

## LA FOLLETTE WARNS REPUBLICAN PARTY

Democrats Will Not Neglect Issue  
Raised by Re-enactment of  
Dingley Bill Rates.

### COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS GO.

Rate on Wool Top Waste and Other  
Wastes Increased from 20 to  
30 Cents a Pound.

Washington, June 9.—The woolen schedule was still under consideration in the senate this afternoon, when the usual recess for dinner was taken. The committee amendments increasing the house rate on wool top waste and other wastes from 20 cents per pound to 30 cents per pound was adopted by a vote of 40 to 30. This was a finance committee change and the committee scored its usual majority on this measure. Senators Gamble and Crawford deserted the "progressives," but with these exceptions the ranks of that contingent remained unbroken. The committee amendments increasing the duty on shoddy from 20 cents per pound to 25 cents, and that on tops from 18 to 20 cents, also prevailed.

Speeches were made during the day by Senators Warren and LaFollette, the former advocating, as on yesterday, a generally increased duty, while the latter contended for a general reduction. The two senators engaged in a sharp controversy, during which Mr. LaFollette said that he expected further recalculation of his belief from the eastern senators.

Probably the most interesting development of the day was a declaration by Senator Dilliver that a "rag trust" existed. The senator was contradicted by Mr. Warren.

### CLAY MAKES PROTEST.

Reading the Record of the closing proceedings of the senate last evening, Senator Clay today made an earnest protest against what he claimed was a perversion of the rules when his demand for a division on Senator Aldrich's motion to adjourn was denied. He took the floor as soon as possible

## Peptiron Pills

Ironize the blood, tone the nerves, strengthen the stomach, aid digestion, and promote sweet, restful, natural sleep. They are chocolate-coated, acceptable to the stomach and easily assimilated, and the best medicine for anemic, pale, nervous and dyspeptic men, women and children, and all sufferers from the effects of the strenuous life of today. Price 50c. or \$1. Of druggists or by mail, C. I. HOOD CO., Lowell, Mass.



after the senate convened and made a brief statement. He had desired, he said, to insist upon the previously adopted order of business for a night session last night, which right he claimed was improperly withheld from him.

When the tariff was taken up in the senate today Senator Warren resumed his speech. "There has never been a time," said Senator Warren, "when wool growers have been prosperous unless the woolen manufacturers were prosperous." He has been said here with a sneer that the woolen manufacturers and the wool growers had made some arrangement. I ask in all seriousness whether that is not a proper thing to do or whether they should have each other by the throat.

Interrupting Senator Dilliver referred to a "rag trust" which Mr. Aldrich said, "I thought was organized largely on the plan of the wool sellers as he had heard nothing of it until the senator from Iowa had called it to his attention."

### DINGLEY RATES RESTORED.

By a vote of 40 to 30 the committee amendment levying a duty of 30 cents, similar to that of the Dingley bill on top waste, shubbing waste, roving waste, ring waste, and garnetted waste was agreed to. The vote was the first that had been taken on the wool schedule and is regarded as a test vote on all amendments to that schedule.

On the amendment no Democratic senator voted in the affirmative, while Mr. Crawford and Mr. Gamble, who have generally voted with the "progressive Republicans" and Democrats voted aye. Foster of Louisiana voted with the Democrats although generally voting with the majority. Republicans voting no were Beveridge, Bristow, Brown, Burkett, Clapp, Cummings, Dilliver, LaFollette and Nelson.

After considerable debate which did not bear directly upon the committee amendments, raising the house rates on shoddy from 20 to 25 cents a pound, and on nolls, wool extract, yarn waste, thread waste, and all other wastes, composed wholly or in part of wool from 18 to 20 cents a pound, the amendments were adopted. Two amendments

were voted on together, the ayes being 42 and the nays 21.

### A RAG TRUST.

Discussing an amendment increasing the house rates on woolen rags, Munro and Rocks, from 6 cents to 10 cents a pound, Messrs. Warren and Smoot insisted that the lower rate would displace pure wools with shoddy in the making of American woolen cloth for clothing. Mr. Dilliver said he wanted the duty high enough to keep rags out, but not high enough to permit the organization of a "rag trust." The amendments were agreed to. A substitute by Mr. Dilliver levying a duty on wool advanced from the secured state and known as top at 30 cents a pound when valued at not more than 40 cents a pound, and 35 cents when valued at more than 40 cents together with an additional ad valorem duty of 20 per cent in place of a duty equal to that imposed upon manufacturers of wool was defeated by a vote of 12 to 29.

Mr. Dilliver also offered a substitute for section 573 providing for a duty of 27½ cents a pound on yarns valued at not more than 40 cents and 23½ cents a pound on yarns valued more than 40 cents, together with an ad valorem duty of 25 per cent.

Discussing this substitute, Senator LaFollette read telegrams, appealing to him to support the committee's schedule on wools as of equal interest to wool-growers as the duty on wool. He said these telegrams were signed by owners of small woolen mills and all of them read alike.

"Why not read their names?" suggested Mr. Warren.

"Because," retorted Mr. LaFollette, "they have been fooled into signing such telegrams and did not know what they were doing."

