

SUTTON'S DEATH SELF INFLICTED

Was Either Intentional or in An Effort to Shoot One of the Persons Restraining Him.

SUCH NAVY COURT'S VERDICT

Approved by Asst. Secy. of the Navy
Beckman Winthrop—Mother's Charge Imaginary.

Washington, Aug. 18.—Lieut. Sutton is directly and solely responsible for his own death, which was self-inflicted, either intentionally or in an effort to shoot one of the persons restraining him and his death was not caused by any other injury whatever.

This is the verdict of the navy court of inquiry, which for some weeks has had under investigation the cause of the death at Annapolis of Lieut. James N. Sutton of the United States marine corps, which verdict has been approved by the judge advocate general of the navy and by Beckman Winthrop, assistant and acting secretary of the navy. The court also finds:

THAT Lieut. Sutton fell in his duty as senior officer present, under article 206, United States navy regulation, 1909, in permitting Lieut. Sutton to run away, and arm himself, instead of calling on those present for assistance and following Lieut. Sutton, preventing him from arming himself, by force if necessary, and turning him over to the custody of the officer of the day.

THAT Lieut. Sutton, officer of the guard, failed in his duty as officer of the guard in not immediately assisting by force in helping to disarm Lieut. Sutton when he arrived on the scene before the fatal shot was fired.

THAT the charges of murder and conspiracy to conceal it, made by the complainant, Mrs. Sutton, mother of Lieut. Sutton, are purely imaginary and unsupported by even a shadow of evidence, truth or reason.

THE court recommends, however, that in view of the youth and decided inexperience of Lieut. Sutton, and the unusual conditions of excitement, threats and danger during the aforementioned fray, that no further proceedings be taken.

SAD STATE OF DISCIPLINE.

The report is signed by J. Hood, commander United States navy, present at the court, and Henry Leonard, major U. S. marine corps, judge advocate. Commander Hood also filed a minority report in which he says he believes in the majority report and in addition he is of the opinion that Lieut. Adams, Ostrander, Williams, and Bevan showed a deplorable lack of knowledge of their duties and obligations as officers holding commissions in the marine corps; and the testimony concerning the whole proceeding is so full of errors and contradictions that it is impossible to place discipline then existing in the marine school of application discreditable to the service, and argues strongly against the practice of commissioning young men without proper previous training.

He is also of the opinion that Lieut. Adams, Ostrander, Williams, and Bevan should have been brought to trial at the time for neglect of duty; Lieut. Adams and Ostrander should have received milder punishments for engaging in a brawl with officers and gentlemen and concurs in the recommendation that no further proceeding be taken at this time only because of their youth and inexperience at that time, and the victims of a system for which they themselves are not responsible.

TROPHIES FROM THE ROOSEVELT EXPLORATION

New York, Aug. 18.—Twenty cases and nine cases containing specimens, trophies of the hunt, collected by the Roosevelt expedition in South Africa, were brought here today on the steamer "Provincetown" from the Cape of Good Hope. The specimens, representing 20 different kinds of animals, will be forwarded to the Smithsonian institution at Washington.

EXPERIMENT STATIONS.

Twenty-third Annual Convention
Opened by Prof. W. J. Kerr.

Portland, Or., Aug. 18.—The twenty-third annual convention of the Association of American Agricultural Colleges and Experiment Stations was called to order today by Prof. W. J. Kerr, vice president of the association and president of the Oregon agricultural college at Corvallis, Or., in the absence of President M. A. Scovell, of Lexington, Ky., who is unable to attend the convention because of illness.

The routine business of the convention was quickly disposed of, following which Dr. A. C. True, director of experiment stations, read a paper on "The Development of Agricultural Education in Secondary Schools."

PRISON ASSOCIATION DELEGATES ON EXCURSION

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 18.—The delegates to the annual congress of the American Prison Association hurried through their morning session that they might go on an excursion to Tacoma. James D. Patton of Richmond, Va. delivered the annual address as president of the association of governing boards. Dr. Charles Henderson, United States commissioner to the congress spoke on the international prison congress of 1910 which is to be held in Washington. The report of the committee on prison discipline was presented by Walter J. Hurler of the San Quentin, Cal., state prison and was discussed by the delegates.

