

House-renters look for bargains as eagerly as shoppers. If you can find a bargain in a good tenant your offer will find many a reader.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

28 PAGES—LAST EDITION.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 7, 1905. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

FIFTY-FOURTH YEAR.

LAWMAKERS MEET AT NOON MONDAY

Will be the Sixth Session of the Legislature of the State of Utah.

THE PARTY CAUCUS TONIGHT.

Looks Like Walton of Rich for President of Senate and Hull of Salt Lake for Speaker of House.

LOVE MAY HAVE SOME CHANCE.

Said to Have Support for Senate's Presiding Officer—About the Clerkship Appointments.

The sixth session of the Utah State Legislature convenes on Monday next. Pursuant to appointment the members of both houses will meet in their respective halls in the city and county building at 7:30 tonight, when officers for both branches will be selected. As it looks now the speakership of the house will go to Hon. Thomas Hull of Salt Lake, as Mr. Hull is practically the only one mentioned for the position. His supporters claim that he will have at least 25 votes, and as this is six more than is necessary to elect, his chances for success are very bright. The only other candidate for the place is Hon. George M. Miller of Emery who, it was said today, had concluded to let the matter go by default.

For chief clerk of the House the candidates are W. E. Vickers and Heber L. Cummings, both of Salt Lake, with Mr. Vickers in the lead. But should an outside county insist on the appointment, it is highly probable that those mentioned from Salt Lake, will be sacrificed. However, as none seem to be seeking it, the honor may remain at home.

SENATE PRESIDENCY.

For president of the senate two names are prominently mentioned—Hons. Wesley K. Walton of Rich county and Stephen H. Love of Salt Lake. Friends of both were hard at work today securing votes, and it is certain that at the caucus tonight there will be a lively scramble for the place. If Mr. Hull is elected speaker, the outside counties will probably support Mr. Walton in preference to Mr. Love, and thus elect the former. Another candidate mentioned is Hon. Willis Johnson of Piute, whose friends claim would make a most acceptable presiding officer. As it is the field is an open one, with the outlook favoring Mr. Walton, just who the secretary of the senate will be is not known.

MESSAGE ON TUESDAY.

Monday's session of the Legislature will be devoted to organizing. On Tuesday the governor's message will be presented, and on Tuesday night the members of the Legislature will be entertained at a reception at the Kenyon hotel, the Woman's Republican club of Salt Lake doing the honors. On Wednesday both houses will get down to business.

MOST MEMBERS HERE.

Legislators began arriving here yesterday and at the caucus tonight practically the entire membership will be represented. One exception may be Senator David McKay of Huntsville, whose wife died suddenly yesterday morning. Aside from this it is expected that all the others will be present.

SENATE PERSONNEL.

The personnel of the senate is as follows: A. G. Barber, Cache; Willis Johnson, Piute; David McKay, C. R. Hollingsworth, Weber; Peter Clegg, Tooele; Hadden Benson, Uintah; Simon Bamberger, William S. Williams, George N. Lawrence, Stephen H. Love, Samuel C. Park, Salt Lake; Frederick Rasmussen, Summit; C. E. Loose, Henry Traub, Utah; C. C. Chatter, Millard; Wesley K. Walton, Rich; C. P. Larson, Sanpete; H. A. Lewis, Beaver. Of these 16 are Republicans and three Democrats.

