

BY TELEGRAPH.

AMERICAN.

CHICAGO, 12.—Emil Josaphat, who ran a small deposit bank at 164 Randolph Street, has left the city, leaving the bank insolvent, and to-day it was placed in the hands of an assignee. The liabilities are variously estimated at from \$13,000 to \$50,000, with assets not over \$5,000.

The *Journal's* Washington letter, just received here, speaks of the safety and success of most of the parties composing Prof. Hayden's exploring expedition. The party under charge of Professor C. A. White has just arrived at Salt Lake City, having carefully explored the country from Denver across the main ranges of the Rocky and Wasatch Mountains to that point. Professor White states that his investigations have resulted in the discovery of some most important phenomena which will form an interesting scientific contribution to the knowledge of the geology and paleontology of a long stretch of a comparatively little known part of the west. Information from other divisions of the survey indicate that the valuable character of the entire region explored this year, when made known, will attract the attention of the public generally. The parties will all return to Washington by the 1st of October.

BALTIMORE, 12.—Two men giving the names of William B. Nelson and John Have are arrested on suspicion of being confidence operators and dealers in counterfeit bonds and checks to a large amount, and a lot of bogus gold twenty franc pieces. They had six or eight well engraved counterfeit thousand dollar United States gold coupon bonds and two checks on San Francisco banks and a check on the Meridian bank of Indianapolis, for \$2,500, payable to William H. Brooks, and signed by G. E. Manning & Co.

CREEDMOOR, 12.—The inter-State match resulted as follows: California, 964; Connecticut, 971; New York, 967; New Jersey, 744.

In the champions' match Fulton won the first prize, score, 138; Allen second, 135; Dakin third, 134; Blydenburgh fourth, 133; Sir Henry Hamford fifth, 133; T. Lamb, Jr., 132; Lient. Col. Fenton, 131; H. T. Clark, 131; Wm. Hayes, 130; J. K. Milner, 130.

In the contest for the Wimbledon cup at 1,000 yards range, Dudley Selph, of New Orleans, was the winner on a score of 137.

NEW YORK, 12.—The Tweed investigation before the aldermen was continued to-day. Nothing startling was elicited, but the testimony relates to the manner of dividing the stealings among the ring.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., 12.—Frank Fehr's brewery was, to-day, damaged to the extent of \$50,000 by fire; insured.

NEW YORK, 13.—The *World's* Washington special says, by clerk Adams' book the new House of Representatives will stand eleven democratic majority.

There is much suffering in Washington because of those displaced by the government recently. The finance committee are attempting to ameliorate the condition of the poor.

Edward Newman, at midnight, killed his sweetheart, Kate Hayes, and then committed suicide, in Governor Street.

The whaling schooner, *Charles Thompson*, of Provincetown, Mass., arrived yesterday from a cruise via Fernandina, Fla., in charge of the mate of the bark *Cacique*, which vessel found the *Thompson* drifting about without a navigator, Capt. Leach having died of yellow fever, and the mates being down with the same disease.

CREEDMOOR, 13.—At 11 o'clock, the firing was begun in the International Rifle Match, both teams being in admirable form. The Americans won the toss for the choice of targets. About 2,000 persons were present at the opening of the match, and the number was constantly increased by the rapidly arriving and crowded teams. Private coaches and public hacks, on the grounds, were numerous.

RICHMOND, Ind., 13.—President Hayes arrived at ten o'clock this morning, and was driven to Governor Burbank's residence, and immediately repaired to the chamber of Senator Morton. No change is reported in the Senator's condition this morning.

CLEVELAND, 13.—A cattle plague, thought to be a species of Texas

fever, has broken out among the cattle in the surrounding country. Texas cattle, this year, are covered with ticks of two varieties, the bite of which poisonous to the blood. Many cattle are dying daily. Several cases of children having been poisoned by drinking the infected milk have already come to the notice of the city physicians. The beef is affected by the disease, but can be easily detected by experts. The disease is said to be very infectious. A veterinary surgeon, who has treated about forty cases, says, the symptoms with cows are, first, the falling off of about half the yield of milk, then bloody passages of urine, and, in a few hours, death.

