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10 PAGES—LAST EDITION

# A CONVENTION OF CONVENTIONS.

That is What Democratic State Chairman Says of the St. Louis Meet.

## PARTY TROUBLE IS SETTLED.

Ex-Sen. Frank Cannon Returns Home And Predicts a Sweeping Democratic Victory.

## ABOUT THE "POLYGAMY" PLANK.

Declares That It Contains Nothing But What Has Been Endorsed in Regular Church Conference.

(Special to the "News.")

Ogden, July 14.—I have attended conventions, and I have attended CONVENTIONS, and this WAS a convention.

Frank Cannon is home from St. Louis. With all the party zeal and enthusiasm of his brilliant make-up, he returned to the boiling point, the Democratic state chairman returns from the great gathering in the world's fair city.

"This WAS a convention," he declares. "It was by far the most interesting meeting in the history of the national Democratic party, and when its work was completed, it presented to the country, first of all, a candidate and a platform that will mean the unification of the Democratic party, the winning of Republican votes, the inspiration of our orators—and an ultimate victory."

In an interview with the "News" man today, Mr. Cannon said: "There is nothing to be done to much as a platform broad enough to hold everybody. We have it. And what is more, we have it without leaving a single issue in doubt. The Democracy settled its own differences in the convention. It will settle its differences with others, and it will settle its own differences with itself. And it is my own belief that a still better result than this."

## SOME POLITICAL "THRILLS."

The thrill of that convention at any day's session was equal to a day of hard manual labor. Read the speeches, imagine the intense strain upon the champions who combated for the sides of each question, the hard and telling work on the part of the speakers, the brilliant battles waged for men and principles, the desperate clutching with which the party leaders clung to their ideals, the intense and bitter struggle of the Democrats to outdo the Republicans, and I would not have missed it for a kingdom."

## THE MIDDLETON SPEECH.

Speaking of details of the convention, Mr. Cannon referred to the Middleton speech, nominating Parker, as "a great classic of political literature," and he could scarcely say less of half the addresses made at St. Louis.

## A TREMENDOUS STROKE.

The Parker telegram," continued Mr. Cannon, "was one of the greatest of political strokes of modern times. I do not believe that many realized what a panic-stricken it was. It was a stroke that came at the very moment when the Democrats were in the midst of a straight-forward, right-from-the-shoulder campaign, the tool of no man, a man who held his principles above the greatest honor within the gift of his party, rather than have that party misunderstood his position. There was nothing discreditable about his message. He felt merely that he was being compelled to action on his part, and the action taken was such as the entire party might endorse. It showed the wise and upright judge."

## THE "POLYGAMY" PLANK.

"The plank on polygamy and the separation of church and state is no broad and general that I cannot conceive of any man or woman in Utah making objection to it. Certainly none here feel offended. It is in strict accordance with our state constitution, and to quote my fellow-delegate, 'The separation of church and state is precisely the same action on the polygamous marriage situation as the people voted for at the last annual convention. We have said the same thing for many years during the last few years that Utahans cannot object to that plank.'"

## MONEY NOT NOW AN ISSUE.

"The monetary question is not an issue. This matter will be settled as it should have been. As state chairman and as a delegate, I am indeed satisfied, even delighted—with the work of the convention."

## IN SALT LAKE TOMORROW.

Senator Cannon returned to his home last evening, and he expects to be in Salt Lake tomorrow. He will be surrounded by every Democrat who sets an eye on him, for they are all anxious to hear his views on the convention, the various provisions of the platform, and the prospects for success in the state and nation. He expressed himself as well satisfied with what has been done so far. He was well pleased that the Democrats ratified the St. Louis platform, and with such vigor, and is extremely gratified over the progress of the Young Men's Democratic club, made possible by the liberality of Samuel Newhouse.

## FOR GOV. WELLS' PLACE.

Democrats Have But Two Active Candidates—Moyle and Roylance.

The contest for the gubernatorial nomination on the Democratic ticket here has narrowed down to two candidates—James H. Moyle of Salt Lake and William M. Roylance of Utah county. Aquila Newbaker, who was perhaps the first man mentioned for the place, has declined, unequivocally, or, at least, has failed to announce his candidacy and has returned to his home. Utah county, headed by the Democratic convention, will enter the Democratic campaign with a demand for Roylance, while a majority of Salt Lake's delegation will insist upon

## SECRETARY OF STATE.

Moyle. The honors appear to be about even down to date in this interesting contest.