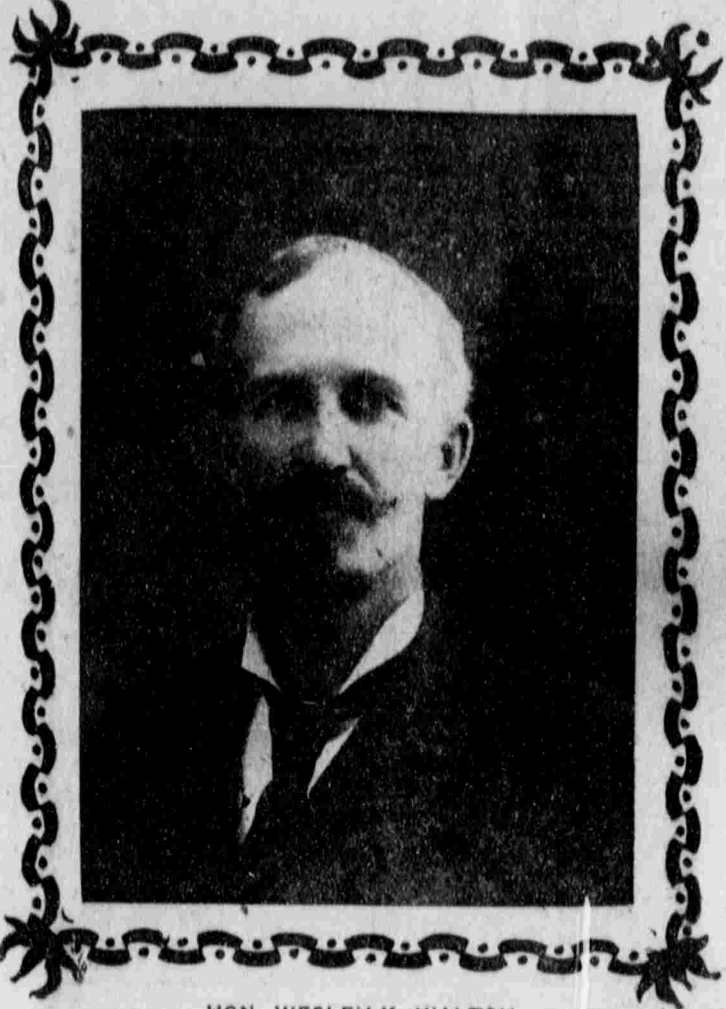
HOUSE MEMBERSHIP.

The house is made up of the following:

F. W. Fishburn, Boxelder; Thomas H. Merrill, David R. Roberts, Wm. H. Morgan, Jr., Cache; George Spencer, Blaine; Rudolph S. Kuchler, George S. Dean, Wm. L. Stewart, C. T. Panacke, Weber; James A. Anderson, Morgan; Ezra F. Richards, Davis; W. M. Gundry, Tooele; Thomas Hull, Clegg; S. Kinney, Harry S. Joseph, Wm. M. McCrea, Wm. T. Edwards, Herbert B. Cronan, Wm. J. Pantar, Chas. S. Marks, A. V. Anderson, S. J. Stookey, Salt Lake; M. J. Duley, Summit; James B. Wilson, Wasatch; Geo. Austin, Geo. A. Hone, Grant Simons, John H. Wootton, Traht, Orin D. Allen, Utah; Herbert Johnson, Sanpete; C. Christensen, A. Johnson, Sanpete; Geo. M. Miller, Emery; Jas. P. Curran, Carbon; John E. Pace, Grand; Asa R. Hawley, Sevier; Carl J. Thompson, Millard; J. F. Tolson, George Stringham, Wayne; Alfred Luther, Garfield; Thos. J. Jones, Iron; Thos. P. Cottam, Washington; Chas. Kane, W. C. Lyman, San Juan, three Democrats. The total membership of both houses is 63, and the total joint ballot will be 57 Republicans and six Democrats.

ROOMS IN READINESS.

Everything is in practical readiness for the convening of the Legislature on Monday morning. The legislative county building has been freshly painted and presents a decidedly fresh and clean appearance. A new Brussels carpet has been laid on the floor and the walls and ceiling are in a very attractive condition. Nearly all of the desks are now in place and it is in better condition than it has been for years. The American flag decoration is carried out on the walls, chandeliers and over the speaker's desk.



HON. WESLEY K. WALTON, On Whom the Mantle of the Presidency of the Senate May Fall.

MEETING OF STOESEL AND NOGI

It Was Very Undramatic but They Shook Hands Most Cordially.

IS WAS SORT OF A LOVE FEAST.

Japanese General Expressed Pleasure at Meeting One Who Had Fought So Gallantly.

SHAKE HANDS CORDIALLY.