"The senator from Wisconsin is probably a judge of the fooling business," replied the Wyoming senator.

During an acrid colloquy between the senators from Wyoming and Wisconsin, Mr. LaFollette declared: "I want to believe that there are men on this floor who don't know the interests they are serving."

Asked as to the results of his campaign of enlightenment, Mr. LaFollette, showing much feeling, said: "They are feeling better. When I came here I stood alone and now there are a dozen who stand with me."

Mr. LaFollette continued: "And the results will be better, let me tell the senator from Wyoming. The lines will be broken not only in the middle and extreme west but in the east as well. I think I know what I am talking about."

### WOOL AND WAGES.

With 46 senators present, Mr. LaFollette resumed the floor at the night session, taking up the compensatory duty of the woolen schedule. He read from a comment on the American woolen industry by the British tariff commission in 1905, to the effect that conditions in the United States had im-

proved to such an extent that it was doubtful if Great Britain could compete with the American manufacturers of men's goods, even if the low rates of duty were restored. It also declared that the difference in the wages worked both ways and that the difference did not compensate entirely for the increased efficiency of labor in America.

Mr. LaFollette endeavored to show that the cloth upon which is assessed a compensatory duty of 20 cents a yard contains four pounds of wool to the yard, does not as a rule contain that much wool. Mr. Warren, claiming that he quoted from Mr. LaFollette's authority, asked if it was not true that it often took more than six pounds of wool to the yard of cloth. A heated argument resulted, in which Mr. LaFollette declared that he was not in the habit of juggling facts.

"The Democratic party is not going to neglect the issue," said Mr. LaFollette in warning the members of the majority of the disastrous effect which he claimed a re-enactment of the Dingley rates would have on the Republican party. "And if they do, I know some progressive Republicans who will not," he added.

Mr. LaFollette asked if the members of the finance committee intended to have any vote taken tonight. He suggested that the senate might adjourn. Mr. Flint explained that the committee would return to the senate chamber immediately, but Mr. LaFollette did not have to proceed, as Mr. Overman suggested the absence of a quorum necessitating a roll call.

Mr. LaFollette occupied the entire night session without concluding his speech. When the senate adjourned at 10:25 o'clock, the woolen schedule had not been disposed of.

How to live on 15 cents a day. The mind as well as the body is benefited by economy in eating. There's no health giver like a diet of Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. In a startling way it keeps you going. 35 cents. Tea or Tablets. Godbe-Pitts Drug Company.

**TONIGHT.** Pain's gorgeous spectacle, outdoor circus, volcanic eruption and fireworks at Wandamere.

**Aerial Ballet at Saltair.** Commencing Saturday June 12. Afternoon and evening. 2,000 seats at 15c.

**SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.** Via Denver & Rio Grande Railroad. To Ogden 10:25 a. m. 1:20 p. m. \$1.00. To Provo Canyon 7:50 a. m. 8:10 a. m. \$1.25. To Pharaoh's Glen 8:20 a. m. \$1.50. Returning on any train.

Pure Drugs and Prescriptions our specialty. Halliday Drug Company.

## BALLOON NEW YORK WON NATIONAL BALLOON RACE

New York, June 10.—The official figures compiled here by William Welch, cartographer of the United States signal corps, indicate that the balloon New York, operated by A. Holland Forbes, acting president of the Aero club of America, and Clifford B. Harmon of this city, won the national balloon race which started from Indianapolis last Saturday. The distance covered by Forbes and Harmon in the New York was 238 miles, they having landed at Conith, Miss., after spending 38 hours and 10 minutes in the air.

It is possible that Forbes and Harmon will also win the endurance cup, for although Carl Fisher, in the balloon Indiana, stayed in the air more than 48 hours, he touched and twice to take on water. It is the opinion of balloonists that this will disqualify Fisher for the "endurance prize."

Mr. Harmon returned to New York yesterday and announced that he and Mr. Forbes would make a trip for the long distance record of the world as soon as arrangements can be completed. He said the start would be made from either St. Louis or Kansas City, according to the quality of gas to be procured.

**POOR MILK.** Is often thought to be responsible for an infant's loss in weight or general poor health. The cause usually is the child's food. They get the nourishment in the food and the baby starves, actually starves. White's Cream Vermifuge expels the worms and nourishes the child, sure and safe. Price 25 cents. Sold by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dispensary, 112 and 114 South Main Street, Salt Lake City.

**LAGOON 25c.** A Real Refined Resort.

### OLDEST TRIPLETS IN WORLD CELEBRATE BIRTHDAY

Fond Du Lac, Wis., June 10.—The famous Windecker triplets who claim to be the oldest living triplets in the world, yesterday celebrated their sixty-fifth birthday anniversary at the old Windecker homestead in the town of Byron. The triplets are Sydney Windecker of this city, Sylvester Windecker of Byron and Mrs. Sadie Pier of Wausau. They were born in Lowville, N. Y., on June 9, 1844, and came to Wisconsin with their parents when but five years of age.

All of the triplets are enjoying the best of health in spite of their age. They meet once a year to receive the congratulations of their friends and discuss the events of their early days.