## NEWHOUSE AND SENATORSHIP.

Mining Magnate Declared Before Leaving He Did Not Want It.

Is Samuel Newhouse a candidate for United States senator?

It would be a source of relief to several prominent Democrats to ascertain if Mr. Newhouse has given not less than \$2500 to the Young Men's Democratic club during the past 10 days, and yet he has not so much as intimated that he desires any office, or, on the other hand, he started for Europe a couple of days ago, to be gone, perhaps, until after election. Some Republicans are loud in their declarations that Mr. Newhouse's liberality is the natural condition of his candidacy for the senate, but just before he started for Europe he confided to a friend: "No, don't you believe that I am foolish enough to let the state go to the Democrats. I am a party man, yes, but I will not run for the senate. I have too many business interests to protect. I will do my share for the success of the party, but am in no sense a candidate."

## CONVENTION CALL.

Republican State Committee Issued This Afternoon for Aug. 25.

The Republican state committee issued the regular call this afternoon for the state convention. It reads as follows:

To the delegates and electors of the State of Utah—In accordance with established custom, and in obedience to the instructions of the state Republican committee, it is hereby directed that a state convention of the Republican party in the State of Utah be held at Salt Lake City, the capital of said state, for the purpose of nominating a state ticket to be voted on at the general election to be held on Tuesday, November 5, 1904, the selection of a state committee, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it, and that the said convention shall assemble at 11 o'clock a. m. on Thursday, the 25th day of August, 1904, in the Salt Lake Theater. Candidates are to be named by the state ticket for the following offices:

Three presidential electors, governor, secretary of state, attorney general, state treasurer, state auditor, superintendent of public instruction, judge of the supreme court, representative.

The Republican electors of this state and all other electors, without regard to past political affiliations, who believe in the principles of the Republican party and endorse its policies, are cordially invited to unite under this call in the selection of delegates.

The apportionment of delegates for every 50 votes cast for Howell for Congress, by counties as follows:

County	Delegates
Beaver	288
Boulder	1,179
Cache	3,127
Carbon	1,323
DeWalt	1,520
Emery	629
Garfield	1,323
Grand	227
Iron	146
Kane	1,323
Millard	851
Morgan	291
Rich	341
Salt Lake	11,888
San Juan	91
Sanpete	2,745
Sevier	1,323
Shoshone	1,323
Tioga	1,096
Utah	121
Wasatch	576
Washington	567
Weber	1,274

All delegates shall be elected not less than three days before the meeting of the state convention. The respective county committees are requested to call candidates for delegates to the state convention, and to make arrangements for the election of delegates to the state convention. The chairman of the respective county committee will forward to the chairman of the state committee a full list of the delegates chosen.

By order of JAMES H. ANDERSON, Chairman, TOM PITT, Secretary.

## POLITICAL POINTERS.

Chairman Mulvey has settled the bills incurred by the county and city committee in the recent ratification meeting. As an indication of what it costs to run a committee, he has been skeptical that that one meeting entailed an expense of \$143.60. And no hall rent, either!

Gov. Wells has regretfully declined to speak at the Black Hawk war veterans' reunion at Fillmore, July 21-25, as he has important engagements covering the period.

There is talk of a Young Men's Republican club for the county outside the city. A meeting will be called at Murray before many days for the purpose of organizing one.

Sven O. Nielson is in from Sanpete. He is a staunch supporter of Gov. Wells, and expresses the hope that the governor will announce himself for a third term.

The candidacy of D. N. Straup for a place on the supreme bench seems to be meeting with favor among Republicans.

The headquarters of the Young Men's Democratic club are practically in readiness for the reception to be held Monday night, and it is safe to say that nowhere in the United States has a similar club more palatial quarters. From the beautiful rugs and carpets that cover the floors to the paintings of the nation's prominent Democrats that hang high on the walls, the rooms are exactly as they should be. This morning two commodious rooms were added to the original lease-making seven in all—for the use of the Democratic state and county committees, and new furniture was immediately ordered for them. It is the intention of the young men not to wait for the formal opening of the convention, but to begin a campaign at once in the city and county for Democracy.

There is not a little political speculation as to how earnest a gubernatorial candidate Jesse M. Smith will become. That gentleman is now at or about Great Falls, Montana, buying wool. And speaking of wool Jesse M. Smith knows nearly every wool man in the west, and is one of the best judges of the business in the country. Just now there is more than one Republican leader who would like to have him hasten home and make a personal statement as to where he stands with reference to the gubernatorial fight.