Headquarters of the Third Japanese Army in Front of Port Arthur, Jan. 5. (via Tien Tsin).—The meeting of Gen. Nogi and Gen. Stoessel today was as undramatic as the conclusion of the siege. It had previously been arranged to take place at noon in the single undamaged house of the village of Shui-shi. This house was a miserable hovel called Plum Tree cottage. Through a misunderstanding Gen. Stoessel rode out from Port Arthur at 10 o'clock accompanied by Col. Reiss and two staff officers to the Japanese lines and missed the Japanese officer delegated to escort him to the meeting place. The general rode there without an escort and was received by a junior officer who happened to be on the spot. The latter telephoned to Nogi, who hurried his departure from headquarters and arrived at 11 o'clock accompanied by Maj. Gen. Iijima, his chief of staff, and Col. Yasuhara, Matsudaira and Watanabe, staff officers, and M. Kawakami, secretary of the foreign office in Tokyo.

Gen. Stoessel is a large man of heavy appearance and looks like a good fighter.

SHAKE HANDS CORDIALLY.

When Nogi, looking careworn, entered the compound of the cottage, the two generals cordially shook hands and Nogi, through an interpreter, expressed his pleasure at meeting a general who had fought so bravely and gallantly for his emperor and country.

Gen. Stoessel thanked Gen. Nogi for the pleasure of meeting the hero of the siege.

Gen. Nogi explained that he had received a message from his emperor asking that the greatest consideration be shown to Gen. Stoessel and his officers in the event of their surrender. He said that he was proud to have his officers and men fight for his emperor and country. Because of that wish, he added, the Russian officers would be allowed to wear their swords.

STOESEL GRATIFIED.

Gen. Stoessel expressed his gratitude to the Japanese emperor for thus saving the honor of his (Stoessel's) family and said his descendants would appreciate the thoughtful kindness of the emperor of Japan. The general also expressed the gratitude of his officers and thanked Nogi for sending the message from his emperor to his officers and men.

Gen. Stoessel said that he was proud to have his officers and men fight for his emperor and country. Because of that wish, he added, the Russian officers would be allowed to wear their swords.

PRaised Each Other's OFFICERS.

Both generals then mutually praised each other and their officers for their bravery. The obligation not to take further part in the present war or share in the distinctions thereof.

"I thank you and the brave men of the garrison for the gallant defense."

PRaised JAP ARTILLERY.

The Russian commander greatly praised the Japanese artillery practice, especially the concentrated fire instantaneous with the explosion of the Sangsue mine. The gallant deeds of the Japanese infantry, Gen. Stoessel added, spoke for themselves. It was impossible to exaggerate their good qualities. The skillful work of the engineers had also won his admiration. Continuing, Gen. Stoessel said he had heard that Gen. Nogi had both his sons and praised his loyalty in thus sacrificing his sons, who had died fighting for their emperor and country.

Gen. Nogi smilingly replied: "One of my sons gave his life at Nanchang and the other at 203-Meter Night. Both of these positions were of the greatest importance to the Japanese army. I am glad that the sacrifice of

my sons' lives had been in the capture of such important positions, as I feel the sacrifices were not made in vain. Their lives were nothing compared to the objects sought."

STOESEL'S CHARGER.

Gen. Stoessel then asked permission to present his charger to Gen. Nogi as a token of his appreciation and admiration. Gen. Nogi expressed his thanks for the Russian general's kindness, but said he could not accept the horse, but he continued, he would accept it for the army, since he considered that the Russian horses were the property of Japan and felt he could not make Gen. Stoessel's charger his private property.

Gen. Nogi also promised that when the horse was handed over to him to see that it will be treated with the greatest kindness out of respect for the brave Russian general.

THE JAPANESE COMMANDER REQUESTED.

Gen. Stoessel to continue to occupy his residence at Port Arthur until arrangements were completed for the return of himself and family to Russia.

Thereupon Gen. Stoessel assured Gen. Nogi that he admired his rigorous principles and appreciated his point of view.

The Japanese commander requested Gen. Stoessel to continue to occupy his residence at Port Arthur until arrangements were completed for the return of himself and family to Russia.

BURIAL OF THE DEAD.

