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CHICAGO TRADE.

ESTABLISHED 1850.

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Best Forge Made for Light Work, $10 40lb. Anvil and Kit of Tools, $10

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USE THE BEST!

Fairbank's Fine Family Soaps.

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Fairbank's Fine Family SOAPS

Are undoubtedly the very best in the market. If you have any doubt as to this fact, try the Soaps and you will be convinced. They are made of the finest materials and prepared skillfully.

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Is now celebrated all over the country, and is in every respect strictly first class. It is easy on the hands and lasts wonderfully when being used.

We also make the following well known brands, all of which are highly recommended LAKESIDE, BRILLIANT, GOLDEN WEST, STANDARD, JEWEL, OLD GERMAN, ALHAMBRA, SPANISH CASTILE, EXTRA AMERICAN FAMILY.

Samples of any of our Soaps always furnished when desired.

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Office, 63 Pine St., New York.

Constantly on hand a complete stock of this well known and justly celebrated

GUNPOWDER!

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Manufacturers and Jobbers of

PUMPS AND FIRE ENGINES,

Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead, Gas Pipes, Plumbers' and Steam Fitters' Brass Goods, Belting, Hose and Packing.

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J. B. KEYSOR,

Late partner of Dr. J. R. Van Ankin

Has Removed his Office to the New "HERALD" BUILDING,

Where as earnestly solicits his former patronage and guarantees satisfaction. Give him a call. d

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TO OUR PATRONS:

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Four and Eight Gallon Kegs,

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At $1.75 and $3.50 Each

TO THE FAMILY TRADE.

Orders will be promptly attended to and delivery made to any part of the City.

MORITZ & CULLEN,

Telephone No. 77. PROPRIETORS.

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BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitudes of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders.

Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall Street, New York.

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Manufacturers of and Dealers in

LOOKING GLASSES

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

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FOR SALE BY Z. C. M. I.

BRINCKERHOFF, TURNER & CO.,

109 Duane St., New York.

Manufacturers of and Dealers in COTTON SAIL DUCK, "Woodberry," Druid Mills, "Colonial" and other favorite brands, all numbers—Hard, Medium and Soft.

DUCK FOR OVERALLS, BLUE, BROWN, OR IN THE GREY

COTTON CANVASS of all numbers—14 to 150 inches wide, for Deck, Car, Trunk and Wagon Coverings, Machine Aprons and for other purposes, constantly in store and made to order.

Agents for U. S. Bunting Co., "Standard" and "Eagle," by the Case or less quantity. These Goods can be obtained at Z. C. M. I.

PECK BROTHERS & CO.,

Manufacturers of

BRASS & PLATED WORK FOR WATER, GAS & STEAM,

JOBBERS IN

PLUMBERS MATERIALS,

72 Beekman Street,

NEW YORK.

Refer by permission to David James, Salt Lake City.

HEMPHILL, HAMLIN & CO.

CARPETING,

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, DRUGGETS, MATS, ETC.

342 & 344 BROADWAY,

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Ask for the Corrugated Stove Pipe Elbow. It gives the Best Satisfaction and meets with Quick Sales.

For sale by Z C.M.I. branch stores

W. B. WOLFE, W. J. PATTON, J. B. WOLFE.

Wolfe, Patton & Co.

LIMITED.

Manufacturers of and dealers in

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OF ALL KINDS.

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REPRESENTED BY JOHN RAE.

For sale at Z. C. M. I., Godbe, Pitts & Co., G. F. Culmer & Co., Barnes & Davis, Moore, Allen & Co., R. Alf, S. P. Teasdel, Geo. M. Scott & Co., Cunnington & Co., Clark, Eldredge & Co., Sears & Liddle. d117 6m

WATSON BROS., 77 and 79, South Temple Street, Opposite Assembly Hall, Salt Lake City. dom

GEO. M. SCOTT & CO.

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Hardware, Iron, Steel,

Stoves, Tinware,

Mill Findings,

Miners' and Blacksmith Tools,

— ETC. —

21 & 23 MAIN ST., S. L. CITY, UTAH.

HAYNES & SON,

Steam Boiler Makers,

AND DEALERS IN IRON, COILERS, KETTLES, PANS, ETC.

