

no more plural marriages, but those think, among the wealthier business that already exist should remain. Such marriages were made in accordance with the rules and terms of the Mar-mon Church, which acknowledges Christ as its head, and Christ said, The small sup which the City Course "what God has joined together fel no man put asunder." As regards the cil is prevented from appropriating to confiscation of the property of the this important work was not supposed fiscate the property of any other, for the labor. It was only designed as church in the country, and the United help in that direction. We hope to States Supreme Court would so de-eide. Indeed it is highly probable that proposition have moved forward in the tional by reason of its implied, if history and the author to have more not expressed ex post facto character." than the amount that niggards and ob-The annexed is taken from the Ta- structionists have denied him.

Friday

effectively.

rights.

strosity

coma (Washington Territory) Com. merce:

"The passage of the new- bill in the House of Representatives in regard to the vexed Utah problem, is likely to further complicate matters in that

Territory. The bill virtually disfran-chises all Mormone, destroys their church establishment and immigration bureau, abolisaes woman suffrage, and gives the appointment of nearly all officers in the Territory to the President of the United States tory is shown to be excellent, there and the Governor. It requires all voters to take an oath to support the Constitution of the United States and law itself. The act is unprecedented, and at one time in our history would have been regarded unconstitutional, but we have made such rapid strides to the Democratic party of Montana, which has controlled the in the application of force priociples in the government that an assumed necessity or expediency now gives the country a wide latitude in constraing the legality of legislative acts. Primarily we should say that the bill, if not an absurdity, is about as bad a piece of legislation as our government could well enact. It is a confession that the ordinary laws and course of justice are inadequate to deal with the evil of the scope of the school laws be broadpolygamy, and that extraordioary messres, verging closely on those employed by despotic governments, are neces-sary to extirpate it."

General Ben. Batter, interviewed on this question in Philadelphia by the correspondent of the Boston Herald, made the following pertinent and characteristic remarks;

"While not expressing any decided opinion on the metits of the bul, I am opposed to any measure specially calulated to injure the innocent. There are thousands of Mormon children who by Paul to take at least one wife. You see they were not limited to any numdie in the present generation, his widow could marry again individually, globe-no, not four-fifths, that's too many-more than two-thirds of the sivilized inhabitants of the globe prac-

Mormon Church, Congress has no to be anything like a full remuneration for the labor. It was only designed as proposition have moved forward in the the whole law, if submitted to that proposition have moved forward in the court, would be declared inconstitu- institer, and that Ogden is to have its than the amount that niggards and ob-

men of the City, and the expenditure,

### GOVERNOR HAUSER'S MES-SAGE.

THE message of Governor Hauser to the Montana Legislature, as it appeared a short time since in the Butte Miner, is a capable document. The financial condition of the Terribeing a balance on hand in the Trea-Montana, which has controlled the expenditures of the public moneys through the Legislative Assemblies in which it has always had majorities.

The Governor takes a thoroughlypractical view of education, and while he commends the present public school system of Montana, he suggests that ened so as to include the teaching of manual labor in the list of branches taught in the common schools.

He congratulates the people upon the possession of railroad transportation Inclilties; points to the fact that they are rapidly developing the great mineral and other resources of the Terri-

tory, and while he would guard the

on the threshhold of what looked prospectively like a useful career, was suddenly sent to the other side of the vail by the fall of a horse.

creater labor, suffering and sacrifices than attended the exposition of the The statement which appears in a other falsehoods referred to. Every communication from Ann Arbor, true "Mormon" is loyal to truth, Michigan, is creditable to those young justice, honesty, righteous liber-cy and good popular government. Any man who professes blatant "loymen from Utah who have been students of the University of that place. They have not only been conspicuous sity" to that which does not represent these principles is a traitor to bis race. for studious habits, but also for exemplary conduct in other respects. This is as it should be. "Hvery young man of this community should keep in mind that, no matter what position he may be called upon to fill

ty. Besides the obligation he is under in this regard to God, himself and family connections, a legitimate demand comes also from the community of which he is a member. His people are assailed with vile calumnies from every direction, and each should do his part to keep the position such that all the vile aspersions cast shall be false in fact and spirit. The quality of the young men of Utah who pout into the world constitute a part of the fruits of the community of Saints. Everything is known by its products, from the individual to the nation, and from the na-