Referring to the burial of the dead, Gen. Nogi said the Japanese, since the beginning of the military operations, had always buried the Russian dead. Those found later on would be interred at a special spot and suitable memorial would be erected as a tribute to the bravery of the Japanese former foes.

After luncheon, at which both generals sat together, a group photograph was taken at 11 o'clock accompanied by Gen. Stoessel. He said the volunteers were unable to control the populace and he desired that the Japanese enter Port Arthur to keep order.

The formal entry of the Japanese army into Port Arthur has been fixed for Sunday, Jan. 8.

RUSSIA'S CHRISTMAS.

She is Celebrating With a Heavy Heart.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 7.—With a heavy heart Russia today celebrated Christmas. The day was particularly a family fete. The trials of the war and mourning for the fallen were absent. In St. Petersburg all the departments of the government were closed until Tuesday and intense cold kept the people in doors. All the ordinary public festivities and private entertainments were omitted. The imperial family observed the day quietly at the palace of Tsarskoe-Selo. There was a large Christmas tree for the children, but there was no elaborate celebration such as generally marks the day there.

KING HONORS MARCONI.

Rome, Jan. 7.—King Victor Emmanuel gave a shooting party today at Caserta in honor of William Marconi.

SUTHERLAND READY.

Headquarters Opened at the Kenyon Hotel—First Vote on Jan. 17.

Hon. George Sutherland, candidate for United States senator from Utah, has opened headquarters at the Kenyon hotel, having engaged an elegant suite of rooms on the parlor floor. Today he was busily engaged receiving friends, among them many members of the Legislature. Mr. Sutherland will keep his headquarters open until after the election of a senator, the first vote on whom will be taken Tuesday, Jan. 17.

LAST WITNESSES.

Those Wanted, So Far as Now Known, Leave for Washington Next Week.

A number of the witnesses subpoenaed to testify in the Snoot case, leave for Washington today, among them Judge C. W. Morse, Judge W. M. McCarthy of the supreme court, Hon. H. E. Booth, R. T. Burton, Jr., and William H. H. Field. In addition to those mentioned in last night's "News," subpoenas have been served on Counsellor E. S. Ferris, State Statistician Charles DeMolay, Frank Martin of Boise, and Republican State Chairman Brady of Pocatello. These leave for Washington early next week.

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

Delayed by Belated Reports—To Be Ready Tuesday.

Governor Cutler is hard at work on his message, which will be presented to the Legislature on Tuesday next, Jan. 10. That it will contain important recommendations relative to a revision of some of the existing statutes, is said to be certain, as the governor is known to be in favor of specific changes looking to the betterment of several departments of state government. The message will reflect in comprehensive form the different divisions of state, and deal liberally with educational matters and state institutions generally. The message is being prepared with the utmost care, but has been delayed some owing to belated reports of retiring officers.

CONFERENCE WITH THE PRESIDENT.

Nine Leading Republicans in Congress to Hold One With Him This Afternoon.

TARIFF MAY BE DISCUSSED.

Personnel of Delegation Invited Suggests That This May Be the Case.

Washington, Jan. 7.—Nine of the leading Republicans in Congress will hold a conference with President Roosevelt this afternoon to consider with him legislative questions now pending before Congress. The conference will be held at the instance of the president, invitations, entirely informal in character, having been extended by him to those who are to be present.

Those invited are: Speaker Cannon, Senators Aldrich (R-Ind.), Allison (Ia.), Spooner (Wis.) and O. H. Platt (Conn.), and Representatives Payne (N. Y.), DeLoach (Cal.), Tawney (Minn.) and Grover (O.). The senators are members of the senate steering committee and the representatives are members of the house ways and means committee.

The personnel of the delegation invited naturally would suggest that matters relating to the tariff were to be considered at the conference, as the senators called by the president are the tariff experts of the body they represent, and the representatives, except the speaker, are the leading members of the ways and means committee, which would naturally be expected to discuss tariff matters.

It might be deemed desirable to present to Congress the president has indicated it to be his purpose to consult with members of Congress before recommending any revision of the tariff. That consideration of that subject is one of the objects of today's conference is known. Differences of opinion have arisen as to what, if any, action is to be taken and an effort will be made at the conference to reconcile those differences, and if possible, to determine upon a line of procedure that will be satisfactory to Republicans generally. The members summoned to the conference will speak for themselves as individuals, and for the party, and will not be expected to make any statement regarding the tariff question.