Shop, 1/4 Blocks East of Depot,

P. O. Box, 585, Salt Lake City.

General Repairing Done Promptly.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

Refer to any Work done by us with pleasure.

BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

AMERICAN.

THE POLITICAL LEADERS STILL STUMPING THE COUNTRY.

DEMOCRATS ELECT A MAJORITY OF CONGRESSMEN IN OHIO.

GOVERNOR CLEVELAND'S LETTER—HE LIBERATES HIS ASSAILANT.

BRIBERY AND CONSPIRACY—12,000 STOLEN.

Blaine Boom.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., 22.—The route to-day was through a less densely populated portion of the State and the crowds generally were not so large as yesterday. It was almost dark when the train arrived at Evansvile, where he made a speech in which, after urging the importance to Indiana and the whole country of continuing the protective policy, he said;

"A very respectable member of the Society of Friends spoke to me in Indianapolis yesterday, in warm commendation of the proposition for a peace congress of American nations, as originally designed under the administration of President Garfield. Such a movement as that, I consider myself, to be the basis of a sound and wise foreign policy. We seek no intervention in the struggles and contentions of European governments, but we do seek expansion of trade with our American neighbors, and, as a prerequisite thereto, we seek friendly and peaceful relations with all the countries in North and South America. We seek more than that; we desire not only to be peaceful and friendly with those nations, but we desire that they shall be peaceful and friendly with each other. I can imagine no more impressive spectable than would be presented by all nations of the New World, meeting in the capital of this great Republic, and solemnly agreeing that, as between themselves, war shall cease, and that every difficulty that may arise shall be submitted to impartial arbitration for just and friendly settlement. Almost every Republic of north and South America, has indicated its desire to meet in such congress in the City of Washington, and every instinct of justice, every consideration of philanthrophy, every teaching of Christianity, suggests that such a congress should be held. Though it would embrace in its membership only the nations of America, it could not fail, if successful in its grand design, to affect favorably the public opinion of the world. I confess I should wish no prouder distinction for the United States of America than to initiate a movement that might, in the wide sweep of its beneficent influence, incorporate the principles of friendly arbitration as a permanent part of the international code of the world. Without intermeddling in the affairs of other nations, we can exert upon them the influence of a lofty example and commend to them a policy based on the eternal principles of justice.

At 9 o'clock he went out to review a torchlight procession. To-morrow he will go to Lafayette, stopping at intermediate points.

Governor Hendricks.

CHICAGO, 22.—Hon. Thomas A. Hendricks spoke here to-night on invitation of the trade and labor unions. He arrived at Pullman this morning. At noon about 3,000 workmen and residents of that suburb and the neighboring towns of Kensington and Rostand assembled in front of the hotel, and Gov. Hendricks addressed them briefly from the balcony. This afternoon a committee of labor unions went to Pullman and escorted him into the city arriving at 5:15. The time of his arrival was not generally known, consequently there was no demonstration at the depot. He entered a carriage with the committee and was driven to the hotel.

