

**DESERET EVENING NEWS**  
PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING.  
(Sunday Excepted).  
Corner of South Temple and East Temple  
Streets, Salt Lake City, Utah.  
Herbert G. Whitney - Business Manager  
SUBSCRIPTION PRICES.  
(In Advance):  
One Year .....\$5.00  
Six Months .....\$2.50  
Three Months .....\$1.25  
One Month .....\$0.40  
Saturday Edition, per year .....\$2.00  
Semi-Weekly, per year .....\$3.00  
Correspondence and other reading matter  
for publication should be addressed to  
the EDITOR.  
Advertise all business communications  
and all remittances.  
**THE DESERET NEWS**  
Salt Lake City, Utah.  
Entered at the Postoffice of Salt Lake  
City, as second class matter according  
to Act of Congress, March 3, 1879.  
SALT LAKE CITY, - SEPT. 4, 1908.

**ONE CONDITION.**

The belief is expressed that the Grand Army encampment, if it can be secured for this city, will be a great advertisement and result in the encouragement of settlers to come here in large numbers. It will if those in charge of the arrangements can afford to give the anti-Mormon howls and yells that have made day and night hideous here for the past few years.

The practice of the anti-Mormon organ has always been, whenever the city has had a number of strangers to entertain, to dish up all kinds of malicious stories about the Latter-day Saints and their leading men, dead and living, in the hope that the visitors would depart with the impression that Salt Lake is a hell-hole, except for the self-sacrificing existence here of the traducers of the people. It is evident that that kind of advertising draws no settlers. Home-builders are not dying to move into a place where they find evidences of quarrel and strife between neighbors, even if they do not believe the vile stories with which they are entertained. And if they do believe them, they are sure not to come, particularly if they find the cost of living high on account of exorbitant taxation. If they believe that the majority of the people of Utah are the dupes of "hierarchs," or that their religion is a system of treachery, if they believe that the people here are political serfs; if they believe that vice and crime, as alleged, are rampant, they are not going to come here to live and rear children. The economic loss to Utah caused by the vile falsehoods of anti-Mormon agitators is simply incalculable. There is no reason why this city should not now have 200,000 inhabitants instead of perhaps 80,000. But such is the effect of the insane agitation. We say therefore, in all seriousness, that unless those in charge of the arrangements for a Grand Army encampment can remove anti-Mormonism from the discussion of local issues, their hope of beneficial results from their endeavor will be doomed to disappointment, and the money spent on entertainment will be, to a very large extent, wasted.

But, if the will is there, it should be easy to suppress that agitation. There is really no antipathy between the common citizens of the different parties and churches. Socially, Latter-day Saints and members of other churches mingle together without friction. "Mormons" and non-Mormons meet every day in business without even thinking of religious differences. "Mormons" attend services in churches where the pulpits are occupied by popular preachers, and thousands of non-Mormons enjoy the Tabernacle services and organ recitals given in that building. Notwithstanding the suicidal agitation of anti-Mormonism, the citizens here, as a rule, do not hate one another. The trouble is not with the people, but with the agitators who find profit in agitation. The trouble is with a few politicians whose desire for office is stronger than their patriotism and loyalty to the community in which they live. The trouble is with grafters who support the agitators, for the profit there is in it. There is no quarrel between the majority of the citizens, as the agitators would make it appear.

This being the fact, an honest endeavor on the part of a few influential citizens and business men would soon eliminate the agitator and make the conditions here normal. If this is done, a gathering such as the Grand Army encampment would undoubtedly help the city materially. We shall be pleased to welcome the Veterans under any conditions, but we would doubly welcome them if we could say to them in truth, that there is here but one class of American citizens under the one flag, as there ought to be, and that their motto is: "Let us have peace."

**ELECTION METHODS COMPARED.**

An English gentleman, now residing in the United States, has favored the American public with his views on some of the defects of American elections. In an article in the Atlantic Monthly he states that he finds our system needlessly cumbersome, because we leave most of our politics to the domination of the "machine," and he complains that most of the political documents issued during a campaign are made to relate to men, rather than to issues. He believes that there would be better success in choosing the right man for the right place if we would strive for greater simplicity in our elections, and lay greater emphasis on the educational method in our campaigns.

He illustrates his meaning by telling his readers that, in Great Britain, special stress is laid, through statements on billboards and through the public press, on the attitude of the rival candidates toward public questions in which the people may be supposed directly to be interested. No such thing, he says, as equivocation, vagueness, or double-dealing is possible in the candidates' bid for the franchise of the electors. If the candidate has served the public before, he is required to say just what public service he has performed, and to state what he proposes to do in the future. And these statements in the press are supplemented, in most cases, by individual letters, written and signed by the candidate and sent to the voters.