Members of Congress who have considered the subject of tariff revision are expected to predict what action the conference eventually may be reached as to legislative action. Doubt is expressed whether a determination of the question will be reached today's conference, although an effort probably will be made to reach a basis of action.

It is likely also that other legislative questions in addition to that of the tariff will be discussed, with a view to securing unanimity of action by the Republicans regarding legislation at the present session. There is no probability of action on the tariff question this winter. Indeed, it is estimated very strongly that if action shall be determined on, it will be taken next fall at an extraordinary session, although some members have been brought to bear on the president and the Congress leaders to induce the holding of an extraordinary session at an earlier date than that.

In line with his policy of consulting members of Congress concerning proposed legislation, the president today had talks with Senators Cullom of Illinois, Beveridge of Indiana, Nelson of Minnesota and Lodge of Massachusetts. Several topics were discussed, but no conclusions were reached. Senator Nelson said he was in entire accord with the president's views regarding interstate freight rates and hoped some legislation relating to the subject might be enacted at the present session.

COLORADO LEGISLATURE.

Waiting for Decision in Case of Commission of Fifteen.

Denver, Jan. 7.—The legislature was called to order at 11:30 and Representative Griffith at once moved that a recess be taken until 4 o'clock. The decision of the supreme court, to be handed down at 2 o'clock, would determine whether or not the committee of 15 was a legally constituted body, and incidentally settle the question of whether the speaker or the lieutenant governor has the right to preside over the joint sessions. He therefore asked for the recess. It was taken, and the house ceased business.

Meanwhile there were stirring times at the opposite end of the building, where the senate was in session. The 15 Democratic senators, and four Republican senators insisted that the senate go into joint session with the house and that Lieut. Gov. Haggett be seated as presiding officer. Several fiery speeches were made, and the senate also took a recess.

At 12 o'clock there was little probability that the joint session would be called before 4 o'clock.



HON. THOMAS HULL, Who Will Probably Succeed Himself as Speaker of the House.

A TIDAL WAVE VISITS ENGLAND.

All Along East Coast from Scarborough to Dover Great Damage Was Done.

SEA WALLS, WASHED AWAY.

Big Blocks of Concrete Tossed About, Wrecking Everything They Came In Contact With.

London, Jan. 7.—A tidal flood on the east coast this morning caused an enormous amount of damage at watering places from Scarborough as far south as Dover. Eight hundred feet of the pier at Scarborough, which cost \$175,000, were swept away and the promenade on the sea front were broken up. Nearly all parts of the town of Yarmouth were inundated, hundreds of houses were flooded and the inhabitants were obliged to vacate the ground floors. The exploded and beach gardens were swept bare. Big blocks of concrete were tossed about, wrecking everything they came in contact with. Similar destruction was caused elsewhere. Sea walls were washed away and waves swept over adjoining esplanades, destroying numerous costly permanent attractions, inundating houses, churches and stores, and causing immense losses both to corporations and individuals.

RUSSIANS CELEBRATE CHRISTMAS.

General Oku's Headquarters, Jan. 7. 11 a. m., via Tientsin.—The Russians in celebrating their Christmas eve began a heavy rifle fire at 10 o'clock yesterday evening (Jan. 6) opposite Lushanpu. Their artillery joined in at 11 o'clock and kept up two hours of the hardest firing known since the Snake river was reached, spreading along the whole front of Gen. Oku's army. The Japanese sustained no damage and refused to reply. They simply moved into their trenches, preparing to repulse an expected attack, which was not attempted.

There were no casualties among the Japanese troops.

ENGLISH TRADE RETURNS.

London, Jan. 7.—The December statement of the board of trade shows an increase of \$2,025,000 in imports and \$17,588,000 in exports. The chief increase in exports was in cotton fabrics, \$8,848,810 and wool fabrics \$2,104,480. The increase for the month was \$45,300,176 in imports and \$50,088,145 in exports.

FITZWILLIAMS' EXPEDITION.

