

# THE DESERET NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 38.

SALT LAKE CITY, WEDNESDAY OCTOBER 28, 1868.

VOL. XVII.

**Bishop WILLIAM BUDGE** is authorized to act as GENERAL AGENT for the *DESERET NEWS* throughout Cache County.

AGENTS of the *DESERET NEWS* will please endeavor to collect what Cotton and Linen Rags they can, and forward at their earliest convenience.

**SUPPLEMENT.**—We issue, this week, a supplement to the Weekly and Semi-Weekly *DESERET NEWS*, containing a full report of the Historical Discourse, delivered at the October Conference, by President George A. Smith.

For the *Deseret Evening News*.

**By Telegraph.**

## GENERAL.

San Francisco, eight in the morning.—There has been no further earthquake demonstrations since 2.15, except a very slight shock at 7.30. No additional damage is yet ascertained, and it is thought that none has occurred by the shocks during the night. The excitement among the people has abated and business is proceeding as usual. The weather is very thick yet a slight rain is falling.

Another severe shake of earthquake was felt this minute, 2.15 a.m.; it has sent the people shrieking with terror into the streets; it is impossible to tell at present, whether any more damage is sustained by shattered buildings, or lives lost. The streets are thronged with people in their night clothes, fearful of what may come next. The atmosphere is thick and the weather warm and sultry.—Three in the morning. The excitement has somewhat abated since the shake at 2.15, but the people evince no desire to retire, but remain in the streets discussing the probability of the recurrence of another disaster similar to the one of Oct. 21.

Wheeling, 22.—The returns show a largely increased gain in favor of the Democrats, who claim to have carried the State by 2,000 majority; while the Republicans claim that they carried the State and elected all the Congressmen.

New York.—The Tammany convention, to-night, nominated the following city ticket: Register, Michael Connelly; City Judge, Gunning S. Bedford, Jun.; Supervisor, Wm. M. Tweed; Justice of the Supreme Court, Judge Barnard.

Buffalo.—Governor Seymour speaks at Cleveland on Friday evening, Chicago on Saturday, Columbus on Tuesday, Pittsburg on Wednesday, and Philadelphia on Friday evening.

Washington.—A letter from one of the highest officers in rank in Texas says the rebels, in several counties in northern Texas, are organizing regiments, pretending that it is done under the authority of Gen. Reynolds, and it is ostensibly for the purpose of fighting Indians, but is really for the purpose of driving out the Federal troops. Ex-Governor Throckmorton is among the leaders of the movement.

Chicago, 23.—The *Republican's* Washington special says the *Intelligencer* has an editorial, admitting that the Democrats will undoubtedly be defeated under the present leaders, and demanding a change in the nomination, either for Chase, Hancock, Johnson or Hendricks. Montgomery Blair is furious, and declares that the *Intelligencer* has been bought by Radical money. It is reported on the streets that the *Intelligencer* will come out for Grant.

Considerable indignation is expressed with regard to the address of the Democratic National Committee, and it has transpired that several members of the committee knew nothing of the address till after it was published.

Buffalo.—The following dispatch, from President Johnson, was received by Gov. Seymour to-day:

"I see it announced in the papers this morning that you will enter on the Presidential canvass in person. I trust this may be so, as the present position of public affairs justifies and demands

it. It is hoped and believed by your friends that all enemies to a constitutional government, whether secret or avowed, will not be spared, that their arbitrary and unjust usurpations, together with their wasteful, profligate and corrupt uses of the people's treasure, will be exposed and rebuked. The mass people should be aroused and warned against the encroachments of the despotic power now ready to enter every gate, citidal and city. I trust you may speak with an inspired tongue, and that your voice may penetrate every just and patriotic heart throughout the land. Let the living principles of a violated constitution be proclaimed and restored, that peace, prosperity and fraternal feeling may return to a divided and oppressed nation."

(Signed) ANDREW JOHNSON.

Chicago.—Complete official returns from Indiana show that Baker's majority for Governor is 1059.

Philadelphia.—Proceedings were commenced to-day in one of the courts, to contest the recent election.

