DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

VOL. XVIII. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY, MONDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 7, 1885. NO. 241.

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These Goods can be obtained at Z. C. M. I.

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Is the Only Reliable Concentrated Lye for FAMILY SOAP MAKING. Directions accompany each can for making Hard, Soft, and Toilet Soap quickly. It is full weight and strength. Ask your grocer for
SAPONIFIER, and take no other.
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SIX-CORD
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FOR SALE
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ADAMS & CO.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
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WHITE AND COLORED.
THE BEST in USE.
Z. C. M. I. SOLE AGENTS. Can be obtained at all their branch stores throughout the Territory. d45 alt

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P. O. Box 1049. Telephone 294.
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Office, 63, Pine St., New York.
Constantly on hand a complete stock of this well known and justly celebrated
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Blasting, Kentucky Rifle, Fair Lawn, Duck, Electric Fuse.
For sale by Z. C. M. I. and all the principal Stores in the Territory, and by
H. S. CLAWSON, Agent.

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CHAS. WANLESS,
Announces that he has commenced business in
CENTRAL BLOCK,
West of the Opera House,
SECOND SOUTH STREET
Where he will carry a full stock of
STOVES,
TINWARE,
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House Furnishing Hardware.
SPOUTING, METAL ROOFING,
And all kinds of
Tin and Sheet Iron Work
Done to order at
BED ROCK PRICES!
Call and examine Goods and Prices before purchasing.

BY TELEGRAPH

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

AMERICAN.

Governor Hoadley Opens the Campaign.

HAMILTON, Ohio, 5.—Governor Hoadley opened the campaign this evening in a speech which occupied two hours in its delivery. He said:

"The Ohio election will express the opinion of the people upon my administration and that of the Sixty-sixth General Assembly. It is the First State election after the inauguration of Cleveland and Hendricks. It will therefore be regarded as the expression of the popular judgment upon the politics of the President and his advisers. Of these I ask your approval, confident that democratic success means good government, State and National, which ought not to be rebuked by defeat. The leader of the Republicans of Ohio has carefully prepared the appeal of his party and sent it from the stump through the press of the country. He waves the bloody shirt. He endorses the policy of alienation and hate. He seeks to transplant and cultivate in this country the feelings of the English aristocracy towards the Irish; to array section against section; to govern the South from the North as Dublin Castle governs Ireland, as a conquered province, and all this in the year of grace 1885, twenty years and more after the close of the war. Five-sixths, perhaps more, of the men who devised the rebellion, the men who fought its battles and the men who overcame it, have passed away. There is a new South and a new North. A new generation full of new life, and white and black men are side by side at work. The South is developing new industries, weaving cotton cloth, digging coal and iron and forging steel. God and nature, religion and the human heart are forces against which Sherman and Forsaker contend, and Foster plots."

To the policy of alienation the speaker said the democratic party opposed union; for hate it substituted love. "Now, I ask more," said the speaker, "I solicit approval, not forbearance. Mr. Cleveland has had office six months. Congress has not been in session, yet much has been accomplished. The spirit of reform and economy has entered all the departments. Useless offices and expenses have been done away with, while the performance of duty—civil and military—has been enforced. The government is not solicitions to provide soft places for pelf, but to save money for the people, and to keep the faith pledged in the platform. If the navy, which the republican party destroyed, be restored, it is now certain that it will be honestly done. Under this administration there will be no loose contracting, no jobs let at prices nominally low to be made high by extras or by scamping the work. The remnants of the national domain which the Democratic Presidents, Jefferson and Monroe and Polk, added to our territory and the residue which Republican extravagance has not wasted on corporations and favorites, is saved from cattle kings and other plunderers for the benefit of the people. It may be that the revivals of industry we read of are not the result of democratic success. They are at any rate coincident. Republican prophesy is falsified, and republican prophets silenced."

The speaker defended the Supreme Court against the criticism passed upon it by Senator Sherman, and after speaking of the fate of the Scott law, he said: "We are opposed to sumptuary legislation, and in favor of licensing intoxicating liquors. We believe in self control, and that the true remedy against temptations of liquor drinking is no make happy homes, and that personal liberty should not be destroyed by law excepting when its exercise is always wrong."

