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FIFTY-FIRST YEAR **GLORIFICATION OF** FIRST AMERICAN.

Utah University and Legislature Extol the Inmortal Washington in the Assembly Hall Today-Interesting Program.

The student as the exponent of the] otic spirit is a success. At least Utah University student. He held th is the Assembly hall this mornas and his exuberant love for Washten and the country that Washingderified found expression in lusty ers patriotic songs, and the waving class and college colors. The hall

well nigh filled, both with students i their sympathizing fellow citizens, it was decorated to meet the wishes the most ardent lover of Fourth of advantages, The stand and the der of the gallery were literally uded in the national and in class in Flags hung gracefully from the saturas about the room and the vise the occasion blended with the eches and the brilliant is all of which formed a harmonis which marks the exercises

tong the best that were ever held in alt Lake in memory of "the father The stand was occupied by President t his country." Abel John Evans, of the State Senate, werpor Wells, Speaker Glasmann, of

House of Representatives, and the House of Representatives, and President Angus M. Cannon. Governor Wells presided over the pro-redings which were begun by the play-ing of "The Star Spangled Banner." In the organ by Prof J. J. McClellan. le was encored, playing the song from Mignon." Governor Wells then de-vered the following happy address af-the invocation by Prof. R. R. Ly-us

GOVERNOR WELLS' ADDRESS.

When Shakespeare wrote "The evil hat men do lives after them, the good s oft interred with their bones." he as dealing with a particular occasion of with a provide sendition the Do

ad with a peculiar condition, the Ro-an republic and the imperial Caesar his theme. Out of this has grown xiom that republies are ungrateful. that men's goodness survives, that may be so far counterred as not to exist at all in the their successors, and that east one republic is not ungrateful. artially attested by this gathering but one out of the many being held today throughout

written law that it was enough for a man to be President of the United States two times. The students were told that it was not what they would say but what they would do that would live. The audience was then served to a

The audience was then served to a delectable piece of music from the University Glee club, led by Prof. Mc-Clellan. The club is an aggregation of very efficient singers who can make good music. GLASMANN'S ADDRESS.

The governor said that in pirforming his next duty he felt something like a legislator for he was going to intro-duce a bill. He then introduced Hon. William Glasmann, whose very enter-taining address was as follows:

SPEAKER GLASMANN'S ADDRESS

Washington was born 169 years ago today, of parents poor in all but land, of which the father of George owned several thousand acres. All of George several thousand acres. All of George Washington's biographers agree that there was nothing remarkable about his childhood, in fact, it is said, he was not even considered among the brightest boys of the district in which he lived. At twelve his father died, and his brave and noble mother did the best possible for her seven children. There was nothing to indicate that George was anything but an ordinary boy; his birth and standing was that of the son of an ordinary Virginia planter. The prestige of Washington's family was no greater than that of a majority of Utah families of today. I have heard Washing-ton spoken of as having been born and reared in wealth and luxury and that he

was highly educated. That is a mis-take. He was born in a warm, but humble farm-house, not even plastered. The only luxury his youth knew was the luxury of the forest, of fishing, of shoot-ing, of daily work on the farm and in helping his mother to manage the plan-tation; and some biographers say he often worked with slaves in the field. HIS EDUCATION.

His education was limited and defec tive, and he was self taught. This, then, was the boy, George Washin n tgw.noht was the boy, George Washington, with no brighter prospects than that of any other of a million boys, at the age of twelve years. But from his twelfth twelve years. But from his twelfth year George studied mathematics, and the art of surveying, and only himself arst salary by surveying Lord Faimax's Virginian plantation. He saved his earnings, and became a lanu speculator at eighteen. It was about this age that the neighbors of his district recognized "the get there ways" of George Washington.



