

BURROWS' SPEECH.

senate on that subject.

Senator Burrows first reviewed hisorical facts in connection with the establishment of polygamy by the Mormon Church. He said there had been no proof submitted to sustain the allegation that Mr. Smoot is a polygamist, adding that the recommendation of the committee on privileges and elections in favor of declaring vacant the seat of the Utah senator is not based on

Mr. Burrows' impeachment was based entirely upon the connection of Mr. Smoot with the governing body of the Church, consisting of the presidency and the twelve apostles. He referred b this body as a "hierarchy," and said:

POWER OF LEADERS.

"The power exercised by this body is far reaching and commanding, holding in its masp practically the entire membership of the organization and through it the domination of the state and by arrogating to itself and inculcating the belief in its followers that they are endowed with supernatural powers as



their followers evidently have no in-tention to submit, and are preparing to assume the roll of martyrs, abandon the churches and organize private worship.

ship. Cardinal Richard and many of the bishops have already begun the re-moval of their private effects from the episcopal mansions and the elergy are preparing to leave their rectories and move into hired lodgings. It is an-nounced that the parish priests have received many offers of places in which received many offers of places in which to hold religious services but there is not the slightest indication that they tended to take advantage of the sole remaining chance to retain their churches, namely, by making the dec-Sulphide of carbon has been found ex-The government realizes that addi-tional legislative power is necessary and will occordingly ask parliament for it Deceltare back been merchind it. Receivers have been appointed everywhere to assume charge of the churches' sequestered property, and three policemen will be stationed to-morrow at the doors of each of the churches to report violations of the law, but, as such violations can only be tried in the police courts, and as the penalty is only 15 francs fine and 15 days' imprisonment, with the right

sentatives who have administered the tropic islands which came under our flag as a result of the war with Spain; and of no one of them is this more true than of Porto Rico. It would be impossible to wish a more faithful, a more efficient and a more disinter-ested public service than that now being rendered in the island of Porto Rico by those in control of the insu-Rico by those in control of the insular government,

I stopped at a dozen towns all told, and one of the notable features in every town was the gathering of the school children. The work that has been done in Porto Rico for education has been noteworthy. The main emphasis, as is eminently wise and education; but in addition to this there is a normal school, an agricultural school, three industrial and three high schools. Every effort is being made to secure not only the bene-fits of elementary education to all the Porto Ricans of the next generation, but also as far as means will permit to train them so that the industrial, agricultural and commercial oppor-tunities of the island can be utilized to the best possible advantage. It was evident at a glance that the teachers, both Americans and native Forto Ricans, were devoted to their work, took the greatest pride in it, and were endeavoring to train their ing made to secure not only the bene and were endeavoring to train their pupils, not only in mind, but in what counts for far more than mind in citizenship, that is, in character. PORTO RICAN TROOPS. I was very much struck by the excellent character both of the insular police and of the Porto Rican regiment. They are both of them bodies that reflect credit upon the American admin-istration of the island. The insular istration of the island. The insular police are under the local Porto Rican overnment. The Porto Rican regiment of troops must be appropriated for by the Congress. I carnestly hope that this body will be kept permanent. There should certainly be troops in the is-land, and it is wise that these troops should be themselves native Porto Ricans. It would be from every stand-point a mistake not to perpetuate this regiment. In traversing the island even the most cursory survey leaves the be-holder struck with the evident rapid growth in the culture both of the sugar cane and tobacco. The fruit industry is also growing. Last year was the most prosperous year that the island has ever known before or since the American occupation. The total of exports and imports of the island was \$45,000,000 as anginst \$8,600,000 in 1901. This is the largest in the island's his Prior to the American occupation the greatest trade for any year was that of 1896, when it reached nearly \$23,900,000. Last year, therefore, there was double the trade that

of all the isless beyond the sex. As sons, daughters, grandchildren and friends meet and lovingly greet him this afternoon they can but dimly realize the mighty events that have been crowded into the century that the career of their illustrious ances-tor and friend has almost spanned. At the same time they may well marvel at the remarkable exhibition of mental and physical well-being that he and physical wen-being that he presents; for surely President John R. Winder is one of the youngest and most active men for his years to be found in this broad land. His splen-

there was in the most prosperous year under the Spanish regime. There were 210,273 tons of sugar exported last year, of the value of \$14,186,319; \$3,555,163 of tobacco, and 2%,290,322 pounds of coffee of the value of \$3,481,102. Unfortunately, what used to be Porto Rico's prime crop-coffee-has not shared this prosperity. It has never recovered from the disaster of the hurricane, and more-over, the benefit of throwing open our market to it has not compensated for the loss inflicted by the closing of the markets to it abroad. I call your at-tention to the accompanying memorial on this subject, of the board of trade