CHICAGO, 13.—The *Time's* Bucharest special says, there is a rumor in Bucharest that the Russians, yesterday, stormed and captured the main central redoubt. If this is true the key to the Turkish position is in possession of the Russians, and this assures the fall of Osman Pasha, unless the Russian attack is diverted by the advance of Mehemet Ali. It is rumored here that Mehemet Ali is close to the Biela, and that the Turkish advance yesterday encountered the Russian outposts, driving them in. It is thought a great battle is in progress there, to-day. It is also affirmed that Suleiman Pasha struck, yesterday, the left flank of the Russians, near Lovatz. If Suleiman is there, the capture of Plevna is not decisive, because Osman Pasha will fall back to the south-west and unite with Suleiman. The obstinate defence of Osman and delay in capturing the position, are having a bad effect on the Russians, and will stimulate the Turks to increased arrogance. It is thought they will be less inclined to submit to reasonable proposals for peace. They say if the Russians cannot take Plevna in less than a week, when the Turkish forces are divided and lack cooperation, they can never conquer Turkey when its armies are operated by capable generalship.

NEW YORK, 13.—At the 1,000-yard range the American team made 540; the British team 534. The grand total of the day's firing at three ranges footed up: Americans, 1,655; British, 1,626.

WASHINGTON, 13.—Indian Inspector Vandever telegraphs from Mesilla, New Mexico, to the commissioner of Indian affairs, that the Warm Spring Indians have left their reservation and have murdered thirteen persons. Jeffords, former agent of the Chivichuas, stirred them up to insubordination. He can be convicted, on Indian testimony, of furnishing whisky to the Indians.

DETROIT, 13.—The train bringing Catholic Bishop C. H. Borgess from Rome to this city, over the Canada Southern, this afternoon, made the unexampled time of a run of 111 miles in 109 minutes, beating the best railroad time on record by three minutes.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., 13.—The Boston and Albany car shops were burned to-night. The cause is unknown. Fifteen freight cars and four locomotives were burned. The loss is from \$75,000 to \$100,000; insured. Three hundred men are thrown out of employment, fifty of whom lose chests of tools.

DEYRGETOWN, Del., 13.—During a thunder storm, this afternoon, Gideon B. Hitchens, with four sons and two daughters, took refuge under a tree in a field near here, when lightning struck it, and three of the children, two sons and a daughter, were instantly killed, and the father and remaining children seriously, but not fatally hurt.

CHICAGO, 13.—The *Inter-Ocean's* Streator special says, three men, Isaac Rumsey, Clark Cusick, and James Schofield, while cleaning out a well at Newton, six miles from Streaton, were overcome by foul air, and died.

SAN FRANCISCO, 13.—Charges embracing the corrupt conversion of United States money's to his own use have been preferred against the United States surveyor general, Rollins, and forwarded to Secretary Schurz by Senator Booth. Yesterday Senator Sargent telegraphed Schurz, demanding Rollins' immediate removal, and to-day he laid the matter before United States District Attorney. The amount of defalcation is about \$3,000.

The United States Grand jury has found four indictments against George M. Pinney and Rufus C. Spalding, late naval pay inspector, on charges of conspiracy and fraud, in issuing forged certificates for money against government. Pin-

ney has forestalled his arrest by United States authorities by returning to jail, one of his bondsmen on the indictment found by the county grand jury having given him up. Up to a late hour this evening Spalding was not arrested, though a warrant is out for him.

NEW YORK, 14.—Rev. Thomas J. Mooney, pastor of the Catholic church of St. Bridget, died yesterday from the injuries received on Monday night by being thrown from his carriage.

COLUMBUS, 14.—The State fair closed to-day, with a large attendance. During the grand reviews of premium stock in the horse ring this afternoon one of the teams became frightened and ran away. This frightened other stock and many of them broke away from their grooms and created great excitement. One team dashed with furious speed among the terrified animals and upon the Marion Cornet Band, which headed the procession, throwing them right and left. The confusion which followed was terrible. The thousands of spectators who filled the track and grand stand became wild with excitement, and it was with difficulty that many persons were saved from being crushed to death. The only serious injury, however, was to a drummer, named Harry Conrad, who will probably recover in a little time.