WASHINGTON



IOO LIVES LOST OFF GOLDEN GATE

Steamer Rio Janeiro Strikes a Rock and Sinks in Twenty Minutes-Short List of the Rescued.

people were drowned.

heads all night, an unusually heavy fog | agents of he company in the orient and preventing her from entering the har- in Honolulu can be communicated with. bor. At 5 o'clock this morning she | One of the respued passengers gives weighed archor and headed for the city | It as his belief that the loss of the weain charge of Pilot Frank Jordan. Shortly afterwards the vessel struck a hidden bolters. rock and Pilot Jordan shouted for all The bodies of four Chinese and two on board to take to the boats. The white women have been washed ashore. wildest confusion prevailed, the passen- The Rio is now entirely under water. gers and crew allke scrambled for the

jumped overboard. Capt. Ward ordered several of the

boats alongside and the ladies of the cabin and some of the gentlemen passengers were placed in them. The boats | ficer of the Rio, emphatically declared were manned by part of the crew *d that Capt, Ward emulated Admiral headed citywards. So far as known but three of the ship's boats left the vessel. On board the Rio were twenty-nine cabin passengers, 150 in the steerage and 140 in the crew.

As soon as word reached this city tugs and other small boats put out for the scene of the disaster and already they are arriving with large numbers of the rescued. There is an unverified rumor to the effect that Consul Wildman, sion of the purser, John Rooney. of Hongkong, and his son were among those who were drowned,

THE SAVED. Following is a list of the known saved: Mrs. K. West.

Mrs. Reilly. Miss Lehrman.

J. K. Carpenter, an Oakland, Cal., capitalist.

Captain Hechts, of the German navy. William Caspar, of Toledo, Ohio. R. H. Long, of Honolulu. Preight Clerk Englehart

San Francisco, Feb. 22 .- The steamer | Nothing has been seen of the Wildman Rio Janeiro, Capt. Ward, from the family since the yessel struck the orient and Honolulu, struck on a rock, rock. The purser, John Rooney, is at an early hour this morning, just out- missing and all of his papers, it is beside the Golden Gate, and sunk in lieved, went down with the vessel, and twenty minutes. A large number of until he is found alive or his pouch is recovered it will be impossible to fully The steamer had been lying off the determine the total loss of life until the set was caused by the explosion of her

There are several conflicting stories beats and in their endeavor to escape | concerning the fate of Capt. Ward, The from the rapidly sinking vessel many steward of the Rio says that he stood beside the captain when the vessel went down. Two other survivors say that they also saw the captain, but Frederick Lindstrom, the quartermaster of-Tryon of her British majesty's ship Victoria in going down to his cabin, where he met his doorn behind a locked door

> It is certain that Capt. Ward was drowned, however.

> It is impossible to definitely ascertain how many lives were lost by the slnking of the Rio. The passenger list and the roster of the crew were in possesand he is among the missing.

From the stories told by the survivors of the calamity, all of which conflict more or less in detail, it is safe to presume that Pilot Jordan is the only living person qualified to tell exactly how the catastrophe happened, and who is resposible for it. Capt. Ward is dead and between him and the pilot the ship was steered to her doom.

The pilot's story is to the effect that after the ship had entered the heads and the fog enveloped her, he notified the captain that it was unsafe to proceed

he vast domain of the United States, a nation born of the sword and more han once sustained by it, but nevertheless the most peaceful, most honorab most just and most enduring among all the establishments of mankind We meet today to do honor to the

name and memory of him who, with his sword, his valer and his genius, nighty superstructure of which we are once the Cincinnatus and the Hanni bal of modern times; a man who left his pastoral pursuits to take the field and fight for freedom and then returned pastoral pursuits to take the field o the ways of peace and at the head of the affairs of State proved himself as reat as at the head of its armies. The history of the world would be

hed in vain for a greater example self-sacrificing devotion to a great se than was shown by the father of ountry when he left his comforta he home to place himself at the head f an unorganized and undisciplined of his countrymen acting as n army. He was engaging e that meant eternal infamy ad ignominious death with failure rissing fame and imperishable enefactions to his people with success. fith this raw, scattering and scantily sulpped recruits he was engaging in a test with the foremost nation of all and the chances, as the af-in of making go, were many to one at naugh but failure could result. Inerably for wretchedly clothed, poorarmed and not paid at those and giorious men were held to their ee by a power superior to that of and guided to its most glorious nsummation by the one whom we result as having been raised up by whe Providence for that special pur-

e enjoy a land consecrated to freeto justice to human progress and loss. It was bequeathed to us as reatest heritage ever bestowed up-A human race. It was secured for v George Washington and his comnots. In commemorating the day disbirth may we each and all forget thing of a nature tending to draw apart or create antagonisms, and enter with greatful hearts and a surpose our national parent, must ever as long as our national endures and memory remains Neter of the brain, be first in the

ad his countrymen. The students of the Unversty Mass of 1991 for the distinguished ad the patriotism which promptstercises. Let me say to you ahful fellow citizens, you who future defenders of these Unitthe for whose establishment our tought and died. If ever you ar e wield the sword or pen in de-e your beloved republic, make on your model.