The hour for the family gathering at President Winder's home, 49 north West Temple street, is 4 o'clock. The program is to be largely impromptu and informal and it is not known at this writing just what the details will be. But there will be one thought in which all those assembled will join, and which will find a hearty response from thousands who will learn of the event only through the columns of the "News" and that will be, "Long live and God bless, President Winder."

it, and great bonefit to the island, and it should certainly not be changed at this time. The machinery of the elec-tions is administered entirely by the Porto Rican people themselves, the governor and council keeping only such supervision as is necessary in order to insure an orderly election. Any protest as to electoral frauds is settled in the as to electrical fractions is settled in the courts. Here again it would not be safe to make any change in the pres-ent system. The elections this year were absolutely orderly, unaccompa-tion of the same disturbance and the set were absolutely orderly, unaccompa-nied by any disturbance; and no protest has been made against the man-agement of the elections, although three contests are threatened where the majorities were very small and error was claimed; the contests, of course, to be settled in the courts. In short, the governor and council are co-operating with all of the most enlightened and most patriotic people of Porto Rico in educating the citizens of the island in

Favorable reports from the bedside of the wounded man have had the ef-fect of raising the spirits of Mrs. Brad-ley. She was much more cheerful to-

MRS. BRADLEY ARRESTED.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 10.-Mrs. Bradley spent another restless day in her cell at the house of detention, and her only thought seems to be for the man whom she shot down. She the man whom she shot down. She was much interested in the report to-day that Mrs. Annie Adams of Phila-delphia, mother of Maude Adams, the actress, had arrived in Washington and had made an effort to see Sena-tor Brown at the hospital. She urged the matron to send for Mrs. Adams, declaring that it was important that she see her at once.

IF BROWN LIVES Asst. Dist. Atty. Given today an-nounced that "if Senator Brown is still alive tomorrow I shall issue information against Mrs. Bradley for assault with intent to kill, and she will be given a preliminaray hearing in po-lice court at once. In the event of his (Senator Brown's) death, murder will be charged."

able fortitude and vitality shown by Former Senator Brown of Utah, who was shot by Mrs. Anna M. Bradley, last Saturday, lead the physicians at the emergency hospital today to believe that his chances for recovery are good, should no complications set in. His condition continues to improve. Favorable reports from the baddide

prophets, seers and revelators,' and ly commissioned by the Al-to dominate the inhabitants of is world, and that resistance to the will of this theocracy is rebellion against God. The testimony fally sus-tains the allegation that the Mormon pristhood is yested with supreme auority in all things, temporal and spir-mal, and that the first presidency and the twelve apostles are supreme in the and transmission of this au-

He said that "since the admission of Tab into the Union the people of the state have been, if possible, more comunder the domination of the hierarchy than during the bug years of their territorial exist. and in support of this statement

Imendiately and at the very first thereafter, the hierarchy refield its domination in state affairs, hing possession of every official posithe state government and has and them ever since with unyielding imacity. The only office held by a lding Mormon under a state government I-M elective officer, has been the attor-My general.

ALLEGED POLITICAL INTERFER-ENCE.

He cited many instances of political merference not only in Utah, but admerference not only in Utan, but ad-bining states, and quoted at length the Church monifesto of 1896, requiring the Church monifesto of the before becoming candidates Smoot had been compelled to irchy office obtain this permission. "He was nom-insted by the hierarchy," said Mr. Eurows, "and the selection ratified by the legislature." He went on: "No more cunningly devised scheme could possi-by he of the selection oncocted to put the Church in follies and make it potential therein than this. For, the moment it is known that a candidate has the endorsement of the Church and permission of the hierarchy to be a candidate, that moment he has back of him the whole power of the Motmon Church and his election is assured. There has been no case in which a candidate for a high office in Utah has around the for a high office in that has gained the consent of the Church to run and has been defeated." Stah has He mid that Mr. Smoot's membership h the Church governing body which in-valences a belief in polygamy, is con-teled. Concluding that the members of releates a bener that the members of reded. Concluding that the members of the hierarchy teach polygamy as a principle of human conduct, he took up the question as to whether they prastige it. On that point he said; The evidence upon this point is so and evidence upon this point is so complete and overwhelming as to leave no doubt as to the truth of the allega-tion. The proof is indubitiable that in spite of the manifesto of 1890, issued by the head of the Church, counseling the suspension of polyanavi, in spite of exassension of polygamy; in spite of ex-pressed inhibition of the Constitition of the state and of the statutory prohi-bition of the commonwealth, it appears that a majority of the members of this hierarchy has continually and persist-ently lived in polygamy, and is today openly and confessedly defying the laws of the land prohibiting such crimes. The record is so shocking as to chal-lenge credulity." of polygamy; in spite of ex-REFERS TO PREST. SMITH.