WASHINGTON, 14.—Secretary Evans will leave Washington to-morrow morning for Louisville, stopping at Grafton, West Va., where he will remain until the arrival of Secretary Schurz and Postmaster General Key, who leave to-morrow evening. The postmaster general will accompany the presidential party in their southern tour. Secretary Schurz expects to leave the party at Louisville and return here. Secretary Thompson will accompany the party as far as Chattanooga, from which place he will proceed to Pensacola for the purpose of examining the navy yard.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., 14.—Five deaths have occurred at Ferdina since the last report, and there are several new cases. Dr. McFarland, from Savannah, says the disease will shortly become epidemic. It is almost impossible to get at the true condition of affairs there. The board of health is now well organized, and a hospital is soon to be established.

NEW YORK, 14.—A paper was offered, prepared by Edward L. Lewis of Philadelphia, showing that prior to 1866 the state tax on bank shares was only three mills on a dollar, but in 1866 the state legislature enacted a law imposing a tax of 1 per cent. on national bank stock. The clearing house took the case before Judge Agnew, since chief justice, and he gave it as his opinion that the state act was in conflict with the second section of article six of the Constitution of the United States, and granted an injunction. In 1869 the legislature again passed an act to tax national banks 1 per cent. on bank stock, but the clearing house again carried the case into court before Chief Justice Thompson, who decided the act was unauthorized, that the state could not tax banks more than three mills on the dollar, and again granted an injunction. Subsequently the act was repealed. The paper then showed that Philadelphia was totally opposed to state taxation.

The executive council then reported the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That in the opinion of this convention silver money as subsidiary currency is desired by the people, and that its free but enforced use will greatly aid in restoring the value of our paper money.

In supporting this, Hayes, of Detroit, quoted and read the 20th verse, chapter IX, of the II Chronicles, and said it was the action of a wise man in those days. He thought some men had deteriorated since that time.

The following resolution was also reported by the executive council, as the embodiment of several referred to that body, and was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, As the sense of this convention, that the business of the country demands that the banking interests of the United States be relieved from all taxation by the general government, except the annual tax on their circulation to cover the expenses of the currency bureau, and taxation of bank shares by States be levied in the same manner and only to the same extent, and subject to the

same privileges and immunities, as other personal property.

The executive council reported twelve new members of that body, including Mr. Christensen, cashier of the Bank of Nevada, at San Francisco, California.

After the passage of several routine and complimentary resolutions, and a short address from the president, the convention adjourned *sine die*.

The following are the totals of the scores made in the rifle contest at Creedmoor to-day: 800 yards—Americans 575, British 559; 900 yards—Americans 654, British 636; 1,000 yards—Americans 536, British 518.

Recapitulation of both days' shooting:

Americans—800 yards.....	1,143
" " 900 ".....	1,101
" " 1,000 ".....	1,090
Total.....	3,334
British.....800 yards.....	1,117
" " 900 ".....	1,073
" " 1,000 ".....	1,052
Total.....	3,242

Americans winning by 92 points.

The verdict of the coroner's jury in the late fire at Hale's piano factory, rendered this afternoon, censures the owner of the premises, J. P. Hale, on account of his neglect to provide adequate means for extinguishing fire, and would recommend that the proper authorities compel the owners of such buildings to provide a tank or tanks filled with water to be placed at the top of buildings, with standing pipes from the same with hose attached on each floor, and that all drying rooms ought to be built strictly fireproof. Further, that the commissioners of public works should cause to be provided larger water mains in that part of the city.

NEW YORK, 15.—The *World* says, editorially of the match, in chronicling and applauding this great victory, Americans will not omit to recognize the rare quality and manliness of the defeated. The British riflemen were not beaten because they themselves were weak. In nothing of experience or honorable effort were they inferior to our own men, and our percentage of preponderance represents, rather than anything else, our advantage in weapons, in position, and above all in that organization, discipline and harmony without which no team, no matter what task set it, can be successful. We place no selfish restrictive patent upon these things. Our hope is rather that our fraternal competitors may avail themselves of every advantage known to us until the contest between us shall become one of sheer skill. Let us hope that the future will see many more of these peaceful invasions and good-natured conflicts, and that, no matter whence it may come, the best team may always win and its defeated competitors be first to acclaim its honorable victory. Hitherto it has generally been supposed that the superiority of the American shooting shows least at the longest range. But the hopelessness of their struggle seems to have impressed itself on the British team at 1,000 yards, and their score at that distance fell behind the Americans thirty-two points. They have had what yachtmen call a stern chase; they deserve thanks for the courage which so long sustained them and for the efforts they have made which have called forth our marksmen's finest skill.