## M'OMIE WORKS FROM SUN TO SUN.

Murray's City Judge Holds Court As a Sort of Side Issue.

## THIS IS NOT SATISFACTORY.

Attempt May be Made to Install a Temporary Judge and Thus Stir Up Trouble.

The City of Murray is again having trouble with its municipal affairs. This time the trouble is over the city justice of the peace, J. P. McOmie. As the facts were told to Assistant City Attorney Bramel today by a delegation of Murray officials and citizens, it seems that Justice McOmie, who draws the princely salary of \$20 per month from the City of Murray, is employed at the smelter near Murray and is compelled to go to his work at 7 o'clock each morning and does not return until 7 o'clock in the evening, and hence is not at his office in Murray during the day at all.

Some of the officials found this to be very inconvenient and seem anxious to have a justice of the peace who can be at his office at least some time during the day. Justice McOmie has been holding court and attending to the duties of his office at night after he returned from his work at the smelter. That did not please the officials, and a number of them took the matter in hand with a view to finding out what could be done in the premises.

It was thought that it would be advisable to pass an ordinance requiring all the city officials to have offices and regular office hours each day. But that scheme was abandoned because a number of them are employed elsewhere and would be unable to maintain an office and be there certain hours during the day.

A provision in the statutes was finally discovered which authorizes the mayor to appoint a city judge during the absence or inability of the regular judge to attend to the duties of his office. With that statute, which is in the city code, the officials are now endeavoring to pass an ordinance that the mayor of Murray will be prevailed upon to name a temporary justice of the peace, as it is thought that Justice McOmie's absence from the city will be sufficient ground under that statute. Should such action be taken it is probable that Justice McOmie will fight the matter in the courts.

## TARBET POWER SCHEME.

Wall Street Syndicate to Float Bonds For American Falls Project.

(Special to the "News.")

New York, July 14.—A Wall street syndicate is being organized here to float the bonds of the Idaho Consolidated Power company, of which A. H. Tarbet of Salt Lake is chief promoter and president.

Mr. Tarbet also intends to finance large power plants at American Falls, Idaho, for transmitting electric power throughout the wide territory embraced in southeastern Idaho, southwestern Montana and northern Utah, and taking in the properties of the Bonanza Land Power and Light company, American Falls Land and Light company, and the Tarbet company.

The syndicate is headed by Gray Bros., bankers of Boston and New York, J. and W. Seligman & Co. will act as bondholders' trustees in the extensive construction.

A representative of both firms mentioned declined to give particulars of the negotiations or when work would be commenced. From outside sources it is learned that a meeting of capitalists interested is scheduled soon to take immediate action in promoting the work.

## SEEING SALT LAKE.

Cousins of Margaret Peirce Young Visiting Here for the First Time.

Mary E. Peirce, Eda May Peirce and Mrs. Ruth Peirce Taylor constitute a party of Philadelphia ladies who are visiting Salt Lake for the first time. They came in yesterday and expect to leave for the west tomorrow. The ladies are the proprietors of the Pierce Commercial school of Philadelphia, which is so immensely popular in that city that last year it had an enrollment of 1,900 students. The visitors are cousins of Margaret Peirce Young, widow of the late President Brigham Young and are en route to San Francisco and southern California on pleasure bent. They expect also to visit the world's fair, returning east via the Grand Canyon of the Colorado. They stayed yesterday and today seeing the sights of Salt Lake and this afternoon took a run out to Saltair. Last year the ladies took a trip to Klondike.

## HEALTH CIRCULAR.

Secretary Beatty Mails Another Communication Regarding Consumptives.

Secretary Beatty of the state board of health is sending out the following circular to the health officers over the state:

"Your attention is again directed to the rule of the state board of health requiring that physicians and others report to the local board of health all cases of consumption and other forms of tuberculosis which may now exist or hereafter occur, stating name and address and other data required by said rule, printed in enclosed circular. It is the duty of the local board of health to enforce this rule and immediate steps should be taken to secure compliance with its provisions. In order that prompt action may be taken to check the spread of the disease, postal cards for reporting to the state board of health will be furnished health officers on application to the secretary."

"The state board of health will hereafter insist on the strict enforcement of the aforesaid rule and the co-operation of health officers and those who have previously reported cases on the monthly postal return and who have subsequently requested to send at once the name and address of all cases so reported, in order that the record may be complete and that instructions may be sent to patients as to preventive measures."