TEN DEATHS FROM HEAT IN KANSAS CITY

Kansas City, Aug. 18.—With 10 deaths in Kansas City from heat in the 12 hours up to this morning, the torrid

spell in this part of the southwest had been broken.

At 9 o'clock this morning the temperature recorded at the weather bureau here was 79, six degrees below the record at the same hour Tuesday, and a cool east breeze was blowing. At Topeka and general throughout Kansas a similar fall in temperature was reported.

STRIKE-BREAKER FIRES INTO CROWD OF STRIKERS

Pittsburg, Aug. 18.—One man was shot and several others slightly injured by stones during a small riot today in the city of Pittsburg, where the steel company's works at McKees Rocks, Pa., where a strike has been in progress for six weeks.

When 50 strikers attempted to prevent an alleged strikebreaker entering the plant the man fired three shots into the crowd.

The state constabulary dispersed the strikers.

BIG PROHIBITION GAINS IN SOUTH CAROLINA

Charleston, S. C., Aug. 17.—Prohibition won in 15 of the 21 county elections today. The county dispensary system will be retained in six of the counties voting.

For the first time, the anti-saloon league took active interest in the prohibition movement in this state and not since the stirring factional contests of the early nineties, when Benjamin R. Tillman, was first entering arena, has a spectacular political career had such a campaign been witnessed as that waged by the anti-saloon leaders, church folk, and "anti-dispensaries" against the return of the saloon.

The gains made by the prohibitionists are expected to lead impetus to the fight for state-wide prohibition. The fight will be fairly on before the opening of the next session of the legislature in January. The prohibitionists declare that the representatives of these counties which today declared against the saloon, will vote in January against the prohibition bill.

JAPANESE STRIKE LEADERS.

Four of Those in Honolulu Found Guilty of Criminal Conspiracy.

Honolulu, Aug. 18.—After being out six hours the jury in the case of the four Japanese strike leaders charged with criminal conspiracy brought in a verdict of guilty at 10:45 p. m. yesterday. The defendants, President Akio of the Higher Wage association, the organization in charge of the strike of the Japanese laborers, and three other Japanese laborers, Editor Soga of the Japanese newspaper Jiji, and Assistant Editor Negoro and Tashaka of the same paper, were arrested and charged with criminal conspiracy June 14, when officers with search warrants entered the offices of the Jiji and the Higher Wage association and found there evidence of what the authorities claimed to be a widespread move on the part of the Japanese strikers to take possession of the government of the territory.

Later the grand jury charged the arrested men with criminal conspiracy to incite riot, violence and injury to the property of the plantations, and to the detriment of the community, and to the release of the men through habeas corpus and they were brought to trial on the charge on July 14.

GATE OF HOLY SEPULCHER.

Wooden Lock to it is Now in Possession of James Creelman.

New York, Aug. 18.—The ancient wooden lock on the gate of the Holy Sepulcher in the city of Jerusalem is now in this city, at the home of James Creelman, a magazine writer, to whom was presented by Effendi, the mayor of Jerusalem, by reason of the writer's articles on the troubles in Turkey.

The lock is believed to have been placed on the gate during one of the latter centuries of the last century, and the Turkish government wanted to replace the crumbling old interlocking pieces of wood with a modern lock, but the French consul insisted that the lock be replaced with the original one, and an exact duplicate of the old lock put in its place. The city of Jerusalem became the official possessor of the lock.

FIRST TEST OF PRIMARY LAW IN CALIFORNIA

San Francisco, Aug. 18.—The first public trial of the new direct primary law recently enacted in California, was held in this city yesterday when a majority of the voters of the city elected for the November municipal election were selected. As the result William Coker, the candidate of the business men, and Charles M. McKinnon, the Republican nomination over Byron Mauser the Independent-Republican candidate and Dr. T. B. W. Lealand, the present coroner, has received the nomination. The election was supervised by Ralph McLean, Charles M. Fickert, candidate of the regular Republicans for district attorney, will represent the party at the coming election, although a large number of Republicans wrote in the name of Francis J. Heney in the blank provided for that purpose. The voters on the Union Labor ticket where his name was written in. Both factions of the Democracy left the district attorney nomination blank and incomplete. For the Union Labor nomination for mayor the returns indicate the success of P. H. McCarthy by a vote of 3 to 1 over Francis J. Sullivan.