About 5,000 people assembled in the armory in the evening to listen to the democratic candidate for Vice-President. The hall was completely filled. Gov. Hendricks was received with marked demonstrations of applause, and when the noise subsided, and after referring to his action in Congress in behalf of workingmen, he took up the question of civil service reform as exemplified in the republican party. The republicans had been in power for 20 years, and in the face of vigorous proscription, declared in its last platform in behalf of civil service. What was meant by this? It meant impartiality to appointments, fidelity in service. It forbade the use of office to perpetuate power or secure private gain. The republican party did not recognize these principles. In the recent election in Ohio, the State was overrun with Federal officeholders, many of them not citizens of the State: with Federal officers who, instead of serving the government, were secretly plotting to continue themselves in power. Could a party be trusted which would conduct elections as they had been conducted in Cincinnati? The people demanded non-partizans at the polls. Instead of that a vast number of republican partisans were sent there, armed—many of them unfit persons for the positions held by them. The result was riot and bloodshed. Could not Ohio conduct an election to results without the interferrence of bureau officers from Washington? It was the duty of the government to see the laws executed. They were violated at Cincinnati. In view of the dignity and fairness which had characterized the present administration, the democracy had looked hopefully to him in the belief that he would not allow this wrong (applause.) The speaker then took up the tariff question. He said that in the platform of the republicans a promise was made to correct the inequalities and abuses of the tariff, thus admitting that the present taxation was unequal and unjust, because it levied in excess of the needs of the government. The speaker said: "Nineteen years have lapsed since the civil war, yet the republican party, confessing the inequality and injustice of its taxation at the end of that time, asks you to continue it in power and promises to remedy these evils. Will you trust it? [No! no!] The republicans were trying to make people believe the democracy, if it secured power, would inaugurate free trade. It has always favored raising revenue for the Governmedt by means of a tariff. What the party did claim was that the amount of tariff being collected should be reduced. The democratic point was that the tariff should be reduced and was that the Government economically administered. In support of this he had the words of no less high an authority than President Arthur. The republican party was collecting $85,000,000 yearly above the needs of the Government. The points in the democratic tariff plank were: First, taxation must be limited to the needs of the Government economically administered; second, taxation must be for public purposes only; third, in enacting the law, care must be exercised not to injure the interests of labor and capital interested; forth, in levying taxes, articles of luxury must bear the highest rate and articles of necessity the lowest. The speaker commented on these articles one by one, and asked the assent of his audience to them. The meeting gave enthusiastic response in each instance. He next took up the navy plank in the republican platform, and said that when the last democratic Secretary of the Navy left office he left many vessels flying the American flag on the high seas. The republicans had appropriated $400,000,000 for the navy, but no navy was the result. [Laughter.]

He then treated the case of the seizure of Austrian, Kosta, and his subsequent release on demand of the democratic Secretary, Marcy, who sent an American man-of-war to enforce the demand. He supposed this was the powerful coalition to which the republican party demanded the restoration of the navy. [Laughter.] When Grover Cleveland [applause] should become President of the United States, he would appoint a Secretary of the Navy who would see to the restoration of the navy when Congress should make an appropriation. The speaker did not believe that the democratic party had made any mistake in nominating Grover Cleveland. He would not, however, press his opinion on his hearers, as they might think him partial. He would merely refer them to the large body of independent republicans who believed him the best man for the place. He proceeded to urge the need of a change in the government, and closed by urging all to go to the polls and vote, and see to it that none but honest votes be counted. [Long continued applause.]

Train Wreckers Gen. Logan.

PEORIA, 22.—The demonstration in honor of Logan to-day was the largest and most imposing ever witnessed in this city. He was met at Galesburg by the reception committee and escorted here. At a point one mile west of Knoxville a dastardly attempt was made to wreck the train conveying the party. The train was running at the rate of 40 miles an hour, and upon rounding a curve the engineer noticed an obstruction on the track. He put on the brakes immediately, but did not succeed in bringing the train to a stand until the engine had run over two of the four ties which had been laid across the rails. News of the diabolical attempt on the life of Gen. Logan and his escort spread rapidly and aroused the most intense indignation. The arrival of the train shortly after 3 o'clock was announced by the blowing of whistles at all the manufactories along the line and the wild cheers of the assembled thousands. The local and visiting clubs escorted Gen. Logan to a hotel, where he dined. An immense crowd was awaiting Logan at the wigwam. When he entered the band was playing and the vast interior rang with cheers. When the escort had filed in there was not an inch of standing room to spare. Fully 4,000 people were crowded together. In a graceful speech Miss Belle Minor, in behalf of the Union veteran club, presented Gen. Logan with a large square floral emblem, with his name in letters of blue on a white ground; and in behalf of the young men's republican club, with an elegant basket of flowers. Being introduced with a few eloquent remarks by Hon. Washington Cockie, postmaster of the city, Gen. Logan thanked the clubs heartily for their floral tributes, and paid a handsome compliment to the young lady who made the presentation speech.

