is by all human experience, how few there are who take it to heart or who act upon it! As to how far the deceased financier may have taken notice of this teaching of the Savior, or how much he may have done in the way of laying up treasures in heaven, I do not know. God is his Judge. He may have done thousands of acts of kindness and philanthropy and no mention of it be made in a way to reach the public ear. It is not a safe thing to pronounce a harsh judgment upon a man as sensitive as he was.

He had a brother who lived in this city, Mr. Abraham Gould, and he acquired the reputation while here of being one of the most charitable of men. He respected the rights of the poor, and, being in the coal business at a time when coal was scarce, he exhibited a fairness that was encomiumed from all the poor who were brought in contact with him. If he made any discrimination between the rich and the poor, it was said to have been in favor of the latter. For aught I know his brother Jay may have been equally kind and charitable in his sphere. This I do know, that when falsehood and calumny filled the land against the people of Utah, he was their friend and was not afraid to speak of them in their true light and to defend them.

As to the teachings of the Savior on many points they find but little favor with the world generally. Even professed Latter-day Saints think some of Heavenly things impracticable under present conditions. They look upon them as beautiful in theory but unsuited to the every-day life of man as society is now organized. They appear to think that His instructions might be carried out in an ideal state of society such as exists in heaven; but not on the earth.

They, however, who indulge in this view are greatly mistaken. If anything can be relied upon that is said to come from a divine source, it is that the Creator designs to introduce on earth such rules and regulations for the government of human conduct as will illustrate practically the principles which the Savior taught. The more they are examined and tested by the higher light which God gives, the more philosophical and true they appear. While it would not be wise for man to neglect earthly affairs, he institutive in those labors by which he derives physical sustenance and comfort, at the same time it is equally foolish to devote one's entire time and attention to these objects. Does not the experience of mankind in all ages prove that it is folly for men to spend their entire lives in piling up earthly riches? If, by any possibility, they could take these riches with them when they left, there might, perhaps, be some sense in spending life in acquiring them. But this is not the case. The saving, therefore, of the Savior is of the highest importance and embodies the most profound wisdom. When He says to mankind, "Lay not up for yourselves treasures upon earth, . . . but lay up for yourselves treasures in heaven," Latter-day Saints have not only the words of the great Head of their Church to rely upon and guide them in relation to these matters, but the voice of humanity through all the generations of time sustains the truth of His teachings.

It is well for mankind to give some thought to other subjects and pursuits than those which pertain to this earthly existence. Man possesses what may be termed a dual nature. There is the tabernacle of flesh and bones, tangible to all our senses; but there is also a spiritual organism which, if not as tangible to the outer senses, needs equal care with the body. Under proper treatment that spiritual organism can be developed, it can be enlarged, it can be placed in possession of knowledge and of a faith which is power. It can, by proper treatment and culture, be prepared to move in an exalted sphere; or, on the other hand, it can be starved if nourishment is withheld from it, and be dwarfed and made to shrink.

There is no pursuit that has a more withering effect upon the soul of man than the pursuit of riches. It narrows up the mind, it dries up tender and benevolent feelings, it hardens the heart and unsolidifies religious pleasant. Latter-day Saints of all people should be free from such a passion.

Within Our Gates.

Judge Miner was absorbed on a corner adjoining Main street this morning. He seemed to be looking for a target, but probably was thinking of something else.

Samuel Bateman, of West Jordan, came in last evening and went home today. He dodged with some warmth the statement that he came to see if he could get Mr. Barrett to engage in a boat race on Main street with him.

A. F. Ferr, of Logan, a representative citizen in all respects and a Democrat of long standing, was down today and enjoying himself as much as the lack of the enforcement of the irrigation law on our principal thoroughfares would permit.

President Angus M. Cannon came in yesterday from his mine in Dagway. He says he has run a shaft down 100 feet and it is now in a two-foot ledge of ore that assays 65 per cent lead and about 20 ounces in silver. He reports everything at that place in a promising condition, but much business cannot be done until a railroad is built to that country.

R. Cluff, Esq., principal of the Brigham Young academy of Provo, paid the News office a visit this morning. That excellent institute of learning has a publication of its own—the Normal—a neat little semi-monthly magazine of which H. M. Warner is managing editor, Weston Vernon business manager and Guy C. Wilson secretary. We are indebted to Mr. Cluff for a copy and find some excellent articles in it, among those are "The genius of the academy," one giving an account of the organization together with a description of the workings of the intermediate school, and a well written contribution on "Science and religion." Price $1.25 a year.

STARTLED COUNCILMEN.

The Presence of Deputy U. S. Marshal Excite the City Fathers.—Simondi's Plan of Escape.

