Pedestrian Trip Through Canyons, Contiguous to Salt Lake City.

the diversion of not a few enthusiasts and venturesome persons during the pleasant weather of summer. The wild, rugged scenery-often of the most majestle character, the vast extent of territory comprehended in the view from the higher peaks, the exhibarating experiences of climbing, the clear and bracing at-

prehended in the view from the higher peaks, the exhiliarating experiences of climbing, the clear and bracing atmosphere, the complete and often restful change from the commonplace and hundrum of ordinary life, the excitement of fishing and hunting, sleeping out in the woods, the genial campfire—with due precaution against its spreading into the woods, the absolute freedom of the wild, romantic life—all tend to charm and attract.

A Salt Laker took his vacation recently in this fashion—tramping through the mountains, through Farmington, City Creek, Harcscrabble, Mill creek, Bountiful and Provo canyons. The tramps were long and arduous, and there were dangers, particularly in traveling alone. But the change was so grateful from the ordinary occupation of life that physical exhaustion was not considered of serious moment. It is not necessary to travel fast; there is plenty of time, and the proverb, "Make haste slowly," fils well here in practical application. As a general thing, it is not necessary to go armed unless one wishes to shoot chickens or doyes. As for firing at a bear, should one turn up, the advice is Dont! unless you are well equipped and a dead shot. The average marksman would only wound a bear which would then turn on his enemy and make short work of him. The unfortunate might climb a tree, but black and brown hears can do that too, while were it a grizzly, he would grab the tree and shake it until the party treed there came flying down in a hurry; or, the bear would wait. Mountaineers of exeption, while panthers or mountain lions will crouch and wait for you to pass and not molest you unless interfered with. Rattlesnakes seem to be the only thing to be really in dread of; and in "fighting brush" it is well to keep one's optic well open for the "most insidious foe." Heavy rubber heeled shoes, leggings, clothing of a closely woen cloth, and a soft hat are an indispensible attire, to which add a heavy walking stick for use in climbing ascents. A box of lunch and bottle of coffee are also very desirab PLENTY OF WATER.

PLENTY OF WATER.

The p'lgrims found the mountain streams running quite full for this time of year, furnishing plenty of water for irrigation in the flatlands below. The amount of brush is steadily increasing all along the depressions and water courses, particularly where sheep are not allowed to graze. And not only here, but along the sides of the mountains, the thickets are steadily approximating jungles, with trails disappearing. The climb up Farmington canyon was made from Lagoon. The road is open to the forks, eight miles up where the right hand road leads to the lakes, and the left hand goes up a very precipitous and rocky ascent perhaps 1,000 feet, to the high table lands in the mountain tops. This canyon is regarded by many as the steep-

was accomplished in five hours from the start. There is a passable wagon road to the cabin at the left after dropping over the first small divide, a poor wagon road to the trail turning sharply to the left further on to ascend the steep hill there, while beyond there is only a horse trail most to the divide, and a poor horse trail at that.

SHEEP ON THE RANGE.

There are 15,000 sheep scattered along the range, guarded by a dozen camps of herders. These have fairly well cleaned out the brush there, and if they could only be turned down the canyons, they would do a much-to-be-desired work, For three miles in Hardscrabble there is no continuous trail; it is thick, almost impendrable brush—just the place for the lairs of wild animals, so that every few hundred feet prospecting for any sort of a trail is necessary. However, a wagon trail is met with further down, and from there on the walking is good clear into the Weber valley.

WHY NOT A WAGON ROAD?

WHY NOT A WAGON ROAD? WHY NOT A WAGON ROAD?