Gen. Logan was very hoarse, having made 13 speeches yesterday and spoken already three times to-day, but with an effort he brought out his voice and made himself heard all over the wigwam, speaking for more than an hour. He first reviewed the tariff question, to which most of his speech was devoted, and then replied to certain remarks of Hendricks. The latter, he said, had declared the republican party had been robbing the country by piling up a surplus in the treasury. Logan said if they had piled it up it was because they had the money to pile up, while if the democrats had not, it was because they had not the money. Replying to the statement of Hendricks that the surplus amounted to $400,000,000, he said that $139,000,000 was a reserve fund for the redemption of greenbacks, and $240,000,000 were silver certificates and certificates of deposit. The latter were circulated every day among people as money. The balance he said was held to pay bonds and interest. He supposed, he said, that when Hendricks said, "Turn the rascals out," he meant the republican party. If so, should they be turned out because the Republican party had prevented the spread of slavery in the Territories; because they had achieved national honor, glory and success; because when the rebellion undertook to strike a death blow at the Republic they maintained that they had the power inherent in itself to save itself; because they had given the country the best currency the world had ever known, and because they had raised four millions of human beings out of the deep gulf of despair into free American citizenship. The democratic party, he said, were treading 16 years in the rear of the Republicans, and had always opposed everything they had ever done until it had been accomplished.

Cleveland's Letter.

NEW YORK, 22.—Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, in the course of a political speech to-night in the rink at Brooklyn, said: "The air is murky with stories of Mr. Cleveland's private life. Lies so cruel and so atrocious have never before been set in motion, as cockatrice's eggs, brooded and hatched by rash and credulous clergymen. They couldn't go to Mr. Cleveland with an honest inquiry, but they opened their ears to the harlot and the drunkard, and promulgated a letter to poison the faith of holy men and innocent women. Do timid ministers ever reflect that the guilt of the vice or the crime measures the guilt of him who charges it falsely?"

Mr. Beecher then paused and on stepping to the desk, read, in trembling tones, thus:

"My honored and beloved wife, quite unknown to me, made clippings from newspapers, all of which were in respect to the life of Gov. Cleveland in Albany. She sent them to him with a letter that will not be published, but which would be a gem in English literature, if it were published. As quick as the mail could return she received a letter from Gov. Cleveland, which I have had between two and three weeks, and which he meant to be, and marked "private." But such a complexion has the canvass assumed that I telegraphed him two nights ago to ask if I might use my discretion with regard to it. His reply was, "Certainly, if it is your judgment." Now I read Gov. Cleveland's letter:

My Dear Mrs. Beecher:

Your letter, as you may well suppose, has affected me deeply. What shall I say to one who writes like my mother? I say like my mother, but I don't altogether mean that, for she died in the belief that her son was true and noble, as she knew he was dutiful and kind. I am shocked and dumbfounded by the clipping you send me. Because it purports to give what a man actually knows, and not mere report, as the other four or five lies do, which I have heard about my life in Albany. I have never seen any living woman whom I have any reason to suspect was in any way bad. I don't know where any such woman lives in Albany. I have not been in any house except the Executive mansion, the Executive chamber, the First Orange Club House—twice at receptions given, and on one or two other occasions—and residences of, perhaps, 15 or 20 of the best citizens to dine. Of course I've been to church. There never was a man who has worked harder or more hours in a day. Almost all my time has been spent in the Executive chamber, and I hardly think there have been 20 nights in the 21 months I have lived in Albany (unless I was out of town) that I have left my work earlier than midnight, to find my bed in the Mansion. I am at a loss to know how it is that such terrible wicked and utterly baseless lies can be invented. The contemptible creatures who coin and pass these things, appear to think that the affair which I have not denied makes me defenseless against any and all slanderers. As to my outward life in Buffalo, the manifestation of confidence and attachment which was there tendered me must be proof that I have not led a disgraceful life in that city, and as to my life in Albany, all statements that tend to show that it has been other than laborious and correct, are utterly and in every shadow untrue."

I do not wonder that your good husband is perplexed. I honestly think I deserve his good opinion and all the aid he is disposed to render me. I don't want him to think any better of me than I deserve, nor to be deceived. Cannot I arrange to see him personally in order to tell him what I cannot write? I shall be in New York on Wednesday or Thursday afternoon, and the evening I shall spend in Brooklyn. Having written this much, it occurs to me that such a long letter to you is unnecessary and unexpected. It is longer than any I have ever written on the subject referred to, and I beg you to forgive me if your kind and touching letter has led me into any impropriety.

Yours very sincerely,

(Signed) GROVER CLEVELAND.

The Democrats Elect a Majority of Congressmen in Ohio.