EDWIN MARKHAM WILL RETURN TO CALIFORNIA

New York, Aug. 18.—The lure of the golden west has called Edwin Markham, the California poet, whose "The Man with the Hoe" brought him fame, and who will desert the east to return to his old home in California. Concerning his change of residence, Mr. Markham said:

"New York is the commercial center of the country and it is growing to be the literary center, but I am going back to California. Once the charm of that golden climate gets into a man's veins he may roam all over the earth, but he will always long to return to the sunset land."

"My best inspirations came to me there. It was there that I wrote one day to find myself attracted as a poet, and the call of the east with its millions and myriad industries came to me and, like Bret Harte, I obeyed it. I have been happy, but, like the old cowboy in the north, I hear the call of Dixie land and I must go."

POWERS BROUGHT DOWN GREEK FLAG

Flagstaff on Fort Canea Shot in Two by Bluejackets from Combined Squadron.

THERE WAS NO INTERFERENCE

Cretan Government Warned That Any Attack Would be Followed by Irreparable Consequences.

Canea, Island of Crete, Aug. 18.—A well directed shot fired by one of the parties of bluejackets landed early this morning from the international squadron anchored in Canea harbor, brought down the flagstaff of the Canea fort, with it the Greek flag that has threatened to bring about war between Turkey and Greece.

A combined landing-party composed of detachments from the ships of the four protecting powers was sent ashore before sunrise today and the task of removing the Hellenic emblem was carried out in a few minutes without any attempt at interference on the part of the islanders. Most of the bluejackets then returned to their ships but small detachments representative of each of the four powers were left behind in occupation of the bastion of the fortress to prevent an attempt on the part of the Cretans to raise another flag.

Cretan gendarmes have been posted throughout Canea to maintain order. Four warships of the protecting powers assembled in Canea harbor yesterday afternoon, their presence being an outcome of the difficulty which had arisen between Greece and Turkey since the evacuation and an indication of the purpose of the powers to maintain the status quo.

Yesterday the foreign consuls at Canea notified the Cretan government that the Greek flag would be hauled down this morning and they warned the government that irreparable consequences would follow any attack made on the international landing party. The Cretan authorities issued an appeal to the people not to obstruct in any way the action of the powers.

The report of this morning means that the protecting powers have returned to the island and the situation is again much as it was before July 27.

CARELESS SURGEONS.

Those Who Sew Up Instruments in Patient's Body Liable for Damages.

St. Louis, Aug. 18.—Surgeons who overlook instruments and sew them up in a patient, are liable for damages, according to a decision presented yesterday in the case of Russell Johnson of Lockridge, Ia., against Dr. Charles E. Ruth, formerly of Keokuk, Iowa. The decision was rendered by the federal court of appeals which sustained the decision of the United States circuit court for the southern district of Iowa and gave Johnson a judgment for \$20,000.

The petition states that Johnson was operated on at Keokuk, Iowa, for appendicitis at the residence of his wife, who failed to heal and caused Johnson much pain. A second operation revealed that a piece of gauze 24 inches long and nine inches wide had been left in the wound.

FRANK F. MILLAN'S SUCCESSOR

Washington, Aug. 18.—Postmaster General Hitchcock within a few days will announce a successor to Frank F. McMillan, chief postoffice inspector, who resigned recently to accept a position with New York trust company. It is thought Mr. Hitchcock will appoint a western man from outside the service.

The new inspector, it is expected, will be empowered to make drastic changes in his branch throughout the country.

COULD GET NO WORK SO COMMITTED SUICIDE

Butte, Mont., Aug. 17.—A special from Sheridan, Wyo., to the Miner says:

Shortly before noon yesterday Carl Bishop, a well known painter and decorator, 44 years old, single, shot himself down the heart with a revolver, powder-burning his hand and clothes. He walked through two rooms of his home to the back yard, frantically attempting to reach a chair, but fell dead, face downward. He was out of voice and had reached to a friend, while looking at a meal ticket which was almost used to pay for work if he did not pick up soon he would have to go to the route. The coroner's jury verdict, however, failed to agree whether the death was intentional or accidental.