It is quite possible that we rely too much on manipulation of votes and too

little upon the education of voters, but it seems to us that we are reforming. It may judge from the present calm attitude of American voters, though a momentous election is due in the fall. Campaign leaders no longer depend on vilification or mud-slinging. They courteously recognize the excellent personal qualities of opponents and confine themselves to a debate of issues. This is educational. It means that they are willing to depend for success on the enlightened opinion of the voters and their intelligent understanding of the questions in dispute.

**BUILD UP UTAH.**

Some time ago the "News" had an account of a meeting of the executive committee of the National Woolgrowers' association, on which occasion "auction sale or storage plan" was considered. "A Subscriber," writing from La Porte, Ind., noting this discussion among wool growers as to the best method of disposing of the wool, makes the suggestion that "territory wool," which means the product of Utah, Wyoming, and the Western territory generally, should not be sent East for storage. Utah sheepmen, he thinks, should store their wool in Salt Lake, build wool scouring plants and run the business as it is run in Chicago. The Utah Storage company, he says, would need offices in Chicago and New York, where samples of wool should be kept for manufacturers to inspect, to ascertain grade, shrinkage, etc.

Our correspondent argues:

"When a manufacturer gets an order for a certain cloth, and he needs so much wool of a certain grade, he has got to get the wool. Every day in the week he oversees the dyeing and scouring of thousands of pounds of western wools, for they are about all we use in this woolen mill. When we get an order for a certain grade of goods then so much wool of say number 306 Swift & Co's wool of Chicago is used; or number 248 of Boynton's wool scouring plant, or whatever wool it is. The wool is numbered, say that whichever grade we want we order by the number.

"It is cheaper to store wool in Salt Lake than Chicago. And if the wool was kept at home, the woolen manufacturers would come there and see it, and that would be another advantage. Again, if they come after it they will think more of it. And they have got to have it when they need it. I know wool can be shipped from Salt Lake just as well as from Chicago. There are just enough woolen mills within about 100 miles of Chicago to consume all the territory wool. Salt Lake City ought to be made a central place for manufacturing industries. I am a Utah man and own my home there; but have to come east to oversee the dyeing and scouring of the very wool that is grown right in my home town.

"Respectfully,"

"SUBSCRIBER."

This letter seems to be in the right spirit. From the very first the founders of this State had in view the necessity of organizing branches of business and developing all the industries and resources of the home state. They always counseled the people to establish and sustain home industries. But wise counsel has not always been followed.

**OPPOSING GOV. HUGHES.**

It appears from this distance that the Republican sentiment in New York is in favor of Hughes for Governor, but that the regular party organization and officials are opposed to the Governor's renomination.

The Success magazine has twelve thousand life subscribers, who are bound by contract to answer any question of public moment that may be propounded by the magazine. Recently this publication took a straw vote among its New York state life subscribers to ascertain whether or not Hughes is a popular favorite.

The magazine now reports that there were 550 votes cast in all, and 612 named Hughes as first choice. There were 495 Republican votes cast, and 409 of them were for Hughes. The remaining eighty-six were scattering. Three votes—only three—were recorded for "anybody but Hughes." There were eighty-one Democratic votes recorded, and thirty-five of them were for Hughes. Sixty independent votes were cast, and Hughes got fifty-one of them. Independent Republicans cast twenty-six votes, twenty-five of them for Hughes. Of independent Democratic votes there were nine, and five of them were for Hughes. The Prohibitionists cast thirty-two votes, and twenty-four of them went to Hughes. The Independence party was represented by two votes, both of them for Hughes.

It is known that for a time President Roosevelt was opposed to the renomination of the present Governor, but he has changed his mind and is now urging that Mr. Hughes be again chosen.

Yet it is not certain that he will be renominated. County after county in New York state has chosen delegates instructed to vote against Hughes. Should the Governor be beaten in the convention, the result would, it is supposed, be damaging to the interests of the party.

**WELL DESERVED REBUKE.**

We take pleasure in reproducing this letter from Governor Cutler to Mr. M. F. Cunningham of the Daily State Journal, Ogden, in which he, very properly, expresses his disapproval of the class of journalism represented in this State by the Salt Lake Tribune. The Governor says:

August 31, 1908.

"M. F. Cunningham, Daily State Journal, Ogden, Utah:

"I have seen the issue of your paper of August 29, containing reference to the Labor day proclamation and the celebration of the day proposed for the city of Ogden.