There was a very amusing incident in connection with last night's City Council meeting. It was caused by the presence in the council chamber of three deputy United States marshals, the chief of whom was Batson Cannon. The officers sat quietly in their chairs at the rear of the hall for several hours listening to motions and ordinary discussions and exhibited signs of uneasiness and an apparent desire for the proceedings to come to an end. There was a brief recess for a few minutes to allow the members an opportunity to informally consult with each other in relation to a matter which had been under consideration for some time. One of the members had the curiosity to inquire of Mr. Cannon what himself and brother officers wished, and it seems he replied that they had legal papers to serve on each councilman as soon as the session was over. This statement passed quickly from one of the city fathers to the other until all had been apprised of it and all wondered what it meant. Councilman Simondi was most excited over the affair, and when the deputy marshals stepped out onto the landing at the head of the stairs for a few minutes, he suggested immediate adjournment and escape through an open window on the east leading into the fire department.

Other members with more nerve decided to "hold the fort" irrespective of what the mission of the marshals might mean. However, Messrs. Simondi and Hyer put their hats and coats and stepped out for about twenty minutes. On their return the officers had all gone and it was given out later that they had simply dropped in to see the show.

Articles of incorporation have been filed with Territorial Secretary Sells by the Mineral Hill Mining company. The capital stock is $100,000, divided into 200,000 shares of the par value of $1 each. President, Walter W. Street, Farmington, vice president, John Mitchell, Salt Lake, secretary and treasurer, James H. Robinson, Farmington. The stockholders and the number of shares held by each are: Walter W. Street, 15,000; T. A. Street, 10,000; Jacob Miller, 15,000; J. H. Robinson, 15,000; Thomas Bond, 15,000; J. J. Bond, 15,000; C. L. Robinson, 15,000; P. D. Bond, 15,000; Jacob C. Miller, 15,000; Hall Gem of Farmington; John McFarlane, 10,000; T. A. Smith, 10,000, of Haller.

AS TO CITY WEIGHMASTERS

Special Provisions in Relation to Weighing Coal.

PENALTIES FOR THEIR VIOLATION.

Certificates of Weight to be Given with Each Load of Coal or Other Merchandise.

The newly passed measure providing for the appointment of city weighmasters and defining their duties and fixing their compensation was submitted to Mayor Baskin for his approval today.

The measure provides that the Mayor with the concurrence of the Council may appoint such number of persons as he deems necessary, to be city weighmasters who shall be subject to removal by him.

Each person so appointed shall before entering upon the duties of his office, subscribe and file with the city recorder, an oath of office to the effect that he will faithfully and honestly and without fear or favor or partiality perform all the duties of his office according to law, to the best of his knowledge, skill and ability. He shall give a bond of $1,000 for the faithful performance of his duties as weighmaster. He shall keep at his own expense a scale or scales of some standard pattern and sufficient draft to weigh team and wagon and any ordinary load of coal, hay or merchandise; also to attend said scales himself or deputies during business hours, except Sundays, and correctly weigh all articles or loads offered for which the requisite fee is tendered. He shall keep a record showing the articles weighed at each draft, for and to whom the same is weighed and the gross weight and net weight of each draft. He shall deliver to each person for whom a draft is weighed a certificate in writing signed by himself or deputy, showing the article weighed, the name of the seller and the buyer and the net weight of each draft, showing the date and time of weighing. The weighmaster shall keep the scales accurately balanced at all times and shall have them tested at least once a week by the city sealer of weights and measures. Such weighmasters are authorized to charge 5 cents for each ton of coal weighed and for two tons 10 cents. Any weighmaster who shall charge any person in excess of what is allowed by law, shall be subject to a fine of not less than $10 nor more than $100 and for the second offense shall forfeit his appointment. For giving a certificate of false weight he shall upon conviction be subject to a fine of not less than $50 and not more than $200 and shall on conviction forfeit his office.

The ordinance also provides that the city auditor shall be permitted by himself or agent to examine, at his pleasure, the books required to be kept by the weighmasters, and that he be required, at often as once a week, to make such examination.

Justice Jottings.

Frank Stevens plead guilty this forenoon in Justice Gee's court to petit larceny. Sentence was deferred until this afternoon.

The case of P. D. Cliff for violating the sanitary ordinance was dismissed on his promise to clean up his premises.

William Lloyd, Charles Williams and Charles Woods were sent to jail for five days for drunkenness.

OGDEN NEWS.

A Railroad Damage Suit.—The School Board Election.—Other Items.

[Junius Standard.]

The board of education last night opened the bids for piping the water from the Washington avenue main to the First ward building: W. J. Dallmore, $171; Harting & Snedding, $150.95; James Macbeth, $170; A. W. Mead, $175; Boyle & Halverson, $149; F. H. Balle, $143. The bid of Harting & Snedding was accepted and the contract awarded.