# tion to the world. Another bill to restrict immigration

was recently laid before Congress by Miller, of New York, by the provisions of which three Commissioners of emigration are to be appointed for Go-

tham, and one each for the cities of Philadelphia, Boston, Charleston, Baltimore, New Orleans, Galveston, Key West, Huron and San Francisco. The bill calls for the collection of headmoney to the amount of fifty cents for

There are duties to one's family higher than duties to one's sell; duties to one's country more soligatory than duties to one's family, and duties to numanity paramount to either. The man whose life is devoted to the last is more traly loyal, in the highest and widest sense, than he whose marrow vision is bounded by the selfish inter-ests of his family or his country. The or into which he may drift in the current of carthly events, the voice of duty makes loud calls upon him to Mormons" have never been disloya deport himself with honor and dignito the Constitution. Why should they os? It guaranteed to them and to all men who lived under it all the liberty any same and rightcous man needs I'ne charge that there is any oath of enmity, to the Government of the United States or to the Constitution, administered in the "Endowments," is au infamous he, as all who have ever been there, whether "Mormon" or "apostate," know. The Constitution may, perhaps, be so changed and ma-tilated as to no longer represent the principles enunciated by its founders. Should that ever be the case there are millions besides the handfull of "Mormons" who will consider it no longer the object of their affectionate loyalty, lithough they may be obliged to sub-mit to the infamles enacted under its protection. I am not conversant with the views of the "leaders" of the" Mor-mon" people, but will venture the as-sertion that the latter would be as ready to sacrifice life and property in defense of human rights and popular govern-ment as are their fellow citizens in apy other section of the country, if they were allowed to exercise and enjoy the rights of self-government.

THE GENIUS OF MORMONISM.

The very genius of "Mormonism," as I have always understood it, con-sists in universal civil and religious liberty to an extent hitherto unknown. Its avowed purpose is to secure to ALL men, of every nation, kindred, tongue and creed on the face of the whole earth, the utmost freedom, both civil and religious, that can possibly be ex-ercised consistently with the rights

Indian, Moslem, Greek or Jew, Worshippers of God or Dagon,

HONI SOIT QUI MAL Y PENSE. SALT LAKE CITY, Jan. 20th, 1887.

intend to hold a meeting in the base-ment of St. Stephens' church to-mor-The present "shibboleth" is that the Mormons" are disloyal, enemies to row morning, in spite of Father Donthe Constitution and to free governnelly's orders. It is believed that Donnelly will call in the police to pro-tect it if necessary. GENTS TO REPRESENT THE NA TIONAL LITUYRY ASSOCIATION. Experienced Rook Agents, Teachers and School Superintendents, preferred. The work is much pleasanter than canvassing ment. This lie is destined to be ex-posed and exploded like is predeces-sors. But it will be at the expense of

Stfil no Result

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 21 .-- Contrary to general expectation, the joint session of the Legislature was again without result. The Senate at noon proceeded to the hall of the House, where two ballots were taken, the vote standlog as heretofore-Turpie 75, Harrison 71, Allen 5.

FOREIGN. A New Comet Discovered in Australia.

LORD CHESTERFIELD DEAD Another French Cabinet Crisis on

Mand. A New Comet.

MELBOURNE, Jan. 21 .- The tail of comet of the first magnitude was visi-ble here last evening. Heavy Failures.

LONDON, Jan. 21.-John Patton, Jr., & Co., managers of the Mosarch Line, ship owners and ship and insurance brokers, have failed. Their liabilities and assets are both large. E. S. Dalle & Co., extensive mer-

chants and saw mill proprietors, have One span of bay COLTS, about 2 year old; no brands or marks visible; one with rope around its neck. If the shove described animals are no failed. Chesterfield Dead

Lord Chesterfield is dead. He was claimed and taken away before January 97th, 1887, they will be sold at public auction at the City Estray Pound. Washington Square, to the highest responsible kidder, at 65 years of age. A Crisis Counting

PARIS, Jan. 21.—The budget com-mittee of the Chamber of Deputies has, by a vote of 18 to 6, rejected the amended budget presented by Dau-phin, minister of finance, providing for the issue of bouds to the amount of 8,700,000,000 francs, redeemable in 66 years, to meet the teruporary needs of the government. Dauphin is conse-quently expected to resign and a cab-inst crisis is imminent. The present ministry was formed on the 11th uit.