"I wish to congratulate you most heartily on the clear and clean appearance of your paper, as well as its clean contents. My idea of a newspaper is that it should contain all the news; but that in scandalous divorce cases and similar events only the absolutely necessary details should be given.

"Your paper is in very marked contrast with some papers I could name, which publish scandals and elaborate on them and fill their editorial columns with tirades against some of the citizens of the state, instead of giving accurate information to the public. I believe such newspapers as yours are a power for great good in the community, and they can be made a means, it appears to me, of setting a proper example to the other class of papers. I mention and leading them to a better realization of their duty to the public.

"Wishing you all success, I remain, yours truly," "JOHN C. CUTLER, Governor."

In this condemnation of a journalism

that revels in vilification and depends on terrorism for existence, as the Tribune does, the Governor only expresses the sentiment of the respectable element of the community. But more than an example, be it ever so good, is required to turn that hardened sinner of a newspaper from its evil ways. When influential citizens, realizing the moral degradation and economic loss to the State for which that paper must be held responsible, come forward and throw their weighty influence against its mischievous plots and schemes, it will have to repent, or go out of existence, even though it depends largely on the public funds for patronage.

**VERMONT.**

It is the size of the vote in Vermont that some observers of the signs of the time consider important, not the complexion of it. It is claimed that in years of Republican defeat the Republican plurality in Vermont is considerably smaller than normally. During the first McKinley campaign the plurality for the electors was more than 40,000. The second McKinley and the Roosevelt years, however, the plurality in the State was smaller, Roosevelt's plurality being only 20,000. In 1884 and 1892 the plurality fell below 25,000. If, therefore, the forecasters said, the plurality should fall to a figure close to the 25,000 mark, there would be grounds for considering the election uncertain, at least so far as the tone of the election can be foreshadowed by one State. Well, the plurality did fall, at the election the other day, though not very close to the 25,000 mark. The successful candidate had a plurality of 23,376, somewhat lower than at the previous election. The element of uncertainty in interpretation, therefore, appears to remain.

**Cats and superstitions die hard.**

ACTIONS speak louder than noiseless guns.

The thermometer seems to control the coal scare.

The best made slates of men and mice gang aft agley.

Germany is pursuing a Vassel-lating policy in Morocco.

The reckless chauffeur always objects to a "speedy" trial.

If this weather isn't Indian summer it is first cousin to it.

A house built upon the sand mixed with cement is all right.

A campaign fund knows no such thing as tainted money.

The famous Debs "Red Special" leaves a trail of sanguine talk.

A man who can accept a defeat gracefully really deserves a victory.

Foolisher notion never got into a man's head than that the world owes him a living.

If renovated butter sells at thirty-five cents a pound what is fresh butter worth?

A wag asks, "What would be the effect of a guaranty deposit law on the banks of the plattie?"

"Our street cars are too slow," says the Philadelphia Press. Undoubtedly the result of environment.

All parties promise and profess to want tariff revision, still it is far from being so sure as death and taxes.

Sometimes it is very hard indeed to choose between two evils. For instance, a parrot and a phonograph.

Mulad Hanf's troubles are just beginning. Heretofore he has only had Abd-el-Aziz to deal with. Now he will have to deal with all Europe.

There has been a frost in Indiana, and this two months before election. No wonder party leaders are worried over the situation in the Hoosier state.

How easy it is to say when religious prejudice brings about martyrdom that no religious question was involved. The early Roman emperors said that Christianity was not a religion and proceeded to persecute Christians.

At the Rockefeller family reunion it was announced that Mr. John D. Rockefeller was descended from a noble race. It must have been a noble race for wealth, and for his achievement his ancestors may be proud of him.

The anti-Dubois party in Idaho deserves credit. It is doing something all the time. It is putting up a determined fight for the rights of the citizens. The declared intention of Mr. Nugent to carry the contest to the supreme court of the state, and then abide by the decision, whatever it may be, is characteristic of a party leader who knows he is in the right and therefore not afraid of the light.

**THE VETERAN'S DUTY.**

Fall River News.

The convention of Spanish War Veterans of the United States, to be held in Boston the first three days in September, should take a determined stand against the movement to have the members of the organization made a favored class in government position, by a series of privileges similar to that granted the Civil war veterans. The men who enlisted during the Spanish war should be able to take care of themselves. If they cannot, let them receive aid from the government in a direct pension.

**SITUATION IN OREGON.**

Providence Journal.