The *World* contradicts its correspondent's recent story that Sitting Bull is college graduate Charles Jacobs, and says, the original Jacobs is living with his retired missionary father at Rama, Ontario.

Wm. M. Tweed was before the aldermen investigating committee to-day. He produced the assignment of half of Jas. O'Brien's claim against the city to him in the name of Foster Dewey, and the assignment of Dewey to him. Said assignment conveyed for one dollar paid by Dewey to Jas. O'Brien all the latter's claims, not less than 150 thousand dollars against the city, and bears the signatures of Joseph A. Molheimer, Tweed and James O'Brien, dated 20th, 1871. Witness gave \$20,000 for it. He gave an assignment of real estate, \$118,000, to Wm. E. King, in presence of Dewey, for a claim regarding the charter of 1870. Almost every one connected with the Tammany ring had something to do with it. He was asked if members of the assembly

were bribed to vote for it. Witness answered, they were paid for it. Could not tell that members of the assembly were paid, but knew the senators were. The tax levy provisions of 1870 gave control of the finances to the mayor, comptroller and president of department works. It was understood among them that they were to reimburse themselves for large sums expended in passing the charter. Connolly, Smith and witness and various tradesmen furnished money for bribing the legislature of 1870. Among the tradesmen were Garvey, Ingersoll, Keyser, E. A. Woodward, James Watson, Ed. Boyle, Ed. Marrin, and almost everybody who had dealings with us. Henry Smith, police commissioner, contributed, also the Erie R. R., through Jay Gould. When he said Gould he meant Fisk, and *vice versa* for they spoke and acted as one man. The money for the Assembly went through Ed. Barbour. He gave Barbour \$600,000 for that purpose, and he himself personally paid Senator Hall. Connolly and himself had an understanding when they were made a board of audit, that parties who were doing business with the city were to give them fifteen per cent. His supposition was that bills were to be *bona fide*. Watson and Woodward were suggested by witness as parties to prepare bills, and then they were to be paid by Connolly, which was agreed to. Sweeney and Hall got their percentage; Connolly was not satisfied with ten per cent. and wanted twenty, and he got it. Hall complained of slowness in settling up, and witness made them hurry up, and after this Hall signed bills. They all got 10 per cent. at first and then they agreed on Sweeney, Connolly, and Hall to divide up ten per cent. each, and 2 1/2 per cent. was reserved for election purposes. The prominent men to present bogus bills were Keyser and Ingersoll. There was a split in the democratic party about that time which Hastings and other republicans were anxious to keep up. Witness sent around for Hastings, and he came and suggested seeing the senators. Witness saw Senators Winslow and Bradin. James Wood, Bowen and Maurice introduced him to Winslow, who wanted \$50,000.

CHICAGO, 15.—The *Time's* London special says, the situation of the Russian camp at Plevna is sickening and horrible from the odor of the putrifying bodies of the half buried or not buried at all slain, and the lack of sanitary arrangements. The enormous losses since the commencement of the investment of Plevna is producing dissatisfaction among the soldiers, who think they are being uselessly slaughtered. Three unsuccessful attacks were made on Tuesday, resulting in a wholesale murder, costing 25 per cent. of the men engaged. The Russians had to charge up a glacis five hundred yards without the slightest cover. Three regiments, of eight thousand men, of the fourth corps who made one assault against the south front of the Turkish line were nearly annihilated. Two brigades left one-third of their number behind when beaten back. No prisoners were taken on either side. Thus far the fighting has been a repetition of Schipka. The combatants changed roles and the Russians wildly beating out their brains against the illimitable and almost impregnable fortifications of the Turks.

England is determined that this campaign shall end the war. Large additions are being made to the garrison of Malta and there has been a heavy shipment of war munitions to the same locality. All journals unite in the demand that the war end with this season.

The *Tribune's* London special says, under the present conditions Plevna cannot be carried by a *coup de main*. A Russian battalion ascending a slope before a redoubt is exposed, all the way from its cover, say for half or a quarter of a mile, to a terrible fire from the rifles of the Turks, who were invisible, and if the latter were good marksmen not a man out of a corps would reach the shelter of the trenches of the enemy. Such attacks, as that made on the redoubt south of Plevna on Saturday, simply consume the Russian infantry without any compensation.

RICHMOND, 15.—A dispatch from Richmond, noon, states Senator Morton's condition unchanged.

CINCINNATI, 15.—Extensive preparations are in progress to give