He spoke in this connection of the atoniahment of the committee at the confessions of President Smith and of the revelations of the fact that eight of the tweive aposties have plural wives. Referring to Smith's confes-tion of five wives and 42 children, Mr.

no of hew wives and 42 children, Mr. Burrows added: "If the public press is to be credited, this number has been augmented dur-ing the last year to 43, and while we are discussing the right of the repre-sentative of the hierarchy to a seat in this body, we can imagine its saintly bed aitting in the home of his fifth plural wife, rocking the cradle of the lauchery and crime, and with sanc-

cellent. ence of obtaining supplies have oper-ated against it. The matter of canal bank patrol.ditch

cussions are being continued this afternoon.

BISHOP McCABE.

He is Stricken With Apoplexy and His Condition is Serious.

New York, Dec. II.-Bishop McCabe, of Philadelphia, of the Methodist Episcopal hurch, was stricken with apoplexy at Fwenty-third street and Thirteenth ave-ue today. He was taken to New York ospital, where it was said that the ishop's condition is serious.

POLICE MAKL A FIND.

Search of Student's House Revealed

Rifles and New Explosives.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 11.-The pollee searched the lodgings of a student named Karbasnikoff, son of a leading merchant, and found a stock of rifles, revolvers nd bombs, a quantity of new explosives of extraordinary force and plans for barri-cading themselves in case of an armed under

MRS. BELLAMY STORER.

Lady Begins to Realize That She Has

Talked Too Much. Cincinnati, Dec. 11.-Remarkable state-ments were credited to Mrs. Beilamy Storer in an interview which was pub-lished here today, among them a state-ment that she and her husband had "crea-ted President Roosevelt." Mrs. Storer today said that, while she bad seen a newspaper woman jast night.

Mrs. Storer today said that, while she had seen a newspaper woman last night, and had said some of the things credited to her, the report, as published, gave an entirely different complexien to everything said and that undue prominence had been given to certain incidents related during the interview. While unable to deny that such an interview had then given she said that so incorrect and gar-bled a report had been published that it did not give her views or statements, and she did not want if to be considered as coming from her. Beyond this she refused to discuss the matter.

CHINESE EXCLUSION.

California Delegation Lined up to Fight the Foster Bill.

Washington, Dec. 11.-Preparations are eing made in the house for another atempt to get the Foster bill, modifying the Chinese exclusion act, out of the heuse committee on foreign affairs. Last year the California delegation was

cast year the cambrid delegation was successful in preventing a favorable re-port on the measure, and the Californians are again lined up this year preparatory to renewing their fight against any changes in the bill excluding Chinese la-borers from this country.

to renewing their high against any changes in the bill excluding Chinese la-borers from this country. Representative McKinley, Representa-tive Kahn and Representative Hayes, who headed the opposition to the Foster bill last year, express their determination to spare no effort to prevent a favorable consideration of the measure at this ses-sion. Some modifications may be made in the bill before it is again brought to the attention of the house committee, but in the main it will stand as at present. The present Chinese exclusion act forbids the admission of all Chinese except stu-dents, merchants and other privileged classes and places the burden of proof upon Chinese seeking admission. The purpose of the revision is to change the act so it will admit all Chinese excepting coolles.

of appeal, sterner measures will be eccessary. The tone of the Republican press of all shades indicates that if the pope imagine that this uncompro-mising attitude will compel the French government to open negotiations with the vatican, he has woefully mistaken

the temper of the people, which favors a more hostile rather than a more conciliatory attitude. The Republique Francais says: "The time has passed when a pope

could successfully threaten to release French subjects from their allegiance. Defiance of the law will only expose the priests to being regarded as the subjects of foreign power by which they would forfeit their rights s Frenchmen. In the hope of effecting a compro-

mise several deputies, headed by George Leygues, Radical Republican, and exminister of the colonies, have tele-graphed to the mayors of the com-munes asking them to induce two Catholic laymen from each parish to make the declaration under the law of 1881 which the pope has forbidden the Par-

ish priests to make. MUST LEAVE RESIDENCES. Paris, Dec. 11.—Formal notice was served during the day on Cardinal Richard, archbishop of Paris, and the bishops and parish priests of this department, that they must evacuate their residences tomorrow. Similar notices were served on the clergy in the other departments noti-fying them to leave their residences on Thursday or Friday. SUPPRESSING CLERGY'S PEN-SIONS.