COLUMBUS, 22.—Following are the majorities in the several Congressional districts in last week's election: District 1st, Butterworth, republican majority, 1,035; district 2, Brown, republican, 2,098; district 3rd, Campbell, democrat, 412; district 4th, Anderson, democrat, 319; district 5th, Lefever, democrat, 5,122; district 6th, Hill, democrat, 3,331; district, 7th, Saney, democrat, 4,006; district 8th, Little, republican, 7,548; district 9th, Cooper, republican, 1,850; district 10th, Romeis, republican, 229; district, 11th, Risbery, democrat, 410; district 12th, Thompson, republican, 1,364; district 13th, Outwait, democrat, 4,829; district 14th, Grosvenor, republican, 5,614; district 15th, Wildins, democrat, 3,318; district 16th, Geddes, democrat, 724; district 17th, Warner, democrat, 217; district 18th, J. H. Taylor, republican, 6,153; district 19th, E. B. Taylor, republican, 13'997; district 20th, McKinley, republican, 2,631; district 21st, Foran, democrat, 1,270. Total republican majority 43,519; total democratic majority net, 19,370.

Bribery and Conspiracy.

READING, Pa., 22.—This morning a detective swore out warrants for the arrests of Martin Luther Gritch, a well known Reformed Church minister and chaplain at the county alms-house, and Samuel G. Wenrich, a wealthy cattle drover who has been furnishing the alms-house with large consignments of cattle. They are charged with bribery and conspiracy in connection with the alms-house frauds now being investigated. Other arrests will follow.

Robbed of $12,000.

WOONSOCKET, R. I., 22.—The local office of Adam's Express was entered some time during the night by burglars and rifled of $14,000 in coupons and $1,000 in bank bills, both packages belonging to the Woonsocket Savings Institution. The doors of the office were all found locked this morning, and the front door—an old-fashioned one—was found closed, but not locked. The thieves left no trace.

Boone Released.

ALBANY, 23.—Samuel T. Boone, who assaulted Gov. Cleveland on Monday last, was arraigned before Justice Guttman in the police court this afternoon. Boone, who looked careworn, asked and obtained permission to make a statement. He said he had been greatly worried over his brother's case and had scarcely slept for several nights. He admitted that his conduct had been hasty, and said he was sorry for what he had done, and also insisted that he never intended doing the governor harm. Justice Guttman said he had received a letter from Gov. Cleveland, in which the governor stated that he had no desire to prosecute the prisoner, and recommending leniency. Boone was then discharged.

FOREIGN.

THE FRENCH WAR.

BELGIAN RIOTS OVER ELECTIONS.

NIHILISTS CONSPIRING AGAINST THE CZAR.

LONG VOYAGE ON A SHORT BOAT.

RUSSIA WILL TAKE A HAND IN THE CONGO CONFERENCE.

The War in China.

PARIS, 22.—The text of Admiral Millet's general orders before leaving Tonquin are made public. He states that he left because he was ill with vexation at the manner in which the Lang Son affair has been misrepresented.

The majority of the committee on Tonquin credits favor decisive action. They are willing to vote even larger credits to enable the government to bring the difficulty to a speedy conclusion.

Le Temps and *Le Paris* urge the government to blockade the port of Pakhoi, through which the Chinese who are invading Tonquin obtain their supplies.

The *Telegraph* affirms the report that at the council yesterday the cabinet decided to send to Tonquin the reinforcements which Briere de Lisle requires.

Belgian Riots.

BRUSSELS, 22.—The political ferment continues to develop serious outbreaks. At Courtral, at Hassett and other places, collisions have occurred between the Clericals and Liberals, and rioting has been the consequence. Shots were fired in a crowd near Malines, which took deadly effect. One person was killed outright and four others were wounded.

The *Etoile Belge* declares that the Conservatives are seeking to bring back the sinister times of 1789.

The King this morning gave audience to Prime Minister Malon, and the Cabinet were summoned to meet immediately.

The Congo Conference.

BERLIN, 22.—Representatives of Austria, Russia and Italy will attend the approaching Congo Conference upon the same footing as the representatives of other powers. Belgium will probably advocate the interests of the African International Association, of which King Leopold is president. Bismarck is here at the capital making preparations for the conference.

After the Czar.

ST. PETERSBURG, 22.—The police seized a secret printing press on the 19th inst. They discovered documents with the press which showed that arrangements were being perfected to make an attempt on the Czar's life. There were many arrests.