GERMAN DAY AT SEATTLE.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 18.—This was German day and Grand Army day at the world's fair and also was noteworthy because the attendance for the period during which the fair has been in progress passed the 2,000,000 mark soon after the gates were opened today.

GEN. PEW TRYING TO STOP GEN. BLISS' ADVANCE

Bridgewater, Mass., Aug. 18.—In an attempt to back up his isolated left wing and to put an effective barrier to the advance of Gen. Tasker H. Bliss' Red army of invasion in the war maneuvers, William J. "Big Boy" Pew, today ordered his right wing, consisting of the Second and Sixth regiments of infantry and the coast artillery, acting as infantry, to execute a retrograde movement from their position at Thompson station to the vicinity of South Hanson, where the brigade will be directly in the rear of the Robbins pond headquarters of the Blue army. The movement began at 3 o'clock this morning and at 8 o'clock the militiamen were marching through Bridgewater. Gen. Pew also moved his headquarters from Robbins pond to a point nearer South Hanson.

The general engagement which did not materialize yesterday was expected to occur today in the neighborhood of Halifax, Plympton or Duxbury. It was believed Gen. Pew would early make an attempt to reinforce his left wing against which is opposed practically the entire strength of Gen. Bliss' army.

Last night was a most trying one for the militiamen in camp as the rain fell in torrents.

GREAT FLOODS ON RIO GRANDE ROAD

Thousand Tourists Tied Up On Passenger Trains at Pueblo, Salida and Grand Junction.

ROYAL GORGE IMPASSABLE.

Water on Level With Tracks on Hanging Bridge—Cannon City Streets Full of Water.

Denver, Colo., Aug. 18.—Fully a thousand tourists, a large majority from the east, are tied up on Denver & Rio Grande passenger trains at Pueblo, Salida and Grand Junction as a result of the floods in the Arkansas river following cloudbursts in the mountains yesterday, and which, according to Denver & Rio Grande officials, have washed out their tracks in half a dozen places between Pueblo and Salida. Two eastbound trains are at Salida and two or three are being held at Grand Junction, further west until the tracks are clear. Not only are the tracks washed out but landslides have blocked the tracks along the Arkansas river, and it probably will be some time tomorrow before traffic is resumed.

The Royal Gorge, where the Arkansas river runs through a canyon a thousand feet deep, is impassable. The height of the water at this place will be appreciated when it is stated that the river is level with the tracks of the "hanging bridge."

The tracks of the Colorado Midland are also blocked by washouts, and detouring of the Denver & Rio Grande trains is therefore impossible.

CANON CITY FLOODED.

Pueblo, Colo., Aug. 18.—Canon City, 40 miles west of Pueblo, is this morning suffering from one of the worst floods in its history. Some streets, it is reported, are flooded to a depth of several feet, the yards of the Aitchison, Topeka & Santa Fe are under water and some track of the Denver & Rio Grande has been washed away. The Ninth street bridge, a steel structure, was carried out and several bridges of the coming flood were carried away and some cabins destroyed. A considerable quantity of stock in pens at the slaughterhouses was carried away and some cabins destroyed. The report of the coming flood reached Pueblo at 3 o'clock this morning, and a few minutes later the whistling of locomotives and the clanging of bells aroused the people living in the river bottoms to their danger. For hours 5,000 people labored frantically to move their belongings to higher ground, but their fears proved groundless, as although the river rose seven feet, no serious damage was done. So far as \$500,000 worth of property has been lost, the damage which is the severest on the railroads, may reach \$250,000.

TRANS-MISSISSIPPI CONGRESS GETS BUSY

Resolutions Introduced for Removal
Of National Capitol to Denver; for Separate Statehood for Arizona.