address of Governor Wells was heartes of Governor Wells was be by a violin solo of remarkable bas by Prof. George Skelton. It Iselection from "Il Trovatore."

SIDENT EVANS' ADDRESS.

that teemed with sound com-A that teemed with sound com-ense and genuine patriotism. He that he had never prepared but peach in his life, and that was on Fourth of July. The speech had so d his auditors to tears that he had prenared a stored since. He sold pared a speech since. He said prepared a speech since. He said the students were not honored by the sence here today, as was inti-tivence here today, as was inti-but he governor in introducing but he was honored by the pres-stant with the best governor in the students, and of occupying stand with the best governor in the state of the best county on

dent Evans sought to impress

heat Evans sought to Impress he students that the love of God fallow man was the true germ indian. When Washington took and at the head of the army of its he told his soldiers to be orbit to refer from probling and to refrain from gambling and thing else that would deprive of the divine bleasing. Washing-greatness consisted of his great aty of purpose, his fusice and un-these. He established the un-

FORCE OF MIND.

It was now recognized that George had a force of mind and character, and the self-made boy at nineteen was appointed adjutant and major and acted as such in the French and Indian war, and so well did he conduct himself that enty-one he was made commander of all the troops in northern Virginia.

COURTSHIP AND MARRIAGE.

Some of the biographers picture him young man looking for a rich wife. It seems that riches was not a crime in the eyes of Washington, for he married widow Martha Custis, whose only excuse for marrying George was "that she needed a man to manage the great estate and 300 slaves her husband had left her." George Washington made love just as we of today do, only he was quicker about it. He made all his proposals for marriage at his first meeting. He was refused by two young ladies, but his third proposal was to a widow and successful. He was engaged to Martha Custis just before he started on his first Indian campaign, toward the Ohio river, and the love letters he sent back are just such letters as the students of the Utah University will send a little later on. I will just read to you a closing sentence of one of George's letters to his sweet heart.

"I embrace the opportunity to send a few words to one whose life is now inseparable from mine. Since that hapby hour when we made our pledges to each other, my thoughts have been continually going to you as another self. sweet love. That an all-powerful provi-dence may keep us both in safety is the prayer of your faithful and affectionate George.

PHYSIQUE AND TEMPERAMENT. A great artist named Stewart, who

painted Washington's picture said: "That George was a large, well pro-portioned man, and that all his features were indications of the strongest tures were indications of the strongest and most ungovernable passions, and that had he been born among wild men, he would have been the fiercest man among savages." Here then we have the information that Gorge must have possessed a well balanced head, be-cause he became in his later years gentleness and generosity itsif. gentleness and generosity itslf.

THE HATCHET STORY.

The hatchet and cherry tree story published for the first time in Weems' History of Washington, was admitted to be a pure fabrication by Parson Weems, the writer of the book. Preacher Weems gathered up all the little Wil-lie stories he could find, and applied them to Washington, and when the book was first published the common by-words were, "Washington could not, but Parson Weems would tell a lie.

COULD NOT LIE?

Washington, we are told, could tell a lie, yet he wrote to a friend that the "New Jersey mosquitoes could bite through the thickest boot." Again, without a blush, he wrote: "I an-nounced that I would leave at 8 o'clock, and then gave private orders to go at 5 o'clock, and thus avoided the throng." Then to avoid dancing with a woman he despised, he says: " promised to dance with her after the midnight meal, and then purposely left before the feast." Some of these tricks

are even played today. AS AN INDIAN FIGHTER.