A Small Craft.

LONDON, 22.—The canoe "Neptune," 20 feet long, which started from Norway some time ago for New York and recently put into Falmouth, has arrived at Penzance and is preparing to start for America. Capt. Johnson composes the whole crew

British Guinea.

LONDON, 22.—A dispatch from Sydney, N. S. W., states that the British man-of-war *Nelson*, had arrived in Orangerie Bay and proclaimed a British protectorate over the southeast coast of New Guinea.

Removed.

The last of the Invincibles, eight in number, were last evening removed from Chatham to another prison.

The manufacture of "buffalo horn" furniture has become an industry in New York. The bones are not those of the bison, as commonly believed, but are from the cattle killed in the abbattoirs. They are sold at the slaughter houses for a little more than what the button manufacturers give, are cleaned, dried, scrapped and polished. The cost of making these horned goods is less than that of carved wood, but they bring two or three times more than the latter. The new industry is almost monopolized by Germans from Saxony.

The slate-writing "manifestation" of the Spiritualists has troubled a good many others besides Mr. Joseph Cook. How the writing could be accomplished when the slates were securely tied together, with a pencil between them, was hard to guess. But Mr. James Sargent, of Rochester, has been watching the scene of Dr. Slade and others, and he says that whenever the slates are so protected as to make trickery impossible it is found that the "conditions are unfavorable." He offers a reward of $300 for an intelligent communication written inside the slates when they are sealed as well as tied.

SACKING COAL.

In view of the fact that at the present additional price of 25 cents on orders for coal delivered in sacks, we are and have been delivering all such orders at a loss, we, the undersigned, have agreed upon the following extra rates to be applied on all orders for coal to be delivered in sack:

50 cents on ¼ and ½ ton lots.
75 cents on ¾ and 1 ton lots.

Ton rates to apply on all orders for more than one ton. Will not sack less than fourth ton lots. Above charges to be in addition to regular prices of coal delivered louse, and to be in effect on and after October 20th, 1884.

COAL DEPT. U. P. RY. CO.,
A. J. Gunnell, Agt.

REMINGTON, JOHNSON & CO.,

HOME COAL CO.,
H Dinwoodey, Treas.

October 14, 1884.

You no doubt have seen the line from Barton & Co., and observed in what positive terms they speak of the reliability of their firm, superior quality, not only of their clothing, hats, caps, etc., etc., but also of their furnishings of every description, and also the lowness of their prices.

We felt a little surprised on receiving their circular at the seeming boldness of their assertion, and decided to examine their stock thoroughly, and ascertain the correctness of their statements. On doing so we were highly surprised to find everything as stated.

They are certainly energetic and enterprising young men, and spare no pains in proving it to the public, that they are establishing their business, not on misrepresentation or deceit, but on thoroughly honorable business principles.

The quality of their clothing and furnishings is thoroughly first-class, and their reputation as neat fitters is extending far and wide; and as to their hats, it seems they display great tact in selecting them, for they are just what the public want. I happened to be in the other night just as they were opening a bill of the latest hats, and they thought that probably they had sufficient for the fall trade, but in less than half an hour they disposed so many that they had to order by express a fresh supply. We are happy to recommend them to any desiring anything in their line, and feel assured that they will fit you out as reasonable as any house in town. d1m sit

Gentle Women

Who want glossy, luxuriant and wavy tresses of abundant, beautiful Hair must use LYON'S KATHAIRON. This elegant, cheap article always makes the Hair grow freely and fast, keeps it from falling out, arrests and cures grayness, removes dandruff and itching, makes the Hair strong, giving it a curling tendency and keeping it in any desired position. Beautiful, healthy Hair is the sure result of using Kathairon.

WANTED.

A FIRST-CLASS HORSE SHOER. Wanted immediately at NAYLOR & PIKE'S. d1f

FOR SALE CHEAP.

ONE GOOD BUGGY AND HARNESS, etc., made in the city. apply to W.W. Day, Z. C. M. I.

WANTED.

ADVERTISER, WHO IS YOUNG, strong and active would like to obtain a situation in some place of business where quick writing is indispensable. Has a thorough knowledge of phonography or shorthand and penmanship. Is not afraid of hard work. Will make himself generally useful. Best of references from U. S. Govt., City merchants and others; address Phono, this office.