Denver, Aug. 18.—Clifford Pinchot, with a plea for the conservation of natural resources based on the Roosevelt policies, brought a burst of enthusiasm from the delegates to the Trans-Mississippi congress this morning when he reiterated his stand taken at Spokane for the protection of the national forests. Mr. Pinchot, however, was not alone in his applause getting, for there were present John Leeds of Colorado, who in presenting a resolution to the congress, saw Japanese fleets and armies swarming down on the Capitol at Washington. Therefore, suggested he, let's move the Capitol to Denver, where the Japanese navy won't have a chance.

Before Mr. Pinchot spoke a number of resolutions were offered. The citizens of Arizona backed a resolution demanding separate statehood for their territory and shippers advocated a resolution asking that railways be not permitted to increase rates without first applying to the interstate commerce commission. Also there was a demand for more industrial schools broadcast.

Mr. Pinchot was given a hearty ovation as he began to speak. All morning he had been the center of handshaking groups about the lobbies and when he rose to deliver his address a plenty of "That the national duty lies in the direction of conservation there is no doubt," he said. "I can conceive of no higher plane of duty than that we conserve our vast resources along the lines of the Roosevelt policies and to these policies I am committed."

This brought a round of cheering and the allusion to Roosevelt gained applause for the former president.

"It is folly for us to say there is land in plenty and forests in plenty, when we know that our forests are being depleted far more swiftly than it is possible for us to re-forest. We have forests in plenty for the present generation and perhaps for the next, but in the years to come there will be famine a plenty if we don't at this time take the steps in time."

"Conservation on the lines laid down by Mr. Roosevelt will not only save our present forests but will give us timber when we need it most. To save these forests now may require much self-denial, but it will give the country resources in the years to come."

Following his plea for the forests he urged reclamation and said it lies with the west to make fertile with its own labor the vast tracts which are otherwise would be lost. He promised the aid of the government in every meritorious enterprise looking toward conservation.

John W. Noble, former secretary of the interior, spoke on conservation of forests and water rights.

MORAN'S SKIRTS DECLARED CLEAN

Attempt to Drag Official Contractor Into Police Court Fails Ignominiously.

"HANDY MAN" IS ON THE JOB

John Bull Accepts Invitation as Guest Of Chief Barlow's House Party—And Others.

The endeavor to belittle Pat Moran and bring him into the police court failed ignominiously. While Pat was busy cleaning streets, making streets, and enacting the role of benefactor of the city, the board of health attempted to steal his thunder. They, whether wilfully or not, overlooked what he was doing for the city and could only see that he was dumping offal and manure on the premises at 837 south Third West street. Whether or not in league with some members of the council, the board of health started harassing Pat, and Pat became a common criminal in the police court—but not for long. His handy man, McGowan, who can neither read nor write didn't know whether Pat was guilty or not and a couple of weeks' time was given him to study up. This morning Prosecutor Rogers announced that he had been advised by telephone that the manure had been removed—and Pat's skirts are clean.

THE DAILY GRIND.

John Bull, not Punch's caricature of Great Britain, but an acquaintance of Asst. City Atty. Rogers, will be the guest of the city for 10 days at the invitation of Mr. Rogers. When John Bull, far from the round appearance the funsters give the representative of the British Isles, arrived yesterday, Mr. Rogers informed the court that he was very well acquainted with Johnny, and had met him frequently in the court room. Mr. Rogers was so pleased to see his former acquaintance that he begged the court that Mr. Bull might be given an invitation to house party. Judge Bowman was in a complaisant mood and the invitation was entered on the guest book.

The action admitted that he had "started wrong last night," but offered to sign the pledge before Judge Bowman if he was "let go this time." In fact he was willing to give up his liquor habit and never touch liquor again. As Lawless has a wife and baby the court gave him 30 days in which to prove that his guarantee meant more than the mere saying, "I will." If he failed to give evidence of his reformation, all will be forgotten and forgiven.

GREEK MEETS GREEK.

Even though it was a case of Greek meeting Greek, Judge Bowman expressed the opinion that it had not been a fair tug of war when Mrs. Chapman jabbed a sharp pointed stick into the back of a compatriot, and after listening patiently to a plea for clemency on behalf of Chapman, imposed a fine of \$50. Chapman was tried yesterday for charges of assault and found guilty by Judge Bowman.