There is no reason why there should not be a good wagon roud between Salt Lake and Morgan. In 1893, the Morgan county commissioners offered to build to the divide if Salt Lake would fix up the City creek end of the route. Councilmen E. E. Rich, C. E. Wantland and Judge Loofbourow made a strong fight for the improvement, showing that the Morgan county people were anxious to drive into Salt Lake with their market products and to do their trading here

est in the state, and it is as vocky and hard to travel in as it is steep. An ankle cut be easily sprainted fee. The scenery is welrd and wild—awe, inspiring in phees, and half the way up, one may look back and see the southern part of the great lake with the wide expruse of alkaif flats once covered by the water, but now dry. The mountains beyond make a pleasant picture. There are a number of prespects on the sides of the upper hills, but evidently not much is being done there—for want of capital. To make the ascent requires four hours of steady, hand walking, and as the climber reaches the crest of the divide, he is ready to declare that the man who believes the Union Pacific road will ever try to make the much talked of cut-off to Sait Lake via Farmington canyon is ready to believe anything. Such a thing is an absolute impossibility. It would take a cogwheel road to make the climb. The view to the north hills before the gaze, with the high before the gaze, with the high shill be fore the gaze, with the high shill be fore the gaze, with the high shill as a background. Morgan, Porterville, and adjoining towns are ralainly in sight, if or 15 miles away, nestling in groups of trees. The general view includes "magnificent distances," extending away into Uintah county and into Wyoming. There is a traveled trail leading down the range to the Wober valley. The return was accompilished in two hours, with a big dinner at Lagoon to replenish the wasted and enervated inner man. The trainp through City Creek continued over the Hardserabble divided down that canyon, and on to Porterville and Morgan City. To the north fore of City Creek is just seven miles, accomplished in the hours from the first small divide and the stream turns of to the right it is three and one-half miles further, and to the itop of City Creek is just seven miles. Accomplished in the hours from the first small divide on and appropriate when the stream turns of the right it is three and ones half miles further, and to the top of City Creek is just seve

brated Bridal Vell falls, whose water the power company has ruthlessly filed on and appropriated while the people of Provo slept. Of course when it was found out what had happened, there was a great outcry; but Mr. Nunn merely smiled and observed, "You ought to have noted what was going on when the application was filed with the state engineer." Recollections of this most lovely sheet of water have inspired the following:

Surpasses them all, this Bridal Veil fall!
With its cascades of silver sheen,

As they glitter and dash with a hing-ing splash, Past the tops of the evergreens.

A marvel all is this Bridal Veil fall,

Leaping the crests in play,
And bounding down with a rushing sound On the rockribbed mountain gray.

It sparkles bright in the golden light Of the sunbeams' glinting rays, New forms it takes as the water breaks Into irridescent sprays. Note the rainbow hues in the curlicues.

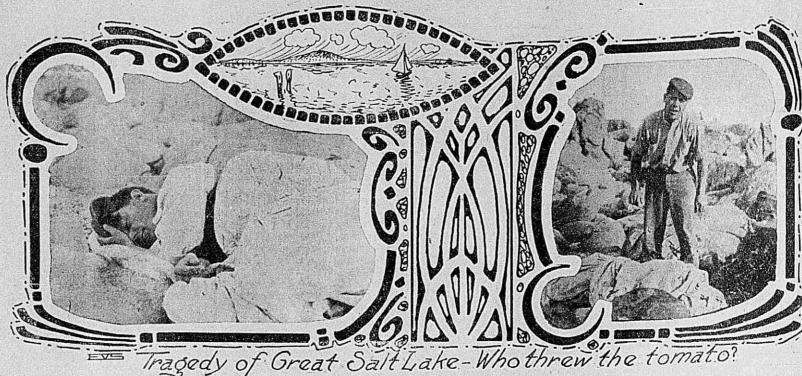
Of violet, red and green, Of yellow and blue, rich colors true To the bow in the heavens seen.

190 feet drops the lustrous sheet Like the vell of a giant bride; To be the worn, as of Persian lawn, The source of mountain pride.

From the rocks below whence the waters flow

To the canyon's rustling stream, The mists disclose two resplendent bows In varicolored gleam.

Comic Incident of a Storm Bound Camp on Island Caught By Camera Man.