## "OOM PAUL" KRUGER DEAD.

Ex-President of the Transvaal Republic Dies of Pneumonia And Heart Weakness.

## WAS AT CLARENS, SWITZERLAND.

Expressed a Desire to be Buried Beside His Wife in His Own Country.

Clarens, Switzerland, July 14.—Paul Kruger, former president of the Transvaal republic, died here at 3 o'clock this morning from pneumonia and supervening heart weakness. Mr. Kruger lost consciousness Monday. His daughter and son-in-law were with him at the time of his death. He had been in poor health since his arrival here at the beginning of last month and had been out but once.

The ex-president's body was embalmed and this afternoon the remains will be placed in a vault pending funeral arrangements. Application will be made to the British government for authority to transport the remains to the Transvaal. In the meantime they will be temporarily interred here.

Mr. Kruger, who was staying at the Villa du Bochet, had been gradually failing for a long time, but he was able to attend the affairs, read the newspapers and received visitors until Saturday. A change for the worse set in on Sunday. He became unconscious Monday and remained so until his death. Besides the nurses Mr. Kruger was attended by his own physician, Dr. Heymann, and his secretary, Mr. Heide.

On several occasions Mr. Kruger had expressed a desire to be buried beside his wife in his own country.

## FRANCE MOURNS FOR KRUGER.

Paris, July 14.—The death of the former president of the Transvaal, Paul Kruger, at Clarens, Switzerland, aroused widespread regret here, owing to French sympathy for the Boer cause and personal admiration for the ex-president. When he recently left Montone his health was gradually failing through old age, constitutional disorders and throat trouble, which threatened to end in a fatal result. However, his personal physician, Dr. Heymann, did not apprehend a speedy crisis, and Mr. Kruger himself resisted the idea that his physical powers were failing. He had arranged to return to Montone next fall, releasing the picturesque villa in which he had occupied on the outskirts of the town. Nevertheless, his near friends recognized that Mr. Kruger's constitution was gradually giving way.

Visitors describe him as being a pathetic figure of calm endurance. His eyesight had dimmed but he sat much at times with his Bible open before him, muttering well known passages. He avoided references to the Boer war, but when it was occasionally mentioned he showed no resentment and expressed the belief that providence would eventually render justice to the Boer cause.

Mr. Kruger received few visitors but waived his usual seclusion to permit the presentation of the superb gift, the coat of which was raised through popular subscription, expressive of French admiration, and he also received private gifts, one being a considerable legacy from a Boer settler. But, before leaving Montone, he returned the legacy to relatives of the deceased.

The post mortem examination of the body showed that Mr. Kruger died of pneumonia, caused by a cold of the arteries, which made rapid progress during the last few weeks. The ex-president's state of health was kept secret.

## A SAILOR'S EXPERIENCE.

Picked Up in His Dory 100 Miles From His Vessel.

San Francisco, July 14.—Marcus P. D. Reis, a Danish sailor, arrived here from the north. He was picked up in a falling canoe by the U. S. cutter, Albatross, after he had drifted for four days in his dory 100 miles northwest of the point where he had lost sight of his vessel, the barkentine Fremont, in a fog.

## MR. CLEVELAND ILL.

Attacked by Same Trouble He Usually Experiences in Summer.

Buzzard's Bay, Mass., July 14.—Mrs. Cleveland was expected to arrive here today for a brief visit at the home of Joseph Jefferson, where former President Cleveland is staying. Mr. Cleveland had been in the city for some time, and it was announced today that his trouble was nothing save an attack similar to others which he has experienced in the summer months. At the Jefferson home today it was stated that Mr. Cleveland was about the house.

## Keeri Jury Discharged.

Helena, Mont., July 14.—After being out 14 hours, the jury in the case of the state against J. S. Keeri, charged with murder, reported today it could not agree, and was discharged. Ten of the jurors favored a verdict of guilty. Keeri, formerly president of the Montana Society of Civil Engineers, and prominent mining engineer of this state, shot and killed a barkeeper, Thomas Crystal in April, 1902.

The defense was insanity. He was convicted of murder in the second degree and sentenced to life imprisonment, but was granted a new trial on errors of the court.

## Sam'l Plummer McCallum Dead.

Franklin, Pa., July 14.—Samuel Plummer McCallum, one of the wealthiest oil producers in this region, and one of the organizers of the Republican party, is dead at his home here, aged 81 years.