Jim Smith and John Smith turned out to be L. T. Aitchison and John Rogers, respectively, when they sat before the court proceedings and had not been called. Aitchison was convinced he had been drunk and was let go, but Pogle was not so sure and was still a little mixed in his replies to the court. He was sent back to the rest hall until tomorrow morning.

LOST HUSBAND RETURNS AFTER MANY YEARS

Phillipsburg, N. J., Aug. 18.—Mrs. Geo. Frey, who for 14 years has suffered under the suspicion of her neighbors that she had foully done away with her husband, is now enjoying her day of triumph. With the long missing husband seated beside her, she is driving throughout the countryside, calling the farmers to give her a hand in the harvest.

Substituting the man for whose strange disappearance she had suffered so much, she cries:

"Here I am! my husband! see, he is alive! I didn't kill him!"

After a quarrel with his wife, 14 years ago, Frey ran away and went to Chicago, where he says he made a fortune. He returned to his home in Phillipsburg, where he was a building contractor. Following his disappearance, ugly rumors spread and scores of suspicious residents of this vicinity went to the Frey farm, turned over every square foot of it and searched every nook and corner for his body. Although it was not found, Mrs. Frey continued to go on as if her husband had never been missing and had been practically ostracized until the return of her husband on Sunday.

Frey said he came back to take his wife to Illinois with him, but she has replied that she has lost all love for him, and that another man is desirous of making her his wife. He has offered Frey to live in his home as a guest and using him to refute the rumors concerning her. She states that she will give her husband another chance to win her love, and that if he fails, she will obtain a divorce and marry the other man.

WELLMAN WAITING FOR PROPITIOUS WEATHER

Hammerfest, Norway, Aug. 17.—A dispatch from Walter Wellman's arctic expedition camp at Spitzbergen, dated Aug. 14, says:

A north gale which has been blowing since Aug. 5, dropped on the 12th, and Mr. Wellman made ready to start in search of the north pole. The balloon was inflated and provisioned and the men were working smoothly. On the 13th, the wind was still variable but Mr. Wellman decided to get the airship out of the house.

"The officers and crew of the Thalia alighted in swinging the airship, which was of fine appearance, out of the shed. The wind, however, again freshened and at 6 o'clock in the morning Mr. Wellman ordered the airship back into the shed to wait for more propitious weather."

PALLIUM CONFERRED UPON ARCHBISHOP PITAVAL

Santa Fe, N. M., Aug. 18.—Bishop Matz of Denver, today at the cathedral invested Archbishop Jean Baptiste Pitaval.

aval, of the archdiocese of Santa Fe, with the pallium with imposing ceremonies and in the presence of a large congregation, including 75 other members of the hierarchy and clergy from the southwest and as far east as Cincinnati.

For the first time in many years the Gregorian chant was sung in the cathedral by two choirs of priests. Bishop Matz was celebrant of pontifical high mass, assisted by Vicar General Anthony Fourchegu, Rev. Christopher Theobald of Cincinnati, provincial of the Franciscan order, Rev. P. Phillips of Denver, and Rev. Analas of Parkview. Bishop Granjon, of the diocese of Tucson, preached in English and Rev. George J. Jallard of Gallup, spoke in Spanish. A banquet this afternoon at the Loretto academy was attended by all the visiting prelates and priests and Gov. Curry and Mayor Sena. This is the archbishop's palace. A public reception will be tendered the archbishop. Archbishop Pitaval is a native of France and for many years has been a priest in the diocese of Tucson, until elevated to be bishop coadjutor of the late Archbishop Peter Bourgade, whom he succeeds.

MRS. SHELBY M. CULLOM DEAD.

Washington, Aug. 18.—Mrs. Shelby M. Cullom, wife of the Illinois senator, died today.

Mrs. Cullom died shortly after noon. She suffered from heart trouble for a long time. She became ill last spring and went to Atlantic City but experienced no marked improvement. She returned here Saturday. The funeral arrangements have not been completed.

GOLD FOR JAPAN.

New York, Aug. 18.—Announcement was made today that the Yokohama Specie bank will transfer through the sub-treasury to San Francisco for shipment from there to Japan, \$1,500,000 in gold about Sept. 1, and \$1,500,000 about the middle of September. This makes a total of \$3,000,000 exported to Japan since the middle of May.