HAT Great Salt Lake is a body | other immediately after. of water upon whose bosom restive storms create tragedics of insular maroonings is an opinien often given prominence through the activity of landsmen reporters when once a stupidly built boat, manned by landlubbers of the most inexperienced sort, faces the problem of running through a spell

To prove that the lake has also its comedies a correspondent has forwarded the pictures shown with this article. They were taken of a stormbound party on Antelope island, one before a tomato was thrown, and an-

The psychologists among the 'News' readers will, of course, recognize which picture was taken "before" and which "after." When the party which brought about this bit of salt water comedy went out upon the take, it sailed a small vacht, carried water for a week, provender for a cruise, an anchor for a storm, and

a yachtsman for the helm, with oars and a row boat to use in case of any snapping of the boom or blowing away of the jib, or tearing loose of the rudder, or shivering of the timber, which are things that happen, according to Hazle, if wind and wave combine in too angry a movement of combine in too angry a movement o

Knowing that storms blow past, just as they blow up, instead of getting terrified when a big breeze stiffened into a gale sweeping down from Bear River bay, to Stainsbury, and east across the open water to Saltair, this particular party headed for shelter.

Shelter in this case meant anywhere along the lee shore of Antelope island, and it was in running the craft across the storm's path—for it was hugging Stainsbury when things became serious—that the original of the first picture shown became the first picture was nothing in camp but a ripe tomatoe, or that might not have a storm broke on the leeward shore of Antelope is the them, delicately of Antelope is the them of this storm broke on the leavest of An

All nature's face, with charming grace, In sympathy's expressed, With this Bridal Veil that a fairy tale

With romance might invest, The fishing in Provo canyon is par

excellence. Three-pound trouts are being caught there, and the canyon continues very attractive. R. J. J.

Best floor, best music, best people,

NO PLACE TO ECONOMIZE.

President J. G. Schurman of Cor-President J. G. Schurman of Cornell was discussing elective college courses, of which, in the freshman and sophomore years, he disapproves.
"A freshman of 16 or 17," said President Schurman, "is too young to choose for himself the course best for him. His mind is not mature enough. It will make mistakes.
"In its immaturity, its proneness to "In its immaturity, its proneness to

error, it is like the mind of an old man in my native Freetown. He, trough old, was mentally undeveloped, and saw nothing wrong or riduculous in a piece of economy that he put in prac-

piece of economy that he put in practise in the cemetery.

"The old man had lost four wives, and desired to erect for each a headstone, with an inscription commemorative of her wifely virtues. But inscriptions, he found, were expensive. He economized in this way.

"He had the Christian name of each wife cut on a small stone above her grave—'Emma,' 'Mary,' 'Hester,' 'Edith.' Under each name a hand pointed to a large stone in the centry of the lot, and under such a hand were the words:

"'For epitaph see large stone."

Relief Society Nurses This course will begin Monday at 9:30 a.m., under the personal supervision of Dr. Margaret C. Roberts, 401-2 Templeton Bldg., Salt Lake. KI-RO-PRAK-TIK!



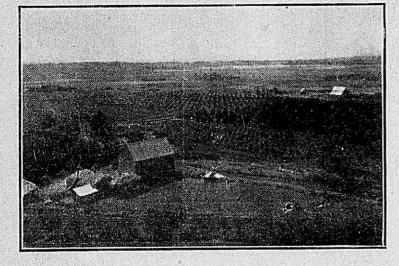
to health, but if you are a BROAD-MINDED person, who believes in progression and having found out to your sorrow that the OLD and ONLY route is a grand FAILURE in YOUR case, then I would suggest: Investigate and try this NEW DRUGLESS METHOD "CHIROPRACTIC," which is DRUGLESS METHOD "CHIROPRACTIC," which is causing such widespread attention among all self-thinking people, whether you suffer from any physical or mental trouble, acute or chronic, try CHIROPRACTIC and you will find out it DOES remove THE CAUSE in '90 per cent of all diseases.

SOME (Medical Doctors) don't like CHIROPRACTIC because it prevents no many operations, and a good many of THEIR incurable (?) get well, but hat is just what the suffering public wants.