## Chief Mate's License Suspended.

San Francisco, July 14.—United States marshal Robert H. Butler has suspended the license of C. J. Anderson as chief mate for the period of three months on account of his unfitness in not getting the position of the steamer Point Arena before she struck on June 23 and was towed to San Francisco from Mendocino City.

## BUTCHERS STRIKE MAY BE SETTLED.

First Step Toward Peace Taken When Pres. Donnelly Met Packing House Representatives.

## BOTH SIDES WANT SETTLEMENT.

It is Understood That Union Leaders Will Insist That All Strikers be Reinstated.

Chicago, July 14.—The first step toward peace between the seven packing companies and their 50,000 striking employees, was taken today, when President Michael Donnelly, of the Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butchers' Union of North America, held a conference with representatives of the packing houses, in which the strike was called.

Both sides are in favor of a peaceable settlement upon an equitable basis, and it is believed that an arrangement will be made for the men to return to work, pending an adjustment of the difficulties by arbitration.

J. Ogden Armour, for the employers, and Michael Donnelly, for the workers, have united in declaring they favor arbitration. The head of the union in council with President Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, was advised to make terms at once if he could secure what he deemed fair consideration.

It is understood that in the conference today the union leaders will insist that all strikers be reinstated.

Another point on which the labor men will lay great stress will be that a wage scale for each class of workers in the packing plant be agreed upon. This brings up one of the original difficulties. The packers have maintained that any contract made would not include the unskilled workers.

It was announced that representatives of the packing houses had arranged to hold a conference previous to the joint arbitration meeting. At this conference, it was said, it would be determined just what the packers would be willing to agree to. Those selected to represent the packing houses were Louis E. Swift, Swift & Co.; Edward Morris, Nelson, Morris & Co.; J. Ogden Armour, for Armour, Swift & Co.; Thomas Connors, Armour & Co.; K. H. Bell, National Packing company; Max Sulzberger, Schwarzschild & Sulzberger company.

Employment of non-union men is increasing, according to Arthur Meeker, manager for Armour & Co. "We are getting plenty of outside help," said Mr. Meeker. "Yesterday's output was 25 per cent of normal. Today we will produce more."

## ST. LOUIS TEAMSTERS UGLY.

St. Louis, Mo., July 14.—The strike of the packing house employees in St. Louis and East St. Louis was somewhat intensified today by the action of many teamsters, acting ostensibly upon their own initiative, in refusing to handle meat prepared by non-union men engaged to fill the places of the strikers.

A meeting of the Teamsters' union has been held at which speeches were made upholding the cause of the strikers, and while no formal action was taken, the drivers declare that they are ready to go out when the order is given.

The report that arrangements are being made in Chicago to settle the difficulty by arbitration, was received by the strikers with satisfaction.

The strike so far has not been marked by any disturbance, and no attempt have been made to interfere with the men employed to take the strikers' places.

There was a slight advance in fresh meat today, but the retailers were under the strike and quickly settled by decided leaps. There is very little killing done by any of the packing houses in East St. Louis.

## KILLING IN KANSAS CITY.

Kansas City, Mo., July 14.—Killing on a slightly increased scale was resumed today at the plants of Armour & Co., Swift & Co. and Cudahy. A number of those places new men were hired. At the Cudahy plant the workmen are still busy cleaning up, and no attempt to resume business will be made for a few days yet. The Schwarzchild & Sulzberger company continued to ship today, but no killing was attempted. No effort is being made to operate the Ruddy Brothers plant.

Butchers here advanced the price of pork 2½ cents a pound, but the price of fresh beef remains practically unchanged. However, as the packing companies who were selling have nothing but the highest priced meat left in stock, the element which has been handling inferior grades must now purchase the best or none at all.

Thirty coopers and boxmakers and about 125 laborers at unskilled employees at the Armour and Cudahy plants failed to report for duty today. Many of these employees were non-union men.

## OMAHA HIRING MEN.

Omaha, Neb., July 14.—All of the South Omaha houses are hiring men as fast as they can get them, and are employing them in the packing and slaughtering departments. Swift's and Armour's resumed killing cattle and cutting hogs today on a small scale. They say there is no difficulty in getting livestock.

## A FEW HOGS KILLED.

St. Joseph, Mo., July 14.—Swift killed a few hogs and cattle today. An effort will be made to operate the Swift plant later in the week.

A general advance in prices of fresh meats, the first since the strike, was announced today.