HARRY THAW'S MOTHER ISSUES A STATEMENT

White Plains, N. Y., Aug. 18.—Mrs. Mary Copley Thaw gave out the following statement today:

"The only request made for my son was that he be transferred to the Bloomingdale asylum, although as a sane acquitted man he should have been liberated."

"There was no suggestion of bonds or any of the other fantastic features of some of the morning papers. On the contrary, it was simply the argument that an acquitted man ought not to be placed in a criminal institution."

"The thought was suggested that the judge would surely order this change if a personal appeal was made to him. Gladly my daughter offered to go."

"Twice she communicated with us here, the last message, telling how sister and daughter Alice Thaw and she cannot be back before her brother leaves for Matteawan this afternoon."

"He goes with courage undaunted by the prospect of a long and arduous fight. He looks forward confidently to the action of the court of appeals. It cannot be that this illegal restraint of an acquitted man known by everybody to be absolutely sane can last much longer. No matter how vindictive those who would attempt to defeat justice may be."

"Allow me to correct some gross mistakes regarding this brave, devoted sister and daughter Alice Thaw and her stipulations, nor did the family of the Marquis of Hertford, at the time of her marriage, such as are published in some of the morning papers. On the contrary, her entire estate remained in this country absolutely under her own control. The Hertford family allowed her to hold the title. She was urged to do so by her friends and her legal advisers, but she preferred to be rid of it altogether."

"A host of warm friends in England and her own quiet home at St. James park, like my own, has been kept open all these months hoping always for justice."

TO HOLD FUNERAL IN TROPIC.

Body of Mary L. Holladay, Street Car Victim, to be Sent There.

The body of Mrs. Mary L. Holladay of Tropic, Utah, who died at the Gross L. D. hospital on the night of Friday, Aug. 6, of a fall from a street car five days previous, on Main street, just below Market street, will be sent to Tropic for interment by J. W. Taylor. Mrs. Holladay had not been in this city for several years, so was not used to the ways of street car operation, and it is necessary to wait for a car to stop before alighting did not occur to her. She was returning to the street car when she fell, and was stopped at 10:15 p. m. the day of the great parade, intending to alight at the corner of Main and Market streets. On the car, Mrs. Holladay seemed to change her mind, and concluded to continue to Fourth street. But when she alighted, she fell and was killed. The coroner's jury verdict was that she was killed by the car, and that she was not using proper caution in alighting.

The unfortunate woman went to the hospital on the night of Friday, and died on the morning of Saturday. The car was stopped, an ambulance summoned, and the hospital where everything possible was done for her. But she never recovered consciousness as the base of her brain was crushed.

VETERINARIAN AT PROVO.

Dr. Young Finds Conditions Which Need Radical Correction.

(Special to the "News.")

Provo, Aug. 18.—Dr. A. C. Young, state veterinarian, has in Provo yesterday making an examination as to conditions of animal life throughout the city. Conditions in some of the places he found to be such as needed a radical correction. On examination of the cattle in the First Ward pasture, he declared that steps should be taken to clean the cattle from the contamination of the sewage escaping there. He declared that the milk from the cattle pastured there was not of the best.

Dr. Young continued his work through to Springville and Lake View.

PATENTS FOR WESTERNERS.

(Special to the "News.")

Washington, D. C., Aug. 18.—Patents issued: Utah—A. O. Whitmore, Salt Lake City, electric smoothing iron. Idaho—N. and J. Wagner, Caldwell, windmill.

Wyoming—W. E. Johnson, Sunrise, railway tie and rail fastening. L. M. Nelson, Douglas, proportion dividers.

WATER REFUSES TO RUN UP HILL

After Two Years Delay Intercepting Sewer Still in Bad Muddle.

IS A COSTLY PIECE OF WORK

Sample "American" Improvement Leaves Thirty Miles of Lateral Sewers Still Unconnected.