Last evening a street car going south struck a large black dog half a block north of the Ogden river bridge mangling it into and unrecognized mass of flesh and bone. The collision threw the most trucks of the car from the track, but the other trucks kept the rails. No injuries were caused to the passengers. A work car was at once sent out and the car replaced on the track.

In the case of C. A. H. McKinley vs. John Q. Leavitt et al., an order was entered setting aside the decree entered on December 1, 1892; a motion for a nonsuit to allow the defendants, F. J. Hood and Julian Hood, to amend their answers, was submitted and taken under advisement. A motion for a new decree was submitted and taken under advisement.

The two boys who escaped from the Reform school on Wednesday night are still at large and no traces of them have been found.

Register Mateen will now destroy the ballots cast at the recent election, the necessary twenty days having elapsed and no challenges being made.

The work of removing the old shacks which have long stood in the way of the opening up of Hudson avenue was was begun yesterday and the street will soon be ready for travel.

The sewers in the new district are rapidly nearing completion. Two contractors are now engaged on Twenty-seventh street near Grant avenue. Contrary to expectations, the water and quicksand usually encountered in the lower parts of the city, are not causing much trouble.

The hearing in the damage suit of Eugene Swinerton vs. the Union Pacific railway company occupied the entire day in Judge Miner's court yesterday and was continued when court adjourned last evening until Monday afternoon. The defense has finished its case and the arguments and charge will be made the first thing on Monday, unless the attorneys think of something new they desire to ventilate. Swinerton asks for $25,000 damages for a broken leg, claim while employed in the defendant company's shops at Shoshone, Idaho.

The Liberal and evening nominating conventions have selected the following candidates for members of the board of education, to be voted for on Wednesday, December 7th: First Ward, W. F. Hart; Second ward, J. D. Pallister; Fourth ward, R. T. Pennington; Fifth ward, William Harmonds. In accordance with a suggestion from Register Mateen, the Utah Commission have appointed the following election judges:

First Precinct—Sidney O. Stevens, R.; Willis T. Beardsley, L.; Ben Turner, D.

Second—J. D. Murphy, R.; C. C. Dayton, L.; Joe Lewis, D.

Third—M. J. Stone, R.; Frank Case, L.; Peter Stewart, D.

Fourth—W. W. Watson, R.; Thomas Turner, L.; Alexander Love, D.

Fifth—E. T. Rolaniski, R.; A. O. d'Hemecourt, L.; McLaren Boyle, D.

DEATHS.

Jones.—Died, November 30, at 7:40 a.m., at Latter-Day Saints College of this city, Barbara Jones, daughter of John and Barbara Jones; born May 22, 1876, at Alpena, North Wales; aged 16 years and 8 months.

Funeral at Fifteenth ward meeting house, on Sunday, Dec. 4, 1892, at 1 o'clock p.m. Friends are invited to attend.

BAD SKIN ERUPTION

Many Years. All Manner of Medicines and Doctors Fail. Cured in One Month by Cuticura.

In this I had an eruption come out on my face, and while at first it did not amount to much, it grew in the very aggravating sort of form imaginable. The skin would get hard, inflamed, and red and all during an entire new skin, which also was in danger to be torn, at times more severe than others. There was all manner of treatment and the doctors attended to no effect. I bought a box of CUTICURA REMEDIES and used CUTICURA SOAP for my blood. I am fully cured, and in my face a sound. It was a most agravating skin disease, and now I am enjoying rest and comfort. I have had sound health, and can bring my face REMEDIES, cured me, and recommend them. Anyone wishing me will receive an answer and my address to give your Remedies a trial. A. C. PATCH,

Manager Postal Telegraph Cable Co., Gardner City, Kansas.

Doctor Uses Cuticura.

We have opened a drug store in this place and we believe it is a good one for Cuticura Remedies, which we keep a full stock of. We used to be working for a Cuticura Resolvent, Cuticura and Cuticura Soap for ten years for the benefit of our little boy. And he is now a fine young man. We could not be without Cuticura. We can recommend it to everybody who is troubled with any form of skin disease. We and our boy are its friends. We believe it to be the best remedies for the price, and never have a complaint against them, but abundant praise. We will be pleased to have anyone call and see us in the drug business here.

Yours truly, H. TRAUB, M.D.,

Butler City, Butler Co., Kansas.

Cuticura Remedies

Are sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, the great skin cure, 50c.; CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite skin purifier and beautifier, 25c.; CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new blood purifier, $1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, blackheads, red, rough, chapped and oily skin cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

HOW MAY SIDE ACHES!

Aching sides and back, Pain, Hip, Kidney and Uterine Pains and Weaknesses relieved in one minute by the CUTICURA ANTI-PAIN PLASTER. First, 25 cents.