Abducting Children.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, 5.—On April 14, 1885, Mrs. Symes-Avery died at Taunton, Somerset, England, leaving an estate valued at $200,000 to her two children, Ada H. and David Symes, aged 14 and 10 years. Chas. Avery, the step-father of the children, abducted them and brought them to this city, where he has been living since June 17th, with the 14 year old girl as his wife. Ed. H. Hodges, of Somerset, England, the legal guardian of the children, arrived here to-day, took possession of them and left for England. Avery has disappeared.

Hanlan vs. Teemer.

NEW YORK, 5.—Edward Hanlan, accompanied by George Hosmer, of Boston; Henry Peterson, of San Francisco, and George Lee, of New York, today visited the office of *Turf, Field and Farm*, for the purpose of arranging a single scull match with John Teemer, of Pittsburg. The latter was not present, but he was represented by R. K. Naik. The articles were drafted for a three mile race, with turn, for $1,000 a side and the championship of America. It was stipulated that the winner should receive 60 and the loser 40 per cent of the gate money on royalties. Four days is given Teemer to ratify these terms.

SUNDAY'S DISPATCHES.

The Situation at Rock Springs, as reported by Manager Calloway.

OMAHA, 6.—General Manager Calloway, of the Union Pacific Railway Co., was asked this afternoon to make a statement of the situation at Rock Springs, Evanston and other mining camps on the line of that road, regarding the existing trouble between the white men and Chinese miners. Mr. Calloway said that notice had been served on Beckwith and Quinn, coal mine contractors at Rock Springs and Evanston, to remove all Chinamen from Evanston by to-day, otherwise serious trouble would ensue. The United States government has sent troops there, and he assumed that order would soon be restored. "In consequence of the difficulty experienced," continued Mr. Calloway, "in getting reliable American miners in the Territories,

A CONTRACT WAS MADE SOME TEN YEARS AGO,

under which a certain proportion of Chinamen were engaged. Both classes, he asserted, are now paid fully thirty per cent. higher wages than are paid in the eastern mines. At Rock Springs where the massacre occurred, the coal company's returns show that during the past month there were employed about 500 miners. At Evanston, 300, and at Carbon 300. All those at Carbon were Americans, while at the other two they are divided, two-thirds Chinese and one-third Americans. Their pay is from 75 cents to one dollar per ton mined, according to width of veins and difficulties encountered in getting out coal. Both classes are paid at the same rate and have been

AVERAGING ABOUT THREE DOLLARS PER DAY

to men for eight hours work. Americans being more skilful and industrious get out a larger number of tons than Chinamen, and many of them earn over $100 per month. This scale has been in force many years, and was supposed to be satisfactory to the men. The only advantage claimed by the coal company in the employment of Chinese was that it enabled them to mine a sufficient quantity of coal to keep the trains moving

WHEN THE OTHER MINERS WERE OFF ON STRIKES.

Last winter all the men at Carbon went out, by order of the Southern Colorado Miners' Union, while they admitted having no grievances of their own.

THE MORMONS AND CHINESE WILL NOT JOIN

these unions and therefore come under their ban. Mormon miners are now moving their families away, fearing a repitition of last week's troubles. Mr. Calloway was asked to define the policy of his company. He replied that inoffensive employes of the coal department and some of its officers have been driven from their homes, had their property destroyed and many of them were foully murdered. They are now awaiting protection from Territorial or Federal authorities. When they can be assured of this we will resume operations.

The Last Officer of 1812.

NEW YORK, 6.—Major Aaron Stafford, the last surviving officer of the war of 1812, died at his residence in Waterville, Oneida County, N. Y., today, in the 99th year of his age, having retained his mental faculties to the last.

Anarchists of Chicago.