## NEW YORK STRIKERS.

New York, July 14.—No new phase of the meat strike in this city developed over night, and the meeting today of the strikers' organization was the only feature expected to bring forth anything of interest.

There was a sentiment about packing house districts as well as about the effect on meat prices would be felt for two weeks at least. The price of beef was advanced again today and it will be each day until the strike is over.

The increased demand for poultry, eggs, and vegetables, caused by the

## JACK OF MEAT.

has raised the prices of these necessities.

Hotels and restaurants have begun to feel the effects of the strike and prices are being advanced in all eating places.

In the poorer sections of the city, on the east side, many of the butcher shops, unable to procure meat, have been forced to close. In the tenement house districts many families are going without meat.

The packers' preliminary meeting was held in Nelson Morris & Co.'s office. The result was the formulation of a note to President Donnelly and Samuel Gompers, inviting the two labor officials to a conference.

While diplomatic exchanges of this nature were in progress a mob of about 500 strike sympathizers collected and set upon a dozen or more non-union men who tried to enter the yards to take the places of the strikers. No blows were struck, but the non-union men were led back to the gates and given gentle admonition to "go home." The non-unionists acted upon the advice.

## A LITTLE SLAUGHTERING.

St. Paul, July 14.—Slaughtering on a small scale was resumed today at the South St. Paul packing plant of Swift & Co. The strikers today increased their picket lines about the Swift plant, which is the only one in St. Paul affected.

## NO DISORDER AT FT. WORTH.

Fort Worth, Texas, July 14.—There has been no disorder among the striking packing house employees in this city. The union men have volunteered to act as special forces of the city and they have been accepted. At Swift's plant a force of men has been put to work in place of the strikers.

## A RISE IN BOSTON.

Boston, July 14.—The continuation of the meat cutters' strike in the west caused another rise in prices for practically all kinds of meat today. A representative of Armour & Co. said if the western conditions continue the scarcity of meat will be severely felt by next week.

## NO FAMINE IN PHILADELPHIA.

Philadelphia, July 14.—All danger of a meat famine in this city is past. Local meat dealers say that they can handle one-half of the beef sold in this city and they declare that they can readily procure sufficient cattle to supply the other half. The agents of a western company are taking steps to secure headquarters for abattoirs in this city in order to furnish killed beef if necessary.

## WASH. PROHIBITIONISTS.

Pledge Their Lives and Honor to Overthrow Liquor Traffic.

Spokane, Wash., July 14.—The Prohibition state convention at Everett has adjourned, having named A. H. Sherwood, of Everett for governor; W. H. Shields, of Spokane, lieutenant-governor; James McDowell, of Olympia, secretary of state; Guy Fosson, of Seattle, treasurer; C. C. Gridley, of Vancouver, auditor; W. H. Lickly, of Pasco, land commissioner; A. B. L. Gellerman, of Tacoma, superintendent of public instruction.

The platform calls for direct legislation; denounces the system of flouting prohibited laws, and pledges "our estate, our lives, our sacred honor" to the final overthrow of the liquor traffic.

About 200 beefhandlers, employed in Jersey City by the dressed beef concerns, joined the strike movement today. A few men were still at work this afternoon, but very little meat was being handled.

## ANGLO-GERMAN TREATY.

Impression in St. Petersburg is There May be One With Russia.

St. Petersburg, July 14.—The general impression here is that the Anglo-German arbitration treaty, signed Tuesday, may be followed soon by a similar arrangement between Russia and Great Britain. The Novor Vremya, alone of the St. Petersburg newspapers, received the news of the Anglo-German treaty with bad temper, asking what all these treaties amount to when nothing but the sound of firing is heard all over the world.

## AT SAGAMORE HILL.

President Takes a Gallop, Then Works on Official Business.

Oyster Bay, L. I., July 14.—After a gallop over the roads in the vicinity of Sagamore Hill today, President Roosevelt devoted several hours to work on official business.

A direct telegraph wire from the executive offices here to the White House enables the president to communicate at any time with the members of his cabinet, and other officials with whom he transacts business here occasionally.

Last night the president and his family were aroused by the explosion of the big gasoline launch at the dock of the Seawanhaka Corinthian Yacht club at Center Island, just opposite Sagamore Hill. It was said at the clubhouse today that J. S. Gillespie of Stamford, Conn., the owner of the launch, who was seriously injured by the explosion, is out of danger.

The president received several calls from personal and political friends.