Consultation and examination free.

J. F. PETRITSCH, D. C., Chiropractor, Graduate of Dr. D. D. Palmer Office 75 N. Main St, [Bell Phone 126. Ind. Phone 12,] LOGAN, Utah

INVEST YOUR MONEY AT HOME



TYPICAL ORCHARD FARM ON MAPLETON-SPANISH FORK BENCH OWNED BY PROF. GILLILAN.

260 acres. 1932 acres is good hay and grain land. This amount is under cultivation, and is all irrigated. 240 1/2 acres is cattle range adjoining farm. Has three large springs,

and several smaller ones. Owner pastures as many as 200 head horses and cattle until September, and there is good feed until late fall for at least 20 IMPROVEMENTS—3 room frame dwelling house, spring water for cul-inary use. ½ acre bearing orchard (Elberta peaches, fine apples, and plums) also enough strawberries and raspberries for family. Cellar, gran-ary, coops, stable, and farm all fenced.

Located 1/2 mile east of Springville corporate limits. On good roads, front street lighted with electricity. The springs alone would be worth purchase price asked if developed

and brought down to town. Price, \$4,500. All cash. 30 acres all finest farm land. Fenced, and well watered. 5 room brick house, well, cellar, ½ acre orchard, granary, barn, coops, and in fact everything in tip-top shape. Owner is too old to work.

On Mapleton, Spanish Fork Bench, 4 miles from Springville, 2 miles from Mapleton schools, 1 mile from railroad station, "The Orchards," \$5,000, \$2,000 cash, \$1,000 in spring 1909, \$1,100 two years at 8 per cent; remainder five years or longer if desired at 8 per cent interest.

FOR SALE IN CHESTER, SANPETE COUNTY-Farm 114 acres, timothy, lucern, about 80 acres under cultivation, soil very rich, will raise fine crops of grain, becs, etc. 33 acres of fine meadow land. Land all fenced, the 7 room, cement cellar, fine shade and fruit trees, lawn, etc. Good bara will hold 39 tons of hay, and 15 head of horses, cows, poultry house, which is large enough for 300 chickens, granary, buggy shed, etc.

Good pig pens, 2 large flowing wells, one sulky plow, one harrow, two hand plows, one grain drill, one mower, one hay rake, half interest in new binder, 9 cows, 5 spring calves, 2 yearling colts, 2 spring colts, 1 large work team, and 30 tons of hay,

Fine A1 water right. One mile from railroad. Half a mile from Land valued at \$100 per acre. Only \$7,500 cash.

120-acre farm, 40 acres very best farm land, 40 acres not broken, 40 acres fine meadow, independent water right, three flowing wells, 8-room house, barns, granary, wagon and machine sheds, farm implements. Owner has harvested \$2,000 hay and grain per year besides other products. The owner has died and place must go at a great sacrifice. Only \$4,500. Half cash.

Five and Ten Acre Tracts

On the Famous Mapleton-

Spanish Fork Bench

5 miles Southeast from Springville on the main line of R. G. W. Ry. only 2 hours ride from Salt Lake City.

\$125.00 to \$150.00 an Acre

Why pay from \$400.00 and up for an acre of fruit land, when you can get just as good for the above low prices?

Only one frost in 30 years is their proud boast. Fruit trees when five years old, yield from \$400.00 and up per acre, and your money will be where you can watch it grow.

Lots

In The New Townsite

ORCHARDS"

Lots 50 x 142½ to Alley

\$200.00

Easy Terms.



JOHN BRYAN. Prest, Home Industrial Promotion Co.

The above price includes cement side walk, 4 shade trees, guttered and graded streets. Streets to be 66 feet wide.

18 Lots Have Lately Been Sold

City will have a fine Public Park, School Building and City Hall.

Now Is the Time to Invest

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Home Industrial Promotion Co.

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BURT & CARLQUIST, Salt Lake City Representatives.

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