New Try This.

It will cost you nothing and will surely do you good, if you have a Cough, Cold, or any trouble with Throat, Chest or Lungs. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to give relief, or money will be paid back. Sufferers from La Grippe found it just the thing, and under its use had a speedy and perfect recovery. Try a sample bottle at our expense and learn for yourself just how good it is. Large size 50c. and $1.00.

Every Testimonial

In behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla is entirely true and will bear the closest investigation. No matter where it may be from, it is as reliable and worthy your confidence as if it came from your most respected neighbor. Have you ever tried this excellent medicine?

For a general family cathartic we confidently recommend Hood's Pills. They should be in every home medicine chest.

Specimen Cases.

S. H. Clifford, New Cassell, Wis., was troubled with Neuralgia and Rheumatism, the Stomach was disordered, his Liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him.

Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years' standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Speaker, Catawba, O., had five large Fever sores on his leg; doctors said he was incurable. One bottle Electric Bitters and one box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold at A. C. Smith & Co's Drug Store.

Unlike the Dutch Process

No Alkalies

Other Chemicals

are used in the preparation of

W. BAKER & CO.'S

BreakfastCocoa

which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and easily digested.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

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Founded in 1858. Incorporated April, 1889.

TUBBS CORDAGE COMPANY,

MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF

MANILA AND SISAL ROPE.

Binder Twine. Drilling Cables. Whale Lines. 511 & 513 Front St., SAN FRANCISCO.

J. Gnichtel, President. Adolph Gnichtel, Secretary. Geo. H. Fabens, Treasurer. Chas. Gnichtel, Manager.

HENRY WAGNER

SALT LAKE CITY

CALIFORNIA BREWERY.

LAGER BEER, ALE AND PORTER.

Wholesale and Retail.

24 W. EAST, EIGHT SOUTH STREET.

SAPONIFIER

Is one of the oldest and most reliable Family Soaps. Try it for washing Clothes, Scrubbing Floors, Woodwork, Utensils, etc. It will do the work in half the time. It will do the work easier than any other soap. It will do the work better than any other soap. It will do the work cheaper than any other soap. It is the best soap for the bath. It is a good shaving soap. It is a good soap for everybody. It is a good soap everywhere. It is a good soap everywhere. It is a good soap everywhere.

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Penna. Salt Manf'g Co., Philadelphia.

THE

Thomson & Taylor Spice Co.,

Importers and Manufacturers of the

FINEST SPICES

AND

FLAVORING EXTRACTS

KNOWN TO THE TRADE.

Proprietors of the Famous Brand of

RED "X" CROSS "X" TYE.

Michigan Avenue, Cor. Lake,

CHICAGO.

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

Yancy Bell Mining Company.

LOCATION OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF business, Salt Lake City, Utah. Location of mines, Alpha vein, Mining District, Wasatch County, Utah. Notice.

There are delinquent upon the following described shares of stock, consisting of an assessment, levied by the board of trustees on the third day of November, 1892, to pay the expense of the company, and in order to pay the amount of the respective delinquencies, as follows:

Name.	No. of certificate.	No. of shares.	Amount Due.
A. F. Fagan	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
A. F. Fagan	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. D. Cook	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
M. P. Cook	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
A. J. Wilson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
A. J. Wilson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
A. J. Wilson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
A. J. Wilson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
A. J. Wilson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wm. Fernstrom	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wm. Fernstrom	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
S. G. Beatty	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Jos. Kite, Cash	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
A. J. Wilson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

And in accordance with law and an order of the board of trustees, made on the 3rd day of November, 1892, so many shares of each parcel of such stock as may be necessary will be sold at public sale, at the office of the company, in Salt Lake City, Utah, on the 20th day of December, 1892, at 2 o'clock p.m., to pay the delinquent assessment thereon, together with the costs of advertising and expense of sale.

W. J. BURTON, Secretary.

Salt Lake City, Utah.

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Third Judicial District Court, Salt Lake County, Utah Territory.

In the matter of estate of Lars Franklin Larson, deceased.

LARS FRANKLIN LARSON, THE PETITIONER, respectfully shows to the court at the Third Judicial District, that he was born in Sweden, and that he is the brother, on the father's side, of the deceased, Lars Franklin Larson, who came to Salt Lake City, Utah Territory, in the year 1879, and died in Salt Lake City, Utah Territory, on the 20th day of November, 1892, leaving no will and no wife or children, and that the said deceased left no property in Utah Territory, but that he left property in Sweden, consisting of a farm, and that the said deceased left no relatives in Utah Territory, but that he left relatives in Sweden, his nearest relatives being his father, mother and sisters, namely, Ingeborg Larson, Ingeborg Pettersdotter, Ingeborg Pettersdotter, Ingeborg Pettersdotter