CHICAGO, 6.—Anarchists to the number of three to four thousand men women and children assembled in the market square to-day in opposition to the trade assembly demonstration tomorrow because the latter organization voted to taboo the red flag. Previous advertisements of the affair have estimated that 10,000 would be the number. Speeches to the assembled crowd were made by Messrs. Fielden, Parsons and Spies. Though chilled by a raw wind from off the Lake, and though the sky threatened rain, the above mentioned number of anarchists formed in line and set out to walk to Ogden's Grove, about five miles away. Along the line of march but little excitement or curiosity was manifested. In addition to the usual socialistic banners, there were banners bearing denunciatory legends against Mayor Harrison and Governor Ogiesby for their respective parts in the Chicago street car strike and the Lemont Quarry troubles. In the neighborhood of Division and Halstead streets, when two-thirds of the route had been covered, occurred the first expression of public enthusiasm. Deafening cheers greeted the cut against Mayor Harrison. No disorderly act was committed by those composing the procession, and at the grounds dancing and beer drinking were continued until a late hour.

Coldblooded Murder.

CHATTANOOGA, 6.—Charles Williams, a disreputable negro, shot and instantly killed a street car driver named Polk Mitchell, at 5 o'clock this afternoon. An hour before Williams had been ejected from the car for entering it in a drunken manner and smoking in the presence of ladies, and when asked for his fare, refused to deposit it. Williams swore he would have revenge and followed the car. While the driver was waiting on a switch, Williams walked up and shot him three times and then shot twice at his body in the throes of death. A crowd of citizens pursued him and he was captured one mile from town and carried to jail. Mitchell was recently assistant chief of police and was very popular. Intense excitement prevails and the jail is closely guarded. The sheriff has taken every precaution to prevent lynching. A large force of men are keeping guard at the jail and local military companies will be called upon if necessary to preserve the peace. The murder was the most brutal and unprovoked that has ever occurred in this city.

The Murderer Lynched.

CHATTANOOGA, 6.—A mob of determined men, mostly composed of factory laborers and railroad men, armed with shotguns and all other kinds of firearms, marched about 11 o'clock to the county jail, followed by several hundred people, and at once began demanding admittance to the jail. It soon appeared that nothing could deter them and that shooting into the crowd by the posse of the sheriff would certainly result in killing a large number of people so nothing was done to prevent the entrance of the mob, and the front door of the jail was broken in. The sheriff would not give up the keys and as the jail is a strong building inside, which is a complete sheet of half-inch boiler iron, and the entrances of the latest improved and most secure manufacture, the mob is having a hard time effecting an entrance. For an hour they have been battering at the iron doors. At midnight the report of a pistol caused a fusillade from a number of shotguns and rifles and it is reported that a white man and a negro have been shot, but how seriously cannot be learned. It will take some time for the mob to get at the prisoner, but he will be hanged before daylight. The mob is in the best of spirits and orderly. They even stated to the military that if they would show their authority from the Governor, which they had not, they would disperse.

LATER:—At 12:15 the negro was hung to a rafter in the jail in a most thorough and systematic manner. He was taken from his cell and carried up stairs when his hands and feet were securely tied, a block was tied to his feet, the lynchers lifted him up and dropped him and he strangled to death in three minutes. Not a shot was fired by the militia, and all is now quiet.

The Liquor Dealer's Complaints.

WASHINGTON, 6.—The Citizens and Liquor Dealer's Beneficial Association of this city, has sent a communication to the District Commissioners, asking for an investigation of the police spy system. Acts of gross immorality are charged against the spies. It is asserted that certain officers have during their hours of duty made a rendezvous of a negro shanty, where liquor has been bought and the grossest immoralities committed; that little children have been bribed by officers to inveigle liquor dealers into selling to minors for the purpose of convicting dealers, that men have been summoned before a police court and without a hearing, and on evidence of policemen, compelled to pay fines for offenses never committed; that abandoned women and those not abandoned are shaded and are compelled to purchase silence in regard to offenses never committed. All these allegations the Association asserts it is prepared to substantiate.

The "Genesta" and the "Puritan." The Latter Ahead.