When Washington made his first Indian campaign he dressed himself in fuil Indian regalia, minus only the war paint, and at the head of his troops razed every Indian village in sight, and the Indians called him "Conotancari-us," or "Plunderer of villages." So daring, flerce and blood thirsty was George that Go orge that the Indians fell in love with him, offered to make him their

WASHINGTON'J' TOMB.

man being, just the same as any one of the thousands of Utah people of to-

day. He, like all other human beings, had his faults, he, too, had his bad

habits, he also made errors; then you ask where is our Washington the Great,

friends, when you look at the real Washington, what he was, and what he made of himself, it is then the great

A GREAT MAN.

When George Washington became the

commanding general of all the armies of the United States he realized the great

responsibilities thrust upon him. It was then he arose to the importance of the

occasion. Up to this time he had been

of others in Virginia, but now he be-came a soldier, a statesman, and a dip-

lomat, and the foremost man in Ameri.

ca. He had to create an army from separate States in which half of the in-

had divided their allegiance between Washington and the king of England

He had to maintain supplies for his

troops and manufacture ammunition

secretary of war, soldier and leader all combined. How he did it, from whence

he obtained his help, history fully re-cites; but suffice it to say that George

TRUE AND PATRIOTIC.

George was true as steel, he never he

orge Washington the planter and

war. He was General, President

habitants were neutral, and the

legislator no greater than hundreds

the father of his country?

man Washington springs forth.

chief and give him an Indian princess

for a wife, Young George pretended to be greatly touched by these friendly offers and was elated over the admiration be-stoved upon him, so he made a speech telling how his heart had bled because of the cruelty he was forced to deal out to them, and if they would be good in the future he would be their friend The Indians promised never to kill another Virginian, and then George told them how he loved them and invited them to call at his home and be his But you can imagine the surguests. prise of George when he returned home and found several hundred Indians who had taken a short cut, across the coun-try, camped in front of his house ready to grasp his hand and partake of his bounty. It is said George swore for the first time in his life, for he had to give every Indian a colored blanket b ore the Indians concluded to retire and

bid their great friend good-bye, Washington danced, and played cards, and for stakes at that, and with ladies, too, but then, that was the rule at that time.

COMMANDER OF THE ARMY. Washington was a willing candidate for the appointment as commander-inchief of the continental army, and his friends worked hard to win for him the prize, yet George wrote to his wife who objected to his absence from home, and said: "I assure you, dear Patsy, I did not want it, I had done all in my power to avoid it, and you must therefore consent to a long absence," George always addressed his wife as "Patsy," a nick name given to her because she reminded him of an Irishman.

WASHINGTON WAS HUMOROUS.

Washington never would have been known as the "Father of his Country," Washington was even humorous at but for the fact that he was absolutely times. While he was President the honest, persistent in every undertak-ing; he was patriotic, and loyal; he knew but one master and that was King of Spain wished to send the head of the United States a present, and learning that the President was a farmfreedom for the colonies. er, the king concluded to send his great and good friend Washington, a farm animal, and the best farm animals in trayed a friend, he was absolutely just. I will recite one instance to show that Spain are donkeys; you may imagine the President's surprise when a fine jack ass was led to his door as a preshe knew how to distinguish between ent from the King of Spain. At first Washington showed some displeasure George Washington the general. and when the overseer was about to lead the animal away, he said; "Mr was in love once with a sister of Bene dict Arnold, the sister was engaged to be married to the spy Major Andre, and appeared before Washington to plead for the spy's life. She pleaded that the love he once offered her surely would give her one four and when Westland President, what shall we name him.' immediately Washington's face became

a wreath of smiles, and said, name him, name him, why, name him "The King of Spain." give her one favor, and when Washing-ton cooly advised her that as general of Two years later Washington invited the whole diplomatic corps to visit Mt. the army, he could do nothing for her She immediately threw herself upon her knees and pleaded to Washington the Virginian planter and gentleman, but George cooly replied, "As Washington, the Vir-Vernon, he was specially anxious about the Spanish minister's presence. While at Mt. Vernon they inspected the Presi-dent's live stock. Thoroughbred after thoroughbred were brought out for in-spection, and were pronounced perfect, ginian planter and gentleman. I am powerless to help you, and as com-manding general of the army. I am sorry you have a brother for a traitor. and just as the party was about to re-turn to the mansion, Washington turned towards them and said: "Ah! my friends, the most valuable animal has been overlooked," and he shouted that your love was given to a British spy; death alone can cover the dis-grace of both." Every young man in out in thundering tones to the overseer, "Now bring forth "The King of Spain." this house would have kissed the hand of his first love, and would at least have granted a respite. But not so The presentation of the animal created no end of merriment to the discomfiture