After a delay of two years, during which time several thousand dollars were spent patching up the mistakes, the intercepting sewer which cost \$275,000 is in a worse muddle than ever. City Engineer Kelsey, accompanied by Mayor John S. Bransford, visited the sewer this morning and, according to their report, it will hold water, but the water will not move up hill. Under the direction of Asst. City Engineer George Chaney, some of the defects have been remedied and the sewer cleaned, but even now it will not carry off the refuse from the city.

Within the course of a month, it is possible that the residents will be able to connect with the lateral sewers which carry the refuse into the intercepting sewer. About 30 miles of lateral sewers have been completed for more than a year, but the residents are unable to connect with them on account of the condition of the intercepting sewer. In the meantime, the property owners on the west side have been paying interest on the sewers for which they have received no benefit.

Engineer Chaney is now making out his report to the city engineer, and it is expected that the sewer will be completed by Monday night. Mr. Kelsey was given \$300 about four months ago to clean out the sewer where it had washed full of dirt. This amount has been spent and several hundred dollars additional in completing the work.

"AMERICAN" IMPROVEMENT.

The intercepting sewer has been one of the most costly improvements that has been completed under the "American" administration. In the first place, it was estimated that it would cost about \$150,000. The plans and specifications have been changed a dozen times since the contract was let in order to make it of any use. Each time that the plans were changed it cost a few thousand dollars additional. It has cost now double the first estimate and there are other difficulties ahead which will have to be remedied before it can be put in use.

AMERICAN DREADNOUGHTS.

Cramp & Sons Lowest Bidders for Building the Wyo. and Arkansas.

Washington, Aug. 18.—William Cramp & Sons of Philadelphia were the lowest bidders for constructing the battleships for the Wyoming and Arkansas, bids for which were opened at the navy department today.

They submitted two bids at \$4,400,000 and another at \$4,475,000. Only one ship can go to the navy to any firm of builders. The New York Shipbuilding company of Camden, N. J., made the next lowest bid at \$4,675,000.

The Bethlehem Steel company, the Carnegie company and the Midvale Steel company submitted today to the navy department identical bids for furnishing the main portions of armor for the battleships Wyoming and Arkansas. Their figures were for class A, \$420 a ton, for 11,486 tons, for the other amounting all up to about 1,500 tons, the bids varied.

These vessels are to cost \$6,000,000 each, exclusive of their armor and armament, and are to make a high rate of speed.

The vessels are to be of 26,000 tons each, the largest ever undertaken by the American naval establishment, the increase in tonnage in this class of vessels being from 20,000 to 26,000 of the original Dreadnoughts, the Delaware and Utah.

The Utah, now under construction by the New York Shipbuilding company, and the Florida, now being built at the New York navy-yards, are the two remaining Dreadnoughts, their tonnage being 22,000.

WATERWAYS COMMISSION.

In Berlin Studying German Canal System Adjacent to Capital.

Berlin, Aug. 18.—The members of the American waterways commission, who are visiting Europe in search of information as to the best methods of solving the problems confronting it, began their work today. Senator Theodore Burton of Ohio called at the Prussian minister of public works today. A large steam launch has been placed at the disposal of Mr. Burton and his party, which will be used during the next three days for a study of the canals and waterways adjacent to Berlin and the upper Elbe.

Prof. Emery R. Johnson of Philadelphia; George McPherson and J. Hopkins will collect material bearing on the historical development of the waterways system of Germany.

The commissioners were joined today by Maj. F. A. Mahan, U. S. A., retired, who came from Paris.

SWEDISH STRIKERS PLAY LAST CARD AND LOSE

Stockholm, Aug. 17.—What is considered the last card of the strikers, an attempt to get the cars road men to join their movement, failed today when a ballot taken by the railroaders showed that a majority of them were against the strike.

Although the general strike continues among the organized men it seemed doomed to death from inanition, owing to the complete lack of public sympathy and the apparent incapacity of its leaders to direct and control such a large movement.

From every quarter of the country come reports of strikers being ordered to return to work. The strike of the printers has been a fizzle and the iron works at Sandviken, Munkfors and Borfors are operating with daily increasing staffs.

All traffic by land and sea again is normal and business generally is recovering. The banking business has suffered seriously in the movement and prices on the stock exchange are buoyant.