Considerable Anxiety Felt for Its Safety.

New York, Jan. 7.—Considerable anxiety is felt, cables the Herald's London correspondent, over a dispatch from Capt. Morrison of the steamer Veronique, bearing Earl Fitzwilliams' expedition to the Southern Pacific. The report in circulation is that the dispatch reads: "Excellent. I am safe." But it bears no date. How this could be possible in a cable dispatch is not explained, but the report caused a rise in the rate of insurance on the Veronique.

Several distinguished persons are in the earl's party, whose ultimate destination is understood to be one of the islands in the Pacific where a vast amount of treasure was said to have been hidden many years ago.

The Veronique arrived safely at Montevideo Nov. 20, but has not been reported since that time.

PANAMA APPOINTMENTS.

All Places Not Under Civil Service Have Been Filled.

Washington, Jan. 7.—Secy. Murphy of the Isthmian canal commission, today announced that all positions under the commission which, by executive order, are exempt from civil service examination, have been filled and that no additional appointments can be made by any department of the commission except through the civil service commission, where applicants desiring to qualify for appointment should apply for information.

Oyama Notified Kurapatkin.

Berlin, Jan. 7.—The Lokal Anzeiger's Berlin correspondent, in a dispatch dated Jan. 6, says: "Field Marshal Oyama has sent a letter to Gen. Kurapatkin communicating the news of the capitulation of Port Arthur and praising the bravery of its defenders. The effect of the news was especially confounding, last reports indicated a long resistance. It is believed it will immediately affect the situation on the Khalkin. Continued and intense cannonading has been heard since dawn near Richinpu and Shakhie. A resumption of the cannonading tomorrow is expected."

Will of W. W. Kimball.

Chicago, Jan. 7.—The will of W. W. Kimball, bequeathing over \$2,000,000 to the widow, Eva M. Kimball, and large amounts to several nephews and nieces has been filed in the probate court. No estimate of the total value of the estate was offered.

To Mrs. Kimball is bequeathed \$1,000,000 in bonds and stocks, together with the homestead at Prairie avenue and Eighteenth street. A codicil provides for an additional \$100,000 for the widow.

The testator left to his brother, David W. Kimball of Westworth, Iowa, \$20,000; to another brother, Virgil D. Kimball, \$20,000; to a sister, Lucy Ann Larkin of Rumford, Maine, \$20,000, and to another sister, Elizabeth Gleason, Mexico, \$20,000.

Provision to the extent of \$10,000 is also made for the benefit of the widow and children of Mrs. Gleason's son, Harry Gleason.

Twenty thousand dollars is left to Columbia Kimball, Rumford, Maine, a sister of the testator.

Fire in Helena, Mont.

Helena, Mont., Jan. 7.—Fire last night destroyed the soap and candle factory of C. T. Perry here, a pioneer concern of Montana. The inflammable nature of the material in the factory made the fire a difficult one to contend with. Loss, \$20,000. Mr. Perry says the factory will be rebuilt.

"Help refused is hindrance sought and found," as in the case of the man who imagines that he can rent his house just as well without advertising it.

ADMIRAL TOGO RAISES BLOCKADE.

Issues an Order Abolishing the One Over the Liao Tung Peninsula.

MIKADO THANKS NOGI AND TOGO

Only Japanese Government Ships Will Be Allowed to Enter Port Arthur At Present.

HOW RUSSIANS LEARNED NEWS.

Cheering of Jap Army Told Them the Fortress Had Fallen—Fock's Death Admitted.

Tokio, Jan. 7.—The emperor today issued a rescript, thanking Gen. Nogi, the Third army, Admiral Togo and the combined fleet, for the taking of Port Arthur. Admiral Togo has issued an order abolishing from today the blockade of the Liao Tung peninsula.

London, Jan. 7.—A dispatch to the Japanese legation from Tokio, in confirming the announcement of the raising of the blockade of the Liao Tung peninsula, adds:

"For the present, however, no ships except those in the Japanese government service will be allowed to enter Port Arthur."

HOW RUSSIANS GOT NEWS.