of the Spanish minister. Washington with Washington, he dealt out justice considered this so good a joke that he at once wrote to all his old friends from Massachusetts to South Carolina for his country, and not from a lover's heart. HUNDREDTH ANNIVERSARY OF repeating the story and closing his letter by saying "that the happiest King · BURIAL. of Spain was in his stables." All of which will be enough to show One year ago last December I had you that George Washington was a hu-

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others

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the honor to participate in the one hundredth memorial anniversary of hundredth memorial anniversary George Washington's funeral. He was originally buried by the Masons, and every one hundred years the Masonic fraternity go through the funeral cere-monies of the burial of George Washngton. The Utah delegates present at the ceremonies December 14th, 1899, in addition to myself, were James Mur-dock, of Park City, Christopher Diel and Doctor fliff of Salt Lake. It was our pleasure to be placed in the line of march immediately adjoining the representatives from the grand lodge Belgium and France, every civilized nation on earth had Masonic representatives present on the occasion. There were princes, lords, dukes, barons, and counts, who vied with the humble citizen of the United States to do honor to the memory of the Great Washington. Thousands upon thous-ands of people were present, as far as the eye could see, there was a black mass of humanity. I remember the German grand master say: "No other man on earth can draw such a crowd as this ong hundred years after his death." A Frenchman promptly chipped in and said. "Excepting ze Napole First." A member from the Swiss re-public said: "If you ever get a crowd like this at Napoleon's grave, half of them would be killed before they could get away." Mr. Frenchman admitted that it would not be as orderly as in America. By this time the great crowd had gathered at the Washingto sion, where President M man McKinle was to make a speech. At the sight of the President's face the Frenchman cried aloud

"Where is ze guard ze soldiers." He was surprised that the President dared go among the great gathering withou a military guard. Doctor Hiff laughing ly repiled, "We are the President's guard." After that we visited the home of Washington, inspected the bed Washington slept in, the table he atfrom. We saw his sword, his boot-jack and numerous other things Washing-ton used to handle, even his uniform hangs in a case on the wall, and for the ancient appearance of the fur niture, I believe even a Utah studen could feel at home in the Washington Mason to drop a sprig of green upon the coffin of his dead and departed brother, and the way the foreign nobleman fought for the privilege of drop ping their little green sprig on Wash ington's coffin greatly impressed the Americans, and one said, "Do you throw evergreens on the coffins of kings in your country?" and the foreigner replied, "No, our kings have no Wash-ington."

It was estimated that the floral of-ferings placed at Washington's tomb

(Continued on page two.)

Chief Engineer Hurley, of the Rio. Second Officer Coghlan, Carpenter, F. K., tramp. Watchman J. Russell, Storekeeper Boggs. Watertender D. Lane. Quartermaster R. Mathleson. R. S. Leary. Fred Lunsted,

Pilot Fred Jordan was picked up by one of the boats. He is severely injured and had to be removed to the hospital,

Passenger Phil Nussenblatt of Honolulu was saved.

The steamer is not entirely out of sight. Her smoke stack and part of the pilot house are above water. Nine. teen of the Chinese are known to have been rescued.

G. Hechts, a German officer, was rescued by the life saving crew and imme. diately upon being taken ashore he was driven to the California hotel, He said through an interpreter, that the fog prevented him from seeing what was going on in the work of rescue. Hechts | and sailors was dumped into the sea. decided to jump overboard. He pro- The first boat that got away carried cured a life preserver, fastened it about him and jumped overboard. He was in the water only a short time when rescued.