**CACHE KNITTING WORKS STORE.** On Richards St., is selling out the entire stock of Ensign knitting works, products very cheaply.

## BURLEY SOCIETY INCREASES PREST. LEBUS' SALARY

Louisville, Ky., June 10.—Information comes in a special dispatch from Winchester, Ky., to the Herald that the deliberations of the Burley society in that city yesterday not only secured President Clarence Lebus an increase in salary, but also netted him \$23,000. Of this \$24,000 is for back salary for two years, and the remainder bonus of \$15,000 is to insure that Lebus will hold office as president of the society until the greater part of the crop of 1909 is disposed of.

Lebus engineered the successful sale of the 1906 and 1907 pools. Lebus, who lives at Cynthiana, Ky., and winters in Los Angeles, is already considered a millionaire.

### TWO CHICAGO HOLD UPS.

Chicago, June 10.—One man was held up and left unconscious in the doorway of the Sheffield Avenue police station, and another was robbed an hour later while crossing the street in front of the station while detectives and policemen sat unaroused last night. Many of the detectives of the station have been at work on the Clemenston mystery. It is believed the highway-men knew this and so timed their operations as to run the least risk.

### OCTOGENARIAN SENTENCED FOR HOUSEBREAKING

Chicago, June 10.—In the eighty-seventh year of his life, John Howard was sentenced to serve nine months in the house of correction yesterday on the charge of housebreaking. He was accused of having broken into a residence on Fullerton avenue.

"It will kill me if you send me to the penitentiary," the venerable prisoner pleaded with Judge Brennan. The court learned Howard had been arrested for burglary before.

James Murphy, 72 years old, was released from the county jail, having served one day's sentence for breaking into a house and stealing \$9 and some jewelry.

### CIGARETTE SMOKING UNLAWFUL IN WASHINGTON

Seattle, Wash., June 10.—The new anti-cigarette law went into effect last midnight. It is the opinion of the attorney-general's office that any person who has them in his possession is subject to fine and imprisonment.

The Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition police will enforce the law strictly. No one will be permitted to smoke a cigarette on the grounds.



## Mme Yale's Hair Tonic

This well known toilet article is extensively used and highly recommended by men and women everywhere. It is a standard article of lasting reliability. Mme. Yale says: "I can conscientiously recommend my Hair Tonic to all who are in need of an article of this kind. I have used it myself for over thirty years, and the perfect condition of my hair and scalp is sufficient proof of its excellent and harmless efficacy. Hundreds of thousands of people all over the civilized world will say as much in favor of Yale Hair Tonic as I can." Yale Hair Tonic is good for Falling Hair, Thin Hair and Gray Hair. It is also recommended for Scalp Treatment.

### A MOST EFFICIENT HAIR DRESSING

For the perfect grooming of the hair nothing excels Yale Hair Tonic. It gives the hair a delightful texture, gloss, softness and richness of tint. Every one can use it with decided benefit to Hair and Scalp.

Yale's Hair Tonic comes in three sizes—  
25c, 50c, \$1.00.  
Keith-O'Brien Co.

Interesting sale this week—Pyrography and art needlework.

# KEITH-O'BRIEN Co.

Graduation hosiery, millinery, suits, dresses, ribbons, etc.

## 50c to \$3.00 Values for 25c

### The Sale Starts Friday Morning

Widths 7 to 47 inches, cut into lengths from 1½ to 6½ yards.  
Beautiful new stock, new patterns—right from the manufacturer.

A sale similar in every particular to this one occurred early in February. During the night a blizzard raged, which had only partially abated in the morning. A deep snow through which the street cars scarcely made headway, mantled the ground. Despite the inclement weather, crowds of anxious purchasers lined the store sidewalks. When the doors opened there was an animated rush, the excited shoppers filling every aisle to its utmost. **THAT SALE BROKE ALL RECORDS FOR EMBROIDERY SELLING.**

On Friday morning will occur this momentous embroidery event.  
In point of importance and magnitude it will equal the other.

Do you wonder that it will enthrall women? Why should it not, when the values, the widths, the patterns are considered? The character of the embroideries will appeal to you. The patterns are exquisite, the variety immense. There should be no trouble whatever in securing what you want, but early shopping is suggested. Some widths 45 inches, some 27, none less than 7 inches; but all choice, all exquisite.

Allovers—Many of them cut into shirtwaist lengths. Wide band insertions—Up to 10 inches. These bands can be used in shirtwaists.

Batistes and Irish effects will be included.

Cambric and nainsook for underwear. Splendid values in these. Many beautiful batistes, baby Irish em-

dallions and galloons are offered in the sale this year.

The tremendous stock means that thousands of people will be benefited by this sale. There are several thousand pieces of the widths and those who come early will have advantage of first selection.

The embroideries are displayed in the windows—every window is full of them—and will be taken out before Friday morning and placed on tables.

A feature of this sale, different from the others, is the introduction of a quantity of beautiful colored embroidery. All the latest pattern ideas, different widths, edges, insertions and galloons. Colored embroideries are an innovation—all at 25c. too.