Mukden, Jan. 6, via Peking, Jan. 7.—Though the news of Port Arthur's capitulation was known in Mukden today, it was surmised by the Russian army Jan. 4 from the cheering heard in the Japanese camp along the entire line when cries of "Banzai" were distinctly heard. The news account was a surprise because the army had become accustomed to the possibility of Port Arthur's fall from before the battle of Liao Yang and since. While concerned at the disaster, the Russians are lost in admiration of the wonderful and unexampled defense. Although the deaths of Gen. Fock and Kondratenko were not published here, the facts regarding Fock had been accounted for six weeks and the condition of Port Arthur was known throughout. The authorities here as early as Dec. 25, denied that relief vessels had successfully run the blockade, as reported, and candidly admitted the desperation of the heroic defenders. The Russians regarded the expectations of foreign expert visitors to Port Arthur before the war that Port Arthur would doubtless resist for 15 months, as being too optimistic, provided there was no relief.

While it is impossible to telegraph the report of opinion, yet it is evident that greater events must transpire before the end of the war is apparent.

The Russian army is beginning a cheerful but quiet celebration of the Russian Christmas which is tomorrow. There was an unusual cannonading yesterday, along the center. It was continued in moderate form today.

THE ABOVE DISPATCH CONTAINS THE FIRST DEFINITE ANNOUNCEMENT FROM RUSSIAN SOURCES OF THE DEATH OF LIEUT. GEN. FOCK, COMMANDER OF THE FOURTH WEST SIBERIAN DIVISION, AND OF THE RUSSIAN ADMIRAL TOGO WHO WAS KILLED IN THE BATTLE OF 203-METER HILL, BUT WAS SUBSEQUENTLY DENIED. LATER JAN. 2, GEN. FOCK WAS REPORTED BY THE RUSSIAN PRESS TO HAVE BEEN KILLED BY A BOMB IN THE DAY OF THE ANNOUNCEMENT THAT HIS DEATH "HAD NOT YET BEEN CONFIRMED," THOUGH IT WAS ADMITTED THAT HE WAS WOUNDED.

TOKIO'S RETURN.

Tokio, Jan. 7.—A celebration at Hibiya park today, under the auspices of the Tokio municipality, ended the week's jubilation begun upon the return of Admiral Togo from the front. There was speech-making and fireworks and the students and merchant guilds paraded the streets, which were gay with flags and lanterns.

Five hundred of the wounded men from Port Arthur were permitted to leave the hospital and were feted at the Imperial Hotel.

STOESEL OFFERED NOGI HIS HORSE.

London, Jan. 7.—A special dispatch from Tokio says that at the conclusion of the interview between Gen. Nogi and Stoessel the latter begged to be allowed to present to Gen. Nogi his favorite Arabian charger. Gen. Nogi courteously declined personal acceptance, pointing out that it came under the category of war material to be surrendered, but he consented to accept the animal in the name of the Japanese army.

KILLED BY CONCUSSION.

Such Was Fate of Many in Port Arthur Forts.

London, Jan. 7.—According to the Daily Mail's correspondent at Chosha, Baron Kiehl, a Russian naval officer, says lack of ammunition was the main factor in determining the surrender of Port Arthur, and that since September the greatest economy was exercised. Baron Kiehl says the Japanese fire on the forts was so accurate that the men regarded an order to serve in a fort as a sentence to death. Many died without a wound from the concussion of the shells, which made blood burst from the eyes, mouth and nostrils of those standing near.

YELLOW FEVER ON THE DORN.

New York, Jan. 7.—Illness reported among some of the passengers on the steamship Dorn, from Colon, Panama and Port Limon, Costa Rica to Vera Cruz, Mexico, has been diagnosed as yellow fever, cables a correspondent of the Herald at Havana. There were 300 passengers aboard, including 200 for Cuba, when the ship reached Havana and was detained outside owing to the illness of three Cubans, two of whom were women.

The vessel was placed in quarantine and the patients were transferred to mosquito proof ambulances to the yellow fever hospital. The man died and both of the women are now recovering from the disease. It is feared that such severe cases of yellow fever as they are not expected to live. No fear is expressed of the disease spreading.