Paris, Dec. 11.-After a meeting of the cabinet ministers today it was an-

0000 (Continued from page five.)

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Owing to the heavy demand for space in the Christmas "News," all city advertisers who expect an ency and ency are space or large space are requested to furnish their copy before tomorrow night. The "News" cannot guarantee to give insertion to any large advertise-ments received after that date. No small advertisements will be received after Friday evening.



Utah Con. Will Move Its Immense Plant to a Point Outside of the Salt Lake Valley-News Both Important and Serious to Many People in This Section-Definite

A private dispatch from Boston today contained the information that the directors of the Utah Consolidated Mining company had decided to abando don the smelter now in operation near

Murray, and that when Manager Channing left for the west a few days ago he carried with him instructions to look around for a new site and purchase it. It was also stated in the message that the company already has no less than four locations in view. but that the matter of selection has been left entirely to Mr. Channing. The removal of the Utah Consoli-dated plant from the Salt Lake valley point.

conditions upon the smelting comthe treatment of 200 tons of ore daily conditions upon the smelling com-panies that they will be given the al-ternative of closing their plants down entirely or doing as the directors of the Utah Consolidated have chosen to From time to time additions were built and facilities provided until now from 800 to 1,000 tons of ore from the company's Bingham mine are treated and the metals extracted therefrom put out

-go out of the valley altogether. Manager Channing, who returned in the form of bullion. That the mine could supply a plant twice the size of from the east last night, was seen by a representative of the "News" during the day and asked if the story from Boston was correct and while he de-clared it was too early to discuss the the present one there is not the slightest doubt and in all probability the new smelter will be built with the view of handling a much larger tonnage than the present one. It goes without say-ing that the plant to be built will be company's plana for the future, yet the inference went out that there will be an abandonment of the Murray plant during the present year and that, of course, means the building of the very best that money can buy and be provided with all the modern devices for the economic treatment of ore. an entirely new one at some other

of all other Utah mines this year in the payment of dividends and holds the record of producing copper cheaper is the direct result of the smelter smoke agitation started several years ago and culminating in the recent in-junction of Judge John Marshall of the federal court, which, if allowed to become effective, will impose such The Utah Consolidated, or Highland than any other copper company in the world. Mr. Channing has served the company as its manager from the be

of San Juan, and I earnestly hope that some measure will be taken for the benefit of the excellent and high grade

Porto Rican coffee. In addition to delegations from the board of trade and chamber of com-merce of San Juan, I also received delegations from the Porto Rican federa-tion of labor, and from the Coffee the principles of orderly liberty. They Growers' association.

SHOULD HAVE CITIZENSHIP.

Ther is a matter to which I wish to call your special attention, and that is the desirability of conferring full American citizenship upon the people American citizensing upon the people of Porto Rico. I most earnestly hope that this will be done. I can not see how any harm can possibly result from it, and it seems to me a-matter of right and justice to the people of Porto Rico. They are loyal, they are glad to be under our flag, they are making rapid progress along the path of or-derly liberty. Surely we should show derly inerty. Surely we should show our appreciation of them, our pride in what they have done, and our pleas-ure in extending recognition for what has thus been done, by granting them full American citizenship.

THEY HAVE AUTONOMY.

Under the wise administration of the present governor and council, marked progress has been made in the difficult matter of granting the people of the island the largest measure of selfgovernment that can with safety be given at the present time. It would have been a very serious mistake to have gone any faster than we have al-ready gone in this direction. The Porto Ricans have complete and absolute autonomy in all their municipal governments, the only power over them possessed by the insular government being that of removing corrupt or in-competent municipal officials. This power has never been exercised save on power has never been exercised save on the clearest proof of corruption or of incompetence—such as to jeopardize the interests of the people of the Island; and under such circumstances it has been fearlessly used to the immense benefit of the people. It is not a power with which it would be safe, for the sake of the island itself to discense at sake of the island itself, to dispense at present. The lower house is absolutely elective, while the upper hous is appointive. This scheme is working well; no injustice of any kind results from

The Utah Consolidated heads the list

are providing a government based upon each citizen's self-respect, and the mu-tual respect of all citizens; that is, based upon a rigid observance of the principles of justice and honesty. has not been easy to instil into the minds of people unaccustomed to the exercise of freedom, the two basic principles of our American system; the principle that the majority must rule, and the principle that the minority has rights which must not be disregarded or trampled upon. Yet real progress or trampled upon. Yet real progress has been made in having these princi-ples accepted as elementary, as the foundations of successful self-govern-

I transmit herewith the report of the governor of Porto Rico, sent to the president through the secretary of state

All the insular governments should be placed in one bureau, either in the department of war or the department of state. It is a mistake not so to arrange our handling of these islands at Wash-ington as to be able to take advantage of the experience gained in one, when dealing with the problems that from time to time arise in another.