San Francisco, 23.—Details of the destruction of property in the interior of the State, by the earthquake on the 21st have been received. Alameda Co. suffered most. The damage to property extending in all directions, back to San Leandro. Numerous fissures were formed in the earth, from some of which came clouds of dust, and from others volumes of water. In the San Leandro Creek, which for months past has not been running for a day, a rapid stream of water made its appearance; in some places hot water and steam gushed forth, amounting in the villages of San Leandro and Haywards, almost to river. The brick buildings were all thrown down or rendered uninhabitable; numerous wooden structures were considerably damaged at Haywards; only one building was uninjured at Alameda. At Brooklyn and Oakland they all suffered severely. The destruction of property at San Jose and Redwood City was great. The brick and adobe houses at the Mission and San Jose were a mass of ruins. At Sacramento, Stockton and Marysville the injury to buildings was slight and the loss small. Pelatuma, Healburgh, Santa Rosa, Sallego and Martinego felt the full force of the shock, chimneys and firewalls being thrown down. The damage to property was considerable at Los Angeles; at Visalia the shock was slight, no damage was done. Santa Crag, Monterey and Watsonville suffered little loss. In the State of Nevada the earthquake was scarcely felt.

San Francisco.—The committee of architects appointed by the board of supervisors, report that the City Hall is unsafe, and the building will be taken down. In the meanwhile the city officials and courts will find temporary quarters elsewhere. The damage to the school-houses is trifling, the schools will be open as usual on Monday next. The U. S. marine hospital building has been condemned by the proper authorities, and will be demolished; the patients are at present encamped on the grounds adjoining the hospital, no proper accommodations having as yet been provided them.

The Custom House is wrecked to such an extent that it probably will not be occupied again. The officials have removed temporarily to Hayward's building on California street.

An army of laborers is at work to-day, on the shattered buildings, removing the debris from the streets. The merchants are showing no disposition to abandon their property or locations. Some of their structures are being taken down, and others repaired. The vicinity of the wrecked buildings is a busy scene. The shock at 2.15 this morning, did more damage and injury; some buildings and the chimneys of different manufactories which suffered considerably at the first shock, now have to be demolished and rebuilt. No definite estimate of the damage to property can be made until a proper survey of the entire city is made. Some place the loss at \$300,000, others at \$2,000,000. The latter figure is probably the nearest to the true loss, as quite a number of buildings have been torn down to be reconstructed, while on many expenses and repairs will have to be made.

New Orleans.—The steamer *General Quitman*, loaded with cotton, struck a snag yesterday, above Bayou Sara, and sunk; all the passengers were saved, but the boat and cargo are a total loss.

Last night a number of distinguished persons entered the parish jail at Carrollton, and shot two negroes, who had been twice convicted of outrages on white women, and who had been twice reprieved by General Sheridan and General Mower.

A fire broke out at 2 o'clock this morning in Gretna, opposite the upper part of the city; it was undoubtedly the work of an incendiary. Reports were current during the progress of the fire that a number of negroes had been caught stealing goods, and a fight ensued between the whites and negroes, in which two of the latter were killed. A company of infantry and a body of police restored quiet. Nine buildings were burned.

Charleston.—The Democratic State Committee have issued an address, strongly reprobating the recent acts of violence, and invoking the earnest efforts of the people, black and white, to check incendiary language and preserve order.

New York, 24.—A *Tribune's* Orleans special, describing the Gretna affair, says: This morning a large number of whites crossed the river. Gen. Rosseau stopped the ferry boats and sent a company of infantry to assist the police in preserving peace. The *Evening Times* says the long impending conflict seems to have fairly commenced. General Rosseau has requested two additional regiments. At 9 o'clock an armed mob of 400 men ordered the metropolitan police to leave Gretna.

St. Louis.—The *Democrat's* Little Rock special says that James Hinds, member of Congress from the 2d District, was assassinated to-day. The Hon. Jos. R. Brooks, who was with Hinds, was wounded, but it is supposed not fatally. James Clarendon, an outspoken Republican, was also murdered in the same vicinity recently.

Fort Wallace.—A detachment of 120 men, while escorting General Carr to join his regiment on the Beaver, were attacked by five hundred Indians; the fight lasted from seven in the morning until three in the afternoon, when the Indians withdrew, completely disorganized, leaving nine killed.