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

MRS. ALLSWORTH BEGS TO INFORM the public that in consequence of the death of her husband, the 16th Ward Store will hereafter be conducted under the firm name of Allsworth & Edgar, and hoping by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of the patronage of our many friends,

We remain Respectfully,

ALLSWORTH & EDGAR. d

WATSON BROS.,

Stonecutters and Builders,

Tombstones, Monuments, Mantels, Iron Mantels, Grates and Hearth Stones.

1275 & 1280 SOUTH TEMPLE ST.,

Opposite Assembly Hall.

Stallions for Sale!

FINE YOUNG

PERCHERONS.

BRED IN ILLINOIS FROM THE BEST IMPORTED SIRES.

Enquire of

ALMA PRATT,

West Temple Street, Two miles South of Temple Block. d1w

The Largest Merchant Tailoring and Clothing House in America.

WANAMAKER & BROWN, OAK HALL, Philadelphia.

A full line of card samples of the great piece goods stock will be found with

JOHN DAVIES,

SALES AGENT,

Salt Lake City, Utah.

261 Main Street, opposite Walker House.

MRS. BURROWS

Having returned from her trip to the Eastern Markets, is now prepared to display to her patrons and the general public, a splendid assortment of personally selected

MILLINERY GOODS.

Ladies will find in this stock a choice variety of the *very latest styles* in HATS, BONNETS and GENERAL TRIMMINGS, all offered at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

I shall endeavor as usual to please my patrons by prompt and careful attention to all orders, and will guarantee to give every customer good value for their money.

MRS. J. M. BURROWS,

MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT, MAIN ST., OPPOSITE Z. C. M. I.

STUDEBAKER'S

Leading Styles of Carriages.

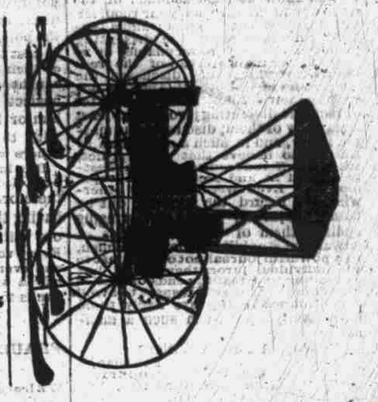
"A GRADE" BUGGIES.
"B GRADE" "
"GOLD BASIS" "

T Carts, Phætons,

CLEVELAND'S OPEN AND TOP BUGGIES AND OPEN SPRING WAGONS AT $100, $125, $150, $175 $200, $250, $300, $350.

AND

FARM WAGONS.



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Wholesale

DRY GOODS

SALT LAKE CITY.

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WOOD TANKS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS MADE TO ORDER.

STAIR BUILDING A SPECIALTY.

Half Block South U. C. & R. R. Depot. S. J. LYNN, Supt.

WE ARE NOW OFFERING

STRICTLY PURE SPIRITS

— OF —

TURPENTINE,

IN WHOLESALE & RETAIL QUANTITIES,

— AT —

PRICES AWAY BELOW the MARKET

ALL KINDS of PAINTER'S MATERIALS

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Plumbers, Tinners, Gas and Steam FITTERS.

ARE PREPARED TO DO

Plumbing, Gas Fitting and Steam Heating, Tinning, Roofing, Guttering, Etc.,

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES ON SHORT NOTICE.

City Water Pipes and Fixtures put in on Reasonable Terms

Call and Examine our Stock of Plumbing Supplies, Gas Fixtures, Water Filters, Etc.

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BROWN'S SARSAPARILLA

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REMOVES ALL IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD,

It corrects the torpid condition of the Liver, and removes all obstructions of the Kidneys.

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Scrofula, Erysipelas, Dyspepsia, Boils, Tumors, Ulcers, Cancers, Salt Rheum, Constipation, Sick Headache, Fever Sores, Kidney Diseases, and Rheumatism. The formula of Brown's Sarsaparilla is printed on every bottle. Physicians endorse this great blood purifier. Every druggist in the State sells it and recommends it. Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. Manufactured only by the Brown Medicine and Manufacturing Co., Lawrenceburg, Ind.