An unusual situation exists in Oregon, where Senator Fulton, Republican, whose term expires next March and who desires to be re-elected, is opposed by Gov. Chamberlain, Democrat. Mr. Chamberlain won the senatorial primaries last June, and is entitled to the office by virtue of the fact that a majority of the members chosen to the new legislature pledged themselves to vote for the candidate receiving the largest primary poll. Of course, the Republicans are irritated at the existence of a Republican legislative majority whose hands are tied by such an ante-election agreement, and ways are being sought to prevent the fruits

of his triumph from being enjoyed by the popular governor. The scheme, however, deserves to fail, and probably will fail. Oregon is a Republican state, and almost without question will give its electoral vote to Taft, but it cannot afford to go back on its word, even for the sake of keeping a Republican senator at Washington.

**GEORGIA CONVICTS.**

Chattanooga Times.

The chief satisfaction in the exploitation of the scandals in connection with the Georgia convict lease system is that abuses of the kind mentioned are generally found to be necessary to arouse public sentiment to a sense of its duty, and are required to be made known before any adequate reforms can be instituted. The limit of the inquiry seems to have been reached in Georgia, and the prospects are for a speedy and thorough overhauling of the system.

**FOLLOWING THAW.**

Lincoln State Journal.

Thanks to Thaw, the line of action for the Hains brothers is perfectly clear. Their lawyer has discovered evidence that the brothers were "in a state of mental disturbance when the shooting occurred," which is quite natural. First, then, a verdict of insanity and a commitment to Matteawan. Then bankruptcy proceedings in Pennsylvania requiring their departure, under federal rights, from New York jurisdiction. Once out of New York they are safe, for their kind of "insanity" is not an extraditable offense.

**JUST FOR FUN.**

**His Advice.**

"Here's a lady wants to know how to remove grease from soup." "Tell her to rub the soup briskly with a soft cloth saturated with gasoline," said the snake editor, who was helping out with the "Answers to Correspondents" that day.—Kansas City Journal.

**All She Had Time for.**

"How nicely you have ironed these things, Jane," said the mistress admiringly to her maid. Then glancing at the glossy linen, she continued in a tone of surprise, "Oh, but I see they are all your own." "Yes'm," replied Jane, "and I'd do all yours just like that if I had time."—London News.

**She Was Greedy.**

Village Schoolmistress—As for you, Willy Tompkins, yours is a double offense. Why didn't you give up your apples when the others boys did?

Willy—Please, 'm, I thought you only wanted enough to make a pie!—Punch.

**Sufficient.**

Farmer Hayseed—You advertised shady woods.

Farmer Cornstassel—Wal, there's one tree for 'em to cut their initials on, and that's enough.—New York Sun.

**Inverted.**

"Jane is wearing sandals now. She wants to be considered as demary."

"Beginning at the wrong end, ain't she?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

**SALT LAKE THEATRE** GEO. D. PYPHER, MANAGER. CURTAIN 6:15.  
3 nights and 2 matinees, starting SATURDAY MATINEE, SEPT. 5.  
**Salt Lake Opera Co**  
in  
"The Girl and the Governor!"  
Direction John J. McCellan.  
CAST INCLUDES John D. Spencer, H. S. Ensign, Fred C. Graham, Geo. D. Pyper, Edna Evans, Hugh W. Douglas, Hazel Taylor, Asa B. Berk, Joel A. Campbell, Geo. W. Pyper.  
Prices, 25c to \$1.00; Mat., 50c to \$2.00. Seats now on.

**Orpheum THEATRE**  
Both Phones 3508.  
**ADVANCED VAUDEVILLE.**  
Matinee every day but Sunday.  
Helen Bertram, Fred Singer, Walter Montague & Co.  
Lavinia-Chamron Trio, Lewis & Green, The Kinodrome, Orpheum Orchestra.  
Prices—Evening—25c, 50c, 75c, Box Seats, \$1.00, Matinee—10c, 25c, 50c, Box seats, 75c.

**You Never Saw a Better Production at Popular Prices Than The**

**DAIRY FARM**  
at the  
**GRAND THEATRE**  
This Week.  
Bargain Matinee Saturday, 15 and 25 cents.

**THE NEW LYRIC.**  
John E. Clark, Manager.  
**THE CAMERAPHONE**  
Moving pictures that talk and sing.

**BILL TODAY.**  
Colonial Quartette, Rah! Rah! Rah! And Moonlight on the Prairie. Quartermasters, Martin & Abner in Irish Repartee, Baby Bunting, a cute children's act, Darktown Sketches, Scenes in the Dance Hall, Twa's Quartette, "Sweetheart Days," Two Feature Moving Pictures.  
Afternoon, 2:30 to 4:30; evenings, 7:30 to 11; continuous. Mats., 10c, evenings, 15c, and 25c. Children half price.

**SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT**

**THE ISIS**  
Week Beginning Saturday, Sept. 5

**THE OLYMPIC GAMES.**  
TAKEN IN LONDON, ENGLAND, Showing Haynes, The American, Winner of the  
**GREAT MARATHON RACE.**

**READ THE THEATRE MAGAZINE**  
FOR THEATRICAL NEWS AND STAGE PICTURES.

**Preliminary Showing of Fall Millinery at Z.C.M.I.**



An air of newness pervades our entire department. Ready to wear Hats, ready to trim Hats; the newest and most fashionable styles from the leading fashion creators of the day.

Large Hats are to predominate, shapes of felt and satin, beautifully fashioned with feathers and wings. The new colors are taupe, catawba, wistaria, jade, Edison, paon, canard and copper.

**Gents' 1908 Styles.**  
We are now showing all the approved fashions in Men's, Youths', Boys' and Children's Clothes for fall and winter wear. "Eff-Eff" Fashionable Clothes comprise the most advanced fashions, superbly hand tailored and artistically finished.



Our fall line of Furnishings is simply delightful. Never before did we display such a splendid variety of Shirts and Neckwear.

All the newest styles in John B. Stetson Hats.

Latest ideas in Fall Hats and Caps for Men, Boys and Children.



**School Opening.**  
Boys' durable suits for rough and ready wear and desirable shirts and waists.

**OUR DRUG STORE IS AT 112-114 S. MAIN ST.**

**FREE MUSIC LESSONS.**

Madame Brodbeck studied vocal and piano more than eight years in Europe under the greatest masters. She is acknowledged by the European and American press as a great artist. Pupils who will study at her studio get one month free lessons.

49 Rice Street; Ind. phone 1262.

**CHAMBERLAIN THE HOUSE OF QUALITY**  
**MUSIC CO.**  
51 and 53 Main St.  
Pianos, Organs, sheet music and musical merchandise.

**FOR SALE**  
**2,000 Long Wool Rams**  
Canadian Furs, Breds, Prices right and quality the best obtainable. Supply always on hand at my barn. Tiderton, Furs, Fred Live Stock Co., E. W. Patrick, Healy Hotel, Ogden, Utah.

Biscuits, bread or cakes—the little housewife can make any of them "just dainty" with  
**KAYSVILLE FLOUR**  
which excels all others. All prizes state fair 1907.

**COAL** For Your Furnace, Heater And Range  
Delivered promptly, clean and good.  
**CO-OP. FUEL CO.**  
448 South Third West. Phone 428.

**SUIT NEED CLEANING?**  
Send it to the REGAL and be sure that it will be cleaned right.

**Store Coal Now.**  
You Will Not Regret It.

**CENTRAL COAL & COKE CO**  
38 So. Main St.  
Bell Ex 35 Ind 2600

**Cutler Bros. Co.**  
The Original Knit Goods House of Utah.  
We have secured the selling agency for Salt Lake and vicinity for one of the largest and most extensively advertised lines of high grade men's clothes in the world. This line is the famous.  
**House of Kuppenheimer Clothes for Men.**  
To have an accurate and definite idea of the styles of today, you must see Kuppenheimer Clothes. While these clothes are high grade and standard in every particular, our prices are going to be lower than such good clothes are usually sold for.  
We are putting CUTLER PRICES ON KUPPENHEIMER CLOTHES.  
We also have other fine makes of ready-to-wear clothes in different grades at popular prices.  
**Our Suits sell at \$10 to \$30.**  
All the new styles and patterns are included in our splendid lines, and the showing is complete.  
**36 Main St.**

**MEREDITH & GUTHRIE CO.,**  
BICYCLE STORE, 68 W. 3rd South.  
We carry the leading makes of bicycles and tires—largest stock in the State.  
REPAIRING PERFECTLY EXECUTED AND GUARANTEED.

**ATTENTION SHEEPMEN**  
Is the wool you have stored in various parts of the State insured against fire?  
If not you should give us an order to protect you immediately. No telling when a fire might occur.  
We can issue a policy for any length of time desired and give you absolute protection.  
Write us today for particulars.  
**HOME FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF UTAH.**  
**HEBER J. GRANT AND COMPANY**  
GENERAL AGENTS.  
Phones 500. 20-26 South Main St., Salt Lake City, Utah.