NEW YORK, 6.—The *Puritan* was towed at 4 o'clock this morning from the dry dock on which she had been cleaned, and pott leaded to the American Docks at Tompkinsville, Statten Island, when shortly after 10 o'clock Mr. John M. Wilson, the New York Yacht Club's measurer took her accurate measurement. She was found to be 82 85-100s feet sailing length. The measurement makes her allow the *Genesta* exactly 31 seconds over the course she will sail. Fifty sail of yachts, including many of the eastern and Boston yacht clubs accompanied the *Puritan* and *Genesta* from their anchorages to Horseshoe (Sandy Hook). The wind was light at the start, but in the run out when a fresh breeze came from the westward the *Puritan* slipped past the *Genesta* and held the advantage. The start will be made to-morrow at half-past ten. Two hundred sail of yachts are lying at the rendezvous, and over 300 vessels will accompany the contestants over the course.

Conflagration in Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, O., 6, 2.35 a. m.—An alarm of fire was turned on ten minutes ago, from box 62, at the Standard Oil Works The sky in that section of the city is now brightly illuminated and the air is filled with smoke of burning oil. It will be impossible to tell the extent or exact location of the fire for at least an hour, but it is believed the Standard Refinery or some of its tanks are burning. No extra steamers have been summoned since the first alarm as would have been done had there been fears of a spread of the fire.

Cleveland, 3:10 a. m.—It is now known that the fire is in the Standard Oil Works, it broke out in Kingsbury Run, several hundred yards above the center of the works, it is thought from a leaky still. The burning oil flowed down the run and communicated with other stills and tanks. Several tanks have exploded and four or five are now on fire. The flames are likely to spread still further and may reach the Naptha Works.

Prussia has sanctioned the plan for the projected ship canal which it is proposed to cut from Kiel, on the Baltic, to a point on the lower Elbe near Cuxhaven, in the German ocean. The entire cost of the work is placed at 126,000,000 marks, ($30,000,000) of which Prussia stands ready to contribute 60,000,000 marks.

FOREIGN.

WARLIKE TONE OF THE SPANISH AND GERMAN PRESS.

PROGRESS OF THE PLAGUE IN EUROPE, ETC.

The Situation in Spain.

MADRID, 5.—Count Solmo Sonnewalde, German Embassador, has returned to the Legation in this city from La Granja. He was escorted by a strong military guard.

King Alfonso also returned to the city and is now presiding at a cabinet council. Everything is now orderly throughout the city, although the most intense excitement prevails.

Later dispatches respecting the German occupation of Yap states that the Governor of that Island wished to resist the landing of the German marines and sailors, but that the commander of the Spanish man-of-war *San Quentin*, which was the only vessel of that nationality in the harbor at the time, refused to agree with the Governor as to the adoption of such a course or to lend the latter assistance. It is generally believed that the commander of the Spanish man-of-war *Velasco*, which was expected at Yap on August 26th, carries with him energetic orders.

The ministers and civic and military authorities met King Alfonso at the depot on his arrival in the city. Large crowds of people lined the route taken by the royal party in going from the depot to the palace and shouted, "Long live Spain." The King was repeatedly greeted with cheers. Notwithstanding the excitement the most perfect order prevailed.

The *Standard's* Berlin correspondent says: "Spain has finally and decidedly declined to submit the Caroline's affair to arbitration. Spain argues that the question of Spanish jurisdiction over the islands has been too well known to admit of discussion. The German government officials still scout the idea of a war over the dispute."

News from Madrid concerning the Carolines affair is ridiculed here. It is believed that the reports are overdrawn.

Paris, 5.—The French Minister of Foreign Affairs has telegraphed the French embassador at Madrid to observe the greatest prudence during the difficulties at Madrid over the Carolines affair.

The events at Madrid are causing a sensation in this city. An arbitration for the settlement of the Carolines question is now considered impossible, and the position of King Alfonso and his ministry is regarded as precarious. The leading Spanish residents in this city say that war between Germany and Spain or a revolution is now certain.

La France and *La Paris* say Alfonso will be overthrown unless he heeds the war party.

Progress of the Plague.

CARDIFF, 5.—Later information in regard to the sickness on board the steamer *Crimdon* is to the effect that deceased only joined the crew after the arrival of the vessel at this port. It is now believed the disease is Asiatic cholera.

Toulon, 5.—Twelve deaths from cholera occurred at Toulon last night. The situation continues serious. The course of the epidemic appears to defy the calculation of the most experienced experts.

Rome, 5.—Five of the cases of cholera reported at Novara yesterday were among the troops engaged in the manœuvers at that place.