The vessel sank in less than twenty minutes and it is positive that the list of fatalities will be large. The vessel is almost completely submerged. The steamer Sequola just returned

from the scene of the disaster and has others. twenty people on board. It is reported that Capt, Ward locked himself in his stateroom and went down with the vessel.

Pilot Capt. Jordan was taken on board yesterday afternoon inside the Farallones. The ship then laid to until 4:30 this morning when the weather cleared somewhat. The steamer then started under half steam toward Point Bonito. drawing capacity. Fog signals were Sta held to her course until 5:20 when she struck a rock. There was a terrific jar. The steamer kept an even keel for fifteen minutes, when she suddenly plunged downward bow first.

" - struck a boat and smashed it. The boat contained Third Officer J. C. Holland and J. K. Carpenter, a capitellst of Oakland. Carpenter was picked up but it is not known what be- | kong January 22nd, for San Francisco came of the third officer.

superintended the launching of life Mali Steamship company, boats and rafts.

The number of lives lost in the wreck of the Rio is variously estimated at by Reach & Son. She was 344 feet long, from 50 to 150. It is almost positive | 38 feet beam and 28.9 feet deep, and that Consul Wildman, h's wife and two registered 2,548 tons gross and 2,279 tons children are among the number lost. I net

THE RUSSIAN TARIFF.

General One with Increased Duties Applied to American Products.

New York, Feb. 22.-Russian min-ister of finance, M. Dewitte, replied as follows to questions relative sugar question by the Journal and Advertiser

"By order of the minister of finance the industrial section has the honor to announce: A lowered tariff, the same is that upon the products of countrie. with which commercial treaties had been concluded, was applied to Amerian products. Today, instead of the conventional tariff, the general tariff can products. with the additional duties is applied to merican products.

"This measure, having been taken exclusively for economic motives, has for its sole purpose the defense of the com-mercial interests of Russia.

but the latter ordered him to go ahead. The captain's order was obeyed, and therein the captain confessed himself at fault for at the moment the ship was taken in hand by him his authority in all matters pertaining to her navigation was supreme and he was solely responsible for her safety and the lives of the people aboard her. There is also conflict of statement as to the conduct. of the officers and crew. Some people say that the officers and sallors were cool, and conscientiously endeavoring to get out the boats and save as many passengers as possible, while others declare that as soon as the seriousness of the situation became apparent there was an end to discipline among the seamen, and that It was "every man for himself." Capt. Ward's voice was heard above the din occasioned by screaming women and howling Chinese, ordering his men to save the women. In the launching of the boats it is evident that confusion prevailed, for one load of passengers several of the ship's officers. Another boat was impaled upon a spar as the men aboard it were trying to row it away from the suction caused by the sinking vessel. Four boats altogether were cleared from the davits, but so far as can be learned, only one of them got safely away and landed its passengers. Italian fishermen rescued the

The wreck lies about three fourths of a mile south of Fort Point, and about a thousand yards off the rocky shore.

Quartermaster Lindstrum says the lead was carefully used while the ship was coming in, and that the sounding taken a moment before she struck showed a depth of water more than sufficient to float a vessel of double her constantly sounded and every possible precaution was taken against accident. Linstrum is at a loss to account for the ship getting so far away from the reg-

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New York, Feb. 2.- The steamer City of Rio de Janeiro sailed from Hongvia Yokohama, in command of Capt. Capt. Ward stood on the deck and Ward. She belonged to the Pacific

The City of Rio de Janeiro was an iron vessel built at Chester, Pa., in 1878,

"Russian sugar is subject to an indirect import tax applying only to in-ternal consumption and this import does not apply to sugar exported to foreign countries. "No bounty to encourage the export

of sugar exists in Russia,"

Philippine Geographic Names.

Washington, Feb. 22 .- The President Washington, Feb. 22.—The President has sent to the Senate a report made by the geographic board upon the spell-ing and pronunciation of geographic mames in the Philippine islands. A list of 4.000 coast places is given. The board says that the r-ason for the re-port is found in the great tack of uni-formity in spelling, some places having both Spanish and Malay names and others. Malay names which attempts others. Malay names which attempts have been made to anglicize. The board has retained the spelling found on official Spanish chacts,

ular channel. HISTORY OF THE STEAMER.