Seeing the Country.

DBATHS.

aged 16 years, 1 month and 5 days.

RINGWOOD. - In the Twentleth Ward Salt Lake City, U. T., on the 19th day of

nonths of age. He was been in Raming ham, Norfolk, England, on the 1st day of May, 1786; was baptized a member of the Ohurch of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints on the 8th day of May, 1851, by Elder John. Lickorice; was ordained to the office of a Teacher on the 12th day of April, 1854, and chosen clerk of the Norfelk branch on Au-gust 30th, 1857; was ordained an Elder Febmary 18th, 1858, and on the 8th of August, the same year, he was made treasurer o



In all OUR DEPARTMENTS during the Month of JANUARY. 

CLOAKS AND WRAPS For Ladies' Misses' and Children, will be offered at ENORMOUS SAUKIFICE until the whole stock is closed out. This Season's Importation of Shawls is also offered at ACTUAL COST!

The second SILKS AND VELVETS. One brown HORSE, medium size, about fifteen years old, small white spot in forc-head and on end of nose, both right feet white, shod all round. No brands visible. Everything in this Department during this Month Only, AT BARE CUST, and some lines to be Cleared Out at Less Than Cost. If not claimed on or before the first day o February, 1887, will be sold to the highest reponsible bidder at the Estray Pound, Sugar House Precinct. GEORGE CRISMON Poundkeeper.

## IN DRESS GOODS

We Clear Out Handsome Robes at \$12.00 and 15.00, Reduced from \$20.00 and 25.00, and the balance of our stock of Combination Dress Patterns at HALF PRICE.

Ladies' Cloths, Tricots, Pin-head Checks and Stripes, Cloth Dress Stuffs at BARE COST.

FLANNELS AT COST.

We offer to Clear Out, Scarlet Twilled Flannels, White Shakers, Striped Jersey Flannels, Blankets and Comforts, at Actual Cost.

WHITE GOODS. We are offering Special Bargains in Crochet and Marsailes Quilts, Towels, Crashes, Napkins, Table Linens, Nottingham Nets and

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR. We offer to Clear Out about 1000 pieces in this line at New York Cost, to make room for a New Importation, now being manufactured for us.

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S JERSEYS, of recent importation, at Reduced

CORSETS at 50 and 75c., Reduced from 75 and \$1.00.

Curtains.

HOSIERY, three pairs Ladies' Wool Hose for \$1.00; Misses' Wool Hose at 25c., Reduced from 40 and boc. a pair.

Large Stock of Hamburg Embroideries, to be Cleared Out at Low Prices, before the Arrival of a New Importation, now on the way.

DRESS TRIMMINGS, consisting of Jet Passementries, Moss, Feather and Galoon Trimmings, and Dress-Buttons to be Cleared Out, Regardless of Cost.



WANTED.

for books, and energetic workers can make from 50 to \$100 per week. Address, with references, National Library Association, 105 State St., Chicago, 11. deod 3t

ESTRAY NOTICE.

Salt Lake Co., U. T., Jan. 21, 1986.

white and dark brown HEIFER,

GEORGE KNIGHT,

M. SHELMERDINE,

DUNFORD'S

ESTRAY N'11CE.

about 5 years old, no brand tisible; a crop off the left car and a hole in the same. If above described animal is not claimed within ten days from date, will be sold at public auction at the Estray Pound, Croy-don, Tuesday, February 1st, 1887, at 1 o'-clock p.m.

District Poundkceper Croydon, Morgan Co., Jan. 19th, 18:7.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

B. L. City, Jan. 17, 1887.

FARM FOR SALE!

DARE OPPORTUNITY.

WAVE IN MY POSSESSION:

HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:

T HAVE IN MY POSSESSION :

Sugar House Precinct.