Ten more serious cases of sickness have occurred at Parma, Novara and Genoa.

Washington, 5.—The Secretary of State has received a dispatch from Consul French at Barcelona, saying that since August 1st cholera has slowly spread to all city districts, so that the Governor could no longer deny its existence so officially declared it on August 17. The community in general takes the situation with reserve and surprising calmness. The City Council has voted 500,000 pesetas; the County Commissioners an equal amount, and by private subscription 100,000 pesetas has been raised for immediate wants. The poorer working classes will have their house rent paid during the time of the epidemic. Public kitchens are to be opened at once in each district and two special hospitals are ready and complete for the reception of cholera patients. As in all former epidemics the month of September has been one marking the largest number of victims. Medical men predict the same this year.

Marseilles, 5.—Eleven deaths from cholera occurred here to-dry. At the Pharo Hospital two patients were admitted, five died, four were discharged as cured and 51 remain under treatment.

A Madrid dispatch says: Last night's official dispatches received by the Government, state that the German gunboat landed troops on the night of the 24th of August and hoisted the German flag there. The Spanish vessel *San Fuenten* and *Manila* were at Yap at the time. The captains of the Spanish vessels and the Spanish Government protested with energy against the occupation. The Spanish gunboats cleared the decks for action and the *Manila* was about to fire upon the German gunboat, when she was signalled to desist, which she did most reluctantly. A third Spanish vessel *Velastoro* has arrived at Yap Bay. This news causes the wildest excitement throughout Spain. Crowds gathered in the streets of Madrid all night long frantically gesticulating and calling Emperor William, the Crown Prince and Bismarck the vilest names. Several thousand people shouting "Death to Bismarck" and "Viva Espana" mobbed the German embassy, smashing windows and breaking into a thousand pieces the German Arms on the embassy building, and trampling the fragments under their feet. The embassy was completely mobbed, the furniture and mirror being dashed to pieces. The people were almost foaming at their mouths with frenzy. Several of the soberest Spaniards with whom I talked were confident that the affair must now end, either by a war or revolution.

War or Revolution for Spain.

LONDON, 5.—The *Standard's* Madrid correspondent telegraphs that successive editions of the newspapers containing an account of the German occupation of Yap were eagerly bought by people last evening, and that excited groups stood around the lamp posts and doorways of the cafes heatedly discussing the situation. The news aroused a patriotic feeling among all classes who are intensely angered against Germany for the step she has taken. The greatest irritation prevails in naval and military circles over the affair. The civil guards succeeded in saving fragments of the coat of arms from the bonfire in front of the office of the Minister of the Interior. The German Consul, Baron de Gutschmidt, in the absence of Count Solmo Sonnewalde, German Ambassador, asked Senor Sanovas Castillo, the President of the Council of Ministers, for permission to telegraph to his government at Berlin respecting the situation of affairs at Madrid. The request was granted.

SUNDAY'S DISPATCHES.

Progress of the Plague.

MADRID, 6.—Returns from all the infected districts of Spain show that on Saturday there were reported 2,147 new cases of cholera, and 579 deaths.

German Views on the Caroline Question.

BERLIN, 6.—The *National Zeitung* thinks that diplomatic relations between Germany and Spain will be broken off, unless Spain affords satisfaction for the Madrid affair. The *Tagblatt* says that if King Alfonso retains his sovereignty, Spain will certainly make reparation, and in the event of his being deposed Germany can easily take possession of valuable pledges and thus compel Spain to render satisfaction. The *Tagblatt* is of the opinion that the excesses of the populace of Madrid were directed more against the Spanish monarch than against Germany.

The *Berliner Courier* declares that the resignation of the Spanish Cabinet is absolutely necessary to atone for the insults offered to Germany. All the papers are confident of the ultimate success of Prince Bismarck.

Berlin, 6.—The *Nord Deutsche Zeitung*, Prince Bismarck's organ, says the government is annoyed over the anti-German demonstration at Madrid, but will not judge hastily. It adds that inquiries will probably show that the riots were due to a certain influence. (This is a hardly-veiled dig at the French.) The *Zeitung* also says that if Spain does not recompense Germany and punish the culprits, Germany will occupy the Caroline Islands forthwith.