## FOREIGN.

Madrid.—The Central Provisional Junta held its last session, yesterday; resolutions were adopted urging the abolition of capital punishment, and for removing convicted persons from Spain to Africa and the Philippine Islands, and for forming a volunteer rifle associations throughout the country. After recommending all the local provisional Juntas to follow this example the Central Junta dissolved.

London, 22.—The Prince and Princess Girgenti have arrived at Brighton, the Queen of Spain is also expected there.

New York.—A Panama letter states that all the ports of that state are declared closed, and that the government could not raise twelve thousand dollars to hire a steamer to take troops to Chiriqui to put down the rebellion there.

An armed force took possession of an American newspaper, the *Chronicle*, and they were supposed to be looking for the Spanish editor.

Some three thousand stand of American arms, the property of a New York firm, were seized by the authorities on the 11th, and carried off to the barracks.

Liverpool, 23.—Minister Johnson was welcomed at the town hall yesterday, by Mayor Whitely, who presented an address from the corporation. Johnson replied briefly to the effect that peace between the two countries was not likely to be disturbed; that negotiations were now going on which would give the assurance that nothing in the past or present will affect the peaceful relations of the two governments.

The address of the Chamber of Commerce was also read and was briefly responded to by Mr. Johnson. He declined to discuss the free trade question, saying it was a legislative rather

than a diplomatic question. After lunch Johnson visited the *News* room, and was received enthusiastically; subsequently he visited the docks and river and part of Liverpool. A banquet was given him at the rooms of the Association. Among the guests were Lord Stanley and Mr. Gladstone. Johnson made a lengthy address of much significance and interest.

Havana.—Volunteer companies, forming in all parts of Cuba, are offering their services to the Captain General; order prevails in Puerto Principi. For the first time heavy rains in the interior prevent the troops from pursuing the insurrectionists as swiftly as is desired. Information has been received here from Halquin, that the insurrectionists are committing depredations at that place. A document, purporting to be signed by a revolutionary committee, inciting the people to rise against the government. The existence of such a committee is unknown, and as everybody is in favor of peace, the document is unnoticed.

London.—The *Times* comments favorably on the banquet at Liverpool, and says Johnson's speech, being so unreserved and earnest, shows a desire for practical peace making. The ministers on both sides also seem anxious to settle the pending questions, Seward, because he held office when the difficulties arose, and he may not desire to leave them to his successor to treat in a manner which he might reject; and Lord Stanley, because he has been so far successful in his policy, and must wish, when he retires, to know that he has done a work, by common consent allowed to be the most difficult in accomplishment, which he has had placed before him.

Madrid.—In accordance with the recommendation of the Central Junta, most of the provisional Juntas have dissolved.

Paris.—Prince Napoleon has written a letter to General Prim, advocating the claims of the Duke of Aosta to the throne of Spain.

Madrid.—At a large meeting here to-day, speeches were made and resolutions adopted in favor of the abolition of slavery throughout the Spanish dominions.

Liverpool.—Some people stayed away from the dinner to Johnson last night, because Laird was invited to be present. That gentleman was requested to stay away but would not. The climax of the banquet was reached when the chairman introduced Laird to Johnson. They grasped hands cordially, and held each other by the hand while exchanging some words.

## NOTICE.

In the Supreme Court for the District of Utah.

In the matter of HARRIS & FOUTZ, } In Bankruptcy.  
Bankrupt.

District of Utah, ss.

At Salt Lake City, the 16th day of October, A. D. 1868.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of the Estate of Harris & Foutz, Bankrupts, in the County of Utah, within said District, who have been adjudged Bankrupts upon their own petition, by the Supreme Court in Bankruptcy, for said District.

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HENRY W. ISAACSON, Assignee.

## NOTICE.

In the Supreme Court for the District of Utah.

In the matter of THOMAS CARTER, } In Bankruptcy.  
Bankrupt.

District of Utah, ss.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

THOMAS CARTER,

of Salt Lake City and County, and Territory of Utah, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him or for his use and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Salt Lake City, in said District, before R. H. Robertson, Esq., Register, on the 6th day of November, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Salt Lake City, Oct. 5, 1868.

JOSIAH HOSMER,

U. S. Marshal and Messenger in Bankruptcy w35 4 By Wm. I. APPLEBY, Deputy.