In conclusion let me express my ad-miration for the work done by the congress when it enacted the law under which the island is now being administered. After seeing the island personally, and after five years' experience in connection with its administration, it is but fair to those who devised this say that it would be well-nigh impossible to have devised any othe which in the actual working have accomplished better results. would

THEODORE ROOSEVELT. The White House, Dec. 11, 1905.

ENTOMBED MINERS.

Six Caught in Cave-in Alive 48 Hours After the Accident.

Bakersfield, Cal., Dec. 11.-The six Edison Electric company's works in the Kern river canyon Friday morning by the cave-in of the shaft in which they were working, were alive at 11 o'clock this morning. 48 hours after the acci-dent occurred. An old miner, C. E. Moore, came from the works late tonight and states positively that at 11 o'clock this morning, the signals of the miners code transferred over the steel rails of the transmoster between the shaft, were exchanged between the helpless miners and a party of rescuers working from the top of the shaft. Saving the lives of the unfortunates if they are not dead already is looked upon as next to impossible. Three rescue par-ties have been at work since Friday and little or no progress has been made. One party working through the shaft from the bottom assess to be the shaft from the bottom passed through one caved in bulwark but were unable to bass the second, beyond which the miners are imprisoned

Blasting this bulwark and allowing the men and rock to pass down the shaft and pipe together to the power house below is the only means of res-cue. Moore states that despite the pleading of the miners and workmen the Edison company will not give or-ders to blast. Moore believes that the entombed men have broken one of the water pipes running down the saft and are keeping alive by drinking water.

CREW OF 12 DROWNED.

Christiansand, Norway, Dec. 11.-The steam trawler Forsoga has been sunk in a storm. All of her crew, numbering 12 men, were drowned.

OFFERS NOT ACCEPTED.

A. E. L. Leckie of counsel for Mrs. Bradley, says that he was retained by George W. Bartch, former chief jus-Bradley, says that he was retained by George W. Bartch, former chief jus-tice of the supreme court of Utah, and John L. Bagley, former attorney-gen-eral for Idaho, personal friends of Mrs. Bradley. He admits that Mrs. Bradley has received many telegrams from Salt Lake City offering her finan-cial assistance, but says that none of these offers has been accepted.

IN SUPREME COURT.

The argument in the supreme court of the United States of the Montana Mining company vs. the St. Louis Mining company, in which Brown was engaged, was begun today. No refer-ence was made to the shooting affair, his associate counsel taking the en-tire responsibility on his side, that of the St. Louis company.

Prof. C. J. Thomas of this city, whose wife is a sister of Mrs. Asenath Adams called at the office of the Descret News today and stated how she came to be so well acquainted with Senator Brown. Mr. Thomas says that Brown had been engaged by her in a legal capacity to advise her particularly with reference to the estate of her late husband, Mr. Glidden, who died two or three years ago. In addition to that she consulted nator Brown with regard to the Senator Brown with regard to the set-tlement of the estate of her father, Barnabas Adams. In fact, Brown has been a regularly employed legal ad-viser of Mrs. Adams for several years past. These facts account for the as-sociation of the name of the actress and the senator who occasionally met and discussed business matters while the former was speciding the summer in Sait Lake. And that, relatives de-clare, also accounts for the talked of clare, also accounts for the talked of meeting between them to take place in New York when Brown should have finished his case before the suprema court at Washington. It is known that there were estate matters to be consid-ered and settled and there is therefore nothing at all strange about the alleged association that sensationalists are engaged in working up.

REPORT ON LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES IN WISCONSIN.

Madison, Wis., Dec. 10 .- The report of the legislative committee appointed to investigate the affairs of life insurance companies doing business in Wisconst was submitted to the governor tonight. It embraces the testimony taken by the committee last summer, comments up-on the evidence and recommends the passage of a large number of bills amending the insurance laws of the state in the interest of policyholders,

The general examination was confined o three companies, the Wisconsin Life of Madison, the Northwestern Life of Milwaukee and the Union Central Life of Cincinnati.

SALARIES EXTRAVAGANT.

Milwaukee, Wis., Dec. 11 .-- Senator Rummel, the Socialist member of the state senate investigating committee which has been probing life insurance conditions in Wisconsin, has written a infority report in which ha declares that extravagant salares are paid, relatives are employed, premiums are too high, policyholders are discriminated against, and private management of the insurance business compares unfavorably with national control in foreign countries.

Word From Boston Received Today.