An Apology.

Berlin, 6.—Count Benemar, Spanish minister here, has expressed to the German government Spain's regret at the insults offered to Germany by the populace of Madrid, and has promised, on behalf of his government, that the leaders of the mob will be punished, and that Spain will do her utmost to prevent a repetition of the insult. This statement is regarded as terminating the incident. Rumors that have appeared here from parties to the effect that Spain has sent an ultimatum to Germany are not believed.

Madrid, 6.—The Council of Ministers, with the sanction of King Alfonso, has framed and dispatched to the German Government an ultimatum, requesting Germany to evacuate the Caroline Islands. Spain in the meantime will refrain from material occupation of the islands and thus afford a basis for further parleying. The total number of arrests made here in connection with the demonstration against Germany is 184. The German consulate at Valencia received the same treatment at the hands of the populace as the German embassy at Madrid

Feeble Resistance.

MADRID, 6.—The police and troops showed by their good humor yesterday that they sympathized with the rioters. Government and Royalist organs only timidly urge moderation. The anti-German movement is genuine and popular among all classes. The police yesterday afforded but feeble resistance to the attacks on the German Embassy where all the windows were smashed at midnight. A procession of 40,000 men paraded the streets, receiving cheers everywhere, especially at the military and naval clubs. Five thousand troops turned out to preserve order. Increased disconteut has prevailed to-day because government withheld the decision of the council. The opinion of the mob is that government hesitates to sever relations with Germany. Count Benomar, Spanish ambassador at Berlin, telegraphs that Count Van Halzfeldt, German foreign minister, declares that the German gunboat was forbidden to hoist the German flag, where the Spanish flag floated, and is in hopes that the incident will not interfere with negotiations, or cordiality betweeu the two nations, as Germany would have prevented any occupation of the Carolines if it had been possible to communicate with the German cruisers after the receipt of the Spanish note claiming the Islands.

Count Von Halzfeldt's statement is confirmed by Count Von Sonnewalde, German minister to Spain.

The Scotchmen Routed.

LONDON, 6.—Thirty soldiers belonging to a Highland regiment to-day made an assault upon a dozen artillery men in a village near Plymouth. The Scotchmen were routed. The artillery men then carried the village by storm, when the people fled to the fields. An armed picket guard subsequently captured 15 of the rioters.

French Victory.

PARIS, 6.—Gen. De Courcy telegraphs from Anam that Gen. Prudhomme, after three days fighting with ill-armed bands, occupied the citadel of Pintinh, without loss.

To a Great Army of Mortals.

This comprises all who have dyspepsia or need a tonic. To all this immense army of sufferers Mr. J. Blenover, of Tuckerton, N. J., recommend Brown's Iron Bitters, because he derived great benefit from it. At every respectable drug store you can buy Brown's Iron Bitters at a dollar a bottle. Well worth it, too.

GLOBE FILES, Filing Cases, Copying Presses and Stands, Book Blotters, Oil Boards, etc., at Pembroke's, 72 Main Street.

$4 will give you a choice out of 100 Ladies' Spring Wraps and Jackets worth from $7 to $12 each. Call early.
F. AUERBACH & BRO.

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Celery, Beef and Iron, cures Dyspepsia and Indigestion.

FLY DOORS AND FURNITURE

At J. M. LARSEN'S, 883 E. First South Street, 11th Ward. d 3m

Ayer's Ague Cure, when used according to directions, is warranted to eradicate from the system all forms of malarial disease, such as Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Intermittent, Remittent, and Bilious Fevers, and disorders of the Liver. Try it. The experiment is a safe one, and will cost you nothing if a cure is not affected.

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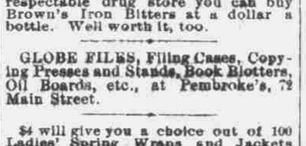
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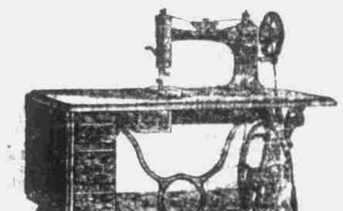

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